

Try Our
Furniture Polish
15c Bottle.

Wood's Fair

Carpet Beaters,
Sale Price, 15c.

25c Collars, Sale Price 15c.
Ladies' Fancy Collars, made of satin in blue, green, red, brown, pink and many other beautiful shades, in Buster Brown or tab styles, regular price 25c, sale price 15c.

25c Collars, Sale Price 15c.
White Linen Turnovers, beautifully embroidered in different styles, also lace turnovers in Battenburg effects, different designs, value 25c, sale price 15c.

Lace Collars, Sale Price 15c.
Lace Stock Collars, with tabs, with fancy Battenburg effects in different designs, in very white, nicely finished, sale price 15c.

Handkerchiefs, Sale Price 15c.
Excellent Handkerchiefs, plain or polka dot center, with mauve, red or navy polka dot border. These handkerchiefs can be used for making fancy collars, sale price 15c.

Windsor Ties, Sale Price 25c.
Windsor Ties in red, blue and brown polka dot, either large or small dot; also plain white or black, sale price 25c.

We have a splendid assortment of Taffeta Neck Ribbons in all the latest shades, 2 to 4 inches wide, sale price, yard 15c and 20c.

Fancy Collars, 25c.
A beautiful assortment of Collars, made in many different styles, some lace and Battenburg effects; also silk with chiffon trimming in different colors, sale price 25c.

Fancy Collars, 50c.
Ladies' Fancy Collars, made in three different styles, some made on forms, others silk, and some lace effects, in different styles and colors, sale price 50c.

Visit Our
Wall Paper
Department.

WOODS' FAIR See Our Special
Line of Umbrellas
at 75c.

The Tax Rate Bylaw Gets Two Readings, Passed After Debenture Issue Is Decided

Opposition May Be Offered at
Special Meeting—Pavement
for Talbot Street.

An Offer of \$7,000 Made by a
Local Firm for the East
End Hall.

The city council, at its regular meeting last night, gave the bylaw to strike the tax rate at 23 mills, a first and second reading, after which, on motion of Ald. Stevens, it was decided to defer the third reading until the fate of the application to the Legislature for the issue of waterworks debentures is known. If the city's request is granted a special meeting of the council will be called, and the bylaw will be read a third time and passed.

The only opposition to the first and second readings came from Ald. Carson, who is still out against issuing the debentures, even at the cost of increasing the rate to 25 mills. It was explained to him, however, that his objections can be aired when the third reading comes up, and he subsided. The other business before the council was more or less important, and the meeting, which was delayed by Ald. Cooper's frequent outbursts of eloquence, did not conclude until well on to 11 o'clock.

Charged With Extravagance.
With the exception of Nos. 12 and 13, all clauses of No. 2 committee's report carried without discussion. Clause 12 recommended that the tender of George C. Jolly for the painting and papering of the south end of the council chamber at \$1 75 be accepted. Ald. Cooper objected. He said it was a disgrace for the board to give such a large sum for the painting of one room, and he had a room in his house, fully as large, papered last winter for one-third the money. He was surprised that the mayor sat in the chair and allowed the board to let contracts before coming to the council. It was a disgrace, he said.

Ald. Matthews declared that it was the height of foolishness to spend nearly \$50 on the room, which was being held in the hall it was customary to place a stove in the room and boil the coffee and cook meals there.

Ald. Forristal said he was not aware that the work had been commenced. He did not intend that the work should have been started until the consent of the council was obtained.

Mayor Campbell explained, in reply to Ald. Cooper, that he, like the chairman of No. 2 committee, was not aware that the work was being proceeded with. In fact, he could state that it had practically been decided not to go ahead with the work this year.

Ald. Garratt then moved, that in view of the fact that the paper has been torn off the walls, the contractor be allowed to proceed with the repapering.

Ald. Forristal further explained his position. He said the room was badly needed as a private room for the aldermen. Ald. Cooper talked loudly of the extravagance of No. 2, and yet this same Ald. Cooper was the man who had boasted the salaries of city hall officials to the extent of \$1,000 this year.

"No sir," said Ald. Cooper. "Ald. Stevens' suggestion, that the council should be paid for committee purposes, as well as a private sitting-room."

Ald. Saunders asked if it was the intention to allow the room to be used as a cloakroom in the future. If it was, he would vote against the repairs. It was promised that the cooking business

will be conducted elsewhere in the future.

A vote was then taken, and it was decided to allow Mr. Jolly to proceed with the work.

Ald. Cooper also objected to purchasing chairs and a table for the room, but his objection was voted down.

Pavement for Talbot Street.
On motion of Ald. Garratt it was decided to initiate a vitrified brick pavement on Talbot street, from King street to Fullarton street.

Ald. W. W. in speaking of the possibility of the initiation carrying, stated that he understood Mr. Harvey and the owner of the London House are ready to sign for a brick pavement, and he expressed the opinion that the property-owners across from the market, between Dundas and King street, will also sign.

The communication of the city solicitor re the city's lack of power to issue debentures for \$100,000 for the purpose of assisting industries, was received and filed.

When the reports of special committees were in order, Ald. Forristal reported on behalf of the committee appointed to secure assistance from the engineer's office, that it had been decided to employ Mr. H. E. Pratt, as assistant engineer, and Mr. Victor Mitchell, as architectural draughtsman and surveyor. The committee's recommendation was accepted by the council.

Hard on Dogs.
In the language of Ald. Forristal, who grew tired of the discussion, the council "told dogs" for a quarter of an hour on the recommendation of No. 2 committee that the tax on canines be \$1 if paid before July 1, and \$2 if paid after that date.

Ald. Matthews declared that the people were now sufficiently taxed, and their dogs should be left alone. The new scheme would be a burden to the poor man, he said, the recommendation was carried, however, on the following vote.

Yeas—Ald. Greenlee, Carson, Abram, Gillean, Garratt, Wyatt and Forristal—8.

Nays—Ald. Matthews, Cooper and Saunders—3.

All the other clauses of No. 3 committee's report carried.

The usual grant of \$50 was made to the Civic Improvement Society.

The secretary of the Ontario Good Roads' Association wrote the council, calling attention to the annual meeting of the association to be held in Toronto on April 12 and 13. An invitation was extended to the city to send representatives. A deputation, representing municipalities of the province, is expected to arrive in London on April 12.

The chairman also has power to add to his number.

Offer for East End Hall.
The London Show Case and Office Fixture Company wrote the council that after inspecting the east end hall, the firm was of opinion that with certain alterations the building could be made satisfactory to it. The following offer for the building was included in the letter: "The firm pay the sum of \$7,000 for the hall, in equal annual payments, covering a period of ten years, the first payment to be made one year from date of purchase, with interest at 5 per cent."

After a wrangle as to which body should deal with the offer, it was finally decided by a vote of 7 to 5 to refer the matter to the finance committee of the council instead of to the manufacturers' committee.

Dr. Merchant, principal of the Normal School, asked to be allowed to use that portion of Marley Place, south of Elmwood avenue, for a school garden, containing experimental plots, etc., in connection with the practical science training of the Normal School students. Dr. Merchant pointed out that at present weeds are allowed to grow on the plot, and he promises to beautify it if given the privilege of using it for the purposes stated. The school does not ask for the permanent use of the street, but only until such time as the city desires to make use of it. Referred to No. 2 committee.

The following petitions for local improvements were received and sent to the assessment commissioner to report upon: For a cement curb and gutter on St. James street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets; for a tile sewer on St. George street, Oxford to Sydenham streets; for a tile sewer on Maitland street, South to Hill streets.

A petition against the initiation of an asphalt pavement on Dundas street from Ontario street to Egerton street, was also referred to the assessment commissioner.

Teamsters Want Increase.
The licensed teamsters of London wrote the council asking that the city pass a bylaw to protect all such teamsters by making it compulsory for all contractors who do work for the corporation to pay a standard rate of \$4 a day for a team of two horses and driver, nine hours to constitute a day's work; also that the same rate (\$4 per day) be paid for all work done for the corporation, and that a bylaw be passed to place a special license of \$15 on all teams coming in to do work in the city during the slack time, and taking away the work from the resident teamsters.

MANITOBA'S BOUNDARIES

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Tables Correspondence On the Matter.

Ottawa, April 2.—Premier Laurier today laid before the House correspondence bearing on the request of Manitoba for an extension of her boundaries. The Government of the province is contained in an order in council, in which it is argued that the objection to extension westward is the opposition of the people of that district; that the request for extension northward and to the shores of Hudson Bay is not unreasonable; that it is, therefore, recommended that the present boundary be taken up, which decision, it is hoped, will be acceptable to the Government and Province of Manitoba "whose welfare and development the present ministry desire to promote in every way compatible with their obligations towards the provinces of the west."

The proposal is to have Manitoba, Ontario and Saskatchewan represented at the boundary conference.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.
April 2.—At New York—Zealand, from Antwerp; L. Aquilone, from Havre; Republic, from Alexandria; Mesaba, from London; Massilia, from Marseilles; Rotterdam, from Rotterdam; Columbia, from Glasgow—Columbia, from New York; London—Minnetonka, from New York; Genoa—Crestle, from New York; Dover—Vanderland, from New York; Portland—Vancouver, from Liverpool.

question, saying there was nothing to add to what he had already stated in the Senate. Accordingly the questions were indefinitely postponed.

The Temps tonight says the authoritative opinion of Emperor William's readiness to discontinue the character of such warlike disputes is not yet known. The maximum short of openly quarrelling with the Kaiser, which Mr. Laurier could attempt in order to be disagreeable.

On the other hand, his stand was being unjustly treated with regard to the boundaries westward. He also objected to the new provincial lands being under the control of the Federal Government.

Dr. Roche claimed that Manitoba was being unjustly treated with regard to the boundaries westward. He also objected to the new provincial lands being under the control of the Federal Government.

Dr. Roche denounced the bill as establishing a dictatorship, and constituting a warrantable interference with the rights of the new provinces.

The debate was continued by Mr. McKenzie, of Cape Breton, who favored the bill, including the educational clauses. He was followed by Mr. Poiry.

Mr. Laverne moved the adjournment of the debate and the House rose at 11:40 p.m.

The G. T. P. and C. A. R.
The House having gone into committee on the bill amending the Grand Trunk to acquire the Canada Atlantic, Mr. Hagart asked for the promised Government statement on the subject.

The Premier replied that the Government had decided to introduce separate legislation to give the Intercolonial Railway running rights over the C. A. R. It was considered better to do this than, as was first proposed, to amend the Grand Trunk bill.

Mr. Maclean submitted that before this bill was gone on with the House should be acquainted with the terms and conditions on which these running rights were to be granted. The Prime Minister, he said, had only made a very general statement, whereas the Minister of Railways promised a definite statement.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the statement might be made before the third reading.

Argentina reaches into the equatorial belt on the north and through the temperate zone on the south, having these wide changes of temperature. Two-thirds of the population are of native, Italian to the number of almost half a million lead the foreigners.

Weak Kidneys
To any kidney sufferer who has not tried my remedy I offer a full and complete cure. To a mere sample—but a sample that will cure you.

There is nothing to pay, either now or later. The dollar bottle is free. I take no risk. The dollar bottle is free because mine is no ordinary remedy, and I am sure of its results that I can afford to make this offer.

In the first place, my remedy does not treat the kidneys themselves. Such treatment is wrong. For the kidneys are not the cause of the trouble. They are the result of the trouble. They are the result of the trouble. They are the result of the trouble.

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PIANOS

have won a name and distinction which no other piano can lay claim to.

Are made under the personal supervision of acknowledged PIANO EXPERTS.

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THE WEATHER TODAY—Milder, with showers.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

A big shipment of New Silks to arrive tomorrow, and next day will be placed on sale at 63c and 65c yard. Fuller particulars and descriptions will be published when goods arrive. Watch our advertisements.

Great Whitewear Sale Wednesday at 9 O'Clock

Seven hundred pieces Ladies', Misses' and Children's Whitewear (no two pieces alike) will be placed on sale Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock sharp. The lot comprises Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Chemise, Aprons, Children's Dresses, etc., etc. Never before has it been our privilege to offer so many exclusive and dainty creations in White Underwear and Children's Dresses at anything like such low prices which will prevail at this sale. Some of our customers have seen a number of the garments mentioned below—they were so taken with the values that they wanted to buy them. But that would be unfair to our other customers, so they are now awaiting this announcement. We wish all others to mark well the sale hour (9 o'clock Wednesday) so that all may have equal chance to secure the great bargains offered. This is a rare opportunity to buy a single and exclusive style at wholesale price.

Goods Will Be on Exhibition in Large West Window and Whitewear Section Today.

Note a Few of Our Low Prices

DRAWERS.
30c Ladies' Drawers for 23c
45c Ladies' Drawers for 33c
75c Ladies' Drawers for 50c
\$1 25 Ladies' Drawers for 88c
\$1 75 Ladies' Drawers for \$1 25
\$3 50 Ladies' Drawers for \$2 50

APRONS.
25c Ladies' Aprons for 19c
50c Ladies' Aprons for 36c
55c Ladies' Aprons for 67c

Children's Drawers.
18c Children's Drawers for 13c
35c Children's Drawers for 24c
40c Children's Drawers for 29c
75c Children's Drawers for 50c

Children's Gowns, Skirts, Etc., Equally Cheap.

DRESSES.
Children's Dainty and Pretty Trimmed White Dresses, 65c kind for 42c
85c kind for 63c
\$1 00 kind for 69c
\$1 50 kind for \$1 10
\$2 00 kind for \$1 50
\$3 50 kind for \$2 42
\$7 50 kind for \$5 50

UNDERSKIRTS.
50c Underskirts for 38c
\$1 00 Underskirts for 75c
\$1 25 Underskirts for \$1 75
\$1 50 Underskirts for \$1 00
\$2 00 Underskirts for \$1 50
\$3 50 Underskirts for \$2 42
\$7 50 Underskirts for \$5 50

GOWNS.
65c Gowns for 44c
85c Gowns for 59c
\$1 25 Gowns for 88c
\$1 75 Gowns for \$1 25
\$3 50 Gowns for \$2 50
\$4 75 Gowns for \$3 33
\$8 50 Gowns for \$6 00

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,
149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street. London.

MAIN CURRENTS IN CANADA'S LIFE
Mr. Sifton Sees Great Population and Business Expansion.

Toronto, April 3.—Mr. Sifton rejoiced in the freedom from office, which permitted him to tell the Canadian Club at today's luncheon what were the main currents in Canada's life. He referred to the establishment of the two new provinces on July 1 as probably the greatest national event in the next ten years. It marked the completion of the scheme of confederation. The Canadian constitution did not provide that the Dominion should take charge of local administration. It was well that all territories should make their own government as soon as possible.

Next he placed increase in population, the question of getting and keeping a producing population in Canada was of the greatest national importance. "Within the next five or six years," he said, "we shall be able to add from a million to a million and a half to our population, to say nothing of the great natural increase."

The building of a great railway was a political question at the time of the last election. "We can be thankful," he said, "the political questions do not last forever. In five or six years that road would be nearing completion. I sketched the expansion of the country through the agency of the road, saying that in six or seven years he expected to see a railway running from the northwest part of the Northwest to the east."

"Do you think that that will prove hurtful to Eastern Canada?" he was asked.

He thought the day had gone past when it was thought that the expansion of one part of Canada necessarily meant the retarding of another. Within the next five or ten years the iron and steel industries, protected as they were, would be placed on a firm and substantial basis. Canada was and must be an exporting country. The Pacific route for exporting the forest and most economical manner was the key of success. The route to the seaboard should be as direct as money could make it. The St. Lawrence route must be made as safe as the ocean route to New York. Mr. Sifton made no reference to the school question.

REBECCA SCHOOL REPORT.
The report of school section No. 1, West Nissouri, for the month of March is as follows:
Class V.—Nellie Ashman 1,485, Lexie Rogers 1,058, May Pined, 576, Robina Duffin 882, Earlton Bourne 854.
Class IV.—Blanche Piper 1,083, Myrtle Piper 1,074.
Class III.—Howard Judd 1,034, Robbie Ashman 870, Willie Rogers 859, Mary Duffin 846.
Class Senior II.—Willie Judd 1,301, Mabel Bourne 1,096, Georgina Duffin 966.
Class Junior II.—Stanley Mossop 1,036, Gordon Judd 852, Morley Rogers 843.
Class Senior Part II.—Ernest Ashman 788, Chester Judd 773.
Class Junior Part II.—Irene Barber 738, Mary Ashman 482.

Wife-beaters are punished in a sensible manner in Germany. They are arrested every Saturday after they have finished their week's work and kept in prison until the following Sunday. This is done regularly every week until the sentence is worked out, the object being that the delinquent shall be able to earn money during the week to support his family.

REASON NO 36
WHY YOU SHOULD USE
Red Rose Tea

Because it is Economical.

Red Rose Tea is composed of what are known in the trade as "high-grown" Ceylon and Indian teas. These teas are grown at high altitudes on the mountain slopes, where the tea bushes grow more slowly and are more carefully cultivated than in the valleys, where the climate is warm and humid.