

THE TORONTO WORLD

been compiled with by depositing the roll printed in but the one language.

Mr. Aylesworth insisted that the statute only mentioned one roll, and it had been compiled with. To file the roll in each language would be to file two rolls.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier thought the discussion unimportant. The revised statutes created nothing. It was a mere assembly of laws already passed.

Mr. Doran (Conservative, Quebec) insisted that no valid act could be promulgated except in two languages. Members would subject themselves to a penalty of knowingly violating the constitution.

Mr. Brodeur deprecated any appeals to race prejudice by members from Quebec. So far as he understood, no French roll had ever been deposited.

Mr. Monk said that Mr. Brodeur was not so fair-minded outside of the house. He had heard the minister during the Nicolet by-election denouncing him (Mr. Monk) as an English-

man.
In Irish, English, and French.
Mr. Broderick explained this. The Conservatives in Nicolet had campaigned against Mr. Devlin on the ground that he was an "Irish-speaking gentleman," and in reply the Liberals had said that he was an "English-speaking gentleman."
Mr. Devlin promptly made his maiden speech and defended Mr. Broderick. The speech was so well received that the Conservatives were made.
When the committee arose Mr. Bourrasa proposed an amendment, that the revised constitution should not come into effect until printed and promulgated in both languages.
Upon division the Bourrasa amendment was lost—yeas 31, nays 54.

Upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier's bill to confirm the recent treaty with Japan, Mr. Kennedy (Liberal, B.C.) paid his respects to Asiatic immigration, and Hindus together as filthy and undesirable. Their coming was to the great prejudice of the community. Two hundred such filthy huddles in one house that would not afford accommodation to one respectable family in Ottawa. They paid no taxes and white labor could not withstand their competition.

The bill passed.

After the Cataract.

Mr. Maclean (S. York.) On Thursday next, election of ministry: (1) Has any application been made for the employment of the Cataract Power Company?

for an extension of its water privileges on the Welland Canal? (2) If so, what is the nature of the concession, and is it the intention of the government to impose new restrictions in any such concessions?

Mr. Robitaille: On Thursday next proposed resolution: That in the opinion of the committee the necessity is increasing for having more direct and expeditious means of communication between the Canadian government and the governments of the United States and America, and that the Dominion government of Canada should take advantage of the coming colonial conference to discuss the subject of direct communication in order to devise some means of achieving that end.

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ground was reserved, forming a square of 10 acres in the centre of Kingston. It was formerly used as a market place and parade ground for the troops and militia, but this central portion is now enclosed and converted by the government into a garden, which adds much to the appearance of the town and to the comforts and enjoyments of the inhabitants.

On account of the very gravelly nature of the soil on which Kingston stands, running water readily sinks

Buildings Easy to Destroy.
The buildings are—or were—nearly all of wood and of a character that would be easily proscribed by any modern fire insurance company. The business section is located on Harbor-street at the head of which in the east end was the Myrtle Bank. The prevailing wind from the west and the location of the year is from the northeast, the ocean being in the zone of the northeast trade winds. If a fire started in the section near Myrtle Bank, it would probably sweep the entire waterfront, as well as Harbor street, practically destroying the en-

Three islands were felt in Kingston during November, but there were no greater than those sometimes felt in New England and were not regarded with any apprehensions.

The island itself is probably being looked upon as being outside the earthquake belt of the West Indies and is of limestone formation rather than of volcanic origin.

Jamaica is an island of the Greater Antilles, in the West Indies, and be-

The capital of Jamaica has a population of more than 50,000 and is the most important city in the British West Indies. It is in the Eastern Hill.

commercial. The city was originally laid out in the form of a cross, but destructive fires has made for considerable alteration from the original design of two broad streets crossing at right angles. The city is a convenient place for the traveler, with conveniences of modern civilization, including electric cars upon its streets, electric lighting and gas service, and telephone system, while the facilities for supplying water are the best in the Caribbean.

A Tourist's Paradise.
Kingston has been a favorite resort of the tourist, and has become, "Paris of the Bahamas," a fashionable retreat from the rigors of the northern winter. It has been the headquarters of tourists who visited the city during the past few winters, attracted by the salubrious

heart-giving climate, and the attractive social life of the Jamaican capital. The automobilist has then mingled freely with his kind, and the atmosphere of clubdom has been a

King Street, Kingston

Jamaica is said to be, next to Barbados, the most fertile of the English islands in the British West Indies. The island is divided into three counties, Surrey, Middlesex and Cornwall. The Elder-Dampster is a direct mail line which takes about 1,000 miles in about twelve days. The island lies directly in the route of steamers between the Isthmus and all the United States ports.

Jamaica has had a stirring history. Discovered by Columbus in 1494, the Spaniards started a settlement there in 1509, and 1655, after a bloody conflict, the island passed into the possession of Great Britain. In whose possession it has since remained. But the Don's were ousted the conquerors

booked here for the trip to Kingston were: Cecil Conway, T. R. Baker, Mrs. William Russell and family, Miss Scott, Lieutenant Goldrey and W. H. Parker. Some Who Were Going.

Those who had booked a passage with Captain Melville for Saturday are:

Chief Justice and Mrs. Boyd and daughter, Toronto; A. J. Pattison, wife and daughter, Toronto; J. Langmuir and wife, Toronto; Rev. F. J. Scott; and C. W. Wells, Waterloo; J. Kumpt, J. H. Tilden, Hamilton, and William Hunt, Hamilton.

W. B. Honey, who is a Jamaican, called in at The World last night for

For many years before coming to Toronto some five years ago, owner and president of the property.

To The World he stated that if fire had started the entire city would be wiped out and the merchants involved in ruin. He said that, but that he was really of the frame of mind he had the close together, and that they would be up like tinder. The European quarters were more substantial and would not be so prone to burn. He said he had thought that the loss of life, if any, would be confined to the natives, although there was an immense white population.

The West Indian Electric Company said the rabbi "will be a big loser." It is not long since this company was formed by a syndicate which took over

Hotel, Kingston.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

HEIDSIECK & CO.	Reims.	"Dry Monopols" Champagne
APOLLINARIS CO. Ltd.	London	Mineral Water
A. LALANDE & CO.	Bordeaux	
		Clares, Sauternes and Burgundies
BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & CO.	Cognac	Pure Brandy
		Irish Whisky

[illegible]

The government would go far. He and his colleagues must have been told that they were going to get their money back. The government would be glad to hear from the dealers again when a policy had been prepared for announcement.

VICE-ROYALTY IN MONTREAL.

Earl Grey Presides at Meeting to Raise Funds for McGill.

Montreal, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Their excellencies the governor-general and Lady Grey came down from Ottawa last night, reaching the Windsor-street station noon after noon, and were met at the station by Lord Dufferin.

They went to Shaftesbury-avenue. The approximate cost is \$901. The payment will be made over a period of ten years. The approximate annual cost will be \$83.26 per lot.

OPENING OF LOTS.

Opening of a 124-foot lane, extending easterly 10 feet, which is to have a width of 5 feet from Dundas-street to the rear of the lots fronting on the side of Havelock-street, during the year of the lots fronting on the north side of York-street, the approximate cost is \$100. The payment of the work shall extend over a period of 10 years. The approximate annual cost per foot of the lane will be \$8.07.

The cost of the said improvement was estimated by Mr. J. C. McEwen, assisted by the proposal works, as shown in reports, and are payable in cash.

Special excursion for the
event by Canadian Pacific Rail
return tickets only \$2.75. Good
Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 11,
17, good returning on Friday, 18.
Tickets at all C. P. R. offices.

Two days
ago the dealers in
hunting
weapons, and
ammunition,
were
meeting
yesterday
morning
at the
Hotel
Macon.
The
meeting
was
held
in
the
ball
room,
and
the
subject
was
the
hunting
season.
The
meeting
was
held
in
the
ball
room,
and
the
subject
was
the
hunting
season.
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meeting
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in
the
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room,
and
the
subject
was
the
hunting
season.

definitely needed to
improve will not be
of the operating ex-
fact that he con-
Europe this year.
lines are said to
this stage.

NEW YORK
F. Head & Co. re-
the following trans-
tations on the New
Nipissing, 14% to 24,
85,000; Buffalo,
Bever, 1% to 2%
25-16 to 2%, high
Rock, 17-16 to 1%
Green-Meshan, 17-
1% to 2%;
1900; Kint, Edward

Hefaway—100 a
 at 1.98, 100 at 1.52
 Silver Leaf—100 a
 Green-Meehan—20
 at 1.45, 100 at
 1.45.
 Peterson Lake—2
 at 52, 500 at 52, 200
 University—20 a
 Silver Queen, 50
 Red Rock—1000 a
 at 1.40, 1000 at 1.
 —After
 Abitibi—100 at 5
 Red Rock—500 a
 at 1.45, 200, 1000 a
 600 at 1.52.
 Freshwater—200 a
 at 1.20, 500 at 1.15
 1.90, 35 at 2.00.
 Green-Meehan—2
 at 1.45, 1000 a
 Temiskaming

Hyndson Bay
Kerr Lake
McKinley Bar, Sa
Montreal