

Agriculture forms part of the regular course of this college. The students are also trained in practical work. The institute has two farms—one of 190 acres, and one of 600 acres, fairly well stocked with the necessary appliances. There are large orchards of apple, pear, plum and cherry, including 2,250 trees in all, which, with a viney, nursery and small fruit plantations, afford ample means for instruction in horticulture. Eighty-three of the colored students are said to be receiving special instruction in agriculture.

WEST VIRGINIA.

The West Virginia University in Morgantown, received the national land grant. its productive funds amount to \$110,000; the grounds, buildings and apparatus are estimated at \$175,000. The annual income is \$6,500, to which the State adds about \$16,000 more.

The agricultural course consists of a series of lectures, covering two years, on practical agriculture and the allied sciences.

WISCONSIN.

The State Agricultural College of Wisconsin is a department of the University of Wisconsin, which is located within a mile of Madison, the Capital of the State. The town is very prettily situated, on elevated ground overlooking two lakes. The University is built on a still higher elevation, overlooking the town as well as the lakes. The endowment fund from agricultural lands is \$267,330; other productive funds amount to \$230,660—or \$497,990 in all. The value of the grounds, buildings and apparatus is placed at \$455,000. The land, which consists of 200 acres, is naturally well drained; the soil is clay loam, with a subsoil partly of clay and in part gravel. The special course in agriculture is very thorough and is combined with practical work on the farm.

Stock.

The college herd consists of 25 head, some of which are pure Jerseys; others Jersey and Holstein grades. There are two pure bred Jersey bulls, whose services are available to farmers in the neighbourhood for a fee of \$2. Nothing has been done in sheep or horses. A few pigs are kept, mainly for feeding experiments.

Field Experiments.

These have been continued under charge of Prof. Henry for a number of years, and include the testing of a number of varieties of corn, wheat and other cereals. Experiments on a large scale have been carried on for several years in growing amber cane for sugar making, and with ensilage.

Very little has been done in horticulture.