

Evening Mercury

VOL. V II. NO. 44

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1873.

PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

MEDICAL CO-PARTNERSHIP.
We, the undersigned, have entered into partnership for the practice of the Medical Profession under the style and firm of **KEATING & McDONALD.**
T. H. KEATING, M.D., M.R.C.S. England
A. A. McDONALD, M.B., B.C.P., and L.R.C.S., Edin. Guelph, July 1st, 1873. dlm wem

REMOVAL OF SURGERY.
DR. HEROD.
Has removed his Surgery to the rooms above the Guelph Drug Store, where he may be found from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Entrance on Cork street. After 6 p.m. at his residence as usual. dw

DR. BROOK.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE
Directly opposite Chalmers' Church
Quebec street, Guelph.

FREDERICK BISCOE, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Guelph, Office, corner of Wyndham and Quebec streets. dw

OLIVER & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets, sp stairs, Guelph, Ont. dw

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Guelph, Ontario.

D. O'CONNOR, J. WATT, W. H. CUTTEN. Guelph, March 1, 1871. dw

LEMON & PETERSON, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public.

Offices—Brownstone's New Buildings, near the Registry Office.

A. LEMON, H. W. PETERSON, CHAS. LEMON, J. County Crown Attorney

F. STURDY, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter

GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER.
Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. dw

WILLIAM J. PATERSON, Official Assignee for the County of Wellington.

IRON CASTINGS
Of all kinds, made to order at

CROWE'S IRON WORKS, Norfolk Street, Guelph.

154w JOHN CROWE, Proprietor

PARKER'S HOTEL, -DIRECTLY-

OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH

First-class accommodation for travellers. Commodious Habiting and an attentive hostler.

The best Liquors and Cigars at the bar. He has just fitted up a room where Oysters will be served up at all hours, in the favorite styles.

Pickled Salmon, Lobsters, and Sardines. Guelph, Feb. 1, 1873. dw

ROBERT CRAWFORD, PRACTICAL

Watch and Clock Maker, Jeweller
Wyndham Street, Guelph.

Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Brooches, Rings, &c., Hair Plate and Device Work. Clocks and Time Piece, Jewellery repaired and made to order. Plated Goods in variety. Guelph, Feb. 13, 1873. dw

SCHOOL OF ART and General Education.

THE MISSES RHEMMIE beg to announce that they will remove their establishment to the corner of Woolwich and Yarmouth streets, about the 22nd September, where they hope to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto accorded them. Until then, please to call on them at their present residence, Market street. dlm 4w1

NEW CAB.—The subscriber begs to announce to the citizens of Guelph that he has just purchased a carriage and is prepared to carry persons to and from any place in town at the usual charges. He has also a large pleasure wagon for hire. He receives a share of public patronage. Orders can be left at Dr. Herod's Drug Store or at my residence, next door to the Primitive Methodist parlour. JOHN EWING, Guelph, July 15, 1873. dw

W. M. FOSTER, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, GUELPH.

Office over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store, Corner Wyndham and Macdonald streets, Guelph.

Extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable.

References kindly permitted to Messrs. Herod, Clarke, Tuck, McGee, Keating, Cowan and McGregor, Guelph; W. K. Graham, Dentist Perth.

PRIZE DENTISTRY.

DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL

Licentiate of Dental Surgery. Established 1864. Office next door to the 'Advertiser' Office, Wyndham-st. Guelph.

Residence opposite Mr. Boulton's Factory

37 Street, Teeth extracted without pain. References, Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McGee, Keating, and Cowan, Guelph. Drs. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto. Drs. Elliot & Movers, Dentists Toronto. dw

J. H. ROMAIN & Co., Successors to Nelles, Romain & Co., CANADA HOUSE,

General Commission Merchants. AND SHIPPERS,
26, City National Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.

References: Sir John Rose, banker, London, England; F. W. Thomas, Esq., banker, Montreal; The Marine Company of Chicago, bankers; Hon. J. Carling, London, Ont.; Messrs. Ganit Bros., merchants, Montreal; Senator F. Smith (Frank Smith & Co.) Toronto; J. M. Miller, Esq., Perth, Ont. (late of Chicago); W. Watson, Esq., banker, New York; D. Batters, Esq., Montreal; J. Whitehead, Esq., M. P., Clinton, Ont.; C. McGill, Esq., M. P., Hamilton, Ont.; T. C. Chisholm, Esq., M. P., Toronto, Ont. dw

New Advertisements.

WANTED—A cook and housemaid. Apply to Mrs. Lemon. s18-d

GOOD HOUSE WANTED TORONTO. Six or eight rooms. Apply at this office.

CARRIAGE WOOD WORKERS. Wanted two good hands. Steady employment. J. B. ARMSTRONG & CO. Sept. 23, 1873-3td. Guelph, Ont.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A junior salesman for the Dry Goods, one with a knowledge of Fancy Goods preferred. s22dt GEO. JEFFREY.

TO LET—A large two-story Stone Building in the centre of the Town, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to Robert Melvin, Guelph. jly18dt

HOUSE TO LET—Stone house on Woolwich street, next St. George's Church. Apply to Armstrong, McCrae & Co. Woolmen Manufacturers. s4dt

WANTED At the Fashionable West End Four experienced dressmakers; also improvers and apprentices to the dressmaking business. Two military apprentices and two active message boys. Apply to Sept. 5-dt. A. O. BUCHAN.

CHALMERS' CHURCH BAZAAR.

The Ladies of Chalmers' Church, Guelph, respectfully announce to the public that they intend holding a Bazaar for the purpose of raising a fund for the purchase of a new organ for the Church. The Bazaar will be held on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28th. The proceeds will be applied in aid of the Church. Persons having articles to contribute will please hand them in to Mrs. Wardrop or Mrs. Wyn Stewart prior to the above date. The ladies hope to receive liberal support from their friends. Guelph, Sept. 24th, 1873. ad

\$200 REWARD. STOLEN.

On or about the 18th of Sept., the house of J. Colson, Treasurer of the Guelph Marine and Base Ball Club, was broken into by some person or persons unknown, and a cash box containing the sum of \$200 was taken therefrom. The above reward of \$200 will be given by the G.M.L.B.B. Club to any person who will give such information to the Chief of Police as will lead to the recovery of the money and conviction of the thief. W. A. BUCKLEY, Esq., President G.M.L.B.B.C. Guelph, Sept. 24, 1873.

FOR SALE—Allendale Cottage and Land—the property of the late Richard Jackson, Esq., containing about 50 acres of land, about a third of it being well wooded with handsome shade trees, balance chiefly meadow, on which there is a convenient dwelling house, containing dining room, sitting room, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, parlor and washhouse, with stable, coach-house, and sheds, having a good garden with some choice fruit trees. This property is situated on the Waterloo Road two miles from the Market, and is most pleasantly located in the vicinity of Guelph, and is well worthy the attention of parties desiring to purchase in this neighbourhood. Price and terms liberal, and will be made known on application to CHAS. DAVIDSON, Town Hall Buildings, Guelph. s3-dw3w

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT. Residence for Sale.

That very desirable property situated on Paisley street, near the Western Station, consisting of White Brick two story dwelling house, with four bedrooms, front and back parlor, dining room and kitchen, with large soft water cistern, also two large dry cellars. The land comprises two acres of acre, well stocked with fruit trees in full bearing. For terms, &c., apply to D. S. SAVAGE, Guelph, July 30, 1873. dw

CORN FOR SALE.

The subscriber has for sale at his store, Upper Wyndham street, Guelph, a large stock of

CORN, whole, cracked and chopped

Guelph, Sept. 16th, 1873. JOSEPH RUDD, ds

SMOKERS!

EACH PLUG OF THE MYRTLE NAVY Weighs 1 of a pound,

WHILE THE IMITATIONS Only weigh 1/2 of a pound,

thus giving you a poorer article and less of it for your money.

Each genuine plug stamped

T & B Hamilton, Sept. 16, 1873. ds im

THE TRIUMPH WASHING MACHINE.—We have manufactured it over four years; has proved a perfect success. Person who will do well to test our Washer before buying any other; they are simple, strong, and durable, and will save clothing, strength, time, health and hands. You can fasten on a winger and do the whole work—washing, honing, and bleaching. Theodore Feiwel, dealer in Stoves, Furniture, &c., Quebec st., Guelph, Agent. Agents wanted. Address Isaac Erb & Son, inventors, manufacturers and dealers in Washers, No. 40, Elm street, Buffalo, N.Y. Sept. 23, 1873. dwim

FARM FOR SALE—For sale, the Northwest half of Lot No. 14, in the 1st concession of Brantford, comprising 100 acres, 75 cleared and in a good state of cultivation, all well fenced, the remainder under wood, with a good cellar, frame barn 32x34, with driving house, stables and sheds, with root houses, 8 wells, and cistern holding 20 barrels of water; a good bearing orchard with graded fruit trees. Within sight of a church and school house, 6 miles from Guelph and 4 from Rockwood; an excellent gravel road from the farm to Guelph, and in a good farming district. Terms to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply on the premises to Leclan McGreggor, or by letter post-paid to Erasmus P. O. s18dtw

MONEY TO LEND.

On farm security, at eight per cent. No commission charged. Apply to

FRED. BISCOE, Barrister, &c. Guelph. April 4 '73-dwtf.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE—

Grand Trunk Railway

Trains leave Guelph as follows:
WEST
2:17 a.m.; 9:45 a.m.; 1:50 p.m.; 6:00 p.m.; 8:33 p.m.

*To London, Goderich, and Detroit. (To Berlin, EAST
8:05 a.m.; 7:30 a.m.; 11:00 a.m.; 4:12 p.m. a.m.; 8:33 p.m.

Great Western—Guelph Branch.
Going South—4:50 a.m.; 11:45 a.m.; 1:05 p.m. and 5:09 p.m.
Going North—12:00 a.m. for Southampton mixed 1:40 p.m. for Palmerston; 5:50 p.m. for Ferris; 8:15 p.m. for Harrison.

Guelph Evening Mercury

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 25, 1873

Local and Other Items

BISHOP RICHARDSON, D.D., of Toronto, lectures in Mount Forest next Monday, on "Canada."

BAND.—The booming of cannon at intervals during this morning told the general public that the artillerymen were driving away at their drill "like blazes."

MR. JAMES CORMACK, No. 1 Wyndham street, announces in our advertising columns the receipt of a large and fine stock of fall and winter cloth and clothing.

BAZAAR.—An advertisement we publish to-day intimates that the ladies of Chalmers' Church intend to open a bazaar in the Town Hall on Wednesday, Nov. 5th, in aid of the church funds.

OUR NEW STORY commences in to-day's issue. It is entitled "The Rival Clansmen: A Scottish Vendetta," and is a deeply interesting narrative of life in the Highlands 180 years ago.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS.—A private letter from Montreal says business seems to be very brisk this fall, and this is all the more agreeable to the merchants because it was not expected. The present prospects of a good fall and winter trade are thought to be very good indeed.

HAMALL'S SERENADERS.—We are to have this band of musicians in the Town Hall next night. The company is a strong one, comprising eighteen artists,—vocal and instrumental, we presume—and judging from the advertisement we publish, some good part music may be expected.

THE ESTEY ORGANS have been attracting considerable public notice lately. They are undoubtedly a great improvement over the old style of melodeons, and in richness of tone they resemble their namesake the pipe organ. Mr. A. C. Osborne, of the Arcade of Music, Guelph, is agent for this district.

Y. M. C. A.—The regular monthly business meeting of the association will be held to-night (Thursday), for the transaction of important business. The Executive Committee's monthly report is to be submitted; also the nominations for the various offices for the ensuing year, which begins with Oct. 1st. Members of the association are asked to attend promptly at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is wished for.

POLICE COURT.

(Before the Police Magistrate.) Sept. 25.

ASSAULT.
Richard Hewitt, jr., of Paisley, was charged with assaulting Samuel Jackson, also of Paisley, on Sunday and Monday last. The case arose out of a quarrel occurring at the Royal Hotel, Strachan's Corners. Case dismissed on payment of costs.

ILLEGAL LIQUOR-SELLING.
Wm. Beane, keeper of the Royal Hotel, Paisley, was charged by Samuel Jackson, complainant in the foregoing case, with selling liquor on Sunday last. Fined \$20 and costs.

CONFIDENCE OPERATOR.
Con. Hickey, a carriage trimmer, in conjunction with an unknown man, was charged by Alex. Cooper, of Erin, with conspiring to defraud complainant of \$16 on Sept. 18, in Guelph, by a confidence game. Complainant did not appear to prosecute, and the case was dismissed.

The Great Boat Race.

George Brown, the Canadian champion, won the five-mile boat race at Halifax on Wednesday. The winning line was passed by Brown in 38 min. 45 sec., eight passing the line 30 seconds later, or at least five boat lengths behind. Brown's time is believed to be the fastest on record. His friends talk of sending him to England to row against Sadler, by whom he was beaten in the aquatic carnival of 1871, and who declined to accept the challenge subsequently issued by Brown.

LABOR CONGRESS.—On Tuesday afternoon the Canadian Labor Congress assembled in the Trades' Assembly Hall, King-street, Toronto. This is the first Annual Labor Congress held in the Dominion. It is made up of delegates from local organizations in Ontario and Quebec, and includes all Trades' Unions. It is under the management of the Toronto Trades' Assembly, but, after its organization proper, will be purely representative. The attendance numbers about sixty delegates. The chief object of the congress will be to establish a Canadian Labor League. Among the subjects to be discussed will be immigration, convict labor, and other kindred questions.

The Irish Canadian thinks the charges proved against John A., and that he will be driven from power.

Stray Leaves from the Old Land.

HUNTLY, Sept. 8, 1873.

My last letter landed me in London late on a Saturday night. The readers of THE MERCURY can readily imagine one's feelings on entering this great city for the first time. Late though it was I sallied out and saw a little of London on a Saturday night. The great thoroughfares, such as Fleet street, the Strand, &c., were crowded with the never-ceasing throng of pedestrians, omnibuses were rolling hither and thither, the gin palaces and beer houses were gorgeously lit up, and yet I saw no person the worse of liquor. After going as far as Temple Bar—the old ancient barrier which marks the precincts of the city proper—I retraced my steps, feeling as if I was in a new world. The stranger on first traversing these old streets, the names of which have been familiar to him for years in books and periodicals, feels—stranger though he is—that they are not entirely foreign to him, and when he reads their names he begins to think that he has got among old friends. Such was my impression in wandering through London—in going up Ludgate Hill, in watching the great tide of life ever and anon moving up and down Chesham, in making the circuit of St. Paul's Churchyard, and in poking about through Paternoster Row, and other classic regions. The memory at once reverts to episodes in history closely connected with many of these streets, and one naturally feels a sort of pride and pleasure in being near the places which in days long gone by were the scenes of great events, intimately associated with the history of the Empire.

On the Sunday morning succeeding my arrival I and my friend from Guelph went to hear Mr. Spurgeon preach. Having the advantage of a ticket from the proprietor of our hotel we readily gained admission to the Tabernacle before the general public were allowed access to the interior. The scene presented outside this vast building was one to interest a stranger, and which he can see nowhere but in London, but perhaps nowhere there but at Spurgeon's church. Crowds from all parts of the great city kept converging towards the one central point of attraction. The members of the church passed through the outer gates without hindrance, but strangers who had not the good fortune to secure tickets were standing in hundreds waiting for the time when they would be admitted. Once inside the building the stranger is amazed at its size, yet pleased at its light and airy appearance. It is built in the shape of an oval, with two galleries running all round. He is also greatly pleased at the good order, and quiet and devout appearance of the people, who, though entering by more than half a dozen doors, make no noise whatever. Exactly at the hour, when Mr. Spurgeon makes his appearance the doors are closed, and strangers who have been admitted by ticket are allowed to enter any pew which has a vacant seat. After singing the first hymn the doors are again opened for a few minutes, and non-ticket holders are then admitted, who soon fill every vacant seat, and also improvised ones in the passages. The service then goes on undisturbed. On the day in question there must have been 5,000 people present, and yet I never saw any service conducted with so much order and quiet. It is moreover very simple, and much the same as that common among Presbyterians. The singing was simple and plain, yet it rose almost to the sublime. No instrument is used, no new-fangled tunes are sung. The leader simply starts the note, but it is instantly taken up by the vast assembly, who pour out their hearts in song with so much heartiness and fervour that one cannot but feel solemnized and elevated at the spontaneous burst of melody from so many voices. Of Spurgeon's preaching I will only say this, that having once heard him, I am not in the least surprised at his extraordinary and long sustained popularity, or at the no less extraordinary influence he exerts in his own congregation and throughout the Christian world. There is a power, an originality, a peculiar pith, and an earnestness about his discourses which arrests the attention and compels one to pause and think. He is not eloquent in the highest sense of the word. He does not roll out his periods or study his climaxes; but he gives to his thoughts such a personal, yet without such an universal application as to make his words welcome to his own people and to readers in every part of the world. His congregation is himself with the same earnestness as he himself. They are all workers, and the consequence is that his church is the most prosperous, and is doing the most good, of any in the Metropolis.

The same day we attended evening service in St. Paul's Cathedral. The immense space under the dome is seated with chairs, and which are free to all comers. A feeling of awe and reverence naturally takes possession of one who worships for the first time under the mighty dome of this vast cathedral. The dim religious light, the magnitude of its different parts, the roll of the great organ as the tones rise and swell and echo through the vast aisles and transept, the dim forms of the surrounding monuments erected in honor of the warriors and statesmen whose names shed a lustre on

the page of history, the consciousness that you are standing over the tombs of Wellington and Nelson, the recollection of the great events and personages whose names are associated with St. Paul's—all combine to create emotions which can be better imagined than described. Workmen have been busy for a long time in making many important repairs and improvements in the Cathedral, and the work of renovation seems to be watched with as much interest by the Londoners as by strangers.

I cannot begin to attempt to speak of London in detail. The vastness of the city overwhelms the stranger. It is only after a week's incessant travel through it that he begins to have a faint idea of its extent, and even then he can only have a very small part of it. To give one an idea of its size I may say that one day for my own satisfaction I got on the top of an omnibus at Chelsea and rode all the way to the Bank of England. At that point I took another bus to the opposite or north-west extremity of the city and when I arrived at Stratford I had travelled more than fourteen miles through crowded streets the whole distance. Nor can I speak of the many visits, such as the Parks, Gardens, Picture Gallery, British Museum, the Parliament Buildings, Westminster Abbey, the Tower, the Crystal Palace, and many other sights. To properly describe them would require a large volume. It would take one a good month to do anything like justice to them all, and even then he would not leave plus meen which are well worth a visit. Besides, the public have often read descriptions of some of the most noteworthy of these places. I shall therefore merely hint at a few of more recent date, and with which they are not so familiar.

The Thames embankment, of which my readers have all heard, is a noble monument of perseverance and skill. It extends from Blackfriars' Bridge to below the Parliament Buildings. The massive wall of Aberdeen granite forms a resistless bulwark to old Father Thames, and the top of the embankment from the wall back many yards forms a spacious promenade, which has been planted with trees. In a sanitary point of view the Embankment has been a great benefit to London. The Albert Memorial in Hyde Park, inaugurated more than a year ago, is the finest and most elaborate structure I ever saw. Standing on an elevated position, a first view of it strikes the beholder with admiration, which is deepened as he begins to examine it in detail. There are allegorical representations of the four quarters of the globe, of science and art, of the great poets, musicians, philosophers, orators, &c., of all ages. The statue of the late Prince Consort is not yet put in its place. The Memorial rises to a great height, and the whole design and execution—the beautiful tracery, and the elaborate gilding—give evidence of the great skill and labour expended on this most beautiful monument. The British Museum is almost a world in itself. After wandering through it a whole afternoon one only begins to realize the vastness of the building and the immense collection of curiosities. The Library attached to the Museum is a vast and beautiful structure, in which are stored hundreds of feet in diameter, carried up to a great height under a glass dome, and filled in every part with innumerable books—comprising, I believe, a copy of every work now extant, besides thousands now entirely out of print—to say nothing of the most valuable and rare manuscripts, parchments and other written documents which if lost could not be replaced.

I had the good fortune to see Dore's great painting—Christ leaving the Praetorium—which was on exhibition while I was in London. The figures are all life size. The majestic yet divinely placid countenance of the great Sufferer is the highest triumph of the artist's genius. The faces of the High Priest, the principal Jews who urged on the crucifixion of Christ, the Roman soldiers, the crowd of sinners and others interested in the transaction, and above all the speechless agony and suffering depicted in the countenance of His mother form a group on which you can gaze for hours and continually see some new beauty. To me the sight of this great work afforded one of the greatest pleasures I experienced in London, and my recollection of almost each individual figure is even now as vivid as when I first looked on it.

When in London I had, through the kindness of a relative, the privilege of calling on Thomas Carlyle. The distinguished philosopher lives in a plain, unpretentious brick house in a quiet retired street in Chelsea. I do not think it right to give the details of a purely private interview, but may say that the reception was all I could desire—frank, genial, and kindly. Mr. Carlyle keeps his age well. His cheeks though somewhat wrinkled still preserve some of the freshness of youth; his hair has lost some of its iron grey colour, and is inclining to white, and his hands show some of the tremulous movement of old age. But the mind appears to be as fresh, clear and vigorous as ever, while his half-humorous, half-satirical remarks have all the pungency and force that mark his best writings. There was also running through his remarks a vein of grave—I may even wish to over-exaggerate say devout—reflection which many would not be inclined to give him credit for. Altogether I was more than pleased with my interview, which will remain among the most pleasant recollections of my visit to the old land.

Being anxious to get a good sight of the Thames, I resolved to take the steamer from London to Edinburgh, and so on Saturday afternoon found myself on board one of the vessels of the line which plies regularly between these ports. Passing down the river from London Bridge on the small steamer to our ship we came in front of Billingsgate market, then are soon opposite the great front of the Custom House. Then the Tower of London becomes conspicuous with its lofty keep, and under the low arch the celebrated Traitor's Gate. We now enter the Pool, which with its vast crowd of ships gives one some idea of the immense commerce of this port, and which does not fail to strike all foreigners with astonishment. On either side and stretching far back from the river are the St. Katharine's, London, Surrey, Commercial and West India Docks, where lie vessels from all parts of the world. Then we pass Millwall, and the Isle of Dogs, near which the "Great Eastern" was constructed. Further on is Deptford, and a little further on, after passing the old "Dreadnaught" hospital ship, we pass the Greenwich Hospital, backed by the Park and Observatory. Further on

we pass Woolwich, Blackwall, Gravesend, below which the shores on either side begin to get indistinct, and the channel to widen into an arm of the sea. The trip along the English coast is a very pleasant one in calm weather. When off the coast of Northumberland we passed close to the group of low islands, one of which is the scene of Grace Darling's heroic rescue of the wrecked ship's crew years ago. Soon after we passed St. Alb's Head, the most easterly point in Scotland—a bare, rugged, rocky promontory. Ere long we beheld Dunbar, then swept past the frowning Bass Rock—for many a day the solitary prison of the stern, unyielding Covenanters—and soon after we were safely landed at Granton, in the vicinity of Edinburgh.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Excitement Subsiding.

A Cheerful Crowd.

The Loss of the "Abeona."

London, Sept. 25.—The Daily Telegraph in an editorial on the financial crisis in New York, commends the virtual suspension of all payment on individual credit. By this more time will be given for the excitement to subside.

New York, Sept. 25.—The temper of the crowd in the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night was cheerful, and all the morning papers take an encouraging view of the situation.

The investigation at Glasgow into the running down of the ship "Abeona" by the steamer "Alabama" has terminated. The captain of the "Alabama" has been reprimanded, and his first officer, who was in charge of the steamer at the time of collision, has had his certificate suspended for eighteen months.

THE EXHIBITION.

DESCRIPTION CONTINUED.

EMBROIDERY.
In Berlin work, Mrs. Munton Hamilton, obtains an extra prize. In Embroidery in Muslin there is keen and extensive competition, Miss Annie McVane, Toronto Gore, being first, Miss S. Strickland 2nd, with superb specimens. Guelph is ably represented in this class by Mrs. Bard, Mrs. W. Cockburn, Miss Lavinia Parkinson. Miss Maggie McKee of Toronto Gore, sends a very pretty piece of work in this class. In Embroiding in Cotton, Miss S. Strickland leads the honours, whilst Miss J. Schatz, Guelph, carries off the second with an elegant piece of work. The other exhibitors from this district are Mrs. W. Cockburn, Miss L. L. Robertson. Miss Annie McKeane is likewise a contributor. In Guipure work, Mrs. Randon carries off the first prize; Miss S. Strickland being second; Mrs. N. Lumley, Guelph, and Miss Muriel Bice, Guelph, being also exhibitors of good specimens. Some very beautiful exhibits are made in Embroidery in Worsteds, Miss Annie McKeane carrying off highest honours; Miss Lavinia Parkinson being second. Miss N. Strickland contributes two especially meritorious specimens. Miss M. Brown has also a fine exhibit. Ornamental Needlework claims Miss Lavinia Parkinson as winner of the highest place on the list; the second prize being given to Miss S. Strickland. Mrs. Randon, Brampton, gets the first prize for Guipure work; the same lady exhibits a very pretty piece of Ornamental Needlework; so also does Miss Vale, Guelph Township. The Howe Machine Company exhibit a very excellent specimen of work performed on one of their well known machines by E. E. Uttenweiler, Market Square, Guelph. Mrs. A. Headlip, Toronto, carries off the first prize in machine family sewing; whilst Miss L. G. Robertson, Guelph, and Miss Vale, Guelph Township, contribute specimens especially praiseworthy. Mr. E. Uttenweiler, Guelph, has also some very choice exhibits in this class. Ornamental Needlework, Mrs. Elam Vrooman, W. Garafras, makes an excellent contribution. Mrs. A. S. V. Cranston, Galt, carries off the first prize for hand made gen's shirts; Mrs. Colin Campbell, Erin being second. Mrs. R. Kennedy, Garafras, Miss M. Brown, Mrs. E. Am Vrooman, Mrs. John Stewart, Guelph, are worthy exhibitors in this section. In Crochets the display is very extensive. Miss Fanny S. Aldous, Eramosa, carries off the first prize with a very beautiful specimen. Mrs. A. H. Cranston, Galt, having second; with one of the same superior character. Guelph is admirably represented by Miss J. Schatz, Miss E. Moore, Mrs. W. Cockburn, Miss Light, Mrs. Anstee, Miss C. Clarke, Mrs. Graham, Miss Tolton, Miss Gibbs, Miss M. A. McIntyre, Mrs. P. Kribs, Miss J. Henderson, Miss N. Strickland, Miss J. C. McGregor, Miss Marie Woodman, Berlin, Mrs. J. McLaughlin, Etobicoke; Miss Eva S. McLure, Toronto; all send choice specimens. And Miss Maggie McVane is deservedly awarded an extra prize for a particularly choice exhibit. In Lace Work there is also an extensive competition. Mrs. Burns, Guelph, carrying off the first prize with a splendid sample, Mrs. John Landreth, Galt, carrying off the second with one of equal merit, whilst local contributors are excellently represented by Miss Annie Kribs, Thomas Parkinson, Rockwood; Miss M. Mackenzie, Mrs. W. Cockburn, Mrs. Cranston, Mrs. Randon and Miss S. Strickland also send some very fine specimens.

BARNUM the Irrepressible is going to see if he can't put through that little balloon excursion to Europe which the Wise