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EMPRESS OF WATERS.
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The Toronto World.

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We are now arranging our fall sales. Sales at PRIVATE RESIDENCES particularly solicited.

SIXTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 21 1895. — ONE CENT.

TWO LINES OF FORCE

The Crown Claims Evidence of a Felling Blow.

MEDICAL EXPERTS IN THE BOX.

A Theory of Lines of Force That is Well Defined.

The Crown Alleges That Wells Was Knocked Down and the Weight Placed or Dropped on His Head—Cross-Examination Fails to Shake the Evidence of the Medical Experts—The Jury Will Sit on the Holiday—The Prosecution to Close and the Defence to Open This Morning.

The prosecution in the Hyams murder trial is practically closed, and before to-day's sessions of the court are ended, the defence will be well under way. The question of holding court to-day was, with the consent of the counsel on both sides, submitted to the jurymen, who decided that they would be as comfortable in the jury box, listening to the evidence, as spending the day elsewhere, guarded by a posse of constables. Just before the court was declared adjourned for the day, Mr. Osler notified the counsel for defence that in addition to one more medical expert, whose testimony he intended to submit, only one or two witnesses would be called by the Crown, and these only as a matter of form, and that it would be wise for the defence to be prepared to proceed with their testimony soon after the opening of the court this morning.

The Defence Was Kindly.

A pleasing feature of yesterday's sessions was the utter absence of any appeals by the defence to His Lordship to rule upon the admissibility or otherwise of evidence tendered by the Crown. Once Mr. Johnston objected to Mr. Osler's hypothetical questions to one of the medical experts, but His Lordship answered that Mr. Osler was quite within his rights.

Yesterday's Evidence Boiled Down.

Since the opening of the trial, probably no previous day has been so devoid of interest to the gallery spectator. The testimony of medical experts, when clothed in professional and scientific terms, has little attraction and less meaning to the uninitiated. With the aid of His Lordship and the counsel, the jury were enabled to comprehend the theory advanced by the six professional men who entered the witness box. In concise form it is simply this, that two distinct lines of force were necessary to produce the conditions found in the skull; one delivered from in front, fracturing the cheek bones and the internal angular process, which the Crown claim was struck while Wells was standing erect; and the second the heavy crushing blow, upon which both sides agree,

Where Dr. King is Disputed.

While this theory is the same as that put forward by the Crown at the last trial, their witnesses are more positive and more strongly fortified in their opinions. On the other hand, the defence, relying mainly upon the description of the injuries to and the shape of the head, as told by Dr. Edmund E. King, will endeavor to prove that all the conditions shown in the skull are possible results of the heavy blow laterally applied to the right perietal eminence. The point in Dr. King's descriptive evidence to which such frequent reference is made is that the head was compressed into a cone shape, with the apex at the brow. Undertaker Humphrey and his assistant assert that the apex was at the vertex or top of the head. It will be remembered that Dr. King's examination of the skull was very superficial and made in a dark cellar, while that of the undertaker's was most minute and carefully made, with every reason for remarking the peculiar shape of the head. Moreover, the present condition of the skull shows Dr. King's examination and subsequent description to be entirely inaccurate, as the portions of the frontal bone are intact, a condition impossible when the head has been pressed into the shape as described by the family physician of the twins.

As stated above, defence and Crown agree as to the larger fractures in the skull being traceable to the lateral blow as their cause, but eliminating, as the defence do, the felling blow from in front, which the Crown affect, the only explanation given by them of the fracture of the right internal angular process, is the transmission of force on the principal of vibration.

Dr. Caven Cross-Examined.

The cross-examination of Dr. Caven was taken up by Mr. Johnston yesterday morning. The only point in which Crown and defence are at variance in the medical testimony is the cause of the absence of a small portion of bone from the right internal angular process and the fracture of the molar bone and superior maxilla. This the Crown claim could have been caused only from a blow delivered from before. The theory of the defence is that they were occasioned by the vibrations of force waves which were originated by the crushing blow of the immense weight on the frontal bone and right perietal eminence. Mr. Johnston's cross-examination was altogether for the purpose of gaining such admissions from Dr. Caven as would bring his theory into harmony with that of the defence. Dr. Caven said he thought it was within the possibilities that the injuries to the molar bone and superior maxilla were due to the crushing blow, but these, taken with the fracture of the internal process, indicated to him that a second line of force had been applied. The defence theory, the doctor said, was capable of reasonable argument, but personally he could not agree with it. During the cross-examination the witness said the skull was broken into about forty pieces. A lengthy cross-examination by both Mr. Johnston and Mr. Lount failed to move Dr. Caven from the position taken by him as to the two lines of forces necessary for the production of the existing fractures.

Dr. Johnson on the Left Eye Wound.

Dr. Arthur Jukes Johnson, who was associated with Dr. Caven in the post-mortem, followed. There were no injuries below the condyles at the base of the skull. The point of greatest impact was the right perietal eminence with the left side of the head resting sufficiently to bring the left zygomatic arch into violent contact with the surface upon which the head lay. A blow had been delivered from before, striking the malar bone, the superior maxilla and the right internal angular process. There were fractures that could be accounted for by other lines of force.

"There has been evidence of a wound over the left eye. How would that be produced?" asked Mr. Osler.

"There is no evidence here in this skull," answered Dr. Johnson, "that could account for that wound; it would not be produced by the bursting of the skull."

The Doctor Was Not Shaken.

The blow which came from the front, Dr. Johnson said, was backwards, upwards. The defence derived little benefit from his cross-examination by Mr. Johnston, as the well-known coroner proceeded too much for the counsel for the Hyams. The fractures on the zygomatic arch, the malar bone, the superior maxilla, he did not think could be caused by the pressure of the weight on the perietal eminence, the temporal bone and the frontal bone. Vibration would certainly result from such an application of force, but not such as would bring about the fractures in the bones mentioned. The blow which in the opinion of Dr. Johnson caused those fractures came from before, and tended slightly upwards.

In redirect examination, Dr. Johnson said that it was quite possible that a blow had been delivered on the top of the head.

The Head Must Have Been Supported.

Dr. Grasett, the next witness, said the injuries to the skull proper were, in his opinion, caused by a heavy crushing blow laterally applied to the right side in the region of the right perietal eminence, while the left side was resting on a resisting surface. With the evidence he heard Undertaker Humphrey give and what was shown by the post-mortem, the witness thought there was evidence of another line of force from the front.

Dr. McFarlane agreed with the medical men who preceded him, that the injuries to the skull proper were produced by a broadly diffused force in the region of the right perietal eminence. Another line of force must have come from the front and have been applied so as to produce the fractures malar bone and the superior maxilla, la and the internal angular process.

The Opinion of Other Surgeons

Dr. McKenzie also thought the great majority of the fractures to the skull could be best accounted for by a force broadly diffused on the right side of the head. There were also very manifest indications of the second line of force spoken of by the other witnesses, without any reference to evidence given by the undertaker or his assistant. In examination the witness said he would not undertake to apply any rules to the fractures in a skull as badly broken up as the one in question.

Dr. J. M. Cotton, Lambton Mills, agreed with the preceding witnesses as to the necessity of two lines of force. Mr. Johnston endeavored to entrap this witness into a contradiction of the testimony given by him at the last trial, but was well met, and the scheme failed of its purpose.

ACCIDENTS AND MYSTERIES.

James Brown's Dead Body Found and Foul Play Suspected.

Hastings, Ont., Nov. 20.—On Oct. 28 James Brown started from here to his home about two miles distant. He was a little the worse of liquor and about midnight was seen crossing the bridge over the Trent here. He did not return home, and although his frequent absences lasted sometimes a couple of weeks, his wife became at length alarmed and search was instituted.

Yesterday morning his body was found by some of Fowld's river men who were driving logs. Foul play is suspected, and Coroner Dr. Nicholl of Cobourg conducted an enquiry.

The enquiry was closed this afternoon and a verdict of "accidental death by drowning" was rendered by the jury.

Found Dead in a Creek.

Lanark, Ont., Nov. 20.—On Monday evening last, John Macdonald, over 60 years of age, had been in this village drinking, and left for his home at McDonald's Corners, Township of Dalhousie, with a span of horses and a milk wagon. On Tuesday morning the wagon was found about six miles from here upside down, and the horses were found on Tuesday evening. Parties in the vicinity turned out to search for him yesterday, but did not find him until this forenoon, when he was found in Bolton's creek, about six miles from here, lying in shallow water, his coat being partly above water.

Pure Water

In addition to the many modern improvements recently introduced into the O'Keefe Brewery, the latest is a powerful water filter, erected by the New York Filter Co., having a capacity of two thousand gallons per hour, and rendering the water absolutely pure before being used in their Ales, Porter and Lager.

Appended is a copy of analysis just taken:

Toronto, Nov. 19, 1895.

The O'Keefe Brewery Co., Ltd.:

Dear Sirs,—I hereby certify that I have made an analysis of water taken from your filter, and find it of first-class purity, being bright, clear and free from all suspended impurities.

Yours truly,
(Signed) THOMAS HEYS,
Consulting Chemist.

After severe exercise, take a piece of Adams' Tutti Frutti. It moistens the throat and keeps the mind so pleasantly affected while using it that you escape the depressing feeling of reaction.

How to Make Tokay "Cup."

California Tokay from the Santa Clara Valley vineyards makes a delicious "cup." Enquiries come in daily for a recipe how to make it. Here it is: To every gallon or half dozen Tokay one orange sliced, one lemon sliced, 1-2 pint sherry, 1-2 pint orange Curacoa and six bottles double soda. A large number of imitations are on the market, so ask for the genuine Tokay from the Santa Clara Valley vineyards. The price is $2.50 per gallon, $6 per dozen. Orders from the trade solicited. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street, Toronto, agent for Canada.

If you know how slow to eat and use a piece of Adams' Tutti Frutti after each meal, you will never have indigestion. Take no imitations.

The Q.O.R.

The Queen's Own Paraded at the Armory for the annual roll call last night 669 strong, under the command of Lieut.-Col. Hamilton. Lieut.-Col. Otter, assisted by Lieut.-Col. Gravely, called the roll. Classes for the instruction of those who now hold corporal's certificates, and desire to qualify for the rank of sergeant, will be formed on Monday, the 25th, at 8 o'clock p.m. Regimental drill will cease until further notice.

Marshall P. Wilder Pavilion, Nov. 25. 246

When you are in need of butter, either in pound rolls, large rolls, crocks or tubs, come and see us, we always have it fresh and sweet at lowest prices. 78 Colborne-street, John H. Skeans. 246

I like my wife to use "Salada" Tea.

Dame's photo gallery will be open to-day. All photos cheap and best gloss finish. Dame's, 330 1-2 Yonge.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 202-204 King w.

Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street, for a good, reliable fountain pen. We have them with 14 karat gold pens, from $1.25 each.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 127 Yonge.

Try a half pound can of Tonka smoking mixture. Nothing equal to it.

Cheap Rates for Xmas to Europe.

Parties intending to visit their friends in Europe should call on S. J. Sharp, 82 Yonge-street. Telephone, 500. 12246

Cook's Turkish Baths, 202-204 King west

THE CABLE CONFERENCE.

CANADA ASKED TO NAME TWO COMMISSIONERS.

The Colonial Conference at Ottawa Bearing Fruit—Copyright Conference Postponed—Suggestions as to the Bisley Team—A Great Pulp Industry Projected—Other News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell received a cablegram from Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain to-day, confirmatory of yesterday's despatches in reference to the conference on the Pacific cable scheme, and inviting the Dominion Government to name two commissioners to represent Canada at the gathering. It is abundantly evident that the Intercolonial conference is bearing fruit. Despite what critics may say, the Premier's name will be indelibly associated with one of the most important Imperial gatherings ever held. Sir Mackenzie's visit to Australia and the subsequent gathering here were the precursors of Mr. Chamberlain's action of this week.

The Copyright Conference Postponed

Mr. F. R. Daldy, secretary of the Copyright Association of Great Britain, paid his respects to some of the members of teh Government to-day. In order that Mr. Hall Caine may have ample time to negotiate with Toronto publishers this week, the conference fixed for Friday has been postponed until Monday next. The same evening Mr. Caine is to be banqueted by the literary men of the capital.

Major Markham's Suggestion.

Major Markham, commandant of this year's Bisley team, has forwarded his report to the president of the Dominion Rifle Association. Major Markham makes several suggestions to the association, the most important of which is a proposal to limit the eligibility of competitors for Bisley. He points out that year after year the same competitors win places on the team, it being exceedingly difficult for new men to secure positions. He thinks that if a man is limited to three trips in five years it will be a great incentive to young shots. Major Markham has also certain suggestions in reference to the messing of the team while in England.

Queen-Street Subway Matter.

It was expected that the order in reference to the widening of Queen-street subway, Toronto, would have been issued by the Railway Committee ere this, but on enquiry at the department to-day it was ascertained that the order has been withheld at the request of the corporation of Toronto.

Mr. Dickey Cannot Go to Hamilton.

The Wentworth Historical Society has been pressing Mr. Dickey to visit their encampment to be held in Hamilton next week, the object of the bazaar being to raise funds for the erection of memorials and commemorative tablets at historic points under the shadow of the mountain. Mr. Dickey has been looking forward with pleasure to this prospective visit to Hamilton, but owing to his having to leave for Nova Scotia to-morrow it will not be possible for him to attend the function.

Canadian Pulp is the Best.

Messrs. L. L. Watson, L. R. Cooper, J. R. Whitesides and Samuel Morris, the two former from England and the latter from Ireland, are here to see the Government relative to the development of a Canadian pulp wood industry to be established on this side. The idea is solely in the interests of paper manufacture and articles in the make of which paper enters largely, such as papier-mache and other articles made of the same material, which is now taking the place of commodities formerly made of wood. The idea of these gentlemen is to establish themselves here in the interests of an influential clientele in Great Britain and erect an establishment of considerable size in which they would manufacture pulp up to a certain process that would permit of its shipment to any part of the world, but more especially to London, Liverpool, Southampton, Leith, and Glasgow. Mr. Whitesides admits the superiority of Canadian pulp, and prefers to deal with Canada rather than with either Sweden or Norway, as at present.

Applications From Down East

Applications are being received at the Fishery Department from several points in the Maritime Provinces for the placing of fish ways in different streams. Similarly, applications are being made by mill owners for permission to deposit saw dust and mill rubbish into rivers. A recent application of the latter character is from mill owners on Jordan River, Shelborne, county.

Personal and General.

Hon. Mr. Dickey leaves for Nova Scotia to-morrow evening. He will be in the province about a week.

Controller Wallace went to Montreal, thence he goes to Toronto, returning to Ottawa on Saturday.

Commissioner Kilvert left for Hamilton to-night.

Mr. S. W. McMichael, Chief Inspector of Customs, leaves for England in a few days on custom business. He sails by the Germanic next Tuesday.

Mr. Thomas Munro, chief engineer of he Soulanges Canal, was in town to-day. He states that work on the canal has been suspended for this year. The rate of progress during the past season has not been very great, but next year the different contractors will put on an extra spurt.

Mr. Larliviere, M.P., arrived here from Manitoba to-day. He will spend his time between Ottawa and Montreal until Parliament meets.

The Police Magistrate to-day sent a tough gang of four sneak thieves to the Central Prison for substantial terms of punishment.

Mr. Joncas, M.P., arrived here today.

Hon. Mr. Haggart was indisposed to-day.

Ald. John Shaw of Toronto arrived here to-night as the advance guard of a deputation which will interview the Government to-morrow for aid to the Toronto and Collingwood air line. Mr. Shaw will enquire into a number of civic matters.

Visit Roberts' Art Galleries. Entirely remodelled in a most artistic manner. Special display of Fine Pictures just imported. 79 King-st. west.

Cook's Baths open all night, 204 King w.

The Cold Dip.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 20.—A cold wave swept down from the northwest last night. The mercury dropped to one degree below zero.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—A cold wave prevails here, the mercury registering 20 degrees above zero. The cold weather extends into Wisconsin and Missouri.

Pember's Turkish Baths. Ladies—Tuesday, Friday mornings; all day Thursday

The Elevator Again.

London, Ont., Nov. 20.—Yesterday afternoon Joseph W. Hockins, an employe of the London Furniture Co., was waiting for a freight elevator which was descending from the flat above. He misjudged the velocity of the cage and it caught him, fracturing the skull and frightfully bruising his face.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

MR. WILLOUGHBY IS CONFIDENT.

He Expects the Conservative Support and Has No Doubt of His Election in Cardwell.

Orangeville, Nov. 20.—Mr. W. B. Willoughby, Conservative candidate for Cardwell, was in town to-da yand met hundreds of electors from his expectant constituency. Mr. Willoughby is confident of the Conservative support and has no doubt of the result of the impending triangular fight. He says that his views on the Manitoba school question and other exciting political issues, will be made known in the address which he intends to issue to the electors of Cardwell within the next few days.

THE AWFUL GALES.

Vessels on Lake Huron Buffeted by the Waves—Crew of a Canadian Vessel Rescued.

Sand Beach, Mich., Nov. 20.—The Northern liner Northern Wave, which left Port Huron in company with the steamer Kearsarge yesterday afternoon was forced to seek shelter from the furious gale on Lake Huron last night. In trying to make the harbor she went on the rocks on the beach and is pretty badly damaged as she has three feet of water in her hold. The Kearsarge, which also came in for refuge, fared better, going aground on a sandy bottom. The steamer is not injured.

Schooner Greenwood Wrecked

Rochester, N.Y., Nov. 20.—The two-masted schooner W. T. Greenwood of Oswego, Captain William Baird, lies a total wreck off Braddock's Point, 18 miles west of Charlotte Harbor. The vessel was dashed upon the rocks at 4 o'clock this morning during a terrific storm on the lake, which has not abated. The vessel carrier 325 tons of coal and was en ronte to Toronto. The crew escaped in a small boat. The loss is estimated at $18,000, with no insurance. Other vessels were in danger, but put into Charlotte for safety. The Greenwood went to pieces on the rocks. She had been on the lake a number of years.

The Ketcham's Awful Experience.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 20.—The steamer J. B. Ketcham and consort Montgomery, lumber laden, had a terrible experience on Lake Huron last night. The Ketcham arrived here at noon to-day in a dismantled condition, having jumped out her masts rolling in the heavy seas, smashing her cabin and loosing nearly all of her deck load. The Montgomery broke away from the steamer during the night and was driven ashore near Cull Drain, Ont. She will prove a total wreck.

The crew of the Canadian schooner Dauntless were taken off by the tug Crosby 7 miles out from Fort Gratiot light. The schooner is at anchor, but is being battered to pieces by the heavy seas.

Crew in the Rigging

Point Edward, Ont., Nov. 20.—The luggers Thompson and Crosby took off the crew of one of two schooners stranded near Blackwell. The other vessel is near the shore, with her crew in the rigging, and the luggers are unable to take them off.

DELEGATIONS TO OTTAWA.

The Collingwood Air Line and James Bay Railroad to Come Up Before the Ministry.

Last night Mayor Callary, Collingwood; Col. Tyrwhitt, M.P., Bradford; Reeve Nettleton, Collingwood; Frank Moberley, C.E., Collingwood; Ald. Saunders, Leslie, Shaw and Sheppard, left for Ottawa to interview the Government in reference to the granting of a subsidy to the air line between Collingwood and Toronto.

Ald. Davies and R. H. Graham are also a deputation to ask the Government to grant an extension of time for the completion of the James' Bay Railway.

NEGROES TREATED WELL.

A Letter on the Subject From Atlanta to The Christian Guardian.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 20.—The chief of the negro department, I. G. Penn, has written an open letter to The Christian Guardian, Toronto, Can., in reply to inquiries form that paper concerning the misrepresentations made respecting certain signs and discriminations made against colored visitors to the Atlanta Exposition. He says that the colored people are treated exceptionally well—far better than many of the race expected. He quotes in his letter the endorsement of some of the most prominent and reliable colored men in Atlanta in support of his claim.

Great Fire at Lowell, Mass.

Lowell, Mass., Nov., 20.—Fire started early this morning in the wholesale and retail liquor store of John M. Peavy, in the Parker Block, on Middle-street, and one of the largest brick buildings in the city. The total loss may reach $220,000.

A Wisconsin Town Swept

Madisonville, Wis., Nov. 20.—Fire this morning destroyed the city hall, Jones' hotel, the large building owned and occupied by the Renicke Coal Co., and 10 stores. Loss $80,000.

Barn and Cow Burned

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 20.—Lewis Bronson's barn im Madoc was burned with one cow and the winter feed in it.

Fire in a Boarding School.

Darmstadt, Nov. 20.—Hoffman's large and well-known boarding school for ladies was burned this morning. The fire created great alarm among the pupils, but all of them got out of the building safely.

Grocery Burned at Pembroke.

Pembroke, Nov. 20.—About 12.30 last night Melkel's grocery in Main-street, with contents, was completely destroyed by fire. The building was owned by Mrs. Fenton and the loss thereon is covered by insurance.

Birtle Public School Burned.

Birtle, Man., Nov. 20.—The public school building was burned to-day. Loss $2000.

Hear Grenville Kleiser Friday evening

Charles Charnley, aged 11, 13 Williamson-place, is in custody, charged with having been implicated with his brother in breaking into Curtis' boathouse on the Esplanade.

At the Corner of King and Yonge.

The following desirable rooms in The World Building are to let:

First floor in old building on Yonge-street, 25x40.

Second floor, immediately over the above, in old building, 25x40.

These premises are at the immediate corner of Yonge and King-streets and are very desirable. Moderate rental.

Try Watson's Cough Drops 246

Phillip Todd, 19 Jordan-street, is the agent in Canada for the celebrated Vin d' Et Champagne.

Grenville Kleiser, Association Hall Friday evening.

Wilder, Prince of Entertainers. Nov. 25. 24

Beaver, the old reliable gentleman's chew is still the only high grade plug in Canada.

Delicious to taste, "Salada" Ceylon Tea

A THANKSGIVING DAY WANT.

MISTAH LAURIER: I'se got de axe, I'se got de choppin' block and I'se got de appetite. All I requlahsnow is de turkey.

THE BOYS ARE HOME AGAIN.

Return to Ottawa of the Troops from Lowe Township—Farmers Bind Themselves to Pay $5000 Expenses.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—The little war in Lowe Township is over, and to-night the boys are at home once more. The recalcitrant taxpayers have paid up all arrears and have bound themselves to meet the expenses of the military expedition, which will amount to, it is estimated, $5000. Little wonder that the farmers are now kicking themselves at their pig headedness.

There was a large gathering at the Union Station to-night to meet the troops on their return from Lowe. The band of the 43rd met them at the station and played them up town. The boys are not sorry to get home, as this has been the first winter's day the Ottawa district has had this season, and it looks as if the thermometer will drop to zero to-night.

C.P.R. LOWERS RATES.

A Cut for Four and a Half Cents Per Hundred Pounds on Grain from the North-west.

Winnipeg, Nov. 20.—The Grain Exchange to-day received notification from the C.P.R. of a reduction of four and a half cents per hundred pounds in all-rail grain rates from Fort William to the seaboard. The new rates are 20 cents per hundred to New York and Boston, including lighterage charges, but exclusive of storage and elevator charges, and 33 cents to St. John, N.B., including elevating and storage to the day of sailing of the vessel by which the grain is billed.

PRINCIPAL GRANT AND CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

A Curious Combination That Will Arrest Immediate Attention.

But the combination is only in The Week, in this week's issue of which Principal Grant takes that Journal to task for its now famous article, "Delenda est Carthago," which, the Principal says, is all fudge. "Diogenes" tells in lively style the latest he has learned respecting the so-called Christian Scientists, and reproduces a ludicrous letter received from one of the chief Toronto "healers," Sir Henry Irving and Miss Ellen Terry are discussed and described from the point of view of a fellow-actor. This number of The Week, which can be had at McKenna's Bookstore, 30 Yonge-street, also contains an able article on "The School of Ritschl," by Rev. Herbert Symonds, whilst Mr. Oliver Howland, M.L.A., writes of the Canadian Historical Exhibition of 1897.

CANADIANS THANK THEIR CREATOR

There Will be Some With Sorrows, But Even They May Find a Blessing.

"But here's to the man who is pleased with his lot,
Who never sits sighing for what he has not."

The great majority of Canada's 5,000,000 people will be subscribing heartily to this sentiment to-day, when almost everyone can find something for which to thank the Providence that overrules our destinies.

Dineens', like all loyal citizens, are closed in observance of the holiday, for they have sincere reason to be thankful for the success which has attended this season's business, so far as it has gone. They are as confident of the future as such a well-established firm has a right to be with an integrity that speaks for itself in all business dealings. We opine that many a woman who has dealt with Dineens and secured style, finish and comfort at the lowest figure has reason to be thankful that she dealt just where she did. Watch the progress of this firm, read their advertisements, visit their luxuriant and well-stocked store and you, like the others, will have reason to be thankful.

Go to Harris for good quality, the latest style and the most perfect fitting sealskin mantles, the manufacturing furrier who always gives satisfaction. 71 King-street west upstairs.

The congregations of the Church of England east of the Don held a joint service last evening in St. Mathew's Church. The musical service of the combined choirs, including the surpliced ladies' choir of St. Clement's, was under the direct on of Mr. Boomhall, choirmaster, and Mr. Albert Jordan, organist. The Rev. Septimus Jones was the preacher, and other clergymen were present.

Tickets for Wilder selling at Nordheimers'. 246

Reminiscence of the Late Thomas Carlyle.

In one of his letters, after he had finished his university course, Carlyle dilates at some length on precocity, and to illustrate it he presents as example a schoolmate by the name of Sandy McPherson, who always and ever stood number one in the class. And so they were together transferred from school to the university. And still Sandy was never in the rear of his class. Then his father took him, as he thought his education was such that he would make a business man, and 'prenticed him to a wholesale grocer at Edinburgh. Carlyle then goes on in his letter to compare precocity to a mushroom that comes up in a night and dries in a day. Or like to a butterfly roving from flower to flower, and then disappears; unlike the sturdy oak of the forest, which has stood the hurricanes and frosts of many winters, with its limbs branching out and its roots taking strong hold of earth, receiving its vitality therefrom, thus preparing for the future.

Years had passed. Sandy McPherson had gone into the grocery business for himself, and Thomas Carlyle was chosen Lord Provost of the University of Edinburgh. In his inaugural address, before the noble, the learned and the literati, as he had nearly finished, he happened to look up in the gallery. There sat Sandy McPherson. It so affected him that he brought his address to a close quite abruptly, as he knew there was no one there that could fathom him as could Sandy McPherson. The audience, however, thought he was so affected with the subject that he could proceed no further. But then, in order to belittle Sandy McPherson, after his address, as he was passing on the sidewalk, he cast a look in the window, and there was Sandy, with his white apron, scraping some leaves of tea into a package he was doing up for a customer. But Carlyle never got over the idea that Sandy McPherson knew him as no one else knew him. J.R.E.

Mount Pleasant, Ont., Nov. 19, 1895.

And the Band Played On.

All of us can appreciate band music—the boy, the soldier, the man, the woman, the gamin, the noble. The cymbals and the drum; the horns and the flutes; the reeds and the brass, they all appeal to receptive ears; and when there is music in the piece, or the recollection or an old melody, we are carried off with it, and experience a never-failing delight. Band music is the music of the people, and the most musical peoples have always the finest bands. Gilmore's band, now with us, is one of the fine bands of the world, leaving wherever it goes a trail of musical glory and a desire in the people for still more of its martial and inspiriting delights.

Try our Leader Trousers, $2.99. Dominion Trouser Company, 12 Leader-lane.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 524 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

MARRIAGES.

LOAGIE—M'RAE—On Wednesday evening, 20th inst., Harry Loagie to Jean Kenzie McRae of Caithness, Scotland.

DEATHS.

HENRY—On Nov. 19, at 184 Strachan-avenue, Minnie Gertrude, beloved daughter of Robert and Hattie L. Henry.

Funeral Thursday at 10 a.m. to Prospect Cemetery.

Port Perry, Peterboro' and Brighton papers please copy.

MACBEAN—This morning, at 2.30, Ruth, infant daughter of Angus and Alice MacBean.

Funeral from 132 Victor-avenue, on Friday, at 3 p.m.

Fair and Cold.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 18—40; Calgary, 26—38; Qu'Appelle, 14—20; Winnipeg, 4—18; Port Arthur, 4 below—14; Toronto, 20—26; Montreal, 28—46; Quebec, 32—48; Halifax, 46—54.

PROBS: Northwesterly, shifting to northeasterly winds; generally fair and cold.

Steamship Arrivals.

Nov. 20.	Reported at	From
Empress of China	Vancouver	Hong Kong
Spree	Bremen	New York
Spaarndam	Rotterdam	"
New York	Southamp'n	"
Dresden	Bremen	"
Avlona	Leith	Montreal

Try Watson's Cough Drops 246

GAS CO. TURNED DOWN

The City Council Declines Its Offer With Thanks.

NOT LIBERAL ENOUGH BY HALF.

A Proposition to Give the Consumer a Ten-Cent Reduction and Help Themselves to Legislation of Their Own Peculiar Kind Failed to Satisfy the Municipal Fathers—Full Text of the Magnates' Letter to Ald. Lamb's Committee and Its Very Prompt Rejection.

The special committee of the City Council, consisting of Ald. Lamb, Dunn, Scott and McMurrich, yesterday afternoon considered a communication from the Consumers' Gas Co. in reference to the reduction in the price of gas. In the company's letter of Nov. 11, the committee were assured that the company had only the welfare of the citizens at heart, and would not in any way do the public the slightest injustice. The committee was also invited to visit the works and see for themselves whether there was any possibility of a reduction being made.

Here is the letter received yesterday:

"Since the conference last Friday, the directors of the Consumers' Gas Company have given their best consideration to the urgent request of the City Council for a definite offer of a reduction in the price of gas, and have endeavored to arrive at a conclusion how far this end might be attained, were the company to defer to the suggestion of your committee, and to consent to the amendment of such clauses of their charter as at present stand in the way of their being able to meet the city's wishes.

"It is not necessary to repeat here, the view of the company, that they have no interest whatever in maintaining the price of gas beyond what is necessary to meet the cost of manufacture, the dividend and other charges, to protect the capital as provided for and to keep the works in a state of efficiency, and this plain statement of the limited character of the shareholders' interest in the undertaking might very properly be accepted as proof of the company's good faith in having entered upon the enquiry in the hope of being able to discover some means whereby they might meet the city's application for a reduction in the price of gas.

"Now, it is manifest that such a reduction can only be accomplished either by the adoption of still better and cheaper methods in the manufacture of gas or by the removal of some fixed charge on the earnings, and whilst it is to be hoped that time will bring such further improved methods, which, when adopted by the company, will be to the advantage of the consumers, yet such a contingent will not warrant any present action.

"With regard then to the only alternative, namely, whether it is possible to do away with any charge on the company's earnings whereby the company, being relieved from obligation to collect the amount of such charge from the consumers, may give it to the consumers in the way of a reduction in the price of gas, the company would say that the only possible solution of the problem depends on whether or not the company can, in justice to the shareholders, waive the benefit of the provisions contained in the act of 1887, which authorize the company, and now—according to the recent interpretation placed upon that act—makes it incumbent upon the company to add a large sum each year to the Plant and Buildings Renewal Fund, which sum comes out of the consumers in the price charged for gas. The act, as so construed, requires the company to establish and maintain this fund, and each year to add to it a sum equal to 5 per cent. of the value of the company's plant, etc., and there is now to the credit of this fund the sum of $287,403.86.

"The existence of such a fund is of great advantage to the company in affording means for the efficient maintenance of the works, but if it is possible to modify the provisions of the act, whereby this annual charge upon the consumers may be abolished (provision being made for its restoration to a limited extent, in case of its being drawn upon to meet contingencies, the company will be prepared to consent to such a change.

"This fund now stands at about 17 per cent. of the capital stock of the company, and in the light of eight years' experience, the company think that they might now be warranted in consenting to a provision limiting the growth of the fund so that it shall not exceed that percentage of the company's capital at any time. Such a provision will be necessary, otherwise the company might some day be compelled by dissatisfied interests to collect from the consumers a much greater sum for gas, and as this fund can never be applied to any purpose except that of maintaining the works, the company see no advantage in this fund being larger than is necessary to attain the object of its existence.

"Still it is possible that, notwithstanding the eight years' experience which has warranted the company in coming to the above conclusion, the fund, if limited as above suggested, might in the event of great disasters, losses or other unforeseen causes, not prove adequate; but perhaps this risk could be gotten over by the company being free to invest its funds in any manner the company may deem advisable, whether in interest bearing securities, the company's works or otherwise. In this way, it would always have a ready means, when urgently needed, of restoring, renovating or extending the works at any time, without that delay which might prove most inconvenient and injurious to the public interest; and, as according to the recent construction put upon the company's act, the premiums on stock are required to be invested in comparatively unproductive securities, it will be necessary, if the company cease to make the annual 5 per cent. additions to the Plant and Buildings Renewal Fund, that this provision be abrogated in respect of the premiums on the issued as well as on the unissued capital.

"It would also seem proper that any further friction might be avoided by the act providing to what account should be charged any amounts written off from time to time for losses, depreciation, abandonment of old for new plant, wear and tear, etc.

"Every manufacturer and business man must take account of such matters, and the company cannot do less, if its affairs are to be conducted on sound business lines.

"Other details will doubtless suggest themselves in connection with the proposed legislation to relieve the consumers of the present obligation to contribute in the price they pay for gas a sum sufficient to maintain the Plant and Buildings Renewal Fund, but the foregoing will indicate, the company trust, a willingness on their part to meet the wishes of your committee, if permitted by law to do so.

"In the event of such permission being secured by legislation, the company will so rearrange their gas rates that the consumers will get the benefit of the legislation on the following basis: