

Camp in New Brunswick For Our Own Units Is Being Strongly Urged

Why Should Provincial Units Be Sent to Quebec Which Has Produced Comparatively Few Men? Rifle Range Would Cost But \$20,000 and Provincial Government Might Bear Share of Expense.

Thursday, May 25. It is understood that efforts will be made by influential persons throughout the province of New Brunswick in the endeavor to have a summer camp established here for all New Brunswick units in the course of formation and now training.

This movement is gaining impetus as it goes forward. The following steps were taken a few days ago by the board of trade of this city. Other persons have taken it up and there is no doubt that the board will be in favor of the movement.

Those in the province of New Brunswick who have worked hard in the interests of recruiting soldiers from the young men of the province have responded nobly to the call of duty, their native province should at least get the benefit of their training period and not the province of Quebec.

The greatest argument put up by those who urge that a summer camp be established in New Brunswick for provincial units is that it is understood that the province of Quebec should benefit by several million dollars each year by having troops from all over the dominion quartered at Valcartier, a few miles from the city of Quebec. It is common knowledge that Quebec has contributed comparatively few men to the fighting forces sent overseas by the dominion and in the matter of recruiting at the bottom of the list, not nearly approaching the total of the second lowest district of the dominion.

The greatest drawback in the question of a summer camp here is without a doubt the facilities for rifle practice. A military man of standing yesterday

made the statement that a rifle range could be built for \$20,000, and outside of this one piece of machinery, there is little or no objection to the establishment of a summer camp here.

The very fact that the militia department has not as yet announced definitely the disposition of New Brunswick troops in camp this season leaves reason to hope that some effective measure may be employed to give the province its summer camp.

It may be pointed out in this connection that Nova Scotia with her camp at Aldershot is receiving the full benefit of the summer training of her boys who have enlisted for overseas service whilst New Brunswick stands to lose it all.

It is understood by the Telegraph that certain enquiries regarding the ability of the New Brunswick command to organize and handle a summer camp in this province have already been made by the military headquarters of this division at Halifax and it is further understood that satisfactory replies were forthcoming from the New Brunswick command staff.

It is pointed out in well-informed circles that there are plenty of officers to handle a summer camp for this province and instructors of the highest ability are available for training purposes.

It has been suggested in some circles that the provincial government, in order to encourage the scheme, offer a grant if a summer camp is established in New Brunswick. At the present time, however, the matter is but in its initiatory stages but actual developments should appear by results should be seen in a very short time.

OBITUARY

William Bryson.
Word was received in the city recently telling of the death of William Bryson, which occurred in New York a week ago yesterday. Mr. Bryson was formerly of St. John, being a member of the city as a young man as a seaman. He left the city and went to the States, where he followed his trade. Mr. Bryson was about sixty-five years of age and leaves besides his wife, eight children, who reside in New York, one brother, Daniel, and one sister, Mary, of this city. Interment took place on Thursday in New York.

Mrs. John York.
The death of Mrs. John York, of Black River, occurred on Saturday morning after a lengthy illness. She leaves besides her husband, three sons, John, William and Thomas, of Black River, and two daughters, Mrs. Alice Moore, of Black River, and Mrs. Thelma Barrett, of East St. John. She was seventy-five years of age. Her husband had many friends in and around St. John who will regret to hear of her death. The funeral of Mrs. York took place yesterday morning at Black River, where Rev. Fr. Hannigan celebrated requiem mass in the village chapel, at 9 o'clock. Interment was made in the family lot at Black River. The funeral was attended by many friends.

Robert K. Anderson.
St. Stephen, May 22.—Yesterday afternoon Sussex Lodge, No. 7, F. and A. M. Station attended the funeral of the late Robert K. Anderson, who recently passed away at his home there. The members of Sussex Lodge were accompanied by a number of prominent citizens from this town and from the way stations between here and Lawrence. The remains were brought to and interred in the Moore's Mills cemetery. Mr. Anderson was a prominent business man and had carried on a successful lumber and grocery business at Lawrence for many years. He was sixty-eight years of age and leaves a widow and two sons—Henry and Frank, who has a boot and shoe business in this town.

Joseph Graham.
St. Stephen, May 22.—The remains of Joseph Graham, son of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Graham, of Milltown, will arrive here on Wednesday the 24th inst. He recently passed away on his return trip from Calgary, where he had gone accompanied by his mother for the benefit of his health. He had been a victim of tuberculosis and hoped that the climate of the west would benefit him, but found that his health was failing and with his mother started on the return trip, but passed away before reaching his home in Milltown.

James R. V. Gray.
Yarmouth, N. S., May 20.—James Roy V. Gray, second son of James S. Gray of this town, passed away at his home Albert street, on Sunday evening, after a lingering illness, aged twenty-three years. Mr. Gray was a quiet young man of keen business ability, and previous to his illness had carried on a general store business at Deep Cove. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon and was conducted by Rev. Wm. Phillips of Providence Methodist church. Besides his father he is survived by three brothers and three sisters.

Moses E. Saunders.
Yarmouth, May 20.—Moses E. Saunders, a well-known and highly respected resident of Ohio, passed away at his home on Monday, aged seventy-six years, after an illness of paralysis. He leaves one son, David S. of Yarmouth and one daughter in Revere (Mass.). The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon from the Ohio Baptist church.

John H. Cook.
Yarmouth, May 20.—The death occurred yesterday morning at his residence, Kemp street, of John H. Cook, the well-known transit officer, in the twentieth year of his age. When a young man Mr. Cook followed the sea, but retired many years ago, and has since been employed as policeman and chief of police, in which capacity he proved to be a faithful and efficient officer. His wife

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had been in St. John for the past three weeks, returning to his home in Salisbury. Shortly after his arrival there he took a turn for the worse, and his death was sudden.

Mr. Connelly was born at Dumbarton, Scotland, June 21, 1853, and came to this country with his parents when but two years of age, the family making their residence at Pouch Cove in an early age. Mr. Connelly became identified with the lumber industry of the province and through long experience and decided business ability, made his way to one of the premier positions in that line of endeavor. Mr. Connelly was for many years manager for the C. M. Bostwick mill, at Point Wolfe. For eight years he occupied that position under Mr. Bostwick's ownership and, when the property was sold to the Phipps Lumber Company, Mr. Connelly was retained as manager. Practically all the lumber has faithfully looked after the large interests of the business under the new ownership for the past seven years.

A few years in eastern Canada were better known in the lumbering business than was the late Mr. Connelly. His entire life was practically spent in the business and he was well known to the great authorities in the industry. His passing will be regretted by a host of friends scattered over the entire province. Mr. Connelly was a member of the C. M. Bostwick lodge, for Mr. Connelly's business life brought him into touch with many and to know was to appreciate.

The news of Mr. Connelly's death was received by Mr. Bostwick yesterday with sincere regret, and Mr. Bostwick remarked that there was no better posted man in the business and no man who was more universally liked than the late Mr. Connelly.

Mr. Connelly is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Elizabeth Kelly, of Shepody Bay, and seven children, and two sons. The daughters are Mrs. Ora P. King, Miss Mary and Miss Jean, and the sons are Edward and John, managers of the company's mill at Moncton (N. B.).

Mr. Connelly's mother is also surviving and she is residing with a daughter at Mechanical Settlement, having reached the advanced age of 94 years. One brother, James, of Apoloh, and seven sisters also survive. The sisters are Mrs. Peter Smith, of Nainaimo (B. C.); Mrs. Tobias Patterson, of East Claire, Wisconsin; Mrs. Martin Row, of Moncton (N. B.); Mrs. Isaac Cooper, of Point Wolfe, Albert county; Mrs. Fred. Hickey, of Great Salmon River; Mrs. Robert L. Moore, of Mechanical Settlement; Mrs. Albert Parlee, of Waterville, Kings county.

The funeral will be held Friday afternoon at Sussex, after the arrival of the C. M. Bostwick train. The service will be conducted at the house, Sussex, and there will also be services at the grave-side.

For many years Mr. Connelly was one of the representatives from St. Martins in the municipal council, serving as warden for a full term and having been re-elected as a councillor at the last election.

Mrs. E. L. Vincent.
Thursday, May 25. Many will learn with sincere regret of the death of Mrs. E. L. Vincent, which occurred last night at her home 25 Hibernian street, following a brief illness. She was forty years of age. Besides her husband she leaves two daughters, Nora Irene and Mollie, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Saunders, of Robb's Bay, and three sisters, Mrs. Frank Jackson, Mrs. Walter Saunders and Mrs. Allen D. Harrison, all of Robb's Bay.

Stephanou-Chambers.
At the home of Mrs. Maggie Stephenson, Campbellton (N. B.), on May 18 inst., a pretty wedding took place, when her son, Rev. M. J. Stephenson, was united in marriage to Miss Catherine M. Chambers. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. Camp B. D., pastor of the Campbellton Baptist church, in the presence of a few intimate friends. The bride and groom were unattended. They will reside in Campbellton.

Curtis-Pewsey.
A wedding of local interest was solemnized on Wednesday, May 10, at St. George's church, Worthing, England, when Miss May Pewsey, of York House, Marina Point, married to Lieutenant Arthur Henry Curtis (N. B.), of the 2nd Battalion of the Rifle Brigade, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, of Rosedale, New Brunswick. The groom is a brother of J. C. Curtis, and during the winter season, was in charge of the Donalson line in West St. John. Owing to the bride being home on short leave from the front, she was accompanied by a quiet nature, only the immediate relatives and a few personal friends being present. The bride wore a robe of white Indian silk and carried a shower bouquet of white roses, while carnations and lilies, which were tied with the colors of the Rifle Brigade. After the ceremony a reception was attended by Mr. and Mrs. Curtis and their guests. Lieutenant Curtis and his bride were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, of Rosedale, and Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, of St. George's church, Worthing, England.

Pierce-Watson.
A pretty wedding was solemnized yesterday by Rev. W. H. Barraclough, of St. George's church, in the presence of a few intimate friends. The bride and groom were unattended. They will reside in New Hampshire.

Pierce-Watson.
A wedding of much interest took place Tuesday morning at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Watson, 248 Britain street, when their only daughter, Mable Tupper, was united in marriage to Clarence J. Pierce of Marston, N. H., by Rev. W. H. Barraclough. The groom was attended by Miss E. B. Macaulay, and the groom was supported by C. M. James.

John Jameson.
Newcastle, May 23.—The death of John Jameson, of Nelson Reserve, occurred at the home of his daughter at Barnaby River, Sunday. Deceased was more than 75 years of age and had been a widower eight years. His wife was Miss Sannie Dulaney of Nelson. He leaves four daughters, Mrs. John O'Donnell, Barnaby River; Mrs. W. F. Ryan, Newcastle; and two in the United States.

R. M. Connelly.
Thursday, May 25. The death of Robert M. Connelly, widely known in connection with the lumber industry of the province, occurred yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at his home, Great Salmon River. Mr. Connelly had been in poor health since Christmas, and

BOMBHELL IN WESTMORLAND ON NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SCANDAL

(Continued from page 1.)

(5) That after writing down the said letter, and upon further consideration, it was decided that one more attempt should be made to get the balance of the promised fund from the said Mr. Flemming without making use of the said letter, and the said Mr. McLeod again called Mr. Flemming on the telephone. Mr. McLeod in my presence, and in the presence of the other gentlemen named, spoke to the then Premier over the telephone, and used very strong language to him. After some talk concerning the matter, Mr. Flemming told the Hon. Mr. McLeod to raise the required money locally in whatever way they could and that he, the said Mr. Flemming, would have the amount made good.

(6) The committee agreed to the said proposition of Premier Flemming, and a note for \$5,000 was made and signed by the following:

Terence V. Monahan
J. D. Black
H. M. Blair
Thomas Feehey
B. M. Mullin
A. C. Smith
N. P. McLeod
Percy A. Guthrie

James H. Crockett
Chas. K. Howard
J. F. Ryan
Edward Dewar
A. C. Fleming
Robert Forbes
Harold Young

"The said note was drawn according to my best recollection at thirty days, and was discounted in the Bank of Nova Scotia at Fredericton.

(7) When the said note came due, the Hon. J. K. Flemming made no arrangement to pay the same, and an extension of time was gained by discounting a renewal note. After that time several of the makers of the note interviewed members of the government and urged that the undertaking of the Premier be carried out. This was done on a number of occasions.

(8) THAT ON OR ABOUT THE EVENING OF THE THIRD DAY OF APRIL, 1914, (THE SAME BEING A FEW DAYS PRECEDING THAT UPON WHICH MR. L. A. DUGAL FROM HIS PLACE IN THE HOUSE GAVE NOTICE THAT HE WOULD CHARGE THE HON. J. K. FLEMMING WITH HAVING EXTORTED LARGE SUMS OF MONEY FROM THE HOLDERS OF TIMBER LICENSES), A DELEGATION HEADED BY MR. JOHN A. YOUNG, M. P. P., INTERVIEWED THE HON. MR. FLEMMING AT THE BARKER HOUSE TO TRY TO GET SOMETHING PAID ON ACCOUNT OF THE SAID NOTE. After the said interview the said Mr. Young reported to me, and to others in my presence, that Premier Flemming held up his hands to high heaven and said that no party fund of any kind was in existence; and the delegation got nothing on the said note.

(9) That according to the evidence afterwards given by the Hon. Mr. Flemming during the investigation of the Dugal charges, the money raised from the holders of timber licenses was in existence at the very time he had denied in the face of high heaven to the said Mr. John A. Young that any party fund existed. He also, at the said investigation, swore the money was raised for campaign purposes.

(10) That I preserved the copy of the said letter dictated by the said Mr. McLeod as above set forth, and filed the same among my papers. Later, during the summer of 1914, when the note was not paid—after the Dugal charges had been made—I took the said letter from my files and, on instructions from several of the makers of the said note, it was agreed that Mr. Percy Gerow should take the said letter to Woodstock to interview Mr. E. E. Teed and the Hon. Mr. Flemming, to show them this document, and to insist upon the premier's undertaking being carried out.

(11) Mr. Gerow went to Woodstock and took the said letter with him. On his return he reported that he had seen Mr. Teed and showed him the letter; that Mr. Teed undertook to see Mr. Flemming, and see what could be done; that subsequently Teed returned and told him that he could go home, that he thought everything would be all right, and that he would telephone Mr. Gerow at the Barker House that same evening.

(12) Mr. Teed did telephone Mr. Gerow at the Barker House that evening, and told him that nothing could be done at that time.

(13) That during the fall of 1914, before the report of the commissioners on the Dugal charges had been handed in, and while Mr. Flemming was still Premier, AND WHILE THE HON. GEORGE J. CLARKE WAS ACTING PREMIER, I INTERVIEWED THE SAID MR. CLARKE CONCERNING THE SAID NOTE. I TOLD MR. CLARKE ALL THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN DETAIL IN CONNECTION WITH IT. I SHOWED HIM THE LETTER TO THE ST. JOHN TELEGRAPH WHICH THE HON. MR. McLEOD HAD DICATED AS HEREIN BEFORE SET FORTH. I LET HIM READ A COPY OF THE SAID LETTER. MR. CLARKE TALKED A GREAT DEAL ABOUT THE NOTE, BUT DID NOTHING. HE DID, HOWEVER, ADVISE ME TO HAVE THE LETTER OF MR. McLEOD TO THE TELEGRAPH PUBLISHED.

(14) THAT SHORTLY AFTER THE INTERVIEW WITH THE HON. MR. CLARKE, THE HON. JAMES A. MURRAY, MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE, SENT FOR ME, AND AFTER DISCUSSING THE SAID PROMISSORY NOTE, TOLD ME THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAD BEEN MADE TO ASSIST US TO THE EXTENT OF \$500. ONE OF THE RENEWALS OF THE SAID NOTE WAS TO FALL DUE THE NEXT DAY. THE HON. MR. MURRAY SAID THAT HE DID NOT HAVE THE MONEY WITH HIM, BUT HE HAD ARRANGED WITH HIS SECRETARY (THE REV. J. B. DAGGETT) WHO WOULD CALL UPON US THE NEXT DAY WITH THE \$500.

(15) That the next day after the said interview with the said Hon. Mr. Murray, I was walking up Queen street in the city of Fredericton, and when near the Queen Hotel I met the said Rev. J. B. Daggett, the secretary of agriculture. The said Mr. Daggett stopped me and told me that his chief had arranged with him to pay \$500 to be applied to the Guthrie campaign note; that he was then on his way to the bank to arrange it. He said he wanted it particularly understood that he was not himself paying any money on that note, but that he was just arranging for a temporary loan which Mr. Murray would arrange to repay as soon as he got home. I told the said Rev. J. B. Daggett to take the money to Mr. Terence V. Monahan, which Mr. Daggett did, and it was paid and credited on the said note.

(16) That nothing further was done by any member of the government to retire the said note, and Mr. Flemming resigned after the report of the commissioners on the Dugal charges without having done so. The bank was pressing the makers of the note for payment and it was decided to try once more to get the note paid. A delegation composed of John A. Young, M. P. P., Harold Young, Thomas Feehey, Terence V. Monahan, J. Fred. Ryan and A. C. Fleming waited upon Premier Clarke in the fall of 1915 concerning it. The Hon. Mr. Clarke heard the story once more. He promised the delegation that he would do everything he could to have it arranged, but Mr. Clarke did nothing.

(17) That although the Hon. Mr. Flemming had promised if the money were raised in the way in which it was raised that he would pay the said note, the only contributions which were ever received toward its payment were the \$500, promised by the Hon. James A. Murray, and paid by the Rev. J. B. Daggett as herein before set out, \$75 paid by one Joshua Mallakoff Chapel and lately referred to in the house of assembly by Mr. Percy A. Guthrie, M. P. P., and another payment of \$50 made by the makers of the said note. The balance with interest was ultimately paid by the makers of the said note.

"And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing it to be of the same force and effect as if made under oath by virtue of the Canada Evidence Act."

(Sgd.) "H. M. BLAIR"

Declared before me at the city of Fredericton, in the county of York, this twentieth day of May, A. D. 1916.

(Sgd.) "PETER J. HUGHES"

"A Commissioner for taking Affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court."

MAN AND WOMAN DROWNED NEAR HALIFAX.
Halifax, May 25.—This morning word was received that a man and a woman had been drowned in Rocky Lake, twelve miles from Halifax. The bodies were those of Mr. L. Lowndes and wife, who went for a drive yesterday out the road, as was their habit every Victoria Day. They had supper at one of the

DR. SMITH'S MESSAGE TO WESTMORLAND ELECTORS

To the Electors of Westmorland County:
I have been chosen by the Opposition party in the County of Westmorland to be a candidate in the approaching by-election, and in accepting the decision of such a representative body of our citizens I feel the great honor done me as well as my great responsibility.

I do not need an introduction to very many of you. My life has been spent among you, and I have tried in every way to assist the work of development of the resources of Westmorland and New Brunswick.

Yet, while I know very many of you because the government has given the pleasure of meeting and greeting all of you because the government has given the shortest possible notice of the election—and the time is too brief for me to make a personal canvass. I must, therefore, make my appeal to you through the press and briefly give you some of my ideas as to what are the best interests of the duties of a representative and what to go in the best interest of the province.

At the outset, let me assure you that I stand for and in support of the platform of the Opposition Party adopted at the Provincial Convention January last.

Our province is small and our revenues limited. The increase in our bonded debt since this government has been in power amounts to over TEN MILLION DOLLARS and our interest bearing obligations are now nearly SEVEN MILLIONS.

This sum is staggering to the business man who knows that our credit as a province must be preserved and the interest upon our bond issue paid.

We have guaranteed about SEVEN MILLION OF RAILWAY BONDS and have been called upon to pay interest upon nearly that amount. Where the money is to come from to make these payments is causing much anxious thought among the business men of the province and should receive the careful consideration of every voter who must realize that direct taxation is facing us if this reign of extravagance and waste and theft of public money is not brought quickly to an end.

I have no hesitation in saying to you that the people of New Brunswick must protect themselves, their property and their resources, by taking a keener interest in public affairs and insisting that absolute fairness, publicity and honesty shall characterize all transactions of their government and their representatives.

The people must rule. They must make that plain. I believe they should take over the management of the highways and elect the road officials who expend their money as well as the government grants and call upon them every year at a legal public meeting to render an account of all money expended. In other words, I favor TAKING THE HIGHWAYS OUT OF POLITICS AND THE PEOPLE APPOINTING SUPERVISORS instead of the government. In that way we shall be sure that every dollar is spent and honestly spent upon the roads.

More permanent highways upon trunk lines first is another plank in our policy; the money to be provided by a bond issue, the interest upon which shall be paid by license money from automobile owners. We have been guaranteeing railway bonds to an enormous extent and neglecting the highways that feed the railways. All that should cease. Let us see if we cannot place the farmers' interest ahead of the demands of railway magnates.

I believe Prohibition should be left in the hands of the people.

Our Crown lands must be protected and preserved so that the province can obtain all the revenue possible from the lumber cut. They alone stand between us and direct taxation. I am in favor of taking their management out of politics—to have no favorites, no political scales, no rebates or refunds, but to make every lumberman pay for every thousand feet cut—no more and no less. To do this, we propose when in power to appoint a NON-PARTISAN CROWN LAND COMMISSION responsible to the legislature only.

I believe we should publish our provincial receipts and expenditure statement every month in the Royal Gazette.

That we should have an Auditor-General whose name alone will give a guarantee to New Brunswick for absolute correctness, fair dealing and fair prices.

That power should be given him without interference from members of the Government, to investigate and prosecute whenever he should deem it proper in the public interest.

That no man who steals from the province, no matter what his politics, should be permitted to escape any more than he who steals from an individual.

That there should be NO FEAR, NO FAVOR, NO DISCRIMINATION, JUSTICE TO EVERYBODY irrespective of his race or color, creed or religion.

If there be graft—no matter where—my voice will be raised in protest and condemnation—I WILL NOT SIT SILENT IF MEN OF MY PARTY BE INVOLVED, and let me make this resolution that YOU DO NOT ELECT anyone against the infamous whittaw resolution that was passed in our legislature, condoning the grave offences of which ex-Premier Flemming was found guilty.

"GUILTY OF KNOWLEDGE OF AND CONSENT TO COLLECTION OF MONEY FROM LUMBERMEN FOR A CAMPAIGN FUND."

"GUILTY OF TAKING MONEY FROM A RAILWAY CONTRACTOR."

So the Royal Commission found. And when the government asks you to support and elect my opponent, P. G. Mahoney, they are asking you to endorse their "whittaw" of Flemming. I appeal to the honor and honesty of Westmorland to refuse to do this.

I stand for and will do my best to obtain good government for this province—to cleanse it from the stigma of graft corruption and profligating that have been associated with the management of our provincial affairs in these later years.

I cannot condemn in language strong enough my opinion of the leasing of large oyster areas on the coast of this county to a big company and the interference with the rights of the fisherman along the sea shore who since New Brunswick was settled, has been permitted the freedom of his occupation, and I ask you to show P. G. Mahoney by your votes that YOU DO NOT ELECT MEN TO THE LEGISLATURE SO THAT THEY MAY ADVANCE THEIR PRIVATE INTERESTS at your expense. That is what Messrs. Mahoney, Melanson and Humphrey did when they went to Fredericton. They were members of the Shemogue Oyster Co. which has many privileges that the fishermen were unable to obtain.

Protest with all your power against this injustice and if I am elected and my party returned to power at the general election, I WILL DO ALL POSSIBLE TO HAVE YOUR RIGHTS RESTORED.

I believe every man should be protected from monopoly and undue interference of capital. The fisherman should not be forced out of business and his means of livelihood given to rich and grasping companies, the farmer should be encouraged and assisted for he with the lumberman and the fisherman are the chief producers of wealth.

I appeal to you to stand out for better things, for purer politics. If you can express this desire by voting for me I want your votes. But bear in mind that we in Westmorland in this brief election time stand at the bar of public opinion. Men all over Canada have their eyes upon us. They are hoping we will win the note of reform, that we will bid graft begone and warn all legislators that our rights must be respected, our interests guarded and our public monies held as a sacred trust.

We have watched honest men in Manitoba, Vancouver, Victoria and Peel sound the clear note of warning to the western grafters that their day was done. Shall we in Westmorland not follow their example? I hope that never again shall New Brunswick have a premier condemned and deposed, and members forced to leave the legislature for graft, that never shall there be need for Royal Commissioners to investigate crimes against the public interest. We have had too much of that in the past. If you elect me I will bend every energy to protect your interests and the reputation of our province and place politics upon a plane to which all men can aspire, so that it will be an honor and not a reproach to take part in the direction of the country's affairs.

To do our duty as good, honorable citizens and to be successful in this contest requires much effort. The government forces realize the change in public sentiment and the efforts of honest men to throw off the shackles of patronage, bribery and graft. If they can elect Mr. Mahoney they will still be able to profit at the expense of the people; they will feel that public opinion will not condemn them no matter what they do. All the resources of money, threats, intimidation and coercion will be used among you. Do not permit yourself to be influenced from what your conscience says is right.

Vote against the forces of wrong. Tell the government they cannot buy any further license to steal from the Electors of Westmorland. Tell them that your vote is your own—a God given right that is not for sale. Say by your vote that you are going to send an English speaking representative to help these gallant French members, Dugal and Pelletier, who have held the Verdun fort of the Opposition at Fredericton for four years.

I feel that I am going to be elected to vote for the OPPOSITION AND VICTORY. Vote for the Opposition and against wholesale graft, vote for the Opposition and serve notice on all people that Westmorland stands for right, purity, honor and justice and all that is best in the interests of the people and the province.

I am, your obedient servant,

ERNEST A. SMITH

Shediac, N. B., May 20, 1916.

VOL. LV.

GERM

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300 Yards
in Corbeau
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Heavy Bomb
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in Loos D
—Russian
Italians M

Paris, May 29, 10.4
office tonight, reads:
"On the left bank
bombardment with shells
from the Avonport V.
Germans violently attack
with considerable loss
of Hill 304 were taken
by the French last night.
"Between Le Mans and
bouncing from the Corbeil
rivers, where the stumps
of our advanced trenches
are visible."
"On the right bank of
the east and west of F.
"Except for the
Aprémont Forest, there
Belgian communication
lines."
"There was considerable
the centre of the front.
Casskerke our batteries
man works around Dixmude."

Attacks Repulsed Night
The text of the report
follows:
"To the south of H.
of Beuvrages, H.
welcomed the first line G.
tion."
"On the left bank of
the French held a battery
of machine guns."
"During the past two
the enemy artillery has
on certain portions of our
heavily by the enemy."
"The bombardment
of the region of the fort.
there was very spirited."
"In the Lorraine district
persed a strong German
party in the forest of
British Lines Under Fire."
London, May 30, 12.34
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