rush for the door, and for some time great excitement prevailed. The disturbances were finally quelled, and the services continued.

After Vespers, a meeting of the Church was held, and a Committee of twelve was chosen to confer with the Bishop on the subject of the removal of Mr Fitzsimmons. This Committee immediately repaired to the city, but could not find the Bishop at home, and returned without having an interview.—*Boston Traveller.*

THE BIBLE IN THE PAPAL STATES.—We find the following suggestive fact in an exchange paper.

"Several seizures of Bibles and Prayer-Books amongst the baggage of English travellers, disembarking at Civita Vecchia, on their way to Rome for the Easter ceremonies, having recently been effected by the Papal police authorities, the British Consul has been appealed to, and has obtained the restoration of the confiscated Bibles and Prayer Books, and a kind of promise that British Protestants shall be allowed to travel with the sacred volume in their possession, provided they make no use of it for propagandist purposes."

A SPLIT IN THE CAMP.—We often hear of the union and harmony of the Romish Church—be it known however, that those blessings are as little regarded there, as elsewhere. Parties are as strong and bitter among the followers of the Pope, as among any other set of men. The only difference is that they are wise enough to keep the knowledge of their family jars among themselves, by not publishing them over the country by pamphlet and periodical. The following from the N. Y. Times is in confirmation of the fact of disagreement.

Saturday, June 18, 1853.

To the Editor of the New York Daily Times.

DEAR SIR:—The object of this communication is to call your attention, and that of the public, to a very bitter article in this week's *Freeman's Journal* on the subject of the GAVAZZI riots in Canada.—Lest any of our Protestant brethren should regard the sentiments therein contained, as the sentiments of our Church, allow me to say through your valuable paper, that this is not the case; but that a very large number of our most intelligent Catholics are thoroughly disgusted with this rabid journal, and I understand that measures are being taken to establish a paper which may be read without causing Romish christians to blush.

Yours truly,
A CATHOLIC.

[It is proper to state that the writer's name and address accompanied the letter.—*Ed. Times.*]—*Calendar.*

Colonial.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

In the recent debate in the Legislative Council on the proposition to alter the constitution of that body, some of its members defended its dignity with spirit. The Hon. A. Ferrie in his speech remarked:

"It was true the Council was not perfect. God knew they were far from that; but at least they could compare favourably with the other House. Thank God they had not come so low as to be fit for such a parallel."

There is more truth than compliment in that.—*News.*

LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA.

Easter Term, 16th Victoriæ.—On Monday, the 6th of June, in this Term the following gentlemen were called to the degree of Barrister at Law:

Henry Monk Mason, Esquire,
William McNarin Shaw, "

On Tuesday the 14th day of June, in this Term, the following gentlemen were admitted into this Society as members thereof, and entered on the books as students of the laws, their examination having been classed as follows:—

In University Class:

Mr. Alexander Muir, B. A.

In Junior Class:

Mr. William Ring,
" Frederick Olde, Junior,
" Daniel O'Connor, Junior,
" Arthur Ardagh,
" Malcolm Collin Cameron,
" Christopher Ralph Widmer,
" John McBride,
" William Houghton Bell.

LUBLIN THE HUNGARIAN JEW.

To the Editor of the Daily News.

SIR:—Feeling the confidence of the christian public has been abused, you would oblige me by inserting the following, as the only way of guarding it from a continuation by the same unhappy individual.

A person professing to be the Rev. G Lublin, of the Moravian Church, a Hungarian and a Jew, preached in several pulpits in this city, and made collections for a mission which he said was under his charge in Central America.

His statement to me was that he had preached in England, at Leamington, for the Rev. Dr Marsh, and in Oxford for the Rev. Mr. Clark, that he was possessed of large property in his native country, which having been confiscated in consequence of his brothers who were Bankers at Pesth, having loaned money to the Patriots, through the intervention of Chevalier Bunsen, the Prussian Minister at the Court of London, was restored, but that owing to some legal difficulties a few months would pass before he could avail himself of the proceeds; in the meantime he was obliged to throw himself on the charities of his fellow christians, to maintain those missions which he had hitherto supported from his own private resources.

Having obtained all the evidence which cicumstances enabled me, I fully credited the statement, and treated him as a real character. Suspicion having been excited, I wrote to the Rev Dr Marsh, and from his answer received by last mail transcribe the following extracts

"I wrote to Mr. La Trole, Secretary to the Moravian missions. He answers there is no such person as Mr. Lublin among our Moravian Ministers, whether in central America or any where else." "I have no recollection of any person of that name, still less as having preached for me. He could not as a Moravian. Our Church does not admit them into her pulpits.'—Chevalier Bunsen says, 'neither a Mr. Lublin, nor the affair alluded to is known to me'

The so-called Rev. G. Lublin being an impostor of the worst kind, it is the duty of every honest man to expose him; and I trust that editors of papers of all kinds and creeds will insert the above

It is reported that this deceiver is still practising on the unsuspecting christian love for the Jew, and regard for the devoted church of the United Brethren, in the lower Provinces—I think New Brunswick.

Yours truly,
R. V. ROGERS.

St James's Kingston, C. W.,
June 13th 1853.

COLONIAL SUMMARY.

PORT DALHOUSIE AND THOROLD RAILWAY.—A meeting has been held at St. Catherines for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of constructing a Railway between Port Dalhousie and Thorold,—thus connecting the flourishing town of St. Catharines with the Great Western. The resolutions for commencing the work immediately, and the taking of Stock by the Corporation under the provisions of the Municipal Loan Fund Act, were carried unanimously.

HOME MANUFACTURES.—Fred. Jones, Esq., has established a Spade, Shovel and Hoe manufactory at Gananoque, 16 miles from Kingston. The first establishment of the kind in Canada. We think it the duty of mercantile men to support Mr. Jones so long as his articles are better than those imported.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Woodstock paper says that a person named Walter Anderson met his death while engaged in logging. The stick that the oxen were drawing to the pile, coming in contact with a root, swung round and striking him on the head, caused his death in two hours.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER.—A dinner was given to Mr. Egan, (M.P.P. for the County of Ottawa), near Bytown, on the 27th ult. The Honorables F. Hincks and I. T. Drummond were present, also Mr. Kouegi, Secretary of the Grand Trunk Railway, and several gentlemen from Great Britain; one of them, a Mr. Sykes, "regretted the prospect of a war in Europe as it might render the construction of large undertakings in Canada extremely difficult."

OBILIA RETREAT FOR THE INSANE.—From Dr. Ardagh's skill as a Physician, and his experience in the treatment of the Insane, we argue well for his Establishment. We believe that Dr. Ardagh's is the only one of the kind in the Province, and it is happens that no place will be better adapted to the purposes in view—pure air excellent water, a variety of trees, and beautiful Lake scenery. The place has a very pretty appearance from the water; indeed, its situation and otherwise, we look on Dr. Ardagh's *maison de santé* as a boon to Canada.—*Barrie Herald.*

DEATH OF MR. JOHN MACINTOSH, SENR.—He died in this city, on Sunday the 3rd inst. He was a representative in the Parliament of Upper Canada for North York, and "was usually known," the *Colonist* observes, "as plain John Macintosh; and was as honest as he was plain."

United States.

THE FRIGATE LEANDER IN NEW YORK.—To judge from what the New York *Herald* of the 30th ult. says, the people of the *Leander* may have imagined that they had, in an evil hour, lighted on New Caledonia instead of New York. The respectable portion of the City highly resent the extremely uncivil reception of their distinguished visitors. After stating the very courteous reception of the *St. Lawrence* and the *North Star* (U. S. vessels) at Southampton, the *Herald* proceeds to contrast the very different treatment of the *Leander*:—

"On the other hand, when the *Leander* arrives here, with the Royal Commissioners, to our Crystal Palace, the event is barely noticed in the papers; no civic reception is extended to her officers or passengers; and to crown the contrast, the captain loses several of his best hands by desertion, and is compelled to pay one dollar per ton for water. On the one side we see an open-hearted generous welcome offered to American ships in a British port; on the other a reception in which indifference and sulkiness seem equally mingled, bestowed on a British vessel in the port of New York If we add that one or two obscure prints have not scrupled to suggest that the latter was deliberate and intentional, and that the bulk of the American people have looked upon the *Leander* and her passengers with positive feelings of dislike, we shall have done full justice to those who now complain that the city has been guilty of gross rudeness and inhospitality."

The following is from the *Philadelphia Register* (Church Paper).

"The New York Papers intimate that the reason why the authorities of that city were so remarkably wanting in their usual civility to strangers, in the case of the English Frigate *Leander* was, that the *Leander* was the vessel which in the year 1806 or 1807 fired into an American vessel off this coast, and killed some of her crew. Even if this were the case we cannot see what it has to do with the matter, or how it can justify incivility, especially towards those who have just been civil enough to them to cross the Atlantic in order to bring a deputation from a friendly Government to honour the opening of their Crystal Palace Exhibition. But, if we mistake not, their assertion is not founded on fact. The *Leander*, a frigate of 50 guns, which has just sailed for Halifax, was not in existence at the period referred to. After the commencement of the "last war," (we donot count the Mexican war in our nomenclature,) when the English found out that others could manage a ship as well as themselves, and that a sea fight was necessarily a sea victory, they consoled themselves with the notion that our vessels were heavier than theirs, and began at once, if we are rightly informed, to build a number of heavy *double-banked* frigates, fit to cope with "old Ironsides" and other such; so they thought: happily for both nations, there was no occasion to test them—peace was declared between the two countries, for which our prayer is, may it last forever. Of this *batch*, we are pretty sure, this *Leander* was one, which would date her age from 1814 to 1815; so that she could not be the *guilty* vessel the New Yorkers accuse her of being. The excuse—if it be meant for such—which we can hardly suppose possible, is surely a very puerile and irrational one.

A Massachusetts paper records a case of death resulting from spiritual monomania. A young woman, professing to be a medium of "spiritual communications," abstained from food until death ensued, under the melancholy delusion that the "spirits" had forbidden her eating

The Newark *Daily Advertiser* says that a private letter from Rev. Charles Beecher, states that his sister, Mrs. H. B Stowe, has received from Constable & Co., publishers at Edinburgh, an offer for a Temperance Tale, like Uncle Tom's Cabin, of $1,000 in hand and half the proceeds of the work after that sum is realized. The letter also says, "If she have strength to do this, it will certainly contribute to hasten the adoption of this great measure by Great Britain.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.—A resolution introduced into the Legislature of New Hampshire for preventing the further spread of slavery, was rejected by a majority of 148 to 68. Another for the annexation of Canada and Cuba was carried the instant after.

NEW YORK, July 5th.

The 4th was celebrated here in fine style. A number of accidents, caused by carelessness occurred. A riot occurred in the morning. Fire arms clubs and paving stones were used by the Irish. Many of the police and citizens were severely injured. The riot was caused by the running away of a pair of horses attached to an omnibus, which came in contact with the Hibernian Company, and broke their ranks, when they pulled the driver from his seat and beat him so badly that his life is in danger. The rioters were finally subdued, and 36 were arrested.

ARRIVAL OF THE *GLASGOW.*

NEW YORK, July 2nd.

The steamer *Glasgow*, from Glasgow June 18th, arrived here this morning, with 400 passengers. She spoke the steamer *Asia* June 14th.

The steamship *Humboldt* sailed at noon to-day with 60 passengers, and $81,500 in specie.

PASSENGERS SAILED—In the R. M. steamship *Asia*, for Liverpool—Hon J. H. Cameron, lady, two children and nurse, Canada; Mrs. Hamilton and two daughters, Canada; Mr. Bailey, Toronto; D McInnis, Hamilton, C. W.; Mr. Lay, Toronto; Mr. Hay, Canada; Mr. Bryman, Toronto.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—On the evening of the 14th inst, Lord Beaumont, in the House of Lords, moved for the correspondence between England and the United States, with respect to the imprisonment of British colored seamen in the ports of South Carolina. He complained of the authority exercised by that State over the liberty of free negroes subjects of Great Britain.

The Earl of Clarendon admitted the serious nature of the grievances complained of which it had been found impossible to remove by remonstrance with the government of the United States, owing to a proviso in the commercial treaty between the two countries. He had no objection to the production of the papers, though he did not believe any good would result from the discussion of the subject in that House. He hoped that by remonstrance with the State itself and trusting to the operation of time, the evil might be checked. The motion was agreed to.

The authorities are assembling an imposing naval force at Spithead, which is to form a squadron of observation, to be placed in Yarmouth Roads. The force at present assembled comprises the following noble ships:—Duke of Wellington, 131 guns, 1100 crew, 780-horse power, three-decker; Blenheim, 60 guns, 500 crew, 450-horse power, two-decker; Hogue, 63 guns, 500 crew, 450-horse power, two-decker; Ajax, 48 guns, 500 crew, 450-horse power, two-decker; Edinburgh, 58 guns, 200 crew, 450-horse power, two decker; Sidon, 22 guns, 300 crew, 560-horse power, paddle frigate.

At Earl Derby's Installation as Chancellor of Oxford, lodging-house keepers asked £5 for one bed-room for three nights; the place was filled to overflowing.

The hon. and Rev. A. P Percival, one of Queen Victoria's chaplains, had committed suicide, in a fit of temporary insanity. He had long been subject to wild delusions.

CHINA.

The capture of Nankin by the insurgents is fully confirmed. The Hong Kong *Gazette* confirms this intelligence, and adds that the insurgents were subsequently compelled to evacuate the city, and that they had been defeated by the Imperial troops. There was also in circulation, at the closing of the *Africa's* mails, a report to this effect, "Shanghae abandoned," which probably meant abandoned by the insurgents.

BRITISH GUIANA.

A battle has been fought between the two tribes of Indians at Berbice Strenuous efforts are being made at Georgetown to prevent immigration.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, July 6. 1853.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Flour—Millers' extra superfine per barrel	15	6	a	21	6
Farmers' per 196 lbs.	14	9	a	20	0
Wheat—Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs.	4	10	a	4	11
Spring, per bushel, 60 lbs.	3	9	a	4	0
Oatmeal per barrel	20	6	a	23	9
Rye, per bushel 56 lbs	2	9	a	4	6
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	2	6	a	2	7
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs.	1	8	a	1	9
Peas, per bushel.	2	6	a	3	0
Potatoes per bushel.	1	3	a	1	6
Apples, per bushel.	2	6	a	0	0
Grass Seed, per bushel.	6	0	a	8	9
Clover Seed, per bushel.	50	0	a	60	0
Hay per ton.	40	0	a	50	0
Straw per ton.	25	0	a	30	0
Onions, per bushel.	5	0	a	7	6
Butter—Fresh per lb.	0	8	a	0	6
Fresh per lb.	0	7	a	0	8
Eggs per dozen	0	8½	a	0	6
Fire wood per cord	15	0	a	16	3

NEW YORK MARKETS, July 5.

New York, July 5.

Flour—There is less firmness in low grades State and Western flour—for most, more plenty and dull. Canadian firm—4 75, with few sales. Western and flour 4 62 a 4 75—for common to straight State, 4 62 a 4 81—for mixed to fancy Michigan, Indiana and Illinois, 4 62 a 4 81—for common to good Ohio. Grain—Wheat—Sales and good demand for export. Supply large. Sales 12,500 bushels good to choice White Ohio and Michigan, 1 [illegible] a 1 23 (1,000 bushels mixed lots White Canadian, 1 19.—Rye—Quiet; 12,000 bushels sold at 82—Corn—Lower sales, State and Southern mixed 64 a 66 cts. Western 62 a 64, for Western mixed.—Provisions—Demand for Pork moderate; Market steady; Stock of prime rather cut light, not exceeding 30,000 barrels; sales small, 18 50 for mess, 15 62 a 15 87 for prime. Butter, 18 a 19. For new state cheese 6 a 6[illegible].

BIRTH.

At Maple-Bay Cottage, Coteau Landing, C. E., on the 25th ult., the wife of the Rev. J. Mountain of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On the 23rd June, by the Rev. J. Grier, A. M., Rector of Belleville, Alfred Argyle Campbell, Esq., Merchant, to Charlotte Eliza, second daughter of John Turnbull of Belleville, Esquire, Colonel of the 1st Regt. of Hastings Militia

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 22nd June, by the Rev. Robert Harding, Missionary, Emily, Mr. Richard W. Everett, of Cavanville, Merchant, to Miss Mary Jane Knowlson, second daughter of Christopher Knowlson, Esq., Metcalfe.

In Hamilton at the Church of the Ascension, by the the Rev. Mr. Hebden, Mr. James Bailey, of the township of Seneca, to Miss Jane Greet of Hamilton.

At St. Paul's Church, Halifax, on Wednesday morning last, by the Rev. J C. Cochran, A. M., Father of the Bridegroom, the Rev. William Rupert Cochran, A. B., Assistant Missionary S.P.G.F.P. at St. Margaret's Bay, to Mary Lawrence, daughter of the late John Johnston, Esq., Barrister at Law.

DIED.

At the Narrows Bridge, Lake Simcoe, on Saturday, the 28th of May, Antonio *alias* Peter Pilkie, Chief of the Sioux Nation, and nephew the celebrated Black Hawk. This extraordinary individual joined the British Army when it penetrated the head waters of the Mississippi, during the last war with the United States. He led no inconsiderable body of followers, who under his command and that of one McKay, were generally employed as scouts, under the immortal Brock. Antonio was present at the fierce battle where the gallant Tecumseth fell, and acted during that conflict as Tecumseth's Aide. Upon the close of the war Antonio settled upon the shores of Lake Simcoe, and married the daughter of Chief Shilling, whose late presents nearly as strange adventures and passages as the subject of our notice. Upon the death of his wife, Antonio seemed to prefer residing with the whites, which, it is presumed, was displeasing to the Indians, as his presents were stopped. Antonio once visited the Mississippi Country after the war; but only to aid in the transfer of his fine property as Stone Chief, to a gentleman, who is reported to have bought the right for a trifle.—Antonio had no connexions in the country, and died a beggar; in his last illness he was supported by the charity of Mr. and Mrs McKay, and a few others. And thus ended the career of this gallant ally of the British Arms whose life is interwoven with the stirring scenes of by-gone days, nor can it be considered chimerical to suppose, whose name may yet appear in conjunction with more noted characters in the pages of Canadian history. The old Chief was decently interred, a few gentlemen contributing his last outfit. Notes have been taken of his life, and it is the intention of their possessor to publish them, when prepared for the press.

At his residence in the township of Southwold, County of Elgin, on Saturday morning the 18th of June, at the advanced age of ninety-nine years and five months, James Burwell one of the remnants of the United Empire Loyalists. He was born at Rockaway, late Province of New Jersey, on the 18th of January, 1754. His father, Samuel Burwell, was eldest son of John Burwell, who removed from James Town Virginia, in the year 1721, a relative of the extensive family of Burwells in that county formerly from Bedford and Northampton, England, the first of whom was buried at York River, Gloucester County, 1652. One of his ancestors was of the Virginia deputation in the year 1646 to invite the fallen monarch Charles the First, to come to America for protection against his rebellious Parliament subjects. The subject of this obituary enlisted in his Majesty's service in the year 1776, at the age of 22 years. He served in the war of the American Revolution, seven years, was present at the Battle of York Town, Virginia, when Lord Cornwallis surrendered to General Washington and was there slightly wounded. After the peace of 1783, he went to Nova Scotia where he resided four years He then returned to New Jersey to take care of his aged mother, where he married and removed to Red Stone, Pennsylvania, and from thence he came to Upper Canada in the year 1795, too late to enjoy the King's bounty of family lands, but was placed on the U E list, and received 200 acres for himself and each of his children. He removed to the Talbot Settlement in the year 1810. Some few years since he had a renewed head of youthful hair and sight, so that he required no glasses He took great delight in reading the Holy Scriptures and particularly dwelt upon the 71st Psalm of David. He lived under five Sovereigns, a loyal subject, and the life of an honest man. When the time had arrived for the lamp of life to be extinguished, his peaceful spirit took its flight without the slightest struggle of bodily pain or distress, in the full hope of a joyful Resurrection.—*United Empire*

On Sunday evening, 5th inst., Rebecca, relict of the late W. J. Almon Esq., M. D.,

She was born in October 1762, at New London, Conn. U. S., and was a daughter of the Reverend Mather Byles, D. D., who, with his family, quitted Boston at the time of its evacuation by the British troops; and became Chaplain to the Garrison at Halifax, and assistant to the Rev. Doctor Brenton, the Rector of St. Paul's. Doctor Byles, after a residence of two years at Halifax, became Rector of the Parish of St. John, N. B., and Chaplain to the garrison stationed there.

The subject of this notice was married, August 1783, to Doctor William James Almon, for many years a medical practitioner in this City, and grandfather of the present Doctor of that name. She was, on the maternal side, great grand niece of the Reverend Doctor Cotton Mather, son of the Rev. Increase Mather, D. D, first President of Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass.

Mrs. Almon was one of the few remaining links which connect us with former generations. She passed her long life in consistent communion with the Church of her youth, and enjoying the affectionate respect of a large circle of relatives and friends. It pleased God to deprive her of sight, for several years past, but her mental faculties were unclouded to the last.

Her remains were interred in a beautiful spot, a quiet nook in the Cemetery of the Three Mile Church, embosomed in "trees which God's right hand had planted," and most appropriate as a place of rest from the labours of this mortal life.—*Church Times.*

New Advertisements.

Upper Canada College.

THE ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION will commence on Monday, the 11th instant.

The Examinations for Exhibitions will commence on THURSDAY, the 14th instant.

The Recitations and distribution of Prizes will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, at One o'clock, P.M.

P. W. BARRON, M.A.,
Principal.
U. C. College.

July 6th, 1853. 49-2in

☞ No Paper to insert unless directed so to do.

AN ENGLISH LADY long accustomed to Tuition, is desirous of obtaining an Engagement in a family as resident Governess.—She undertakes to instruct her Pupils in English, French and Music.

Address to M J. W., Post Office, Prescott, C.W.

June 30th, 1853. 48-4in

A RARE CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY!

SELLING OFF AT THE

ALBERT HOUSE,

36, King Street East, Toronto,

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, MILLINERY,

ALL MUST GO IMMEDIATELY!

☞ *Call early, and get the best Bargains.* ☜

THE Proprietor offers to his numerous Customers and the Public, his entire Stocks of Dry Goods and Millinery, at such prices as will effect an immediate and total clearance. This is no puffing sale to clear out old Goods.

Any one about commencing business, will find this a fine chance for so doing; as a large and increasing trade is connected with the Albert House. The fixtures and stock, with interest in Lease, will be disposed of on advantageous terms.

The Store will not be closed until 9 o'clock in the evening.

All Goods can be returned if not found to answer.

Albert House,
Toronto, July 5, 1853. 49 tf

HERBERT MORTIMER

BROKER,

House, Land and General Agent,

No. 80, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

(*Opposite St. James's Church.*)

References kindly permitted to L. Cameron, Esq., T. G. Ridout Esq., Jas. Browne, Esq., W. McMaster, Esq., P. Patterson, Esq., Messrs. J. C. Bethune & Co., Messrs. Boulton & Hall, Crawford & Hagarty, Russell Brothers & Co., Ross Mitchell & Co.

Twenty years' Testimonials constantly on hand, at a liberal Discount.

Toronto, December 1st, 1852. 8tf

WILLIAM HAY,

ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, REMOVED to 62 *Church Street.*

WANTED.

Two well educated YOUTHS as pupils.

British America Assurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Thirty-first Dividend on the Capital Stock of this Company paid in, was this day declared for the year ending with the Thirteenth of June instant, after the rate of Six per Cent; and that the same will be payable on and after Monday, the eleventh day of July next.

The Transfer Book will accordingly be closed from the 1st to the 9th day of July next, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.

British America Assurance Office,
Toronto, June 29, 1853. 48-tf

City of Toronto Debentures.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 8th day of August next, for CORPORATION DEBENTURES, to be issued under a By law of the Corporation, upon any day after that date, to the amount of £13,936, or any part thereof; the principal payable either in full at the end of Twenty years, or in sums of 667l. 10s annually in from one to twenty years.

The Debentures to be made out for such amount, as may be agreed upon, and the interest payable half-yearly at the Bank of Upper Canada.

The party Tendering to distinguish in his offer between the amount being paid in Twenty years, or being distributed in equal sums, payable in from one to Twenty years.

A. T. McCORD,
Chamberlain.

CHAMBERLAIN OFFICE,
Toronto, 13 hJune, 1853. 44 tf

VENTILATION.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to furnish at their Foundry, the most powerful and economical house-warming and VENTILATING STOVE in the world—of three different sizes—from that which will warm Churches or other large buildings to the smallest office. Specific directions will be furnished gratis by application to Henry Rutan, Esq of Cobourg.

J. R. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Toronto, April 30, 1853.

Cricket Bats, Balls, &c.

THE undersigned has pleasure in announcing to the lovers of Cricket, that he has just received and now offers for Sale, an excellent assortment of XXX MATCH BATS and BALLS, and other Cricketing materials.

These having been imported by him direct from the well-known house of Lillywhite, Brothers & Co., by special order, and the selection having been carefully made in England, he can confidently recommend them as of *first-rate quality.* The prices will also be found lower than has been hitherto charged for the *best* articles.

HENRY ROWSELL;
King Street

Toronto, May 26, 1853.

CHURCH AT THE FALLS OF NIAGARA, CANADA WEST.

A BAZAAR will be held about the middle of August next, at Drummondville, Falls of Niagara, for the purpose of raising funds to assist in building a Church in that village; those who are kindly inclined to lend their aid, are earnestly requested to send contributions to either of the following ladies, before the first of Agust.

Mrs. Ingles. Mrs. Leonard.
Mrs. Woodruff. Mrs. Blackwell.
Mrs. Murray. Mrs. Mewburn, Stamford.

March, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED,

SAM SLICKS WISE SAWS AND MODERN INSTANCES; or, WHAT HE SAID, DID OR INVENTED.

Paper 2s. 6d; Cloth, 3s. 9d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller & Stationer,
King Street.

Toronto, June 22nd, 1853.

NEW BOOKS,

JUST RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND.

THE PENNY POST, vols. 1 and 2—1851—22; per vol. 2s. 3d.

TRACTS FOR PAROCHIAL USE, published by J. H. Parker, in Packets as follows:—

ON CONFIRMATION, 8 Tracts for 1s.

ON THE CHURCH AND CHURCH SERVICES, 12 Tracts for 2s. 3d.

ON THE LORD'S SUPPER, 9 Tracts, 1s. 2d.

THE CANONS AND DECREES OF THE COUNCIL OF TRENT, with a Supplement, by Theodore Alois Buckley, A.B., 7s. 6d.

STORIES AND CATECHISINGS, in illustration of the Collects, or A YEAR WITH THE FIRST CHOP BOYS OF FORLEY, Edited by the Rev. William Jackson, M.A., Vol. 1, from Advent to Tuesday in Easter Week. Price 6d.

do do do in parts from 1 to 6, from Advent to ninth Sunday after Trinity, Per set, 8s. 9d.

THE ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY OF USEBIUS. Pamphilus Translated by the Rev. C. F. Crusse, A. M. Price 7s. 6d.

ELEMENTS OF INSTRUCTION concerning the Church, and the Anglican Branch of it, for the use of Young Persons, by C. Wordsworth, D. D., Price 5s. 3d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller, Stationer & Printer.
King Street.

Toronto, June 22, 1853.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

AN Assistant Master in the Church Grammar School, Cobourg—Salary liberal—apply (prepaid) Rev H. B. Jessop.

Cobourg, June 15th, 1853. 46-tf

WANTED,

A LAD for the Printing Business, he must possess a good English Education, and be not less than fifteen years of age. A member of the Church of England would be preferred.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

Toronto, June 18 b, 1853.

WANTED,

A LADY of the Church of England, competent to undertake the care and education of three little Girls, the eldest eleven years of age. The usual branches of a thorough English Education, and Music required.

Address M. B box 306, Post Office, Toronto, stating qualifications, and the salary expected

Toronto, Feb. 18, 1853. 2-in.

Wanted Immediately.

A young lady as Governess, a member of the Church of England competent to instruct in Music and French and the usual branches of an English education.

Address R. S., Box 244 Post Office Toronto

MR. CHARLES RHAN.

SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS to acquaint his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has been spending some time with Professor John Allen, of the College of Dental Surgeons, Cincinnati, from whom he has been acquiring a knowledge of the late great improvement in Dentistry, viz: that of uniting single teeth to eachother and to theplate upon which they are set, by means of a fusible silicious cement, which is flowed in and around the base of the teeth upon the plate in such a manner, as to form a continuous artificial gum. By this method the cavities between the teeth, which are unavoidable in the old style, are completely filled up leaving no chance for secretions of any kind and giving a perfectly natural and life-like appearance to the gum and teeth.

Specimens may be seen at his Office, on the corner of Bay and Melinda Streets. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m

Terms—Cash—without exception.

This important improvement has been patented by Dr. Allen in the United States, and steps have been taken to procure Patents in England and France. Dr A. has authorized Mr. Rhan to give instructions in this beautiful art to educated gentlemen in the profession, on moderate terms.

N B—Mr. R offers a friendly challenge to all the Dentists of British North America to compete with him at the approaching Provincial Exhibition, for a Gold Medal value £12 10s, to be left to the judgment of the Professors of Toronto University, and of Trinity College.

Toronto, Sept. 17, 1852. 1t

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

Establishment for Young Ladies,

CONDUCTED BY

MONSIEUR AND MADAME DESLANDES

PINEHURST, TORONTO.

THIS Establishment is composed of, besides the Principles, two highly educated resident English Governesses, and one French.

PROFESSORS:

Of Singing	Mr. Humphreys.
Of Music	Mr. Ambrose.
English Master	Mr. C. Lancombe.
Drawing Master	Mr. Lucius O'Brien.
Writing Master	Mr. Ebbels.
Calisthenics	Mr. Goodwin.

Terms per quarter, for Boarders, including all the various branches in English and French, with Music, Drawing and Needlework			
	£15	0	0
Day Pupils	6	0	0
Singing	5	0	0
Italian	2	0	0
German	3	0	0
Dancing for the Season	3	0	0
Calisthenics	0	15	0

Toronto, April 6th 1853. 38-tf

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

Mrs. Crombie

Begs to inform her Patrons and Friends, and the Public generally, that, with a view to the extension of her School, she has removed to the large brick house on George Street, two doors North of the Upper Canada Bank, where she will be prepared to receive Young Ladies, either as Boarders or Day-scholars, on the 1st May next.

From Mrs. Crombie's long experience in Tuition, the success she has hitherto met with, and the kind encouragement of friends, she is led to entertain a confident hope that an increased attendance of Pupils will follow upon her removal to a more favourable position.

Terms moderate, and made known on application to Mrs Crombie

Reference kindly permitted to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Rev. John M'Caul, LL. D., President of the University of Toronto, the Rev. H. J. Grasett M.A., Rector of Toronto, Rev. Edmund Baldwin M. A., Assistant Minister of St James, Rev. J. G. D. M'Kenzie B.A., Incumbent of St. Paul's, Yorkville, and the Rev. R. J. M'George, of Streetsville.

Toronto, April 20th 1853. 38-tf

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

LADY PRINCIPAL:

MRS. POETTER.

ASSISTANTS:

2nd English Teacher, ... Mrs. LIDDELL.
3rd English Teacher, ... Miss KENNEDY.
French ..... Mad'lle SIMON.
Master for Writing and Arithmetic, ... Mr. ERBELLS.
Master for Drawing ..... Mr. BELL.
Master for Music, ... Mr. STRATHY
Master for Singing, ... Mr. HUMPHREYS.

IN consequence of the number of Shares not having been taken up for the Proprietary School, the Council had been compelled to relinquish their plans, and Mrs. Poetter has therefore undertaken, with their sanction, the present Establishment, under the same system as the Proprietory School, and *on the same Terms*, without the liability of the shares.

The Studies will include a thorough English Education, with French, Italian and German Music, Singing, and Drawing. Wax Flowers, Embroidery, and all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, are also taught.

A Lady will assist Mrs. Poetter in taking charge of the Boarders, whose sole duty will be to watch over the health and attend the comforts of those committed to her care.

PROPRIETORY SCHOOL.

AT a Meeting of the Council on Thursday, the 13th of August, the following Minutes were passed:—

"1. *Resolved*—That for the reasons herein stated, the Council having been compelled to relinquish their plan, the Church of England Proprietory School is hereby given up accordingly.

"2. Upon a proposal from Mrs. Poetter, offering to open a School upon the same plans that intended for the Church of England Proprietory School.

Whereupon it was resolved—

"That inasmuch as the Council had intended to place Mrs. Poetter at the head of the Educational Department of the Church of England Proprietory School, they have the less hesitation in acceding to Mrs Poetter's proposal, and they hereby allow her to state that she has their sanction for using their name, and they hope that her exertions may meet with that success which she so well deserves."

TERMS.

(*To be paid Quarterly, and in Advance.*)

Education ..... £10 per annum.
Finishing Pupils ..... 5 additional.
Boarding 30

NO EXTRAS.

Boarders will be required to bring their Knife, Fork, and Spoon, Bedding and Towels.

Persons wishing for further information are requested to apply (if by letter *post-paid*) to Mrs. Poetter, York street.

JUST PUBLISHED;

A Table of English History

COMPILED BY MRS. POETTER, FOR THE USE OF HER SCHOOL.

The object of his Table is to present History to the pupil in a condensed form, and Mrs. Poetter's plan is to have it committed to memory, and enlarged upon by questions from the Teacher, after previous study of the different subjects.

Toronto, November 4th, 1852.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Whooping-Cough, Croup, Asthma, and Consumption.

In offering to the community this justly celebrated remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, it is not our wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, but frankly to lay before them the opinions of distinguished men and some of the evidences of its success, from which they can judge for themselves. We sincerely pledge ourselves to make no wild assertions or false statements of its efficacy, nor will we hold out any hope to suffering humanity which facts will not warrant.

Many *proofs* are here given, and we solicit an inquiry from the public into it; we publish, feeling assured this will find them perfectly reliable, and the medicine worthy their best confidence and patronage.

From the distinguished Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica, Bowdoin College.

Dear Sirs I delayed answering the receipt of your preparation, until I had an opportunity of witnessing its effects in my own family, or in the families of my friends.

This I have now done with a high degree of satisfaction, in cases of both adults and children.

I have found it, as its ingredients show, a powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonary diseases.

PARKER CLEAVELAND, M'D.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Feb. 5, 1847.

LOWELL, Aug. 10, 1849.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: I have been cured of the worst cough ever had in my life, by your "CHERRY PECTORAL," and never fail, when I have an opportunity, of recommending it to others.

Yours respectfully,
S. D. EMERSON.

☞ Read the following, and see if this medicine is worth a trial. This patient had become very feeble, and the effects of the medicine was unmistakeably distinct:—

UNITED STATES HOTEL, SARATOGA SPRINGS, July 5, 1849.

Dr. J. C. Ayer,—Sir: I have been afflicted with a painful affection of the lungs, and all the symptoms of settled consumption, for more than a year. I could find no medicine that would reach my case, until I commenced the use of your "CHERRY PECTORAL," which gave me gradual relief, and I have been steadily gaining my strength till my health is well nigh restored.

While using your medicine, I had the gratification of curing with it my reverend friend, Mr. Truman, of Bompton District, who had been suspended from his parochial duties by a severe attack of bronchitis.

I have the pleasure in certifying these facts to you.

And am, sir, yours respectfully,
J. F CALHOUN, of S. Carolina.

CHESTER, Pa., Aug. 23, 1846.

J. C. Ayer,—Sirs I was taken with a terrible cough, brought on by a cold in the beginning of last February and was confined to my bed more than two months Coughing incessantly night and day, I became ghastly and pale, my eyes were sunken and glassy, and my breath very short Indeed, I was rapidly failing, and in such