

Wood's Phosphorine.

The Great English Remedy, is an old, well established and reliable preparation. Has been used for over 40 years. All drugs in the Dominion of Canada sell and recommend it as being the only medicine of its kind that cures and gives universal satisfaction. It promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Prolapsus, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of abuse or excess; the excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Mental and Brain Worry, all of which lead to Infertility, Neuritis, Consumption and an Early Grave. Price 15 per package or six for \$8. One will please, six will cure. Mailed promptly on receipt of price. Send for free samples. Address The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Wood's Phosphorine, sold in Chatham by all Druggists.

DENTAL.

A. A. BICKS, D. D. S.—Honorary graduate of Philadelphia Dental College and Hospital of Oral Surgery, Philadelphia, Pa., also honorary graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto. Office over Turner's drug store, 28 Rutland Block.

LODGES.

WELLINGTON Lodge, No. 46, A. F. & A. M., C. R. C., meets on the first Monday of every month, in the Masonic Hall, Fifth St., at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren heartily welcomed.

ALEX. GREGORY, Sec. F. D. LAURIE, W. M.

MEDICAL.

DR. OVENS OF LONDON. Surgeon, Oculist and Specialist Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Will be at Chatham on SATURDAY, Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 28, Dec. 26. Glasses properly fitted. Office at Radley's drug store.

LEGAL.

J. B. BANKIN, K. C.—Barrister, Notary Public, etc., Victoria Block, Chatham.

J. F. SMITH—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Office, King Street, west of the Market. Money to loan on Mortgages.

J. B. O'FLYNN—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Conveyancer, Notary Public, Office, King Street, opposite Matthews Bank, Chatham, Ont.

SMITH & GOSNELL—Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Harrison Hall, Chatham. Robert D. Smith, County Crown Attorney, R. L. Gosnell.

WILSON, PIKE & GUNDY—Barristers, Solicitors of the Supreme Court, Notaries Public, etc. Money to loan on Mortgages, at lowest rates. Offices, Fifth Street, Matthews Wilson, K. C. W. E. Gundy, J. M. Pike.

MOUSTON, STONE & SCANE—Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. Private funds to loan at lowest current rates. Office, upstairs in Eldrick Block, opposite H. Macdonald's store, M. Houston, Fred Stone, W. W. Scane.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON LAND MORTGAGES at lowest rate of interest. I also have a few farms for sale. I also sell buggies and carriages. Call and see me and get my prices. And you will save money by doing so. Henry Daguenet, Chatham.

MONEY TO LEND

ON LAND MORTGAGES ON CHATTEL MORTGAGES OR ON NOTE. To pay off mortgages. To buy property. Very low interest rate. J. W. WHITE, Barrister. One, Grand Opera House Chatham.

Money to Loan

—ON MORTGAGES—4 1/2 and 5 per cent. Liberal Terms and privileges to borrowers. Apply to LEWIS & RICHARDS.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

4 1/2 and 5 per Cent.

FOR SALE—FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

Brick house, two stories, 7 rooms, lot 40 feet front by 208 feet deep, \$1100.00.

Frame house, 8 rooms and summer kitchen, lot 60 ft. by 208 ft., good stable, \$1100.00.

House and lot, 9 rooms, \$1050.00. House and lot, 5 rooms, \$400.00. Farm in Township of Raleigh, 50 acres. All cleared. Good house and barn, \$3100.00.

Farm in Township of Hawick, 200 acres. Large house, barn and outbuildings, \$12,000.00.

Farm in Township of Raleigh, 40 acres. Good house, new stable and granary, \$2250.00.

Two acres in suburbs of Chatham, \$1500.00.

Valuable suburban residence, 11 rooms; with seven acres of land. Good stable, \$2000.00.

Apply to W. E. SMITH, Barrister.

TABLE FACTORY BURNED.

Sixty-thousand-dollar Fire at Owen Sound.

Owen Sound Dec. 26.—The National Table Factory was almost totally destroyed by fire yesterday, and the loss is estimated as high as \$60,000. The origin of the fire is a mystery. At 2 p. m. smoke was noticed issuing from the tops of the windows in the third story of the building at the southeast corner. The fire brigade responded promptly, but before the water was turned on flames were belching from several of the upper story windows. The automatic sprinklers worked well, and kept the fire out of the north end of the factory for more than an hour. Finally, however, the fire worked through the entire building. The McQuay tannery, adjoining, had a close call from destruction, and when the south end wall of the table factory fell, a wall of fire shot across the fifty feet of space intervening. It looked as though the big tannery must go also. The firemen devoted all their efforts to this new danger and saved the tannery. For an hour a hard but successful fight was made to save the sawmill, engine room, drying building and lumber piles. The main factory, however, is almost a total loss, and fifty men are thrown out of employment. It is owned by the National Table Company, Limited, and the loss is insured in the New England Mutual. A member of the company stated that the factory could be rebuilt as soon as the material could be got on the ground and the weather would permit. The factory was 210 x 60, three stories high, of brick and stone.

ANGRY RESCUERS.

Thought Sixty Frenchmen Worth More Than a Bronze Cup.

New York, Dec. 26.—Chief Officer Hochfeldt, who sails the seas aboard the gallant tug steamship Phobos, does not like the French people, individually or collectively. He says the French Government sets a low value on its citizens, but he thinks the value is high enough for all practical purposes.

Last spring Mate Hochfeldt was bound for this port on his tank boat, when a wreck was sighted. Hochfeldt commanded a lifeboat which rescued sixty Frenchmen from the bark Isle de Terre Neuve. The men were brought to this port. Just before the Phobos sailed from Hamburg on her recent trip to this port Captain Schierhorst received from the French Government a bronze cup and Mate Hochfeldt received a silver medal of the second class in recognition of their heroism in saving the sixty French fishermen.

The two officers were angry. They had not previously entertained a high idea of the value of Frenchmen, but they certainly thought that sixty of them should be worth more than a bronze cup and a silver medal of the second class.

So Captain Schierhorst and Mate Hochfeldt refused to accept the gifts brought to the Phobos. They thought that the value of Frenchmen was worth more than the bronze cup. And the silver medal of the second class? What use have I for it? Silver medals butter no parsnips. They do not even pepper saucekruut.

DOMINICANS FIGHTING.

Former President Marching on the Capital.

Santo Domingo, Dec. 26.—It is reported that the greater part of the republic is now under arms in favor of General Jimenez, the former President, who is said to be marching on this city at the head of a large body of insurgents. The provisional Government is making active preparations for defence. San Pedro de Marcors has declared in favor of the insurgents. The situation here is becoming critical, though the city is quiet in expectation of events. There is great depression in business circles as the result of the constant disturbances of the financial situation. The financial condition of the Government is bad.

The United States cruiser Panther and the gunboat Newport arrived in port to-day. The German cruisers Vineta and Gaselle also arrived to-day. The Dutch warship De Ruyter has been sighted.

PRINCESS IN MAD HOUSE.

Said to Have Made Desperate Attempt to Escape.

New York, Dec. 26.—The Journal has the following from Berlin: Princess Louise of Saxe-Coburg, who tried to escape from an insane asylum near Dresden recently, is not mad. The Frankfurter Zeitung says: "The persecuted woman is perfectly sane, but is incarcerated in a mad-house. The Austrian and German Emperors and the Kings of Saxony and Belgium acquiesce in this detention, while the role enacted by her husband, Prince Philip, is a most despicable one."

At the time of her attempt to escape she tried to bribe the janitor; failing, she made love to him. She is a daughter of King Leopold of Belgium, and eloped with a tutor.

TO PROTECT U.S. INTERESTS.

Warship Ordered to Chemulpo, Corea, Where Rioting is Proceeding.

Washington, Dec. 26.—At the request of the American State Department United States Secretary of the Navy Moody has sent a cablegram to Rear-Admiral Sterling, commanding the Asiatic squadron, to dispatch a warship to Chemulpo, Corea, where rioting is taking place, to protect American interests.



"GUESS who it is?" The mother knows the touch of the soft hands too well to need to guess, and for the moment she enters into the playful spirit of the child and forgets her toil and weariness. Then a sudden movement sends a thrill of pain through her and she realizes that though love may lighten labor it cannot lighten pain.

Thousands of women who have suffered from backache, headache, and other consequences of womanly disease, have been made well women by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as it has done me so much good," writes Mrs. Henry Harrell, of Toronto, N. C. "I was not only a sufferer from backache, but I began taking the 'Favorite Prescription.' I also had uterine trouble and could neither eat nor sleep only as I took morphine. I tried four different doctors and they all failed to do me any good, but when I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to me and took only three bottles and am now well and hearty. Can do almost any kind of work."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the most desirable laxative for delicate women.

THE DREYFUS CASE.

Speculation as to Decision for New Trial.

London, Dec. 26.—The Times has the following from its correspondent at Paris:—It will probably be a few weeks before the Court of Cassation takes up the Dreyfus case. Should it decide to send the case to a new court-martial another few weeks will elapse before the military tribunal assembles, so that the final issue of the case is not yet at hand. There is every prospect that the judicial proceedings will be carried out without the slightest vestige of popular excitement, as no political capital can now be made out of the Dreyfus affair. All that remains in question is the regular administration of justice, and should the court so decide there will be a redress of a judicial error. Absolute secrecy is maintained by the members of the commission as to what led them to favor revision. Among the rumors are statements that the forged dates of certain documents and the alteration of others which were submitted in the secret dossier to the French Government were detected at the War Office, and that this contributed in a great measure to the decision of the commission.

SEOUL-FUSAN RAILWAY.

Important Line in Corea to be Completed at Once.

Tokio, Japan, Dec. 26.—At an extraordinary meeting of the Cabinet it is reported that it was decided to issue an emergency ordinance authorizing the guarantee of the principal and interest of an issue of 10,000,000 yen debentures on the Seoul-Fusan Railway in Corea, which is expected to be finished before the end of next year.

It was announced in a despatch from Tokio on December 22 that the Japanese Government proposed to undertake the completion of the Seoul-Fusan Railway under its direct supervision. Part of the line has been finished by Japanese concessionaires. It is of considerable strategic advantage, and as it will be controlled by Japan will play an important part in the future of Corea.

BRAKEMAN RUN OVER.

Albert E. Latham Killed on the G. T. R. at London.

London, Ont. Dec. 26.—A shocking accident occurred in the Grand Trunk yard here about 4 o'clock, which resulted in the death of Albert E. Latham, brakeman, about 30 years of age. Latham was riding on a yard engine drawing about twenty cars, when he fell off, the cars passing over his legs and mangling them so that they were amputated at Victoria Hospital. Before his death, which occurred about two hours after his fall, Latham stated that he had been suddenly seized with faintness and lost control of himself. A young widow and infant child survive.

A FATHER'S MAD DEED.

Crushed the Skulls of His Three Children.

Hudson, N. Y., Dec. 26.—Brooding over his inability to purchase suitable Christmas gifts for his three motherless children, Joseph Phillips, a Holloway farmer, last night murdered the children and then hanged himself. Phillips had complained lately of his poverty, and it is believed his mind became unbalanced. With axe in hand, Phillips entered his house Christmas Eve, and crushed the skulls of his children. Podo, aged fifteen; Frank, aged eleven; and Carrie, aged ten. Mrs. Phillips died last summer.

The man who does the most notable things usually has the least to say about them.

STRATEGIC THIBET.

WHY ENGLAND AND RUSSIA WANT TO OCCUPY LAND OF MYSTERY.

British Troops Again Marching—Grand Lama Said to Have Come to an Understanding With the Czar—Thibetans and Their Customs—One Englishman Who Entered Lhasa—Perils of the Road.

Colonel Younghusband's unsuccessful mission to Thibet, which has resulted in the British Government fitting out an expedition to bring the Dalai Lama to terms, calls attention to that great city of which the outside world knows so little—Lhasa, the mysterious, solitary and aloof, it has dwelt in the heart of the Himalayas for twelve centuries, and from its mountain heights has sent forth the sacred lay to millions of the faithful, for the Grand Lama is the Pope of the Buddhist world. His temporal authority is almost equal to that of a king, although Thibet has always been ranked as a Chinese province, and thrice a year the Lama has sent a tribute to Peking. Outside of this perfunctory observance of an ancient custom, Thibet has been uninvolved in politics and international affairs. The people, however, have been tilled their arid soil and tended their herds of sheep and yaks, while the Grand Lama and the lesser church dignitaries have been wrapped in the contemplation of their ancient religion. But this isolation must come to an end, for if it has become a pawn in the great game which Britain and Russia are playing. The Bear is seeking an outlet to the south, and the Lion keeps moving north. Thibet lies between. Its fate is inevitable, it must choose its master. No longer will it be permitted to remain neutral. The Lama knows this fact, and making a virtue out of a necessity, he despatched a mission to St. Petersburg some months ago, and it is rumored, came to an understanding with the Czar. He was wise enough not to waste time by applying Peking for advice or assistance. This move forced the hand of Britain, and Col. Younghusband's mission was the result. The pretext for the British expedition is the refusal of the Lama to make a commercial treaty with the Indian Government. Distrust of Russia is the reason.

Thibetans and Their Customs.

Except from a strategic point of view Great Britain or Russia can gain little by occupying Thibet. The country is poor, the inhabitants, except to themselves, are unimportant. But the Novoe Vremya says: "Whoever becomes master in the residence of the Dalai Lama will undoubtedly enjoy great prestige and influence throughout the Buddhist world. Prestige of this sort is not important to either of the great powers, but it is difficult to see how the Russian newspaper arrives at its conclusion. One rather inclines to the belief that the Buddhists would regard the capture of their holy city with much the same feelings as the Crusaders entertained for the Moslems during the Crusade. The opinions of the Buddhists are not worrying either Russia or Britain. Both nations have the habit of despising on themselves, and each, for the sake of forestalling the other, would probably be willing to be voted the most unpopular race in Asia. Although, according to our enlightened eyes, the Thibetans are poor misguided heathens, their ignorance is something they have hardly deserved, and with much about them, but the best authorities agree that they are neither bloodthirsty nor predatory. On the contrary, they have frequently shown the European kindness to adventurous travelers who have penetrated their country. True, some of their customs do not commend themselves to the refined tastes of Christian people. For instance, they mix butter in their tea and eat with chopsticks. They also practice polyandry, woman being shared by several men. This fact may account for the great number of religious instructors in the country who take the vows of celibacy. Apart from these peculiarities, which only go to prove that they are old-fashioned, the Thibetans are a decent people, as Asiatic races go. It is not their fault that they occupy ground, which, if Russia held it, would be dangerous to India, and which, if dominated by Britain, would be exasperating to the Czar. It is their misfortune. Having declined to receive our missionaries, they must prepare to entertain our troops."

One Englishman Enters Lhasa.

Since the famous Palace of Lhasa was erected in the seventh century, hundreds of Caucasian explorers have attempted to visit the sacred city and register at the best hotel they could find. Some famous explorers have undertaken the exploit, and among them might be named Prince Henry of Orleans, Bonaparte, Trievski, Capt. Bower, Savage and Dr. Rhin, Gerard, Littledale, Sven Hedin, Dogle, Maxwell, and Sherlock Holmes. Only two of the number overcame the forbidden city—Maxwell and Holmes. We have only Sir A. C. Doyle's assurance that Mr. Holmes really did reach Lhasa, but since the gentleman has done more remarkable things there is no reason why we should attempt to discredit his exploit. In 1811, Thomas Maxwell saw the inside of Lhasa, and it is rather surprising to learn that he did not trouble to write a book about it. He was a finely educated gentleman, who might have been chosen to prepare a literary monument to his memory. He merely jotted down a few notes, which long after his death were incorporated in the volume of another explorer. The British mission to the Dalai Lama was despatched by Warren Hastings in 1774, in charge of George Bogle. This intrepid traveler got within a hundred miles of the city when he was met by Ambassadors from the Lama, who treated him with the greatest

courtesy, but firmly refused to allow him to advance. As Bogle's chief business was not to enter the city itself, he was not greatly disappointed. He had Hastings' instructions to establish friendly relations with the Lama, and this he succeeded in doing, and for many years there was free intercourse between India and Thibet. Bogle returned, taking with him specimens of the country's chief products which his master had instructed him to procure. He also acquired many facts about Thibet which were then for the first time given to the world.

Perils of the Road. Traveling in Thibet has always been, and must always be, difficult in the extreme. An armed expedition such as British purposes sending forth would find providing for its transport the most difficult problem. Mules and ponies are plentiful, but in those altitudes fodder is scarce. At this season of the year the trip would be even more hazardous than in the spring. A military force would be able to resist the hands of robbers which infest the great roads, so that this danger, very imminent indeed to smaller parties, need not be reckoned on. The Thibetans, however, would probably resist, and as they have lately supplied themselves with magazine rifles, they could do terrible execution in a country which can furnish three ambuscades for every mile of road. Until a couple of years ago the Thibetans were armed with old flintlocks and spears, but they learned from China what China had learned of Japan, and are now much better equipped to give battle to foreigners. Should the expedition reach Lhasa (and that it will do so if Lhasa becomes its objective cannot be doubted), the probability is that a fierce fight will ensue. From what little is known of the city, it seems certain that it is a veritable fortress, set on a high hill. Never has it been put to the test of war, however, so that its actual strength is a matter of mere conjecture. The guns of the British are going to ask it a question.

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Story of Justice Hawkins' First Brief in English Court.

Otto Goldschmidt, the surviving husband of Jenny Lind, once renowned as "the Swedish nightingale," recently celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday. He is living quietly on the English estate the songstress purchased with the proceeds of her American tour.

The Bishop of St. Andrew's, England, accompanied by Canon Scott, Holland, his chaplain, has gone to South Africa, with a view to establishing an Anglican mission there. Heretofore the Church of England has scarcely had a foothold among the Boers.

The editor of the oldest English newspaper in Turkey, The Levant Herald, died recently. He was Edgar Whitaker, and besides conducting his own newspaper at Constantinople, he acted as correspondent of The London Times. He was greatly interested in educational and musical matters. As an amateur conductor he created an orchestra, and for several years directed concerts, which did much to develop a taste for high-class music among the educated Levantines, as well as the European communities of the Turkish capital.

Lady Dudley, wife of the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, is a woman of the kindest impulses and has great self-control. At a short time ago, while motoring near Rockingham, she overtook a drove of donkeys coming from the fair of Toverbury. Among the herd was one only a fortnight old, who found the road terribly long. Lady Dudley stopped her car, bought the young one and its dam, and had them cared for and sent by easy stages to her home, where the "baby" is already much beloved by the Ladies' Ward.

Lord Broughton, better known as Justice Hawkins, the distinguished English barrister and jurist, says that his first brief was to defend one of two men charged with coining, and when they were placed in the dock he overheard a brief colloquy between them. Colner No. 1 told his comrade that he was to be defended by a very good man. Colner No. 2 said he also was defended. He did not know the man's name, "but," indicating Mr. Hawkins—he added, admiringly, "he's a smart 'un. When I handed over the fee he put the thic 'un'—I. e., sovereign—"between his teeth and bit it. He's the chap for my money."

King Edward and the Lawyers.

The King had a rousing reception on his arrival at the Middle Temple lately, where he dined for the first time since his accession with his fellow-benchers. His Majesty was received by the Treasurer (Sir Robert Finlay) and after the benchers were presented to His Majesty he walked up the hall with the Attorney-General at the head of the procession of benchers, meeting with a deafening welcome from the 250 robed barristers and students assembled. His Majesty, who sat on the dais on the Attorney-General's right, appeared in excellent health and spirits, chatting with unusual gaiety with his right-hand neighbor, the United States Ambassador. The beautiful hall was seen at its best. The soft glow of the electric light, arranged as flambeaux suffused the whole interior from the oaken roof to the red-carpeted floor while a footlight behind the dais illuminated the priceless Van Dyke portrait of Charles I. at the end of the hall. There were only three toasts: "The King," "Queen Alexandra, the Prince of Wales and the rest of the Royal Family," and "Domus," the last given, at dessert, and no speeches were made. Only members of the Inn were present.

Between Friends.

Belle—He has money, you know. Madge—Yes, I appreciate that fact; but how am I to live happily with a man who is my inferior? Belle—Don't talk to me, he'll never know it.—Sydney Town and Country Journal.



You can make dirty picture frames, or any other such articles, look like new if you clean them the Sunlight way. Chop very finely a piece of Sunlight Soap and put it into a bottle with a teacupful of hot water, shaking it well and adding a wine glass full of spirits of ammonia. Paint the frames with this liquid, let it stay on a few minutes, then wash off with a soft brush and cold clean water, and polish with clean chamois leather. Sunlight Soap is the only soap that can be used successfully in every cleansing operation in the household.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR
Sunlight Soap washes the clothes white and won't injure the hands.
LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO.



For all kinds of Family Baking

BEAVER FLOUR

has no equal. It is the only flour blended especially for household use and this blending enables the housewife to get the best results. The best costs no more than the next best. Your grocer should have it for you.



DR. SPINNEY, Founder of Dr. Spinney & Co.

VARICOCELE

CURED TO STAY CURED.

Varicocele impairs vitality and destroys the elements of manhood. Surgical means should not be employed to treat this complaint, as operations always weaken the parts. We cure by our VITALIZED TREATMENT, which strengthens the parts, removes all pain or aching, restores the circulation, reduces the swelling, vitalizes the nerves and establishes the vigor of manhood. Our treatment is the result of 30 years' experience. You feel its magic influence during the first week.

PAY WHEN CURED.

We cure Blood and Skin Diseases, Strictures, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Prostatic Troubles, Chronic Kidney, Urinary and Bladder Diseases. Consultation Free. Booklets Free.

Question List Sent Sealed For Home Treatment.

DR. SPINNEY & CO.

The Old Reliable Specialists.

290 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT, MICH.

More Wage Reductions.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—A despatch from Nagsauke, Mich., says:—It was announced to-day that beginning January 1st the wages of all mine workers in the employ of the United States Steel Corporation in the Lake Superior region, would be cut from five to fifteen per cent. The reduction will affect thousands of men, and will, it is understood, be followed by like reductions by the independent companies.

AFTER THE DISASTER.

Services for Those Killed in the Dawson Wreck.

Connellsville, Pa., Dec. 26.—Special services for the sixty-five people killed in the railway wreck near Dawson on Wednesday night were held in all the Protestant churches of the coke regions, and after the burial of Father Fionello, which will take place to-morrow, the Catholic churches will hold Masses for the dead. The bodies of about thirty of the victims were taken away on early trains. Those remaining identified will be shipped within the next twenty-four hours, and the unknown victims will be cared for by the borough Council. A special meeting has been called to form a relief committee to look after bodies unidentified or unclaimed. In case no friends appear the citizens will see that the victims are not buried in the potter's field.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Voting in North Renfrew takes place to-day.

The Moose Jaw Machine Works were burned.

Mayor Cochrane of Montreal is seriously ill.

D. Atchison & Co.'s planing mill at Hamilton was burned. Loss over \$20,000.

The leaning Garisenda tower, Rome's most singular building, has changed owners.

A couple of Grand Trunk cars were smashed and burned in a collision at Guelph.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Monday Evening, Dec. 28

Under the Auspices of the Grand Opera House Orchestra.

Edward Branscombe, Mr. Westminster Abbey Choir.

DEE AND CONCERT PARTY.

Marie Hoolin, Contralto, and Mr. Dudley, Castrino, Humorist.

FARRWELL VISIT on their return journey from Australia to England.

PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, JAN 1st.

NEW YEAR'S NIGHT.

The World Famous

ROYAL HUNGARIAN

COURT ORCHESTRA.

Under the direction of the world-renowned Conductor and Clarinet Virtuoso,

Mr. P. K. Marlers.

Prices—\$1.00, 75c, 50c, 35c, 25c

Any irregularity on the part of The Planet's carrier boys will be immediately remedied by calling at the office or phoning 53a.