

ALLIES MAKE BIG GAINS IN WEST; GREECE COMPELLED TO ACCEPT THEIR DEMANDS; GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK

BRITISH ADVANCE HALF MILE OVER TWO MILE FRONT

Take Important Positions and Also Capture 800 Germans

The French, Too, Make Substantial Gains and in Conjunction With British Capture 2,000 Prisoners and Large Number of Guns—Fierce Fighting in the Somme Region Results in Allied Progress—British Air Attack on German Shipyards

London, Sept. 4, 3 p.m.—As the result of the fighting yesterday north of the River Somme in France, says the British official statement issued today, British troops captured German defenses on a 3,000 yard front for an average depth of 800 yards and including the village of Guillemont.

The whole of Ginchy at first was captured, but the British were compelled to give ground, retaining hold of part of the village, despite heavy counter-attacks in the course of the night. More than 800 Germans were taken prisoners.

Get 2,000 Prisoners.

Paris, Sept. 4.—The villages of Forest and Clercy-Sur-Somme and all the German positions between these two points have been captured by the French and British in a joint attack, after artillery preparation. More than 2,000 prisoners, as well as twelve cannon and fifty machine guns, were taken.

The official statement issued by the French today, making this statement, also reported progress for the French troops in the neighborhood of Fleury, with the capture of 900 prisoners. The text of the statement reads: "North of the Somme, after artillery preparation, French infantry, in conjunction with the British army, attacked, shortly before midday, the German positions on a front of about six kilometers (3.65 miles), resulting from the region north of Maurepas to the river with remarkable dash, against which the resistance of the enemy was useless for the moment.

"Our troops swept away large enemy forces and carried all their objectives. The villages of Forest, east of Maurepas, and Clercy-Sur-Somme, were also carried all the enemy positions, and crossed at numerous points the road connecting these two places."

French Make Captures.

Paris, Sept. 4, 12.05 p.m.—Operations in the Somme front have been retarded by bad weather, the war office announced today. In the new action fourteen guns have been captured by the French.

Prisoners continue to arrive at the rear.

East of the Meuse, on the Verdun front, the French yesterday took 400 prisoners.

Shipyards Damaged.

London, Sept. 4, 12.50 p.m.—Two more British air raids over Belgium have been made successfully, it was announced officially today in the following statement:

"On Saturday the shipbuilding yards at Hoboken, near Antwerp, were successfully bombed by naval aeroplanes.

"On Sunday the enemy aerodrome at Ghisbelle (eleven miles southwest of Brussels) was bombed with effect by a large squadron of our machines.

"All returned safely in both cases."

Berlin's Claims.

Berlin, Sept. 4, via London, 6.55 p. m.

RUSSIANS TAKE 3,000 PRISONERS

Petrograd, Sept. 4, via London, 2.55 p.m.—The Russians have broken across the Theonovs river, a western tributary of the Zlota Lipsa, and seized a position of the Austro-German troops, the war office announced today.

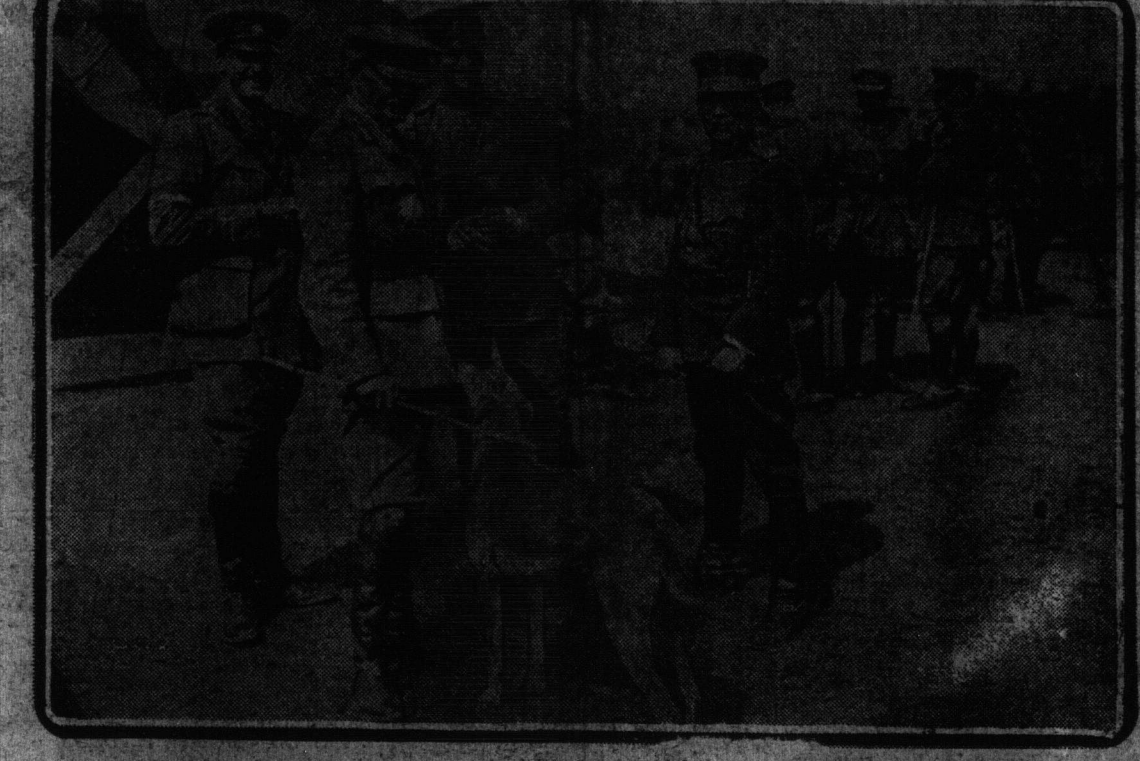
They took 2,721 prisoners and six machine guns.

The Russian force in the Carpathians, the announcement also says, have captured a whole series of mountain heights and are advancing to the Hungarian frontier.

The Russian army of the Caucasus has made further progress, the war office reports, pushing forward south of the River Elou. In the region of Ognott, 548 Turks were captured.

Between Thursday and Sunday the troops of the Russian, Gen. Brusiloff, captured 883 officers and 1,902 men. In this number were eleven German officers

NEW PRO-ALLY GREEK COMMANDER



General Moschopoulos (centre, looking toward camera), new chief of the Greek general staff, Vice-General Doumaliotis (right), and General Mazon (left) in conversation with General Mazon (right) in the Balkans. The scene is Saloniki.

SHOCKED BY FLEMMING'S BRAZEN EFFORT TO FORCE HIMSELF INTO PUBLIC LIFE

Respectable Element of Conservative Party Not Likely to Stand for It

Many Have Sons Fighting for Their Country's Honor and They Want Honesty in the Conduct of the Country's Affairs at Home—Members of the Government Who Formerly Criticised Both Flemming and B. F. Smith Now Swallowing Their Pride and Rallying to Help These Men—H. M. Blair to Take a Hand in His Own Behalf

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 4.—Sunday and Labor Day have passed, and the reports from the country are being heard. The principal topic discussed is not the election of Smith or Sutton, the government candidates, but the bold and brazen attempt of J. K. Flemming to force himself back into public life and upon the electors of Carleton.

The principal feeling is one of doubt. "What will the rest of New Brunswick and Canada think if we accept Flemming by electing Smith?"

There are two classes of Conservatives, the hide-bound followers of Flemming and Smith, and the other thinking, earnest, Conservative who regards his province and his country as greater than the politicians and their needs. There are hundreds of voters in Carleton county with sons in uniform, and many of them know that the same kind of graft and favoritism that is giving New Brunswick's government its bad reputation is also making their sons in khaki uncomfortable and dissatisfied.

The thought that Canadian nickel is permitted to be sent to Germany so that bullets can be made of it to kill Canadian boys, would not seem to influence a by-election in Carleton county, but it was one argument that was listened to in North Perth and Southwest Toronto, and made many votes against the government.

And Flemming is the Federal Candidate.

Smith and Sutton are supporters of the party which permits such an atrocious game, and Flemming is the federal candidate. The local provincial issues are far more than are needed to defeat Smith and Sutton, but those electors in daily fear for their sons and those others who are sorrowing for their boys wounded or killed, think nothing of provincial matters in comparison with these other things.

A tory clergyman made South Toronto go wild when he mounted a chair in a public meeting and shouted: "Shall we support the leaders of a party that permits Canadian nickel to be shipped to Germany to be brought back to Canada in the bodies of her sons?" Carleton county has the same sentiment. War was with contracts, shells and shell contracts, potatoes, and the graft in connection with New Brunswick's purchase, are all affecting this by-election. Government is Desperate.

There is a change of sentiment, a change of feeling. "The people must

THREATENED BY STRIKE IN U. S. IS CALLED OFF

President Wilson Signs Eight-Hour Bill—Labor Union Officials Send Out Order Revoking Call to Country-Wide Tieup—Congress Passes Bill

Washington, Sept. 3.—President Wilson, at 9.38 today, signed the eight-hour bill for railway employees, and left for Hodgenville (Ky.), at 10.30 a. m. An order revoking the call for a country-wide railroad strike Monday was sent out by labor union officials last night after congress had passed the Adamson eight-hour day bill, and sent it to the president.

The Adamson eight-hour day bill, expected from congress last week by the railroad brotherhoods as the price of calling off the nation-wide ordered for tomorrow, was signed by President Wilson today in his private car at the Union station, where he stopped on his way from Shadow Lawn (N. J.), to Hodgenville, Kentucky. That there may be no question as to the legality of the measure as a result of it having been signed on Sunday, the president will affix his signature again upon his return to Washington next Tuesday. How long peace shall reign as a result of the bill apparently is dependent upon developments in the proposed move to test the constitutionality of the act. Should the railroads take no action, but await the beginning of an investigation of the workings of the eight-hour day bill by the special commission for which the measure provides, the brotherhoods will remain inactive. The employees' leaders declare, however, that should the law be held unlawful and the railroads attempt to restore the ten-hour day, a strike will follow promptly.

Passed by Senate.

The legislative expedient to avert the strike was passed in the Senate last night by a vote of 48 to 28—almost a strict party vote—amid stirring scenes, after many senators, democrats and republicans, had fought desperately to amend the measure by a provision designed to prevent industrial disasters in the future. Some senators thoroughly aroused, declared comment of legislation that it did not desire, and that it knew would return to plague it in the future. The bill that stopped the strike provides that after January 1, 1917, eight hours shall be regarded as a basis of reckoning for a day's pay of men engaged in the operation of railroad trains in interstate commerce (excepting roads less than 100 miles long, and electric lines); that they shall receive pro rata pay for work in excess of eight hours, and that their rate of compensation shall not be changed pending an investigation for from six to nine months of the effect of the eight-hour day upon the railroads by a commission to be appointed by the president.

BULGARIANS REPULSED.

Saloniki, Sept. 4, via Paris, 6 p. m.—Bulgarian troops have made another attack on the Macedonian front, west of Lake Ostrovo. It was announced at French army headquarters today that the attack had been repulsed by Serbians.

GREEK GOVERNMENT HAS ACCEPTED NEW DEMANDS MADE BY ENTENTE ALLIES

Constantine Realizes If He Refuses to Fight He Must Obey to Maintain Position

British and French Agents Have Taken Control of Post Office and Telegraph Systems—German Submarine Sunk Off Phaleron—Baron Von Schenk Arrested and Placed on Allied Cruiser—Several Co-Workers Share Same Fate—Roumanians Win.

London, Sept. 4.—The Greek government has accepted the new demands of the Allies, and French and British agents have taken control of the post office and telegraph systems.

Allied Demands.

Athens, Sept. 5, via London, Sept. 6.—Representatives at Athens of Great Britain and France this evening presented to the Greek government a note demanding control over the Greek posts and telegraphs and insisting on the deportation from Greece of agents of the central powers. The note said:

"The two allied governments having from a sure source learned that their enemies receive information in divers ways, and notably through the agency of the Greek telegraphs, demand the control of the posts and telegraphs, including wireless systems."

"Enemy agents employed in corruption and espionage must immediately leave Greece, not to return until the conclusion of hostilities."

"Necessary measures have been taken against such Greek subjects as rendered themselves guilty of complicity in the above-mentioned corruption and espionage."

The note formed the subject of a conference between King Constantine, Premier Zaimis and Dr. Strati, a former minister of foreign affairs. It is understood that there will be no objection by the Greek government to acceptance of the Anglo-French demands.

German Submarine Sunk.

Ships of the Entente Allied fleet sunk a German submarine this morning off Phaleron. Entente military officers claim the undersea boat had received its supplies from the Austrian and German ships which were seized in the harbor of Piraeus today by French sailors.

A number of destroyers of the Entente fleet made a careful reconnaissance near the arsenal this afternoon, and they put down antisubmarine nets and opened close to where the Lemnos and the Kilikis, formerly the United States battleships Mississippi and Idaho, were lying.

It is believed the Entente fleet desires to establish a naval base at Piraeus.

Arch-Fiend Arrested.

Athens, Sept. 3, via London, Sept. 4.—Baron Von Schenk, chief director of the German propaganda in Greece, has been arrested and placed on a cruiser of the Entente Allies. Sixteen more Allied warships have arrived in Piraeus.

Diplomats of the Entente Allies had demanded that Baron Von Schenk and sixty co-workers in behalf of the Central Empires be expelled from Greece. It was reported that he had barricaded himself in his house in Athens and surrounded it with a score of armed guards and his servants to protect him.

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GALLANT ROUMANIANS TAKE HERMANSTADT; AUSTRIAN ADMISSION

Former Capital of Transylvania Falls Before New Ally of Entente—Bulgarian Forces in Full Retreat—Venizelos on Situation in Greece

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The Roumanians have captured Hermanstadt, the former capital of Transylvania, it was officially announced at Vienna today.

Bulgarians in Retreat.

London, Sept. 2.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following:

"The Bulgarians began their retreat from Sorovich yesterday afternoon and are falling back toward the defiles of Kirdkirdervan and Banitas. Late last night detachments of Serbian cavalry arrived before Sorovich.

"The Bulgars, it is stated, evacuated their positions at three important points of the lines, namely Tsaltalar, Kleves and Patel. Their retreat toward the low-lying spurs of the range to the east and those bordering Florina and Monastir plain continues. Bulgarian outposts in the Kastoria region are being withdrawn toward the north.

"In a ravine near Gornichovo, the Serbs discovered three Krupp guns, abandoned by the Bulgarians. Everything points to a retreat toward Monastir, this may quite possibly be soon turned into a rout."

Venizelos Discusses Crisis.

London, Sept. 2.—Former Premier Venizelos of Greece, leader of the party which favors participation in the war with the Entente Allies, is quoted in a despatch to the Star, from Athens, as having said to friends that the situation was becoming more and more grave for Greece.

Venizelos blamed those who had advanced knowledge of Roumanian intentions for not bringing about the intervention of Greece, at least simultaneously with Roumania.

Corn, per doz	1.30	1.25
Peas	1.30	1.25
Strawberries	2.40	2.40
Tomatoes	1.30	1.25
Pumpkins	1.15	1.15
String beans	1.15	1.15
Baked beans, 3s	0.00	1.20

NUTS.		
Shelled almonds, per lb	0.48	0.48
Shelled walnuts	0.30	0.40
Almonds in shell	0.19	0.30
Walnuts	0.14	0.15
Filberts	0.17	0.18
Brazils	0.30	0.18
Peanuts	0.10	0.14
Bulk dates, Fallowes	0.00	0.07
Half box Fallowes	0.00	0.08
Dromedarys, 8s pk.	0.00	0.11

FISH.		
Small dry cod	5.50	5.75
Medium dry cod	6.75	7.00
Grand Manan herring, half-bbls	3.25	3.50
Smoked herring	0.15	0.16
Pickled shad, half-bbls	8.00	12.00
Fresh cod, per lb	0.16	0.07
Bloaters, per box	0.90	0.90
Halibut	0.12	0.00
Kipperd herring, per box	0.00	0.00
Spawfish	0.12	0.18
Haddock	0.00	0.08
Haddock	0.06	0.07

GRAINS.		
Bran, small lots, bags 28.00	29.00	
Pressed hay, ear lots		
No. 1	13.00	18.00
Pressed hay, per ton		
No. 1	17.00	19.00
Oats, Canadian	0.81	0.68
Middlings	0.80	0.60

OILS.		
Palmine	0.00	0.19
Royalite	0.00	0.16
Turpentine	0.00	0.08
"Premier" motor gasoline	0.00	0.04

HIDES.		
Hides	0.18	0.16
Calfekins	0.28	0.30
Lambskins	0.50	0.70
Wool, washed	0.40	0.50
Wool, unwashed	0.38	0.50
Tallow	0.08	0.06

WIFE DIES; HE IS IN HOSPITAL HERE

Parsonsboro, Aug. 31.—The death occurred yesterday morning of Mrs. Rogers, wife of Councilor George Rogers, at her residence Eastern Ave. The deceased had been ill for about three years. She leaves to mourn, besides her husband, one young daughter, Dorothy. Mrs. Rogers, before her marriage, was Miss Essie Duffy, of Hillsboro (N. B.). Councilor Rogers is at present a patient in the hospital in St. John.

CAPT. JOHN ASTOR WEDS WAR WIDOW

London, Aug. 29.—Captain John Astor of the First Life Guards was married yesterday afternoon to Lady Charles Mercer Nairns in Christ Church. Captain Astor is the youngest son of Baron Astor of Hever Castle, formerly of New York. The bride is the widow of Lord Nairns, second son of the Marquis of Lansdowne, who was killed early in the war in France. She is a daughter of the late Lord Minto, who formerly was governor-general of Canada, and later viceroy of India, and is twenty-seven years old.

SOUTHAMPTON NEWS

Southampton, Aug. 29.—Mrs. B. S. Cronkite is spending her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Noble, Blaine (Me.).

Rev. F. A. Newcomb, with his wife and son, spent their vacation here, boarding at Mrs. Akreley's. They returned to their home in Fredericton yesterday.

Mrs. A. E. Farnham spent her vacation with her son, Henry, at Mars Hill (Me.).

Miss Tabor, with her sister, Miss Alice Tabor, of Worcester (Mass.), is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. H. Clark.

Mrs. Currie, of Fredericton, is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. R. Brooks.

After visiting friends in Fredericton and St. John, Mrs. N. W. Brown is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Bishop, at the shiretown of Albert county.

Mrs. John N. Grant left yesterday to visit her sister at Canterbury Station.

Miss Mabel Shaw, of St. John, has spent her vacation with her friend, Miss Grace Grant, here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Ball, of Woodstock, were visiting friends here last Sunday.

Miss Hayward, of Jacksonville, arrived Saturday and opened school here yesterday.

Ray Grant has returned from his trip to Southern California, much improved in health.

Mrs. Frank Brooks has been spending part of her vacation camping out with friends near Woodstock.

After visiting her sister, Mrs. G. A. Grant, Mrs. McWha returned to her home in St. John last Friday.

Miss Calla Brown has returned from a two weeks' visit to her aunt, Mrs. Theodore Murchie, at St. Stephen.

Miss Mary Grant returned last week from Salisbury, where she spent part of her vacation with her friend, Miss Mitton.

Miss Grant left Saturday morning for Andover, where she will teach one of the departments of the school.

Miss Lucy Grant is spending a month with her brother, Dr. N. P. Grant, of Woodstock.

Ex-Warden W. L. McFarlane, wife and children spent last Sunday with his brother-in-law, F. R. Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, of Weston, Carleton county, spent the week-end with Mrs. Porter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Ingraham.

Mrs. Guy Farnham, of Worcester (Mass.), is spending her vacation at Mrs. Farnham's old home, the Central House.

Dr. Leigh Brown, of the General Public Hospital, Montreal, was here for the Grand-Murche wedding.

Mrs. Ruby Cram (nee Dow), of Presque Isle (Me.), was an over-Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Brooks.

WOMAN FALLS FROM LOAD OF HAY

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 31.—Mrs. James Grains, of Cherryfield, fell from a load of hay on Wednesday, lighting on her head and sustaining internal injuries. It was thought her injuries were fatal, but the doctor found no bones broken.