

## VOL. IV-No. 6.

### The New Atlantic Line.

The first steamer of a new fast line already established between Vancouver, China and Japan, will leave Liverpool on the 15th of this month, and the Canadian Government is in treaty for the establishment of a fast Atlantic service of four 20 knot twin-screw steamers between Great Britain and Canada. These steamers would run the establishment of a fast Atlantic service of four 20-knot twin-screw Steamers between Great Britain and Canada, These steamers would run from London and Plymouth to Halifax and Quebec and connect with the Can-adian Pacific, Grand Trunk and other railway systems. They will, if the scheme is carried out, be supplemented by a Pacific service running between British Columbia and the Australasian colonies, which will consist, to begin with, of three twin-screw steamers of not less than 16 knots. The steamers of this service will perform the passage across the Pacific in from 18 to 20 days, and will be sble, if necessary, to reach the nearest Australian port from Van-couver, in 16 days. This brings the two most distinct groups of colonies within little more than a fortnight of each other, and the total length of the journey from London, through Canada, to Australia, by this route, will be 32 days. Theships will carry mails and will be subsidized by the Governments of Great Britain, Canada and Australia. They will also, as is the case with the lime running between Vancouver and Jopan, form a part of the scheme of Imperial defence, and will be specially designed as fast armed cruisers and transport ships. They will be built under the supervision of the Admiralty, and fully provided with all the neces-sary gun platforms and fittings- It is also intended that they shall be, as far as possible, manned by crews of the Royal Navy Reserve.—*The Times*, 9th *Jan.*, 1891.

Dodd. W. Dodd, C. Steeper, Thomas Guest, A. J. Cooke, F. W. Jackson and G. Tulford. Bro. R. C. Townsend, of Nelson Lodge No. 48, Almonte, was also present. Twelve brethren of Guelph Lodge were duly initiated into the mysteries of the W. R. D., after which the ceremony of installing officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with. At the termination of the business of the evening the visiting brethren were entertained in an adjoining room, and partook of roast beef, plum pudding and other refreshments, after which some time was spent in discussing mat ters of interest and importance to the Order. The proceedings were enlivened by songs and recitations, everyone present being desirous of contributing to the success and enjoyment of the

who tendered his resignation as treasurer, stating that "This step is taken preferential fiscal arrangements beafter mature consideration, because the tween the several parts of the empire work now requires more time than I can devote to it, The increase in work prosperity, and this meeting most emis due chiefly to the growth of the lea- phatically protests against a trade gue and the largely increased circulation of the journal, but partly also to the complicated sliding scale of fees adopted by the league in 1888, and to the tardiness of the officials of some of the branches in the making of returns."

### Imperial Tariff of Custom

The following resolution was proposed by Mr. W. Hamilton Merritt : ently of thr duties payable under exist- duties devolving upon the president,

such tariff to be devoted to the general the idea of Mr. McCarthy's retirement,

tion, is of opinion that the adoption of would greatly promote their material policy which would discriminate against the mother country, or any part of the empire, in favor of a foreign power.

### Mr. McCarthy Retires

The next business was the election of officers for the current year. Mr. Mc-Carthy stated that for obvious reasons he had decided to resign the position of president of the league, and that, with this object in view, he had written to Sir Leonard Tilley, asking him if he would accept the position. He received a reply stating that his health was not good enough to warrant him in accepting the position, but a few days later, having received letters from Principal Grant and others. Sir Leonard wrote stating that he would accept the position if two visits a year to Toronto would be sufficient to perform the Messrs. Small, Cockburn, Denison,

Hopkins and Wilkie strongly opposed and urged upon that gentleman the propriety of reconsidering his action in the matter. Mr. McCarthy, however, remained firm in his intention to re-

The following officers were then

Vice-Presidents-Ontario, D'Alton McCarthy, Q.C., M.P., A. McNeil, M P.; Quebec, Dr. Casgrain, Sir Donald . Smith; New Brunswick, Prof. Weldon, Senator Boyd; Nova Scotia, Archbishop O'Brien, Sir Adams Archibald, Manitoba. Governor Schultz; British Columbia,

Representatives to the Council in England-R. R. Dobell, Sanford Fleming, C.E., Sir A. T. Galt, George R.

Members of Canadian Council-Garret Smith, W. R. Brock, Archbishop Walsh, J. I, Davidson, George Gooder-

The executive committee was re-

# OTTAWA, FEBRUARY, 1891.

A Special Meeting of Guelph Lodge No, 124 was held in S. O. E. Hall, at Smith's Falls on Tuesday, Jan. 20th, at 6.30 p.m., for the purpose of installing officers for the ensuing year, and also initiating members in White Rose Degree. District Deputy, Ald. Bro. W. R. Stroud, of Ottawa, occupied the chair, kindly assisted by Bros. F. A. Jackson, V. P., Bowood Lodge; F. Gilliot and Chas. Bott, of that City. There were also present from Suffolk Lodge No. 87, Brockville, the following brethren who participated in the pro-eeedings: Bros. A. C. Bacon, Sec.; H.

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The secretary read a letter from Mr. of the empire, and, while rejoicing at elected. The appointment of the secretary and treasurer was referred to the

> The coroner's jury which has been investigating the death of Duke of Bedford has formally rendered a verdict to the effect that the Duke died from a bullet wound through his heart and that he committed suicide while suffering from temporary insanity during an attack of pneumonia. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery. Five days elapsed before the Duke's death was registered, and the newspapers join in censuring the attempts of the various public officials con-cerned to hush the matter up. The body of Duke was cremated after the inquest, which was conducted in secret. To such an extent was the policy of secrecy followed that even some of the members of the Duke's family were not aware of the real cause of his death until the facts were published in the

The Census to be taken in India on the 27th of February, and all marching regimenss will have to average for that date as their weekly halt.

Mr. Plimsolf's agitation continues to attract commont in the English press, the general impression being that the abolition of the live stock trade would be prejudicial to the consumer.