

REPUBLICANS NOW COUNT MAJORITY OF TWENTY-FIVE SEATS IN THE HOUSE.

Odell's Plurality Between Twelve and Thirteen Thousand—He Says He's In, and That's All There Is About It—Details of the New York Situation.

New York, Nov. 5.—Official figures on the vote for governor vary but little from the unofficial reports. According to returns made to the executive at Albany by the several county clerks the plurality for Odell, Republican, is 12,887. Only three counties above the Bronx were carried by the Democratic nominee, the aggregate plurality for Odell in these counties being 1,011. This and the Greater New York plurality of 12,074 given to Odell, was met and overcome by an up state Republican plurality of 13,972, the difference being a net plurality of 12,887 against 111, 120 plurality for Odell in 1900.

The state legislature is controlled by the Republicans by a reduced majority but one as large as to admit of no doubt of the return of Mr. Platt to the United States senate.

The New York delegation in the lower house of the 58th congress will number 37 instead of 34 as in the present congress. It will contain 29 Republicans and 8 Democrats, whereas the present delegation stood 22 Republicans and 12 Democrats.

All of the noted members of the delegation have been returned, including Severo E. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee.

Odell Says He's In, and That's All About It. Albany, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Former Senator David B. Hill was in his office at Albany all day receiving and tabulating the returns. He refused positively to be quoted about the result but the carefulness with which he is making tabulations would indicate he is ready to make an attack on the credibility of the returns.

William Barnes, jr., chairman of the executive committee of the state committee, said this afternoon: "Any statement that Albany county was purchased by the Republicans is without foundation."

Governor Odell said: "Let them claim all they please. Let them cry fraud. I am elected and that is all there is about it."

Odell by 12,000. Albany, N. Y., Nov. 5.—The official pluralities for governors as reported to Governor Odell by the county clerks of the various counties is as follows: Total plurality for Odell, 128,972. Total plurality for Coles, 122,083.

Odell's plurality over Coles, 12,887. Washington, Nov. 5.—The latest returns received up to 10:30 o'clock tonight show that the Republicans (including in this description the Fusionists elected from the Pittsburgh-Allegheny districts in Pennsylvania)

will control the next house by a vote of 204 Republicans to 170 Democrats, with one district, the eighth Tennessee, and two California districts remaining so much in doubt that the official returns will be needed to decide the result.

The totals given are believed to be correct, although there are a few districts, such as two in Colorado and one in Minnesota where the Republican and Democratic party managers respectively do not concede defeat, but the general result could not be affected, even should their claims prove well founded. The table by states is as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: State and Dem. Rep. counts. Includes entries for Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, Total.

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Laurier was Right Says Goldwin Smith.

Strong Endorsation of Premier's Stand on Matter of Imperial Defence—London Standard of Same Opinion—Canada's Position on Conference Questions Detailed.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—(Special)—Goldwin Smith, interviewed regarding the colonial conference book said in part: "I think Sir Wilfrid Laurier took the only course he could under the circumstances take, and still hope to concour with the wishes of his government at home, or his people, and I don't suppose any other course would have been satisfactory if received here."

"Sir Wilfrid almost avowed himself to be an opportunist, and he seems to be fully proficient in diagnosing the hourly position of the country as he was in this case in not pledging the country to contribute any sum of money towards the support of the British navy."

"We are no doubt ready to voluntarily and adequately raise to any emergency in our own defence, and to respectfully contribute, but had the premier made suggestion to vote so much money for the purpose spoken of, where would the backing in this country have come from. Surely not from Quebec, where sympathy is not British, and not from the Irish Catholics in Canada whose support could not be expected in this case while they are imbued with the spirit frequently shown by them."

"Then, too, in the populace of Canada are to be found Memorials, people from the United States, Hungary and Poland, and others of like classification, who would be averse to seeing their money used to such purpose, and whose antagonism would be aroused which is known to Canada who are so British in sentiment as to vote their money to the armament of the British navy."

"We are all British in name and glad of British protection, but I very much doubt if we can find even a bare majority in Canada who are so British in sentiment as to vote their money to the armament of the British navy."

"The eighth Tennessee and the first and second California districts are not included in this table, being classified as doubtful, leaving three votes to be added to the columns according to later returns."

Roosevelt's Triumph in the Coal Strike. London, Nov. 5.—Almost all the papers this morning discuss the elections in the United States. In editorial articles the opinion is unanimously expressed that President Roosevelt largely owes his personal triumph to having satisfied the Pennsylvania Anthracite districts in Pennsylvania.

VICE-PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE SHOT DEAD. Hon. Hale Johnson, Prominent Prohibitionist, Killed by Man from Whom He Sought to Collect a Bill.

Effingham, Ill., Nov. 4.—Hon. Hale Johnson, a prohibition leader of national prominence, and a vice-presidential candidate on the prohibition ticket in 1896, was shot and killed by Harry Harris this afternoon, at Bogota, Mo. Johnson, who was practicing law at Newton, Mo., county seat, went to Bogota to collect an account against Harris.

Harris committed suicide in the county jail tonight by taking poison.

Deafness A BOOK IN A HUNDRED. A new departure in science and philanthropy will soon be made in a series of books to be published by the American Health Improvement Association.

Schooner Sunk by Steamer; Two Nova Scotians Drowned.

The Charley Bucki Went Down in Three Minutes After Being Struck by Steamer Admiral Sampson—Captain and His Son Among Those Lost.

Boston, Nov. 5.—The steamship Admiral Sampson, Capt. L. H. Higgins, arrived at Boston yesterday, having on board the two survivors of the schooner Charley Bucki, which was sunk in collision with the steamer in the Bay yesterday morning.

The steamer in the men's time, had proceeded 500 yards before her headway could be checked. One of her lifeboats was then sent back and rescued the two men, who were swimming in the water.

Both men speak in the highest terms of praise of the treatment accorded them on board the steamer. They were provided with clothing from the wardrobe of the officers, and later the United Fruit Company furnished them sufficient funds to defray their expenses to their homes in Maine.

The Charley Bucki was nearly 30 years old but was considered a staunch vessel. She was built at Jonesport (Me.) in 1873, and underwent thorough repairs in 1900. She was owned by George Jenkins and W. F. Mansfield of Jonesport, and valued at about \$3,300. There is said to be no insurance on the last cargo.

The Admiral Sampson is one of the quartet of boats built by the Company at Philadelphia for the American Steamship Company, which are under long term charter to the United Fruit Company. Her net tonnage is 1,335, and gross tonnage 2,104.

An arrival was made yesterday on the Admiral Sampson by Robert Fisher for the owners and B. S. Murphy, Lloyd's surveyor at this port. Two of the steamer's bow plates are intended, about 30 feet of iron railing carried away and her foremast broken.

The two survivors of the lost vessel will be sent to their homes in Maine today.

BOOTH'S DAUGHTER HAS LEFT DOWIE'S CHURCH. Booth-Clibborn and Wife Say They've Had Enough of Him.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Arthur Booth-Clibborn and his wife, who is a daughter of Gen. William Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, have withdrawn their membership in Dowie's "Christian Catholic Church," which they joined not long ago.

Dowie says he ordered them to withdraw because General Booth told him about him. The Booth-Clibborns say they quit because they had enough of Dowie.

The Booth-Clibborns have returned to Europe, and the local Salvation Army leaders believe they will soon be found again under General Booth's banner. They were formerly prominent in the army's work, and through them Dowie is said to have had strong hopes of winning over many of General Booth's followers.

A CAPE BRETON FATALITY. Workman Falls from a Pile at Port Hastings and is Instantly Killed.

Hawkesbury, Nov. 4.—(Special)—Edward Fox, working on the shipping pier at Port Hastings, fell off this morning and was instantly killed. He was a brother of Daniel Fox, who was drowned near there on October 16. This was the first day he had worked there since the death of his brother.

Governor Jette is Better. Quebec, Nov. 5.—(Special)—Lieutenant-Governor Jette is again convalescent, after having been laid up for three weeks with a bad attack of la grippe.

CANADA'S REPLY TO MR. CHAMBERLAIN ON REFUSAL TO MAKE TARIFF CONCESSIONS

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—(Special)—The minister of finance today gave an official statement on the colonial conference. After reciting the preliminary steps, the following final memorandum of the Canadian ministers on the subject of the preferential trade system was issued.

"This subject has frequently engaged the attention of the conference. At an early stage Mr. Chamberlain suggested that the question could most conveniently be dealt with by the representatives of each colony placing themselves in communication with the president of the board of trade, Mr. Gerald Balfour, and the officials of that department. Accordingly the Canadian ministers had several protracted interviews with these gentlemen and discussed the whole subject very fully. Opportunity was also taken to present the Canadian view to Mr. Chamberlain. These discussions were naturally of a verbal and private character; now the conference is drawing to a close it is desirable that the course of the negotiations and the conclusions reached should be outlined in official form to be placed on record. From the beginning of the proceedings the Canadian ministers have claimed that in consideration of substantial preference given by Canada for some years to the products of the mother country, Canadian food products should be exempted in the United Kingdom from the duties recently imposed. Representations to this effect previously made through the high commissioner for Canada were supplemented by the ministers, presenting in writing and occasional interviews with the imperial ministers."

Wanted More Than Canada Offered. "Mr. Chamberlain, on behalf of the imperial government, was unable to agree to the proposals of the Canadian government. He represented that the imperial government highly appreciated the good feeling manifested by Canada in the granting of preferential treatment, but did not think its material advantages for the trade of the United Kingdom were as great as the Canadian ministers claimed. He further said that the change desired by Canada would be an important departure from the established fiscal policy of the kingdom, and that if the proposals could be entertained at all as to which he was not prepared to commit himself, it would be necessary for Canada to offer some material preference given by Canada for some years to the products of the mother country."

NEW YORK'S ELECTION JOY MARRED BY EXPLOSION. Mortar Ploughs Through Dense Crowd, Spreading Death in Madison Square—Eleven Are Dead and 50 Injured—500 Policemen Try to Preserve Order and Care for Injured.

New York, Nov. 4.—By a series of explosions of pyrotechnic bombs and other fireworks among the vast multitude gathered in Madison Square to witness the election returns, tonight, 11 persons were killed outright. Many were blown almost to pieces and at least 50 were injured, many of them fatally.

In the frightful panic which followed the catastrophe, hundreds were thrown down and trampled underfoot. Five hundred policemen and all the ambulances in the city were summoned and the dying and seriously injured were removed to various hospitals. In addition to these many of the wounded were taken away by friends.

Nine men in charge of the display were placed under arrest immediately. The list of the dead is: Wm. G. Finney, George Ritz, Harold Robley, five unknown men, unknown colored man, unknown colored boy.

The densest portion of the throng that packed the square was gathered along Madison avenue close to the place reserved for the discharge of the fireworks. Along the border of the square, facing the avenue, were arranged three groups of cast iron mortars, 20 in each group and loaded with heavy bombs. The discharge took place one of them fell over on its side and the next instant the bomb was shot into the air, striking the crowd, where it exploded and hurled the people into heaps. The fall of the mortar and the concussion of the explosion knocked down the rest of the row of mortars, and a thundering volley of huge projectiles ploughed through the crowd.

ADDITIONAL MONEY GRANT FOR SOUTH AFRICA. British Parliament Votes \$40,000,000 in Presence of Boer Generals.

London, Nov. 5.—General Botha and Delany, and ex-President Schalk Burger were auditors of tonight's debate in the house of commons on the civil service estimates placing the additional amount required as a grant to the Transvaal and Orange River Colony during the present financial year at \$40,000,000, which ended in agreeing to vote the sum in question.

The sum of \$15,000,000 is to be devoted to grants to burghers, \$10,000,000 to British soldiers by the war, and \$15,000,000 to be used for loans promised by the government of surrender to aid in restoring the colonies.

FARMER SOLD PROPERTY; BURGLAR TOOK PROCEEDS. Colchester, Conn., Nov. 5.—Michael Lebbe, a farmer of this town, was robbed last night of a safe containing \$1,100, the proceeds of a recent auction sale of farm property. The safe, which was a small affair, was in a room next to the chamber in which Mr. Lebbe slept, but the burglars pried open a window of the room and got into the safe and escaped.

Quakers for the Northwest. Winnipeg, Nov. 4.—(Special)—It is stated that 3,000 Quakers will settle in the northwest next year, chiefly through the efforts of Joseph Elkington, a wealthy Philadelphia Quaker and philanthropist.

MASON, SUSPECTED "JACK THE SLUGGER," IS INNOCENT; WILL BE DISCHARGED TODAY. Boston Society Man Arrested on Suspicion of Murdering Nova Scotia Girl, Entirely Clears Himself by Proving an Alibi.

Boston, Nov. 4.—Alan G. Mason, the prominent club man of this city who was detained by the state police today on suspicion of having murdered Miss Clara Morton last Saturday in Waverly and on suspicion of having committed assaults on various women in Boston and vicinity will undoubtedly be discharged tomorrow when his case comes up in the Cambridge court.

It is understood that Mason has entirely cleared himself by proving an alibi and that the police admit there is no evidence on which the man can be held. The arrest of Mason on suspicion caused a sensation in this city on account of the prominence of the man and on account of the extreme brutality of the crimes of which he was suspected.

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