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THE HERALD

TUESDAY, FEB. 15TH, 1916.

THE Ontario Legislature will meet on Feb. 29th.

PREMIER NORRIS has announced that the end of the bilingual controversy has been reached in Manitoba, English will be the language of the public schools.

A Jew Day is to be held in Canada at an early date in order to collect funds for the sufferers by the war in Russia. The Jews are entitled to as much sympathy as the Belgians, for they have been the innocent victims of the war. Their loyalty is attested by the fact that 16,000 out of 250,000 in Britain are in the army and have served their country with distinction.

PROHIBITION, THE PEOPLE AND THE GOVERNMENT.

The following article on this important subject is from The Kingston Standard (Conservative) of Feb. 10th:

"It seems to us that those people who are opposing a referendum to the electors of Ontario upon the Prohibition question, basing their opposition, as one of their circulars puts it, upon the ground that this is 'a fight for Liberty against Tyranny,' are shooting far wide of the mark. There is no such issue involved; neither is it a question whether we are willing, as one of the circulars puts it, 'to be robbed of our freedom as British subjects,' or to 'have our private life controlled.'"

The real issue as we see it is simply this: whether or not the people of the Province as a whole—not the Prohibitionists only, not the anti-Prohibitionists only, but all the people—shall have the right to pass upon a great question involving the material and the moral well being of the Province. The question, in short, is, Shall the people of this great Province be consulted or shall they be ignored in respect to this real and very vital issue? Were it for The Standard to answer the question, we should answer emphatically in the affirmative; should say decidedly that the people, who in the last analysis are the Government, should have a voice in determining whether a measure of this vital importance should or should not be put into effect. Were this done there would be no rape upon personal freedom; it would merely be a case of allowing the majority to determine and decide the entire question.

"The Empire to-day is at war and in its stress it appeals to and trusts the people to do their full duty toward helping to overcome the war-mad Huns. It is a case of implicit faith and trust in the people. And as it is in this Titanic world battle, so it seems to us it should be in the lesser issue of Prohibition or no Prohibition; the people should be trusted and it should be put squarely up to them whether or not a Prohibition law shall be put into effect. How when the appeal is to the sovereign people there can be infringement of personal liberty or interference with personal rights is quite beyond us.

"Sir James Whitney when he was alive was known as a man who was bold enough to be honest and honest enough to be bold. We have faith in the wisdom and sagacity and in the courage and honesty of the brilliant man who has succeeded him, Hon. W. H. Hearst, and in the able men who are his cabinet counsellors to believe that they too are bold enough to be honest and in this crisis they will put their trust in the people and give to them an opportunity to pass upon this most momentous question.

"Whether they will do so or not remains to be seen, but whatever is finally determined upon by the Government let us once and for all have done with this silly talk of infringement of personal liberty and private life, because forsooth many people feel that Prohibition is to-day one of the burning issues of the moment and that, divorced as it now is from politics, which unhappily was not the case in the last Provincial election, the electors should be given an opportunity to pass fairly and honestly upon it."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together. For years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, soon ruined the incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BIRTHS.

PATTIE—In Carleton Place, Feb. 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pattie, Jr., a son.
McDANIEL—In Carleton Place, Feb. 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. F. McDaniell, a son.
HARRIS—In Ramsey, February 7th, the wife of Mr. H. W. Harris, of a son.
ABDALAH—In Carleton Place, Feb. 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Abdallah, a son.
THOMPSON—In Ramsey, Feb. 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Thompson, a daughter.

IN MEMORIAM

In memory of Evaline Gertrude Box, wife of Geo. Foster, who died Feb. 12th, 1915, aged 52 years. I often sit and think of you When I am all alone. Forgive me in the dearest thing I do. This grief can never be forgot.
—SISTER A. M.

ATTACKING WHOLE LINE

Germans on West Front Are Striving to Confuse Allies.

Most Vigorous of Tenth Assaults Are in the Champagne Region and North of Arras—Greatest Gain Has Been Made Between St. Souplet and Somme-Py—Other German Gains Lost Again in Counter-attacks.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—German attacks of varying intensity on various parts of the French and British lines from Belgium to the Vosges have made the past two days of great activity on the western front. The attacks ranged from minor encounters between reconnoitring parties armed with hand-grenades to assaults preceded by extensive artillery preparations and carried out by considerable bodies of troops. The most vigorous of these offensives were in Champagne and in the region north of Arras, where there has been almost constant fighting for days.

The greatest gain claimed by the Germans, they say, was made between St. Souplet and Somme-Py. Here the German official statement claims the capture by storm of 700 yards of French positions, with 206 prisoners. The French communiqué issued last night says that the Germans gained a foothold in some advanced trench elements east of the road from Tahure to Somme-Py. These two references may refer to the same action.

Five separate assaults were made yesterday on the Vimy sector north of Arras. Four of the attacks failed, the Germans succeeding in the fifth attempt in penetrating the French positions west of Hill 140, but were driven out against by a counter-attack, so that the series of assaults resulted in no gain.

The German offensive extended as far north as Boesinghe, north of Ypres, where the Germans announced the capture of 40 British prisoners.

The French also made a gain in the sector to the north-east of the Butte-du-Mesnil, in Champagne, Saturday afternoon, occupying the German trenches on a front given by the French as about 200 metres (328 yards) and by the Germans as not quite 200 yards.

The attack was preceded by a heavy artillery fire, after which the French infantry, column advanced, using hand grenades. The Germans made a counter-attack Saturday night, but were completely repulsed, leaving one officer and 64 men in the hands of the French.

The Germans, after artillery preparation, made several attempts to cross the Yser canal, near Steensstraete and Hetsas, but were repulsed. The Germans renewing their counter-attack in Champagne, penetrated a small salient between the Navarin and St. Souplet Roads, but were repulsed in attempts to retake the trenches occupied by the French Friday.

A German infantry attack was made also in the Vosges, north of Wissembach. This failed to reach the first line of the French positions. A German attack on the British trenches near Pilkem, in Belgium, Saturday morning gave the attackers a footing in the trenches but bombing parties soon drove them out again. Two more German attacks made in the afternoon on the Pilkem Road were repulsed.

The German activity on the western front the last week has been more or less confusing. A week ago it seemed certain an offensive of great proportions would develop in the course of a few days. The intensity of the artillery fire increased rather than diminished, but it wavered little all the week. The Belgian, French, and British fronts were deluged under a rain of shells, which continued even last night. In one twenty-four hours the Belgians blocking the Yser passage between Dixmude and Nieupoort withstood the effect of 20,000 high explosive shells. The bombardment of the fronts to the south was maintained in almost the same proportions.

FRENCH CRUISER SUNK.

Fears Expressed for Safety of the Amiral Charner.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The following official statement was given out here yesterday: "The Ministry of Marine fears for the fate of the cruiser Amiral Charner, which has been patrolling the Syrian coast. No news has been received from the cruiser since Feb. 8, when, according to a German telegram, a submarine sank a French warship."

The Amiral Charner under normal conditions carried a crew of 370. She was 347 feet long, 46 feet beam, and displaced 4,680 tons. She was armed with two 7.6-inch guns in turrets forward and aft, six 5.5-inch guns, four 9-pounders, four 3-pounders, six 1-pounders, and four torpedo tubes. She was laid down in 1889.

German Gunboat Sunk in the Congo.

HAVRE, Feb. 14.—The Belgian War Office announced last night that the German gunboat Hedwig von Wissmann was sunk in Lake Tanganyika. Two officers and 19 sailors were taken prisoner. The Belgian and British flotillas suffered no loss. Lake Tanganyika forms the western border of German East Africa.

Fire at Campbellford.

CAMPBELLFORD, Feb. 14.—Fire broke out at 6.30 yesterday morning in the Northumberland Paper and Electric Co. building here, practically destroying the whole plant. The weather being six below zero, it was hard to fight the flames successfully, and the blaze spread with amazing rapidity. It is impossible as yet to arrive at the amount of damage done, but it is supposed to be pretty well covered by insurance.

RUSSIANS DRIVE HARD

They Are Preventing Germans From Reinforcing West.

Both Czernowitz and Tarnopol are threatened with envelopment by the advancing Slav armies, which have already crossed the Dniester River—German Operations at Drinsk Hampered by Floods.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Russian armies along the entire front from Volhynia to Bessarabia are pursuing an offensive which if it does not result in immediate gains is expected to prevent the withdrawal of German forces from this front for service in the west. The offensive was undertaken simultaneously with the arrival of the Czar at the front.

The immediate objective of the Russians in the crossing of the Sereth, Pruth, and Dniester Rivers, important progress has been made against Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina, and against Tarnopol, both of which are seriously threatened. The Russians have already thrown forces across the Dniester at Usciecko, this success not only aiding in the envelopment of Czernowitz, but interrupting an important line of communication between the armies of General Pflanzer and General von Bothner.

Near Zale Szczy a Russian counter-attack routed the Austro-Hungarian troops and drove them back to a new line four miles to the rear of their former positions. The Russians also have captured important heights south-east of Izebroff, in the Stripa River district, commanding important railway connections. Both sides suffered heavily in the fighting, which resulted in the capture of this position.

The Russians are now attempting to throw large forces across the Dniester to the north-west of Czernowitz in their campaign against that city.

German efforts to continue the offensive on the Drinsk front are hampered by the mild weather, which has threatened the German trenches in the marshy ground with inundation. French prisoners are being employed in drainage work in this region, according to German prisoners.

RAID ON ITALIAN TOWNS.

Fifteen Killed and Several Wounded by Austrian Aeroplanes.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Austrian aeroplanes made a raid Saturday over Ravenna and the neighboring towns of Codigoro and Bottighe, in North-eastern Italy, near the Adriatic. A Havas despatch from Rome says that sixteen persons were killed and a number of others wounded. Several women and children were injured. A hospital and the Basilica of Sant' Apollinare at Ravenna were damaged.

The Church of Sant' Apollinare was erected in the years 535 to 538, and was consecrated in 549 by St. Maximian. It was restored in 1779, and is the largest of the basilicas still existing at Ravenna.

Zeppelin in Distress in North Sea.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Copenhagen correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphs: The Zeppelin L-20 was sighted off the west coast of Denmark, near Esbjerg (opposite the island of Frøen) today (Saturday). It tried to steer to the southward, but was unable to do so, and a strong wind drove it over the North Sea. It is stated that its engines were working irregularly.

SEEKING SEPARATE PEACE?

Rumor Regarding Bulgaria Not Believed in London.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A report was received this afternoon from the Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company that Bulgaria is seeking a separate peace with the Allies. The despatch adds that the correspondent obtained confirmation of the report in Entente circles in the Greek capital.

The story is generally doubted here, and up to a late hour Saturday night could not be confirmed officially.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphed that he had learned from two good sources that all of the Bulgarian forces are retreating from the Macedonian front and are going to the Roumanian frontier. He adds that German troops are replacing the Bulgarians in Macedonia. This news, together with other important factors, tends to dispose of the story concerning Bulgaria's alleged overtures for a separate peace.

Germany Disclaims Outrage.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The charge that a German agent was responsible for the fire that destroyed the Canadian Parliament Buildings at Ottawa is utterly false, the North German Gazette, official organ of the German Government, declared yesterday.

The paper added that the destruction of the buildings by such means would have been a "detestable and nonsensical crime."

Still Arming Vessels.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Passenger steamers of the Sicula Americana, an Italian line, are to be equipped with guns for defence. This fact was made known yesterday on the arrival of the liner San Giovanni. It is looked upon as Italy's answer to the new submarine war zone announcement of the Austrian and German Governments.

Distilleries as Munition Factories.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Daily Chronicle yesterday stated that the Government will immediately requisition all the large whiskey distilleries in the country for use as munition factories.

The Chronicle adds that the Government intends to prohibit the importation of barley for distilling purposes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS (VIT)
AUCTION SALE

PURSUANT to instructions from Mrs. C. E. Lusher, High Street west, Carleton Place, I will offer for Sale, on the premises,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19

At One p.m. sharp, the following (General purpose Mare, 3 well-bred Jersey Cows, 2 just in; Single Buggy, Single Sleigh, Horse Seeder, Plough, Incubator, Brooder, Cream Separator, Churn, 3 Garden Flower Pots, Lawn Swing, 2 Cooking Ranges, Coal Heater, Couch, 2 Parlor Chairs, Hall Rack, 2 Bedroom Suits, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: CASH.
As the family are leaving town everything will be sold without reserve.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,
Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

KNOWN as part of the John Fleming Farm, 150 ACRES, 100 acres Bush, mostly Hard Maple, 50 acres clearance. East of East 1st Lot No. 14, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith, and West of Lot No. 15, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith. Apply for full particulars to JAMES FLEMING, 4th Con. of Beckwith, or BASIL HUGHTON, Franktown. Terms arranged to suit purchaser.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES
—IN—
ZION CHURCH

THE ANNIVERSARY SERVICES in connection with Zion Church, Carleton Place, will be held (D.V.)

SUNDAY, Feb. 20th, 1916

at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Rev. M. MacGillivray, D.D.

Moderator of the General Assembly, will preach at both services.

Special Collections in aid of the Building Fund.

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21

SUPPER

Will be served in the School-room from 6 to 8 o'clock, after which a Programme will be rendered in the Church.

Music by the Choir and others.

Admission (including supper), 25 cents.

The public are most cordially invited.

PIANO TUNING.

THE PIANO is a valuable instrument but unfortunately very sensitive to climatic conditions, hence the necessity of keeping it in tune. Do not let your Piano deteriorate for lack of tuning. Orders left at Neilson's Jewelry Store, or mailed direct will receive prompt attention.

H. A. HARFORD,
55 Spruce St., Ottawa

Jas. Cavers & Son
Sash and Door Factory

All Kinds of House Finish.

We Sell

NEPONSET PRODUCTS

SLATE COVERED SHINGLES,

PAROIT ROOFING and

FINISHED SURFACE WALL BOARD.

Our Specialties

The Famous Automobile and Dunn Tube Skates.

Prices from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

All Styles of Pocket Flashlights.

Tobaccoes and Cigars.

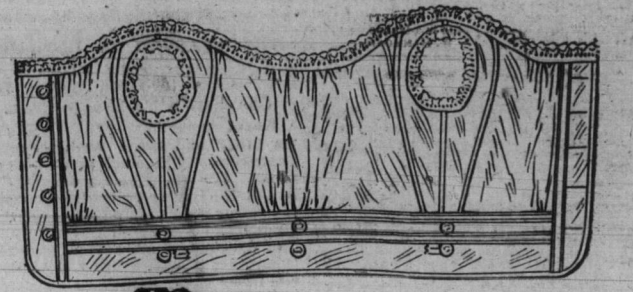
Musical Instruments and Supplies.

We make a Specialty of Sharpening Skates.

R. W. GORDON,

BRIDGE ST.

See these D & A Little Beauty Waists which are displayed to-day in our Corset Department



The "Little Beauty" Waists are clung to by every mother who has bought them for her children. Well cut and well made; the buttons are good and well put on with tapes, pin tubes are on every one for hose supporters, and the prices are wonderfully low, ranging from 25¢ to \$1.00 according to size and style.

We have a full range and solicit your inspection.

Ask to see a special Corset which is good value at \$1.00

Sale Price 84 cents.

BAIRD & RIDDELL

CAMERON BROS.

Butchers and Grocers.

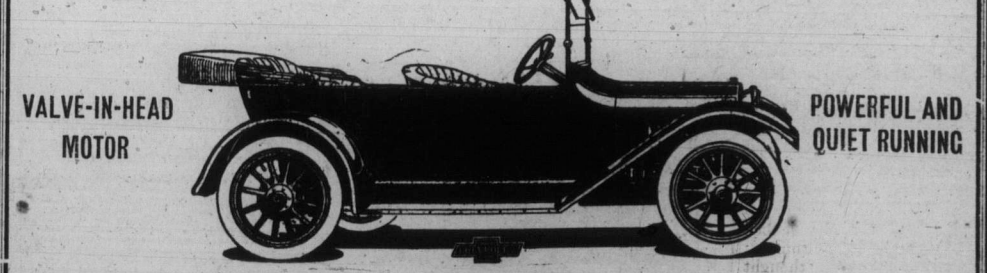
TELEPHONE NO. 136. BRIDGE STREET.

Grocery Department

Rolls Oats 6 lbs for	25c	Pork Chop	15c per lb
Corn Flakes, 3 boxes for	25c	Pork Steak	18c "
Rose Brand Baking Powder, 1 lb tin	20c	Beef Fry	15c "
Fancy Biscuits, 2 lbs for	25c	Beef Steak	18c "
Pure Maple Syrup, per gal	\$1.10	Sirloin Roasts	15c "
Cream Tartar, per lb	55c	Shoulder Roasts	12 1/2c "
Shredded Coconut, per lb	25c	Boiling Beef	12 1/2c "
Taylor's Infant Delight Soap, 4 for	25c	Rib Stew	10c "
Cosmos Soap, 6 for	25c	Sausage	10c "
Soap Chips, 3 lbs for	25c	Headcheese	10c "
Boot Polish, 1/2 Time and Nugget, 3 boxes for	25c		
Liquid Boot Polish, 3 bottles for	25c		
Homemade Bread, per roll	6c		

Prompt Delivery of all Goods.

NOW ON EXHIBITION IN CARLETON PLACE
The CHEVROLET "FOUR-NINETY."
"THE PRODUCT OF EXPERIENCE."



Price complete \$675.00 f.o.b. Oshawa.

Regular Equipment. Mohair Tailored Top. Envelope and Side Curtains. Electric Horn. Clear Vision Ventilating Wind Shield. Speedometer. Electric Starting and Lighting System. Ammeter and License Brackets.

NOTE.—Owing to the great demand for this Car, we would advise your ordering early to ensure delivery. We use the Stewart Speedometer. Two-unit "Auto-Lite" Starting and Lighting System, with Bendix Drive, same type and grade as used on the highest-priced cars.

W. W. TABER, SELLING AGENTS
W. G. POLLOCK,

CARLETON PLACE, ALMONTE, AND ADJACENT TOWNSHIPS.