

BU LETH OF LAST YEAR'S CROPS

Practically All the Oats and Wheat Were of Merchantable Quality — Some Interesting Statistics.

Ottawa, April 17—A bulletin issued today by the census and statistics office states that, according to reports made by correspondents at the end of March, 92 per cent. of last year's wheat crop in Canada, i. e., 183,611,000 bushels, out of the total estimated production of 199,236,000 bushels, proved to be of merchantable quality. In the maritime provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario, the proportions were smaller than this, being 87 per cent. in Prince Edward Island; 86 per cent. in Nova Scotia; 82 per cent. in New Brunswick; 75 per cent. in Quebec, and 83 per cent. in Ontario; but in the three western provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, where the bulk of the wheat crop is produced, the percentage of merchantable quality was 93, 94 and 93 per cent. respectively, but in the province of the total production was relatively small.

It is estimated that about 22 per cent. of the total wheat crop in Canada, viz., 44,688,000 bushels, remained in farmers' hands on March 31, as compared with 27 per cent. representing 53,129,000 bushels of the crop of 1921 which remained in farmers' hands on March 31, 1921. The quantity of wheat estimated as remaining in farmers' hands on March 31, 1922, was 44,118,000 bushels, or 23 per cent. of the total production of 1922, as compared with 27 per cent. of 1921, which remained in farmers' hands on March 31, 1921. The proportions merchantable of the crop of 1922 were by provinces: Prince Edward Island, 83 per cent. (2,753,000 bushels); Nova Scotia, 87 per cent. (2,753,000 bushels); New Brunswick, 86 per cent. (4,012,000 bushels); Quebec, 73 per cent. (22,000,000 bushels); Ontario, 83 per cent. (16,000,000 bushels); Manitoba, 90 per cent. (33,111,000 bushels); Saskatchewan, 94 per cent. (30,230,000 bushels); Alberta, 93 per cent. (62,185,000 bushels); and British Columbia, 80 per cent. (1,568,000 bushels).

Of the total barley crop of 44,046,000 bushels it is estimated that 97 per cent., or 38,290,000 bushels, was of merchantable quality, and that 35 per cent., or 15,404,000 bushels, remained in the hands of farmers at the end of March 31, 1922. The proportions merchantable of the crop of 1922 were by provinces: Prince Edward Island, 93 per cent. (1,568,000 bushels); Nova Scotia, 87 per cent. (2,753,000 bushels); New Brunswick, 86 per cent. (4,012,000 bushels); Quebec, 73 per cent. (22,000,000 bushels); Ontario, 83 per cent. (16,000,000 bushels); Manitoba, 90 per cent. (33,111,000 bushels); Saskatchewan, 94 per cent. (30,230,000 bushels); Alberta, 93 per cent. (62,185,000 bushels); and British Columbia, 80 per cent. (1,568,000 bushels).

The merchantable yield of corn for haying was 78 per cent. of the total crop of 38,290,000 bushels, or 29,850,000 bushels, and of clover, 81 per cent. The quantities of potatoes, 78 per cent., of turnips and other roots, 90 per cent., and of hay and clover, 81 per cent. The quantities of hay and clover, 81 per cent. The quantities of potatoes, 78 per cent., of turnips and other roots, 90 per cent., and of hay and clover, 81 per cent. The quantities of hay and clover, 81 per cent. The quantities of potatoes, 78 per cent., of turnips and other roots, 90 per cent., and of hay and clover, 81 per cent.

As a general rule livestock wintered well and their average condition for all Canada expressed in a percentage of 100 representing a healthy and thriving stock, was for horses, 95; milk cows, 93; other cattle, 91; sheep, 95; and swine, 94. In the maritime provinces, Quebec and Ontario, the winter proved exceptionally mild; and, with an abundance of fodder, all descriptions of farm live stock came well through.

In the northwest provinces, the winter proved well on the whole, but in many localities cattle suffered through the lack of prairie hay, which was spoiled by last year's heavy rains. Many deaths of livestock were attributed to the cold during the season. The winter proved long and cold in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, but was unusually mild and short in Alberta. Indications at the end of March were for an early spring and sowing season throughout the eastern part of Canada; but in the northwest, where there was deep snow and severe cold persisted during March, it was anticipated that sowing would be late. With few exceptions the fall wheat in southern Alberta was reported to be in fine condition. It was too early to report on the fall wheat of Alberta.

Chancery Division. Tuesday, April 22.

The case of Walter Wells admix of Elizabeth McFrederick vs. Catherine Baker was heard before Mr. Justice Macleod yesterday. This was a suit brought for an accounting. Mrs. McFrederick before her death went to the Bank of New Brunswick's savings department, Wells, and withdrew money on deposit there in her own name and redeposited the same in the name of herself and daughter, Mrs. Baker, either on the pretence of that to have power to withdraw. After the death of Mrs. McFrederick Mrs. Baker withdrew the money, and also became possessor of \$400 more which Mrs. McFrederick had in her house at the time of her death, and which she had promised to give her daughter. The daughter lived with her mother and worked for her for five years. The plaintiff now asks that this money be given to her. George H. Evans, James McInosh, another daughter, and Wells, and H. M. Craig, clerk of the bank of New Brunswick, were called. The court considers. Geo. H. V. Belyea appeared for the plaintiff and J. Kings Kelley, K. C., for the defendant.

A Land Case.

In the case of Groundwater vs. Water and argument was had before Mr. Justice Macleod yesterday morning in Westmoreland county and was adjourned to the 26th. The plaintiff seeks for trespass to his lands and the defendant justifies his act on the ground that what he did was in connection with a use of public highway, contending that the particular land in question was dedicated by the owners to public use in 1800. The action was brought to the question of title. H. A. Powell, K. C., argued the case for the plaintiff, and George H. Fowler, K. C., for the defendant. Judgment reserved.

VOL. LII.

A NEW SCANDAL ARIED AT ATTAIN

Government Allowed Robbery of Indians

British Columbia Tribe Swindled Out of Millions

Highway Bill Gets Second Reading After Liberal Amendment to Distribute Grant by Population is Defeated—Agricultural Bill Given Third Reading.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, April 22—Just to show what they think of the government's new "age" the Liberals today ignored it and produced another scandal for the edification of the country.

For a young government the Borden administration has certainly carried through an extensive list of disreputable transactions. Among other things they took a man out of jail to place him in a government position. They bought \$300,000 worth of padlocks at fancy prices. They gave a bribe for 810 a piece of land in Prince Albert worth about \$300,000.

Today it was shown that for the benefit of Premier McBride and his government the dominion administration has undertaken to rob its wards, a band of British Columbia Indians, of a valuable reserve in the city of Vancouver.

The British government appointed the dominion government as wards of the Indians in Canada. Today Hon. Frank Oliver moved the adjournment of the house and showed that Hon. Robert Rogers had stolen for his wards, a band of British Columbia Indians, of a valuable reserve in the city of Vancouver. The British government appointed the dominion government as wards of the Indians in Canada. Today Hon. Frank Oliver moved the adjournment of the house and showed that Hon. Robert Rogers had stolen for his wards, a band of British Columbia Indians, of a valuable reserve in the city of Vancouver.

By way of defence, Hon. Mr. Rogers said that the dominion government had taken to give its consent to the transaction. Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that it appeared that the money had been paid, the Indians had been swindled, and the price was entirely inadequate.

Hon. Mr. Rogers said that the late government had moved the Indians from the Songhees reserve in Victoria in the same manner.

Hon. Mr. Oliver replied that the Songhees Indians had been given \$11,000 a family and in addition another reservation which was more congenial to them.

The scandal debate closed at 6, the hour of the adjournment.

At length, Hon. Mr. Martin Burrell's bill for a grant in aid of agriculture was advanced to the third reading stage, and Hon. Frank Cochrane's bill for the amendment of highways was given a second reading, after Sir Wilfrid Laurier's amendment providing for the distribution of the grant by the provinces, according to population, was declared "lose on division."

The house then adjourned.

FATHER LAVERY'S FUNERAL TO BE IN BOSTON TODAY

LIPTON'S CHALLENGE IN HANDS OF COMMITTEE

G. T. P. CAR FERRY, QUEBEC TO LEVIS, READY NEXT MAY

Quebec Press.

Raleigh Newspaper Burned Out

MADE BANGOR "DRY" TOO LATE

Sheriff Will Be Dismissed in Spite of Efforts to Redeem Himself

NO WORK FOR POLICE

Not an Arrest for Drunkenness in Two Days—Many Applicants for the Axe

Special to The Telegraph.

Bangor, Me., April 24—It is now commonly talked among men high in the political circles of the state that notwithstanding rumors that Gov. W. T. Haines would retain Sheriff W. W. Emerson, of Penobscot county, one of the officers whose removal was asked by the Maine legislature, and possibly Sheriff Bailon and Tolman and Sagadahoc and Cumberland county on "good behavior," all three must go and new men will be appointed in their places.

Since his trial before the legislature the Penobscot county sheriff and his friends have made a valiant effort to retain the position unchanged, but the stand which the governor has taken was made plain this week and practically all hope is lost. In a telephone message to Senator Bailey, of this county, the governor stated the view which he has taken on the matter. He has no alternative but removal. "The legislature voted for Sheriff Emerson's removal and I feel that his vote is mandatory. To remove him and then reappoint him would be but a subterfuge," stated the governor.

Notwithstanding this, petitions asking the governor and his council to reconsider have been circulated all over the county, and over 1,500 citizens, have signed them. There is a strong feeling of sympathy for Sheriff Emerson in this county and many of the citizens are ready to go to the aid of their sheriff.

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MONTENEGRO MUST ABANDON SCUTARI

Peace of Europe at Stake

Powers Send Note to King Nicholas' Government That They Must Make Sacrifices Like the Other Allies to Prevent a General Conflagration.

Canadian Press.

London, April 23—In diplomatic quarters in London last night the belief prevailed that Montenegro would yield to the powers on the Scutari question, and it was reported that Montenegro had made an informal suggestion regarding a new frontier line in this district, giving her territorial and other advantages, including possession of the town of Bordica and both banks of the Bovaia river.

Rome, April 24—Representations have been made to Montenegro, it became known today, in which the attention of the Cetinje government is called to the fact that the Balkan states have bowed to the decision of the powers, inspired by the supreme interests of Europe.

Bulgaria, it was pointed out to the Montenegrin government, had renounced her decision to continue the movement of her army toward Constantinople; Serbia had given up the support of Durazzo; Greece had obtained from personally occupying the town of Valona and Montenegro must evacuate Scutari.

Such a move on the part of the Montenegrins, it was considered here, would imply a loss of dignity after her occupation of the city. If the European powers, it was stated, were ready to withdraw rather than allow Scutari to be in the hands of the Montenegrins, it was suggested that the Montenegrins should allow a change in the boundary of southern Albania as arranged by the London and Paris conferences. Consequently, the Cetinje government, it is understood, has been told that it would be impossible to solve the Scutari question simply to please Montenegro.

ONTARIO HOUSE ADJOURNS PENDING PROBE OF CHARGES

Several Changes Made on Privileges Committee, Who Will Inquire Into Whitney and Hanna's Alleged Corruption.

BLUE OUTLOOK FOR STREAM DRIVING ON MIBAMICHI

Water at Summer Level Now and Most of the Lumber is Hung Up.

HON. JOHN HAGGART LEFT \$65,000 ESTATE

Stand Patrons Attack President Wilson for His "Schoolmaster" Tactics.

TARIFF DEBATE OPENING MARKED BY MANY TILTS

Ballot to Be Used Hereafter—Increased Government Grants to School Teachers.

Belgian Strike Called Off.

Do You Want a Position, or Good Employees?

Use "The Want Ad Way"

NEW FIELD MARSHAL IN THE NEAR FUTURE

BRYAN'S "DRY" DINNER STIRS WASHINGTON

Served Unfermented Grape Juice at Function in Honor of Ambassador Bryce—Secretary of State Says He Explained His "Teetotal" Principles to Diplomatic Corps Before They Sat Down, and They Applauded His Attitude.

Ontario House Adjourns Pending Probe of Charges

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Only 25 Bodies Have Been Recovered

Eighty Men Unaccounted For and Their Doom Seems Sealed

Rescue Workers Have Great Difficulty Among Wreckage of the Pennsylvania Colliery, Which is Four Miles Long.

Canadian Press.

Pittsburg, April 24—Up to darkness tonight thirty-five bodies of miners had been taken from the Cincinnati mine of Mononahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke Company, a subsidiary of the Pittsburg Coal Company of Finleyville, the scene yesterday of a disastrous explosion.

Many other bodies, it is said, have been located but the greatest difficulty is being experienced in finding means to convey them through wreckage to the surface.

Forty-eight miners are unaccounted for. These with the thirty-five dead taken from the mine bring the probable list of fatalities up to 83.

Hope of relatives and friends of the missing men that their loved ones are living are being dissipated slowly. Rescuers are unable to reach the inner workings of the mine on account of the gas fumes, water and debris which have been deposited by the explosion.

It was announced by officials of the Pittsburg Coal Company tonight that 190 men entered the mine yesterday morning. The officials stated that seventy-eight men are known to have made their escape after the explosion.

Of the thirty-five dead taken from the mine, twenty-one were taken from the wreckage, where all the victims are being sent to be prepared for burial.

The rescue workers from the United States bureau of mines and the units maintained by the various coal companies in the Mononahela Valley worked hard during the day in an effort to penetrate the inner workings of the mine. The rescue work with little success. The reticent attitude of both the rescuers and mine representatives has resulted in an absence of details. It has been ascertained, however, that rescuers have only been able to reach a point one mile underground. The mine is four miles in length.

Some thousand rescuers visited the scene today. They were not permitted to approach the mine.

C. P. R. CLERK IN MONTREAL CHARGED WITH \$1,200 THEFT

Manitoba Bye-Election May 12

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