Throngs

Liberal Leader Champions C.N.R., Deplores Attempt To Make Issue

Liberal party had done too much for to accept a new set of promises based which the details are still unknown. on Imperial Conference agreements not entirety to a yet made known in their single elector in the constituency.

Election Sprung in Hurry.

"Let me ask you this question, and ask you to think about it between now and Monday next, and to think about it when you are casting your votes on Monday next. If what the Govern-ment has done at the recent imperial conference has been so much in the interests of the farmers of Canada—I think you were told by one of the ministers that three-fourths of what had been done in the interests of the farmers-why did the Government bring on this by-election just three days before Parliament opens, rather than three days after, when the agreements in their entirety will, we hope, have been laid upon the table of Parliament? Or, better still, if the agreement? Or, better still, if the agree-ments arrived at at the recent confer-ence were going to mean so much to the farmers of Canada, why did the Government not wait, not only until after the agreements were tabled and published, but until after they were fully discussed in Parliament, and until the Conservative members, who were to participate in the campaign, could come into this constituency with copies of the agreements in their hands and point out to this community just wherein it was going to benefit by

case was the by-election brought on in less than four months after the vacanda occurred. In one case, five of the depressed condition in which

ents, did the prime minister not wait until the period of adjournment, when all that he had done would be fully known, and have the by-election im-

explanation. The government did not proportion, but in the case of both the dare to make the agreements of the duties in many cases were abolished In their entirety, the issue of the by-election in South Huron. They have brought on the by-election at this

of "Canada First," declaring that the upon them in parliament. They ask you, meanwhile, to vote in the dark. British and Empire trade. The Gon-servatives, promising to end unemployment and find profitable markets give you only more in the way of for the farmers, were put in office, and now ask the electors of South Huron and of this constituency in particular. to forget all about the breaking of the vehad some experience of the unthese promises during the past two tufilled promises made by the present years; all about the way in which walls have been raised against of an insult to the intelligence of Britain as well as other countries; all farming population to ask you to voice about the stagnation of trade, the fall your approval of trade agreements in prices and the increase of debt, and which are still unpublished, and of

Liberals to Promote Trade. The Liberal party will continue to seek the promotion of trade as the basis of Canadian industrial and com-mercial development. That developlyzed by the excessively high tariffs and their administration lyzed by the excessively high tariffs in conformity with the will and intended by the present administration and by the incessant instability and what is required is an end to legislative. still more effective restrictions, which have resulted from unwarranted administrative action. The disastrous effects of the policies adopted by the present government have been felt in all parts of Canada and by all classes. Producers, manufacturers, importers and exporters, the wholesale and retail trades, agencies of distribution, and to with respect to the tariff by orders of the Governor-in-council, an end to the defeat of the intent and the will of Parliament by departmental rulings, and by arbitrary exchange valuations and regulations, and exporters, the wholesale and retail for dumping purposes, and all that trades, agencies of distribution, and the will of Parliament by departmental rulings, and by arbitrary exchange valuations and regulations of pernicious bureaucratic action, which by the creation of what trades, agencies of distribution, and mass of pernicious bureaucratic consumers have all suffered through action which, by the creation of what the strangulation of trade, which has might be described as so much in the inevitably followed the policies and way of barbed-wire entanglements methods of the present administration. and other forms of obstruction, has Especially has the Government's action not only made for restrictions upon in the prohibitions and restrictions it trade never contemplated by Parliahas placed on trade served to intensify ment, but which has contributed so in Canada all the ill-effects of the largely to tariff instability and uncerworld depression. In normal times tainty. they would have been most serious in their effects upon employment and transportation; combined with the inevitable shrinkage in the volume of they have been positively disastrous

what has been done,

"Remember this, the law respecting and Fielding, aimed as well at certainty and stability in the administration of the lapse of six months before a by-election may tration of the tariff. True to Liberal tradition, it never permitted the extension of Commons, and that, not six House of Commons, and that, not six months from the time the vacancy occurred by the Speaker of the House of liament had made. Much less did it curs, but six months from the time of the House of which the Speaker of the House of liament had made. Much less did it commons has been officially notified for the existence of a vacncy, and has of the rights, responsibility and functions of the rights, responsibility and functions of the issue of the writ. Since ficer of the issue of the writ. Since ting to be done by order of the the present government came into office, if we except the vacancy in South mental regulation, what Parliament fice, if we except the vacancy in South Huron five vacancies have arisen. With the exception of one of these by-elections, occasioned by the resignation of one of its own supporters, where the government felt it to be in the south interest to bring on the by-lection elmost immediately, in no with but a brief interruntion in 1926. ection almost immediately, in no with but a brief interruption in 1926,

cy had occurred. In one case, five months were allowed to elapse; in another, seven months, and in another, ten months or nearly a year. In the case, of South Huron, measuring the lime from which the vacancy occurred, the government had until after Dec. 6 within which to bring on the by-relection. If it is true, as I understand the fact is, that parliament is now to meet only for a few weeks, and that for the purpose of approving the agreements which were entered into at the recent conference, and is then to adjourn until the new year, why, if the government has done so much for farmers of Canada by the agreements, did the prime minister not wait they came in under the preference, an additional discount of 10 per cent of the duties where they were imported to which will most effectively serve to increase trade and to eliminate only were duties lowered against other nations, and Great Britain in larger known, and have the by-election in the duties where they were imposed the duties where they were interested the duties where they were interested the duties where they were the duties where they were the duties where they were they were the duties where the duties whe onference as they will become known altogether. The free list steadily in-

For All Classes. I would repeat today what I said at time in order to have it over before the agreements in their entirety are last session of Parliament—that the

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Canadian tariff should be brought im-Canadian tariff should be brought im-temediately to the level of what it was but at the time the Liberal party twent out of office in 1930, in other swords, to a level the equivalent of that established by the Dunning budget; that there should be a 50 per cent of British preference as a minimum where goods are brought into Canada through Canadian noints: that an through Canadian points; that an should be immediately reconstituted; that its proceedings should be open to the public; that the matters referred to it should not be only such as the government of the day may wish to bring before it, or as may be of concern to the manufacturers of Great cern to the manufacturers of Great Britain, but that all classes in Canada, consumers, producers, as well as those associated with manufacturing, whether in Canada or Great Britain, should have the right to appear and be heard before the board with respect to any tariffs, existing or pro-A step equally, and in some respects

even more important at the present time is the need for the restoration of complete control by Parliament over customs tariffs and all other forms

not wait upon the approval of any a molehill or not, but the energies of agreement. They are needed and an entire political party have been have been positively disastrous.

Gave Parliament Control.

"The Liberal party, under Laurier and Fielding, aimed as well at cerainty and stability in the administration of the tariff. True to Liberal they are given immediate and no under the amountain of the same of the tariff. True to Liberal they are given immediate and no under the making it into a mountain of wrong. Once the Canadian National Railways are mentioned in Tory circles, pessimism, gloom, despair, reveal immediately.

I ask you to contrast this attitude, which we all know only too wait upon the approval of any a molehill or not, but the energies of agreement. They are needed and an entire political party have been should be effected at once. If not effected immediately, the Liberal party wrong. Once the Canadian National Railways are mentioned in Tory circles, pessimism, gloom, despair, returned to power, see that they are given immediate and no under the making it into a mountain of wrong. Once the Canadian National Railways are mentioned in Tory circles, pessimism, gloom, despair, returned to power, see that they are given immediate and no under the making it into a mountain of wrong. Once the Canadian National Railways are mentioned in Tory circles, pessimism, gloom, despair, returned to power, see that they are given immediate and no under the making it into a mountain of wrong. Once the Canadian National Railways are mentioned in Tory circles, pessimism, gloom, despair, returned to power, see that they are given immediate and no under the making it into a mountain of wrong. they are given immediate and no un-

Another barrier to trade that should be immediately removed, and which if not withdrawn before a Liberal administration comes into office will then be among the first of its recent enactments to disappear, is the socalled 3 per cent excise duty imposed upon all goods coming into Canada. It is claimed by the present administration that this excise, which was fixed at 1 per cent in the first instance, and imposed for the first time in 1931, and which was in 1932 increased to 3 per cent, was enacted for purpose of revenue. How absurd an argument of the kind it must be apparent when it is realized that this tax on imports is over and above the duties imposed by the tariff schedules and the valuation for duty purposes which makes it more nearly an addi-tional tax. The tariff schedules are already so high as to have caused the tariff as a revenue-producing agency to be less than half the value it for-

Camouflaged Protection.

increased the British preference in a variety of directions, but we gave to importers of goods from Britain, where the meaning of any of these provisions, the Liberal party takes the view that the Canadian National and they came in under the preference, and they should be visited by the canadian Pacific have alike shared

sible, and to find as wide markets as may be possible within the British Empire, the Liberal party believes that what Canada needs above all else is world markets, and that, to this end, she should be free and ready at all times to enter into preferential trade arrangements with any country which may be prepared to trade with us. We believe that foreign markets will be found and will grow only with our own found and will grow only with our own increased willingness to trade. We also believe that it is only by greater freedom of trade that the cost of living can be kept within bounds for the can be kept within bounds for the masses of the people and that the burden on both producer and consumer can be lightened. Moreover, we believe that increased trade will alone serve to solve satisfactorily the most pressing of our national problems today, the problems of unemployment and of our railways. Increased trade is the life blood of our languishing transportation systems. It is equally the lifeline which alone can save those who are suffering today through lack of work.

It is not alone because we ourselves believe so strongly in more in the way believe so strongly in more in the way of trade as a means of solving Canadian problems that we urge our point of view with the emphasis we do, but because we believe less in the way of restriction and more in the way of freedom of trade is also part of the larger need of the world today, and is essential to world progress and world essential to world progress and world peace. We believe that within the past two years Canada has experienced enough of the baneful effects of high tariff barriers and a multiplicity of restrictions to cause her not to wish to have to suffer longer under impositions such as she has had to endure since the present administration came into office. We believe the Canadian people have had their les-son in the fallacies of protectionist son in the fallacies of protectionist doctrines as they have been exploited by the present administration, and that Canada wants and expects something very different in the years ahead from what she has experienced in the last two.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

There is another matter which, it seems to me strange, should have been brought into discussion in the present by-election by one of the min-isters of the crown, and that is the canadian National Railways, It can scarcely be argued by the Hon. Dr. Manion that this was not done deliberately or that it was not done for political reasons. No one in this by-election campaign had mentioned the railway situation until he brought it up for discussion, and why should he have brought it up in a by-election contest unless it were for political reasons? That is the only conceivable motive. It was the more extraordinary he should have done so considering

Why the Change? Why, may I ask, all the change of attitude towards the Canadian Naway, may I ask, all the change of attitude towards the Canadian National Rallways, which the country has witnessed on the part of the Government since the present administration took office? There has been no end of detraction of the rallways, and of many of those charged with the direction and management. tainty. Should Not Wait.

These are measures which should not wait upon the approval of any agreement. They are needed and agreement. They are needed and

which we all know only too well, with the attitude of the Liberal Govern-

ment and party when it was tackling the railway problem it had in hand. And I ask you to contrast the problem of Canada's railways, as it presented itself in 1921, when the Liberal party took its solution in hand, with the problem as it was, and has become since our successors took office in 1930. In 1921, practically everything pertaining to the government-owned railways was in a state of bankruptcy and demoralization. Chaos reigned. The properties, for the most part, as respects roadbed, rolling stock and equipment, were either out-of-date or out of No co-ordination, practically no co-operation between the severa systems. Unification nowhere, duplication everywhere; traffic lessening, and costs mounting. Today, the Canadian National System is as fine a railway system as is to be found anywhere in the world—or, at least, was such two years ago.

Why Single Out C. N. R.? The fact that for some time past the Canadian National Railways have There could be no better example of been running behind is not a reason There could be no better example of camouflage protection than the so-called excise duty affords.

The trade agreements which have already been made public must make it apparent that everything will depend upon the interpretation and the methods of administration to be given certain of the provisions which they include. Where there is doubt as to earnings of railways almost before

Its freer flow.

In concluding what I have to say on trade, may I repeat that while the Liberal party is desirous of promoting inter-imperial trade as largely as possible, and to find as wide markets as may be possible within the British Empire, the Liberal party believes it is today, and it will never be it is today, and it will never be. it is today, and it will never be



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