

## Z A M

the same name. Lon. 104 35 W, lat. 17 50 N.

**Zagara**, a famous mountain of Turkey in Europe, in Livadia, on the gulf of Corinth, near mount Parnassus, and almost always covered with snow. It is the ancient Hellicon, from which issued the fountain, Hippocrene.

**Zagrad**, a strong town of Slavonia, capital of a county of the same name, with a bishop's see. It is seated on the Sava, 25 miles N E of Carlstadt, and 137 S W of Buda. Lon. 15 41 E, lat. 46 20 N.

**Zahara**, a strong town of Spain, in Andalusia, seated on a craggy rock, and defended by a citadel. It is 47 miles S E of Seville. Lon. 4 55 W, lat. 36 52 N.

**Zahara, or the Desert**, a vast country of Africa, bounded on the N by Barbary, on the E by Fezzan, and Cashna, on the S by Tombuctoo, and on the W by the Atlantic Ocean. The air is very hot, but wholesome to the natives. It is a mere desert, as the name imports, and so parched for want of water, that the carayana from Morocco and Negroland are obliged to carry both water and provisions, the province producing hardly any thing for the support of life. The inhabitants are wild and ignorant. They have a number of petty princes; and the Mahometan religion is professed throughout the country.

**Zahna**, a town of Germany, in the circle of Upper Saxony. Lon. 12 40 E, lat. 51 53 N.

**Zaire**, a large river of Africa, which, rising in the kingdom of Macoco, divides the kingdoms Loango and Congo, and falls into the Atlantic Ocean, below Sogno.

**Zamora**, a strong town of Spain, in Leon, with a bishop's see. In its environs fine turcois stones are found. It is seated on a hill, on the river Douero, over which is a bridge of 17 arches, 135 miles N of Salamanca, and 150 N W of Madrid. Lon. 5 18 W, lat. 41 41 N.

**Zamora**, a town of Peru, in the audience of Quito. In its neighbourhood are rich mines of gold, and it is seated near the Andes, 230 miles S of Quito. Lon. 75 55 W, lat. 5 6 S.

**Zamora**, a town of New Spain, in the province of Guadalajara, 30 miles

## Z A N

S E of Guadalajara. Lon. 104 30 W, lat. 20 30 N.

**Zanora**, a town of Algiers, in the province of Constantine, 250 miles W of Hamamet. Lon. 6 25 E, lat. 36 20 N.

**Zamoski**, a strong town of Poland, in Red Russia, now the Austrian kingdom of Lodomeria. It has a citadel, and is 37 miles N W of Leimburg. Lon. 23 26 E, lat. 50 52 N.

**Zampanga**, a town of New Spain, in the province of Mexico Proper, 25 miles N of Acapulco.

**Zanesville**, a post town in Washington county, Ohio; situated on the E side of Muskingham river, 76 miles N E of Chillicothe, and 65 W of St. Clairsville.

**Zanfara**, a kingdom of Negroland, to the W of the kingdom of Zegzeg. The inhabitants are tall in stature, of a very black complexion, with broad faces, and savage dispositions. It is very little known to Europeans.

**Zanguebar**, a country on the E coast of Africa, between 3° N and 18° S lat. It includes several petty kingdoms, in which the Portuguese have settlements. The inhabitants except those converted by the Portuguese, are either Mahometans or pagans, the latter much the more numerous. The principal territories are Monibaza, Lanio, Melinda, Quiola, Mosambique, and Sofala. The Portuguese trade for slaves, ivory, gold, ostrich feathers, wax, and drugs. The productions are much the same as in other parts of Africa, between the tropics.

**Zante**, an island of the Mediterranean, near the coast of the Morca, 17 miles S E of the island of Cephalonia. It is 24 miles long and 12 broad, and very fertile. Its principal riches consist in currants, which are uncultivated in a large plain, under the shelter of mountains, which gives the sun greater power to bring them to maturity. Here are also the finest peaches, in the world, each of which weighs eight or ten ounces; also excellent figs and oil. In short, it would be a perfect paradise if wood were not so dear, though this island was formerly full of forests. The natives speak both Greek and Italian, though there are very few Roman catholics among them; but they have a bishop as well as the Greeks. This place has no fortifications, but there is a fortress upon an eminence, planted

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