

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM, ONT., FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1903.

NO. 17

January Sale Prices on Astrachan Jackets . . .

No holding back now on Ladies' Astrachan jackets. If you want one you will never have a better opportunity. There is a general feeling that next year Astrachan will be much higher in price. It might pay us to hold our coats over but that is not our way of doing business—every seasonable garment must go during the season, and that's the reason why you get quotations like these on our Astrachan Jackets.

\$37.50 Astrachan Jackets for \$35.00
40.00 Astrachan Jackets for \$37.50
45.00 Astrachan Jackets for \$40.00
50.00 Astrachan Jackets for \$45.00

Table Linen.

60 in. wide, guaranteed pure linen unbleached table, in elegant floral designs, extra value at regular price, 50c. a yard, January sale price is . . . **44c**

Silks.

English Stripped Pongee Silks in very desirable colorings and pretty stripes, excellent for wear and appearance, special value at regular price 50c. a yard, January sale clearing price is . . . **33c**

Underwear

Ladies' fine wool ribbed vests, well finished, excellent quality, regular price 75c., on sale for . . . **66c**
Men's winter weight fleece-lined shirts and drawers, well finished, excellent for wear and warmth, regular price 85c. a garment, Jan sale price is . . . **46c**

French Flannels

Our entire stock of Broche, our Silk embroidered and Worsted French Flannels, including very choice designs and every wanted color, regular prices 50c., 65c. and 75c. a yd. Jan. sale price, **36c**

Carpets

4-Frame English Brussels in good designs, made and laid on your floor for **75c. a yd.**, is a very unusual offering, but that is what we will do for you during January.

Excellent designs, suitable for halls, bedrooms, parlors, or any sort of room, extra 4-Frame English Brussels Carpet, regular value 90c. and \$1.00 a yd. made and laid during Jan. for . . . **75c**

Thomas Stone & Son.

OVERSHOES

For men and women and for children, nowhere on earth can you find a more comfortable place for your feet during the cold weather than can be found inside our Arctic and Button Overshoes. All sizes.



FOR MEN
6 to 13
FOR WOMEN
2 1/2 to 8
FOR MISSES
11 to 2
FOR CHILDREN
7 to 10

TURRILL The Shoe Man

EVENING DRESS.

The height of the winter season is now here. With the midwinter holidays begins the round of dances, dinners, parties and evening functions. It will be most profitable for you to see our large new stock of Evening Dress Novelties.

Albert Sheldrick,
Merchant Tailor, King St.,
Opp. Grand Opera House

PRINCE OF WALES COMING.

REPORT SAYS HE WILL VISIT UNITED STATES.

Will Travel With Lord Roberts and Others, and All Will Tour in Canada.

Boston, Jan. 2.—The loyal Britons and the Ancient and Honorable Artillery were glad to-night when it was announced that Lord Roberts would surely visit America early in the summer, and that H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught and Earl Denbigh will come with him. Colonel Thomas Jefferson, Oly. of the Ancients said that preparations will be begun at once on a lavish scale to entertain the distinguished guests. In 1896 the Boston Ancients visited England in a body and were regally entertained. The Duke of Connaught was photographed beneath a canopy of American flags and seated among members of the Boston Company. They were received on the green of Windsor Castle, and individually presented to Queen Victoria. Boston men are planning a royal return welcome to the London Britons who will come with the London Honorable Artillery next summer. The Honorable Artillery next summer will be met at sea by a fleet of steam yachts and Government craft, many apartments at the best hotels have been reserved, and the week here will be a constant round of receptions by State and city and private persons. Special cars will be constructed for the royal party, and a train of specials for the members of the London Honorable will be chartered. A pleasant complement will be making the royal party for British historic personages, and the placing upon them of the British arms. The American itinerary includes visits to Montreal, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Cleveland, West Point, New York, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

CASTRO HAS REPLIED.

HE ACCEPTS ARBITRATION ON CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

Converted Venezuelan Gunboat and the Italian Cruiser Carlo Alberto at La Guaira.

Rome, Jan. 2.—Foreign Minister Prinetti this afternoon received, through Ambassador Meyer, Secretary Hay's note communicating President Castro's acceptance of the Hague arbitration in principle, but with an additional proposition which the Government at Washington does not accept.

Berlin, Jan. 2.—President Castro's reply to the powers through Minister Bowen is substantially an unqualified acceptance of his proposals to arbitrate with the conditions attached. The Foreign Office here received his answer to-day and is satisfied with its spirit. A further interchange of views, preparatory to signing the protocol, will take place in Washington. The only really important question to be settled is what shall be done with the blockade. A continuance of the blockade is relied upon to hasten the conclusion of the arbitration preliminary, especially on the part of Venezuela.

La Guaira, Jan. 2.—The former Venezuelan gunboat, Zumbador, now transformed into a British warship, arrived here at noon. The Italian armored cruiser Carlo Alberto also arrived from Glace Bay, Cape Breton, where she had been at the disposal of Signor Marconi and his staff.

PASSED DANGEROUS STAGE.

Cattle Disease Seems to be Checked in Massachusetts.

Boston, Jan. 2.—For some days no report warranting new quarantine measures has been received relative to the foot and mouth disease among Massachusetts cattle. This has strengthened the position of Dr. Peers, Chief of the Cattle Bureau, that the disease in the Commonwealth has passed the dangerous stage.

Fatal Dust Explosion.

Stoughton, Mass., Jan. 1.—A dust explosion to-day in a dryer, one of the machines used in preparing shoddy material, was followed by a fire which destroyed the two-story brick factory of the Stoughton Mills Company and burned to death Thomas Downey, an employee.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The cable from San Francisco to Honolulu was completed.

Toronto's building record for last year amounted to \$5,034,000.

St. Oliver Mowat personally welcomed his 300 New Year's callers.

Winnipeg now stands third in the list of importing cities in Canada.

The modus vivendi regarding the French shore of Newfoundland will be renewed for one year.

Austria and Hungary have reached an agreement which settles their customs policy disputes.

Mr. Chris. Foley has consented to stand as independent labor candidate in Burrard for the Commons.

News has been received at Ottawa that a recent storm played havoc with the Yukon telegraph line.

Thomas K. Haywood was sentenced at Bracebridge to three years in Kingston Penitentiary for robbery.

DINNER PARTY

The home of Mrs. T. W. Wanless, Lacroix street, was the scene of a happy gathering on New Year's day, when a large number of the members of the Maine family assembled and enjoyed a six o'clock dinner. There were present Miss E. Maine, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Maine, London; Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Maine and children; Mr. and Mrs. John Ross Walkley and Miss Maggie and Lulu Walkley, and Fred. Towl, of this city.

THE WIDOW ACCUSED.

MURDER OF HUSBAND AND BROTHER-IN-LAW CHARGED.

Her Mother is Also Held on the Charges—Both the Men Died Suddenly.

Syracuse, N.Y., Jan. 2.—Mrs. Maude Kiehl and her mother, Mrs. Addie Fenner, were arrested at their home in South Onondaga by the Sheriff of Cortland County on Coroner's warrants charging them with the murder of William Kiehl, husband of Mrs. Kiehl. They were taken to Cortland. This is the outcome of the inquest which was concluded at Cortland at which evidence was produced tending to show that William Kiehl died of arsenical poisoning. This is the second time Mrs. Kiehl, the eighteen-year-old country girl, has been arrested. Several months ago she was accused of poisoning Allen Kiehl, her brother-in-law, the theory of the prosecution being that she killed him to prevent his examination caused wide spread interest, owing to the youth and beauty of the widow. She was freed. Then the officials began an investigation into the death of the girl's husband, who expired sometime before his brother Adam, under almost similar circumstances. The result came yesterday, when warrants were issued for the arrest of both the girl and her mother.

PRETENDER NEAR FEZ.

PROVISION CONVOYS HAVE ENTERED THE CITY.

European Inhabitants Reported to Have Quitted Tetuan—Christians All Reported to be Safe.

London, Jan. 2.—A despatch to The Times from Tangier says a courier who left Fez December 29 has brought news that the pretender was then four hours from Fez. All available troops had left the capital to defend the approaches to the city. The Christians in Fez were all reported to be safe.

Madrid, Jan. 2.—The European inhabitants have left Tetuan, Morocco, fearing the rebels will attack the place. Despatches from Tangier report that several provision convoys entered Fez. The Sultan's troops intended marching out from Fez, December 27, to attack the rebels.

SIX HUNDRED POOR CHILDREN

Were Given a Dinner Last Night by the Salvation Army.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—Six hundred of the poorest children in the city were last night given a Christmas dinner by the Salvation Army. Every child was sat down at the long tables in the auditorium presented a numbered ticket. The number of the Army had investigated every application, so that every case was a deserving one. The meal consisted of plum pudding, and the little ones naturally did the best justice to the turkey. After all had been satisfied an entertainment was given by the juvenile corps. Head of Mr. Commissioner Eva Booth had everything under her personal supervision, made a short address. At the conclusion of the entertainment, the children "marched past." Miss Booth, who presented each child with a parcel of toys, and Mrs. J. W. Warr, who presented each child with a parcel of clothing, etc. There was also a Christmas tree, nothing being omitted to make happy the hearts of the little ones.

FOUR WERE WOUNDED.

Foolish Man With a Gun Responsible for Serious Accident.

Newark, N.J., Jan. 2.—Four persons were shot as the result of John Hackel's celebration of the opening of 1903. Hackel had discharged one barrel of his shotgun and was preparing to fire the other when it was prematurely discharged. The greater part of the charge entered the chest of Lena Neidoff. She is dangerously wounded. The other victims were: Mrs. L. Neidoff, shot in the face and head; Mrs. J. Warr and Peter Warr, both of whom were shot in the face.

THE GIRLS JUMPED.

Panic-stricken by Fire, Jumped Out of Windows.

Bristol, Conn., Jan. 2.—Fire late yesterday in a hockeystick factory caused a panic among the girls employed on the upper floor. Five of the girls jumped two and a half stories to the ground, and Winnie Bunker, nineteen years old, sustained a broken leg and a sprained ankle. A number of the employees were taken to the ground in safety by the firemen. The damage caused by the fire will throw 150 persons out of employment.

Do not miss the best musical treat of the season to-night at Opera House.

FRENCH SHORE TREATY.

MODUS VIVENDI TO BE RENEWED FOR ONE YEAR.

Newfoundland Government Consents, but Expects that a Permanent Settlement Will be Reached.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 2.—The Anglo-French modus vivendi governing the prosecution of the lobster fishing industry on the French shore of Newfoundland expired yesterday. The colonial Government has agreed to renew this agreement for the present year in order to avoid complications during the consideration of the Bond-Hay treaty in Washington and London, but it is believed here that Great Britain will arrange some settlement of the matter with France during the present session.

GREAT DURBAR'S CLIMAX.

Loyal Multitudes Present at Yesterday's Ceremony.

Delhi, India, Jan. 2.—Tens of thousands of people from the City of Delhi and from villages far and near began gathering at daybreak on the great plain outside the city. There they waited patiently for the supreme announcement of the durbar, that King Edward was Emperor of India. Soon the plain was filled with a mass of people, and the brightly-colored clothing of the vast throng covered the space with gorgeous hues. The crowd on the plain was composed largely of the common people, but among it could be seen the retainers of the various rajahs who had assembled for the function. The whole ceremony was favored with brilliant sunshine.

The arrival at the amphitheatre of the Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, and other dignitaries and the Prince of Wales, was one of the brilliant episodes of the day. Lady Curzon was dressed in pale blue chiffon, trimmed with passementerie. She wore a flower hat. Lord Curzon was in full uniform, with cocked hat. The Duke of Connaught had on a Field Marshal's uniform, and the Duchess of Connaught wore a costume of cream lace over white silk, with silver trimmings and a cream toque.

The Princes were clad in silks and adorned with jewels, and their horses and carriages were brilliant with trappings of gold. The spectacle within the arena was most striking and gorgeous. The Indian chiefs and the British were resplendent in brilliant raiment. Soldiers, civilians and visitors from far distant countries were included among those within the amphitheatre. Upon the entrance of the veterans of the Indian mutiny there was tremendous enthusiasm, and as the arrivals marched to their places the bands played national airs. The carriage of the Duke of Connaught, who represents King Edward, was escorted by a detachment of cavalry, and as the Duke and the Duchess were driven around the arena the assemblage gave them an enthusiastic welcome. Amid the acclamations of the people the Duke took his seat at the left of the throne, while the Duchess proceeded to a place behind the throne.

When the great amphitheatre was filled and the hour for the announcement drew near the multitude within and without awaited expectantly the first act of the proclamation ceremony.

Then the approach of the Viceroy was heralded. Preceded by members of his bodyguard, clad in white, blue and gold, and under the command of Major Grimston, Lord Curzon appeared at the entrance of the arena in his carriage. The postilions wore uniforms of scarlet and gold and the carriage was drawn by four bay horses. The Viceroy was escorted by Sir Pertab Singh. Alighting from his carriage, Lord Curzon mounted the dais to the throne, which was decorated with golden lions and around which were placed massive silver footstools. The throne itself was surmounted by a canopy of white and gold. When the Viceroy reached the throne the National Anthem was played, and a salute of 21 guns was fired. The spectators resumed their seats after the anthem, there was a flourish of trumpets from the heralds, and Major Maxwell, at the command of the Viceroy, read the proclamation opening the durbar. The royal standard was then raised on high, and the imperial salute was fired. The massed bands marched by playing, bonfires were started by the troops outside, and it was announced that King Edward was Emperor of India.

There was another flourish of trumpets and Lord Curzon arose and stood for a moment impassive. Then in impressive tones he delivered a speech and read the message from King Edward. In his address the Viceroy announced the coronation of the King; he extolled the royal Indian people, and prophesied prosperity for the Indian Empire. He said also that it had been decided not to exact interest for three years on all loans made or guaranteed by the Government of India to the native states in connection with the recent famine. The Viceroy announced also the abolition of the Indian Staff Corps, which has long been an army reserve.

In the King's message, which was then read by Lord Curzon, his Majesty said that the Prince and Princess of Wales would shortly visit India.

HERO REWARDED

Quebec, January 1.—At noon to-day his honor, Lt.-Governor Sir Louis Jetté, during his reception at the Parliament House, presented Mr. Joseph Masse with the Royal Humane Society medal, recently awarded to him in recognition of his bravery in the early part of last summer, when he went to the rescue of the seven-year-old son of Odile Giguere, butcher, of this city, who was drowning in the River St. Charles. Mr. Masse dived into the river after the boy, who had sunk to the bottom, and brought him to the surface in time to save his life.

THE KHEDIVÉ'S TRICK.

CAUSED TROUBLE OVER OPENING OF NILE DAM.

A Compromise Was Finally Reached—The Duke of Connaught Had to Take Second Place.

London, Jan. 2.—In a letter descriptive of the opening of the great Nile dam, The Times correspondent, who was present, says:—Before, however, entering on this branch of the proceedings it is necessary to say something about the incidents which I have reason to believe, caused the original programme of ceremony to undergo a material modification. It had been supposed that the Duke of Connaught would play the same part at the completion of the dam as he had played at its inauguration. The Khedive did not attend the inaugural ceremony, but was represented by Fikry Pasha, Minister of Public Works, when the Duke laid the foundation stone, and it was taken for granted that his Royal Highness would act in a similar capacity on the present occasion. On the strength of this impression, the block which was to form the last stone of the dam bore an inscription stating that it had been laid by his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught on the completion of the dam in the tenth year of the reign of his Highness Abbas I. Pasha. Everything was settled when, at the last moment, an objection was raised. Lord Milner has described Egypt as "the land of paradox," and has justly remarked that under all important incidents of modern Egyptian history there is always a certain element of comedy. So it proved on the present occasion. On learning of the arrangement made for the ceremony, the Khedive, either in his own person or to that of his entourage, gave it to be understood that, as Sovereign of the country, he, and he alone, ought to take the leading part in the opening of the dam, the greatest work of his reign. The objection was one that ought to have been raised, but, unfortunately, was not foreseen. On the other hand, it was very difficult to relieve the Duke of Connaught from the function which he had been invited to perform, and which, at equal-while inconvenience to himself, he had agreed to perform. It was arranged that the Khedive should request the Duchess of Connaught to lay the last stone, in lieu of her Royal Highness, and that the Duke should go to the Khedive's palace, where he would receive the Khedive's request. This sort of tripartite arrangement satisfied all the parties concerned, with the possible exception of the unsmiling who had, in hot haste, to alter the engraving on the memorial stone from Duke to Duchess.

ATTACK ON THE KING.

The Allegations Against the Kaiser Repeated.

London, Jan. 2.—The National Review in its January number reproduces the story which appeared in its December issue, to the effect that the German Emperor made disparaging remarks about the King of Britain, the British Government and the British people while on board an American yacht off the coast of Norway last summer. The North German Gazette, the semi-official organ of the Berlin Foreign Office, characterized the story as an audacious invention, and now The National Review says: "Our readers may rest assured as to the absolute accuracy of the recital, which we only abstain from making more circumstantial because we have no desire to bring in the names of private individuals, which are, however, perfectly familiar in well-informed circles both in the United States and Great Britain. However wildly improbable the story may seem to the Anglo-Germanizing journalists of London, it happens to be substantially and literally true, though we have given an exceedingly moderate version of the actual incident. The denial of The North German Gazette is inspired either by ignorance or is a falsehood."

MILITARY IMPERIALISM.

NORDAU DEPLORES GROWTH IN UNITED STATES.

A Review of the History of the World, With Some Decidedly Interesting Prophecies.

Vienna, Jan. 2.—In the course of an exhaustive review of the history of the world, contributed to The Neue Freie Presse by Max Nordau, the French writer deeply deplors the growth of military imperialism in the United States, and says that by the admission of the spirit of militarism, which was formerly rigorously excluded, America is raising obstacles to the entrance of emigrants, whose only capital is their strong working arms. Speaking of the future of the world, M. Nordau says the opening of the Panama Canal under American ownership will mark the beginning of a new epoch. At first the Anglo-Saxon element will seek to drive out the German and French flags floating over single points in the Pacific Ocean. Then the struggle will be carried further to the Asiatic coast, where Anglo-Saxons and Russians will have to decide the momentous world question of whether eastern and southern Asia shall remain British or Russian. To this forecast M. Nordau adds: "One can only imagine with horror what such a gigantic struggle of nations and races will signify."

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

President Roosevelt Receives Many Callers.

Washington, Jan. 2.—President Roosevelt's New Year's reception was one of the most brilliant events in Washington's recent social history. All callers were afforded the opportunity of greeting the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and exchanging with them the compliments of the new year. No distinctions were made, except such as were rendered necessary in the preservation of order, and the greetings extended to all, high and low, rich and poor, were alike cordial and sincere. Yesterday the general public for the first time had an opportunity to see the widely-heralded improvements in the White House—improvements which when completed will cost \$500,000. The changes made were a revelation, and the beauty of the interior is greatly enhanced. The reception, which opened promptly at 11 o'clock, was held in the blue room. The

Mrs. W. E. Kendall and daughter, Miss Gertrude, of Queen street, are spending the week visiting in Ridgetown.

Rubbers AND Overshoes

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
CHEAPEST IN
CHATHAM...

PEACE & COY

Another Successful
... Year ...

1903 THE ARK 1903

WOULD beg to tender our sincere thanks to our many friends and the general public for the very liberal patronage accorded us during the past season, which has made the business in 'The Ark' such a uniform success. Trusting that past experience will enable us to supply your requirements better in future than we have done in the past and at the low prices which have given 'The Ark' such a popular reputation.

STOCK-TAKING PRICES are now at 'The Ark.' SHAW BARRAINS all over the score. They are yours if you secure them.

H. MACAULAY, 80 King