

hauled from the ship, and made fast to the rock. By means of a line the men were slung to this rope and hauled to the rock one by one, and in the same order were transferred to the flat, which was hauled across to the island, where a fire was kindled and sundry prompt measures taken to alleviate the sufferings of the unfortunate.

## A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

In this way nine of the eleven men were saved; the tenth having escaped shortly after the ship began to break up, by lashing himself to a board and swimming. How this man escaped with life is a mystery; for not only was he dashed over and through the breakers but he was surrounded and repeatedly overwhelmed by the puncheons of the cargo, which at the time were driving about in every direction and smashing against the rocks; yet as if by a miracle he was carried over and finally launched into comparatively safe water, where he was picked up by a boat more dead than alive. He was quite insensible for some time afterwards, but soon recovered when some simple restoratives were applied. Great credit is due to one Samuel Yarns, who persisted in taking his boat to make a last effort to save this man, while all the other lookers on had given him up as already dead.

The poor fellows, naked and famished, were liberally supplied with food and clothing by the fishermen, thankful that they had been as it were snatched from the very jaws of death.

## HOME RULE.

(To the Editor of the Daily Witness.)

Sir,—By a portion of your short article on the recent demonstration in this city in favour of Home Rule for Ireland, you have offended many who, notwithstanding that it is so often offensive to them, contribute in no inconsiderable degree to the support of the Witness. This, I am aware, is not of the order of considerations likely to influence your course, but were you to test the grounds upon which you stigmatize the motives of the large number of your fellow-citizens referred to in your paper of the 29th instant, the result might be different. Upon what authority, for instance, do you say of the Home Rule movement that "it looks very like Fenianism in a guise decent enough to allow of the Roman Catholic clergy patronizing it if they choose, without seeming to encourage treason?" The Catholic clergy, one and all, opposed Fenianism upon religious and patriotic grounds; they are not, to-day, so devoid of intelligence, or so ignorant of the springs of action amongst their own people, as to be deceived to the extent you would appear to insinuate. Perhaps, however, I misapprehend you. Do you mean to say that they (the clergy) know the Home Rule movement to be, in reality, Fenianism, and avail themselves of the "decent guise" to encourage treason? In either case you are mistaken. Neither designedly nor otherwise are that portion of the Irish clergy who have espoused this cause attacking the true interests of the Crown of England. They simply desire the restoration to Ireland of rights which she once enjoyed with the full consent of that Crown, and of which she was subsequently deprived by means of almost unparalleled criminality. No doubt, you would condemn that crime; and, *mirabile dictu*, you quote Archbishop Manning to prove that "the Irish peasantry are better off than those of the sister kingdom." Well, if all Mr. Arch and others say be true, this would be no great feat of bliss after all; and I, for one, can scarcely wonder that Irishmen, Protestant and Catholic, who desire to preserve for their country her rank as a Christian nation, should seek another form of "Rule" than that which, according to authentic public statements, has brought upon the English peasantry an amount of ignorance, crime, and want, which really borders upon barbarism. Your allusion to "one Protestant Professor being a Home Ruler" might have been spared, and still less worthy of you is the sneer at the Protestantism of that gentleman. Professor Galbraith, of Trinity College, is not thus spoken of by those who know him. In Ireland, his character as a Christian, a scholar, and citizen, is high and stainless. To prove how far from the mark is your "one Protestant" idea, I could furnish a long list, beginning with Isaac Butt, Q.C. and M.P., the leader of the movement, and embracing such well-known Irish Protestant names as the Hon. King Harman, Sir John Gray, John Martin, R. P. Blennerhasset, Joseph Buzarg, of Belfast; William Bolster, Tipperary; J. O. Blundell, T. C. and J. Fisher, of Waterford. These men could not be connected with Fenianism in any form, guised or otherwise; their instincts and interests are alike opposed to it. It would scarcely be *comme il faut* to propose to discuss the question of Home Rule in the columns of the Witness, but you will perhaps allow me to state that it is one quite susceptible of argument, and that those who have taken the affirmative side by no means admit that they have yet been worsted. For my own part I am convinced that large and vital questions in Ireland's interest have yet to be dealt with; and when I consider that England would not, or could not, deal with the Established Church, or grant even an imperfect measure of land reform till seventy years after the Union, I cannot but approve of the renewed exertions now being put forth to secure more expeditious and effective legislation for a country which has so long suffered from culpable neglect.

MATTHEW RYAN.

Montreal, Oct. 1873.

## OPINIONS OF THE PEOPLE.

(To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.)

Sir,—When, some few months since, our Canadian National Illustrated paper, *L'Opinion Publique*, descended so low as to publish an indecent caricature of one of our Canadian public men, a production copied from the Paris *Illustration*, which, let me remark, would have disgraced even *Harpers Weekly* or the New York *Police Gazette*—it was generally conceded—apart from personal or political feeling—that however excusable such a production might be in the columns of *Chirivari*, or *Daguer*, or *Arrow*, in the columns of a journal professing to be a *journal littéraire*, it was not only unbecoming, but simply disgraceful. This exemplar of Canadian literature has, however, excelled even itself in the low, scurrilous line in its last number. It has dared, by insinuation at least, to represent the favorite pastime of the people of that dear little "Isle of the Western Ocean," whose children and children's children have, both by brain and muscle, at least done as much towards the building up of "this Canada of ours" as have any other section of her population. The *Editeur-propiétaire* presents his readers with a full-sized plate bearing the title: SCENE IRLANDAISE.—*Mémoire d'un landlord pur son tenancier*. The letter-press explanation only tends to show the ignorance, or worse, of the writer.

As well might he give one representing "Immorality" as the distinguishing characteristic of French-Canadians because of recent developments in the management of the "Immigrants' Home," (so called) and the Custom House, at Montreal; or represent husband poisoning and wife-poisoning as the favorite pastime of the people, grounding his assumption on the cases which have so frequently turned up in our Courts; as well might he give us a plate representing "Treason to his country" as the distinguishing feature of Frenchmen, because of the charges laid, and with every semblance of probability, at the door of Dazaine and others. So might he also charge the Englishman, the Scotchman, the Welshman, with being Mormons, for the reason that some of each of those nationalities are to be found within the jurisdiction of Brigham Young.

Sir, no people deserving to be called a people can afford to have their fair name thus stigmatized, and never in Canada has any one class been so grossly

outraged as in the present instance. Suppose for an instant that it pleased the conductors of this would be "Opinion Publique" to hold up to public scorn any of the other classes of our Dominion to whom I have alluded, would you not find the French-Canadian, the Englishman, Scotchman, Frenchman, Welshman, and very properly too, rising to resent the insult. Irishmen and the descendants of Irishmen within the Dominion are not to be, must not be, despised; they are numerous, they are wealthy, they possess at least a common share of intelligence, the means are in their own hands; patronage is as necessary to this sheet as it is to others,—let these means be availed of by Irishmen as well as by those whose proud boast it is to be

## IRISH-CANADIANS.

Quebec, 25th October, 1873.

P.S.—The idea has evermore been instilled into my mind that a slanderer must necessarily be a coward. Proof: The plate above alluded to is not reproduced, as is usual, in the sheet which circulates amongst the English-speaking community, the *Canadian Illustrated News*.

I. C.

## PILGRIMAGE TO ST. MICHAEL'S.

The Catholics of Toronto, very generally, availed themselves of the invitation of his Grace, the Archbishop to make a pilgrimage in honour of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, to St. Michael's Cathedral, on Sunday the 29th inst. During the previous Friday and Saturday, the clergymen of the various city parishes were kept busily occupied in hearing the confessions of those who were determined to approach the Blessed Sacrament on Sunday morning, and accordingly a large number of the penitents were present at 8 o'clock Mass, which was celebrated by the Archbishop with all the magnificence of ceremonial peculiar to the church, on occasions of great festivals. Large numbers approached holy communion, conspicuous amongst whom were several of the members of the Father Mathew Temperance Association, and who were distinguished by a neat rosette of white satin ribbon being worn on the breast of each.

After Holy Communion a procession was formed in the Sanctuary, and the Archbishop, attended by his clergy, and preceded by acolytes, cross-bearer, and thurifers bore the Blessed Sacrament beneath a canopy, upheld by four members of the Christian Brotherhood, and followed by the members of the Temperance Society.

The procession was confined to the precincts of the church, and the ceremony was completed when the Sanctuary was approached through the centre aisle.

In the afternoon and evening also, the Cathedral was crowded by penitents from the outlying parishes who were to be seen converging towards the sacred edifice from all parts of the city. The services on these occasions were principally confined to the recital of the rosary, and the litanies of Jesus and the Saints, in which the people took part, giving the usual response in an audible voice. After the public prayers were ended, the people knelt and renewed their vows, dedicating themselves particularly to the Sacred Heart, after which they approached the railings of the Sanctuary, where they enrolled themselves as members of the confraternity of the Sacred Heart of Jesus.—*Irish Canadian*.

## BAZAAR.

The Ladies of St. Mary's Church, Williamstown, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they intend holding a Bazaar of useful and fancy articles, on Monday, the 5th of Jan., 1874, and the four following days of the week.

The proceeds of the Bazaar will go to assist in building a Chapel at Lancaster.

Contributions will be thankfully received by the undermentioned Ladies, and by the Parish Priest, the Rev. Father MacCarthy.

Mrs. ANGUS TOWN, Lancaster.

Mrs. JAMES McPHERSON, "

THE MISSES O'NEIL, "

Mrs. Wm. McPHERSON, "

Mrs. DUNCAN McDONALD, Williamstown.

Mrs. WHITE, Lancaster.

Mrs. DUNCAN McDONALD, Martintown.

Mrs. ARCH. FRASER, Fraserfield.

Mrs. ALEX. SHANNON, 44 Ste. Famille St., Montreal.

Williamstown, Oct. 27th, 1873.

Judge Consul.—This gentleman is now en route for Europe, accompanied by Madame Consul, having left Quebec on Saturday in the steamship *Caspian*. On departing from Montreal, a large number of personal friends and citizens together with a number of police officials, assembled to bid them "God speed." It is the intention of the Judge to spend six months in Great Britain and on the continent.—*Gazette*.

THE SKINNER LADDER ACCIDENT.—It has been proposed to erect a monument in the Roman Catholic Cemetery to the victim of this lamentable accident, Patrick Kelly, and an appeal to the public is made by the Guardians to enable them to effectually carry out the project.

Quebec, Nov. 3.—Mr. Bossange, Dominion Emigration Agent at Paris, has forwarded by the steamship *Cicassian*, which arrived in port to-day, 25 emigrants; 23 are natives of France, and 2 of Alsace.

The Earl of Roseberry and Lord Lewisham, eldest son of the Earl of Dartmouth, are staying at the St. Louis Hotel.

So far during the present year 28,257 emigrants have arrived at Quebec. During the same period last year the number of arrivals was 28,317. Of these in 1872, 15,094 went to Ontario, and in 1873, 18,001.

Oats and barley are a good crop this year in Nassagaweya, and will average from 30 to 50 bushels per acre. Fall wheat, however, was badly thinned out by the frost last winter, and will only yield about ten or twelve bushels per acre. Spring wheat is also a poor crop, and will not average more than from ten to twelve bushels.

The Police Magistrate of Kingston fines any one \$5 who is charged with drunkenness between Saturday evening and Sunday; either that or the option of informing as to the liquor sellers who are guilty of infractions of the law.

The Chaudiere lumbermen are complaining that they cannot dispose of their square lumber at Quebec this Fall to advantage, and some of them expect to hold it over until next year.

The total yield of coal from the coal mines in this Province for nine months of the present year was 773,428 tons being an increase of 142,959 tons over the production during the same period last year.—*Halifax paper*.

A WARNING.—The way some Montreal ladies, who have plenty of money, carry it with them when out shopping or marketing, gives thieves and pickpockets fine opportunities for robbing them. Day after day, women go down to our markets with purses full of money, and in paying out a few cents, expose the whole of it to the bystanders, and afterwards, in the crush around the stalls, the thief successfully plies his avocation. Only this morning a Mrs. Ideau, of St. Catherine st., had her pocket picked of \$60 at the Bonsecours Market, while a Mrs. C. Picard, of Visitation street, lost \$6 in the same way. Ladies when going marketing should only take with them the amount of money they intend to spend.

TEN SUPERIOR COATS.—ATHABASKA.—A pleasing incident occurred this morning in the Court House here. On the arrival of the Honorable Judge Doherty for the first time, the members of the Bar, with the officers of the Court all attired in their robes, proceeded in a body to his chambers, and there, through Mr. Austin, one of the senior members, in a few appropriate words, warmly welcomed the new

Judge to the district. After these congratulations the Bar retired to the Court Hall, and His Honor took his seat on the bench, when the commission appointed him was read the Bar rising to their feet and standing while this was done. When the ceremony was over, the Judge addressed the members of the Bar, kindly assuring them that nothing would be wanting on his part to make their professional duties agreeable, and that his best efforts would be exerted towards promoting the pure administration of justice in his district. The Honorable Judge will meet an accumulation of arrears sufficient to tax his best energies.—*Athabaska, Oct. 28th.—Com.*

Christianity such as they have been taught, and civilization as it is known to them, have done little for the moral or national improvement of the people of the Sandwich Islands. When Cook discovered those Islands the people numbered 300,000; now they are scarcely 80,000, and the decrease is owing mainly to the immorality of the people. Now we are told by a religious paper:—

"The Leprosy is becoming so fearful in its ravages in the Sandwich Islands that the ministers have begun to preach a strict observance of the old Levitical law touching that disease, and the State is disposed to enforce its provisions."—*St. John Freeman*.

THE BUTCHERS AND THE MEAT INSPECTOR.—The butchers are again petitioning the City Council to remove the present Meat Inspector, who is giving them much offence by the conscientious manner in which he discharges his duty.

CITY MORTALITY.—Last week the interments in the Protestant Cemetery numbered 17, and in the Roman Catholic Cemetery 43, making a total of 60.

A BAD BEGINNING.—A young immigrant from the old country, named Charles Williams, was brought up at the Police Court on Monday, having been caught in the act of stealing a bag on the previous day. Since his arrival he has done nothing but hang about the wharves, whether from necessity or inclination may be judged from this act. He was sent to prison for ten days.—*Gazette*.

OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—Mr. T. D. Tims, of the Audit Office, has returned from Manitoba, where he has been on departmental service. A son of the Earl of Minto accompanied Mr. Tims from the Prairie Province. It is Mr. T. K. Ramsay, Q.C., late an assistant judge of the Court of Queen's Bench of Lower Canada, who has been appointed to succeed Mr. Justice Drummond, and not Mr. Thos. W. Ritchie, as stated by mistake in my dispatches of Friday. Mr. Richard Wallace, late M.P. for Vancouver Island, has been appointed Inspector of Post Offices for British Columbia.—*Gazette*.

A NICE WIFE.—It is not often that a man finds it necessary to take legal proceedings against his wife; but few men, we should imagine, could view without anger a wife's constant intoxication or go supperless to bed without making an effort to improve her manners. Still less, we think, could a husband regard a coal oil lamp flung at his head as an illustration of affection, even if the lamp did not endanger the destruction of the "household goods" by fire. Mr. William Williams, whose wife somewhat exceeded the above suppositions the other day, certainly holds to the opinion that there is a medium in all things—even in a woman's domestic habits; and he has given information at the Police Court, in the hope that a little magisterial wisdom will tend to ameliorate what has not the appearance of being a happy condition.

The Chatham *Banner* says:—On Saturday, the 11th ult., at 9 a.m., Mary Campbell, aged six years and a half, daughter of Mr. Campbell, a farmer of West Tilbury, was sent to the store to purchase two pounds of sugar which she obtained. Returning home, by some mischance she lost herself in the woods, which extend for miles east and west, south of the Middle road. Not returning in due time, she was searched for by her parents, but without success. All day Sunday, the search was continued by a large number of persons, but they failed to find her. Sunday night being extremely cold, and the child's clothing of the lightest description, it was feared she could not be found alive. On Monday, at an early hour, every available man in the country for miles turned out (upwards of one hundred in number). At noon on Monday, she was found by Mr. Meddagh, hotel proprietor, of Comber, in the woods south of Mr. Dorrington's farm, in the township of Rochester, a distance of ten miles from her home. Although exhausted and weak when found, the poor child had not broken upon her parcel of sugar, which she said was for her sick grandmother. She was carefully carried out of the woods and taken to the house of our good friend, Christian Simons, where suitable food was given her. After an hour's rest, she was sent home in a wagon to her disconsolate parents. For a child, six and a half years of age, to exist without food or water for fifty-one hours in the dense bush, is almost incredible. Much credit is due to the parties who turned out, and the thanks of many are due to Mr. C. Simons, who liberally provided a gratuitous dinner and supper to many of the wearied hunters.

SUBJECT FOR A MORAL.—An old man, a farmer, named Bruno Contois, of Varennes, came to town on Wednesday with farm produce, and at night got drunk to finish the day's business. He fell in with a notorious vagabond named Louis Denis, and with some others, had as the old man thought, a good time. Yesterday morning, however, Farmer Contois discovered that he was in the vicinity of Longueuil Ferry, and on searching found he had been robbed of \$40. Denis was arrested, but the charge of robbery could not be made out against him, although it was known he was quite capable of such, and in all probability did it. Being well known as an habitual loiterer and frequenter of disreputable houses, as well as "a penitentiary bird," he was sent down for six months.—*Herald*.

The *Nestorian* brought £25,000 in specie for Halifax; £10,000 for the Merchants' Bank and £15,000 for the Union Bank.

The steamer *Niagara*, from Sydney, C.B., for St. John's, Newfoundland, fell in with, on the 27th ult., the schooner C. Gresham, from Pictou for St. John's, dismasted in a gale the previous night, and towed her into that port.

The projected Stratford and Lake Huron Railroad is to strike the lake at Wharton or Colpoys Bay.—The bay comes in from Georgian Bay, about twenty miles north of Owen Sound.

An unusual number of cases of typhoid fever are at present at the Montreal General Hospital.

LOST CARS.—The *Globe* says that "the American cars now used on the Grand Trunk since the change of gauge to American width, are higher than the Canadian, and much more dangerous in passing beneath the bridges on the road. If this is so, the Company will doubtless immediately set about raising the bridges."

The following case of horseshoe making extraordinary is noted by the *Globe*. On Monday last, John Haggitt and Joseph Ravelle, two workmen in the employ of Mr. Tipling, blacksmith, performed the feat of making 180 good horseshoes in the short space of ten hours. We believe this to be very fast work, and should like to hear if any Son of Vulcan has beaten it or can beat it.

And yet another coal discovery has been made in Cumberland county by J. S. Hickman, Esq. In addition to a seam discovered by him some time ago at what is known as the "Stiles Mine," he has struck one in the same vicinity, over seven feet in thickness, and said to be the most valuable coal oil.—*Acadian Recorder*.

GALLANT RESCUE.—Yesterday morning Mr. J. J. O'Leigh, civil engineer, jumped from the look gate into the canal basin, near Black's bridge, after a bargeman who was thrown over by a tow-line. He

succeeded in rescuing the poor fellow, who was in a very exhausted state when hauled out.—*Gazette*, 31st ult.

A SWEET MOUTH.—A Swedish laborer, named John Jurland, found it impossible to see a large quantity of raisins on the wharf without inserting his hand into one of the boxes and abstracting 20 cents worth. For this fancy of his he was ordered to be imprisoned eight days.

The news from the Newfoundland cod-fishery report it a fair one, and a good catch of herring.

OUR NATIONAL GAME.—The science of lacrosse in this city seems to have degenerated into a medium for malice, and there exists a well-nourished feud between each of the clubs and all the others. Saturday afternoon the Tecumsehs and Young Ontarios proceeded to the field and began a match, but before the first game had been played out the unprecedented roughness which distinguished both sides culminated in a "foul" more than usually gross, whereupon the flags were removed and the field vacated.—*Toronto Globe*.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.—The fall term of the Court of Queen's Bench (Crown side) for the district of Arthabaska, will open this morning at Arthabaska, with a heavy calendar, when the Hon. Mr. Justice Doherty will preside, and the Hon. Mr. Solicitor-General Chapleau prosecutes for the Crown.—*Gazette* 4th inst.

PORT ERIC, Ont., Nov. 3.—The formal opening of the International Railway Bridge took place to-day. A train of cars, with Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Mr. Potter, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, Mr. Bridges, and the principal officials of the railway, crossed from the Canadian to the American side, returned, and were afterwards entertained at a lunch given by Messrs. Gzowski and McPherson, the contractors. An immense traffic is immediately expected. Regular passenger trains commenced crossing to-day.

The Ottawa *Citizen* says that a most remarkable escape from a rifle shot occurred at Kinburn shooting range, Fitzroy, near Mr. Fraser's farm, lately. Some of the young men of the vicinity were practising at the target late in the evening, and before giving up shooting, were examining their shots. One of the party said he would have one more before he left, and he accordingly retired several hundred yards from the butt. His companions remained near the target, and forgot that a shot was to be fired. They moved in again towards the butt's eye, when crack went the rifle, the bullet from which cut the top from one of the young men's fingers. They were so close to the target that the bullet when it smashed against the iron butt, glanced off and struck another of the young men in the leg. Both of them exclaimed, "I'm shot! I'm shot!" but on examination they found that their wounds were not dangerous.

THE INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE.—PORT ERIC, Oct. 30.—The last span of the great International Railway Bridge was placed successfully on the piers at noon to-day. This completes the structure.

FATAL GUN ACCIDENT.—CARLETON JUNCTION, Oct. 30.—A young woman named Ellis, a servant in the Ontario Hotel here, while taking wood from a wood box in which a loaded gun had been placed, in some way touched the gun, which went off, the charge lodging in her breast, killing her instantly.

INJURED BY DRINK.—ROXBURY, Oct. 28.—The railway employees at the station found an old man, this morning, lying under the west railway bridge, having fallen a distance of about 30 feet. From what can be gleaned, his name is Armstrong, and from Detroit. He was under the influence of liquor, and it is supposed he had wandered in the darkness on to the bridge. His injuries are of such a nature, that it is doubtful if he will recover.

The mail steamer "Spartan," when about 8 miles off Port Darlington this morning, lost her wheel. She managed to make the port in safety, and is now lying at the wharf, waiting for a tug to take her to Kingston for repairs.

THE WAY "to minister to a mind diseased," is to take Peruvian Syrup, a protected solution of the *peruana* of iron, which gives strength and vigor to the whole system, restores the digestive organs to perfect health, thereby restoring the mind to its natural vigor.

## REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Ottawa, J. W. R. \$2; Clayton, T. D. 2; Ste. Marie de Monroir, Rev. F. G. 2; Valcourt, D. M. 2; Lower Ireland, P. M. C. 2; Glennevin, N. B. M. C. 5; Dixie, Rev. J. J. M. C. 4; Antigonish, N. S. Rev. R. M. C. 2; Maryville, E. P. 2; Ottawa, E. C. 2; St. Raphael, Rev. F. A. P. 2; Vanhook Hill, R. C. 2; Victoria, Round Station, M. H. 2; Armstrong Brook, N. B. E. S. D. 2; Carleton Place, Rev. F. A. 2; Brentwood, D. G. 2; Dunville, T. O. B. 2; Britannia, C. D. 2; Hamilton, M. H. 2; Almonte, P. Q. 2; Lonsdale, D. M. H. 2; Alton, U. S. B. J. D. 2; Richmond Station, J. M. 2; Ottawa, J. S. 2; Iroquois, Mrs. H. M. C. 2.

Per M. T. Richmond Hill—M. N. 2.  
Per W. D. St. Bridget—P. M. C. 2.  
Per P. H. Osceola—M. D. 2.  
Per J. B. Egerton—J. M. 2.  
Per N. M. C. Ottawa—P. O. R. 2; J. D. 2; P. G. 1; South Gloucester, M. F. 2.

Per P. H. St. John, N. B.—J. C. 2.  
Per J. C. Huntington—Self, 25c.; Dewittville, O. C. 2.  
Per Rev. D. M. Somers—Tithe des Caps, I. M. 2.  
Per Rev. H. B. Trenton—Ongley, P. I. M. C. A. 2.  
Per Rev. D. G. C. South Douro—Peterboro, J. L. 2.  
Per W. C. Cornwall—St. Andrews, V. Rev. G. A. H. 2.

Per P. O. F. Upperville—Self, 2; T. D. 2.  
Per F. O. B. Inverness—J. M. 1.  
Per J. O. B. Antrim—Pamure, E. L. 2.  
Per Rev. I. J. MacC., Williamstown—Self, 2; Mrs. D. M. C. 2.

Per J. Gillies—Roxbury, Mass, Rev. J. G. 7, 50; Boston, M. F. 7; Brighton, P. M. 5; Calais, Me, Rev. O. M. C. 2; P. H. 4; St. Stephen, N. B. J. C. 2; J. S. 4; A. B. 2; Miss E. C. 2; Woodstock, N. B. B. L. 4; J. C. 4; P. M. C. 4; M. G. 4; J. C. 4; J. M. C. 4; O. K. 5; K. B. 2; G. M. D. 2; Petersville, N. B. Rev. P. F. B. Fredericton, N. B. J. K. 2; T. D. 6; P. M. G. 4; P. M. P. 2; O. F. M. G. 2; Rev. J. M. D. 4; J. D. 4; D. M. 3; W. D. 2; J. M. D. 2; D. B. 2; O. S. 2; J. H. 2; J. B. 2; T. K. 2; W. A. W. 2; T. G. O. C. 2; M. M. 2; St. John, N. B. Rev. J. S. 6; Rev. J. M. 4; Rev. F. O. 4; Rev. W. F. C. 2; J. J. L. 5; F. C. 4; M. K. 4; J. J. M. 6, 60; G. C. 6; P. M. 4; D. S. 6; Mrs. J. M. 5; D. C. 2; D. P. 2; J. J. C. 2; W. M. 2; D. B. 2; P. M. 2; T. M. 2; J. F. 2; P. F. 2; J. O. B. 2; J. M. M. 2; A. D. 2; J. C. F. 2; R. H. 2; J. M. 2; M. H. G. 2; M. A. M. C. 2; A. K. 1; P. S. 2; E. F. G. 2; M. D. 2; W. D. 2; J. C. 2; Carleton, N. B. J. M. C. 2; R. F. 2; Charlottetown, P. E. I. B. M. P. 4; O. C. 4; Rev. Rev. Dr. M. G. 4; Hon. P. W. 6; Hon. A. M. D. 2; Hon. A. M. E. 2; Hon. F. K. 2; J. S. 2, 20; M. B. 2; J. B. M. D. 2; M. M. Q. 2; E. C. 1; F. M. C. 2; J. C. 2; J. D. 2; P. K. 2; J. D. 1; C. Q. 2; Rollaboy, P. E. I. R. M. R. 12; A. C. 2; M. A. V. L. P. Office, P. E. I. E. G. 2; J. M. C. 2; East Point, P. E. I. J. B. 6; St. Peters, P. E. I. L. M. A. 2; Dr. F. 3; J. S. 6; P. J. R. 2; Souris, P. E. I. Rev. D. F. M. D. 2; J. M. Q. 4; Dr. M. J. 4; J. T. C. 2; H. M. V. 2; J. M. G. 2; R. M. D. 1; M. T. M. C. 1; J. M. 2; M. M. C. 1; S. C. 2; Souris West, Capt. R. M. D. 2; J. S. 2; Mount Stewart, P. E. I. A. M. D. 2; St. Andrews, P. E. I. Rev. D. G. 2; South Port, P. E. I. J. M. 3; Hopewell, P. E. I. R. M. D. 1; L. M. D. 1; Annandale, P. E. I. P. M. D. 1; Grand River, P. E. I. A. M. D. 1; Needham, P. E. I. J. M. 2; Red Point, P. E. I. S. C. 1; Bothwell, R. M. D. 2; Tracadie Cross, P. E. I. Rev. T. F. 2; Port Hawkesbury, N. S. Rev. A. M. K. 2; M. M. D. 2; Port Mulgrave, N. S. Rev. D. C. 2; L. W. 2; J. F. 2; J. C. 2; St. Francis Harbor, N. S. J. G. 2; Lismore, N. S. Rev. A. M. G. 2; Cape George, N. S. Rev. J. F. 6; Lochaber, N. B. Mrs. J. B. 2; St. Andrews, N. S. Rev. J. M. 4; R. O. M. D. 4; Pictou, N. S.

Rev. R. M. D. 2; A. O. T. 2; Arichat, N. S. Rev. Dr. C. 2; Merrydale, N. S. A. C. 2; Tracadie, N. S. Rev. C. P. M. 1; Antigonish, N. S. Rev. Dr. M. K. 4; J. O. B. 2; A. M. G. 2; C. M. D. 2; A. D. C. 2; N. C. 2; J. R. M. C. 2; J. M. D. 2; B. F. P. 4; A. M. G. 2; D. C. 1; W. S. 2; R. S. M. D. 2; J. M. D. 2; A. C. 2; A. M. G. 2; W. T. 2; Hon. H. M. D. 2; Dr. M. L. 2; J. O. B. 2; D. M. D. 2; R. M. D. 2; J. J. M. N. 1; H. S. 2; J. C. 2; J. G. 2; Mrs. J. M. E. 2; E. R. 2; J. J. M. K. 2; J. M. D. 2; P. M. K. 2; C. M. U. 2; Baillies Brook, N. S. D. M. D. 1; Antigonish Harbor, N. S. A. M. D. 1; J. C. 2; Arisaig, N. S. Rev. W. B. M. 1; Truro, N. S. R. M. D. 2; Halifax, Mt. Rev. Dr. C. 5; Rev. A. M. U. 6; Rev. P. D. 14; J. O. D. 4; Dr. T. W. 6; D. C. 6; J. C. 4; Sergt. J. M. 2; W. B. 4; P. P. 4; E. D. 6; J. C. 6; J. M. C. 4; C. & K. 6; P. C. 3; J. E. 1; F. O. C. 2; J. M. D. 1; M. C. 2; J. C. 2; F. O. C. 2; G. W. D. 2; Messrs J. H. & Co. 2; New Glasgow, N. S. D. M. D. 5.

## DEATHS.

In this city, on the 30th October, Henry Lanning, (late of Montreal Typo Foundry), aged 27 years.—R.I.P.

Killed accidentally, at Point St. Charles, on the 31st October, Denis Curran, aged 29 years, a native of County Kerry, Ireland. R.I.P.

At Centre Street, Point St. Charles, on the 31st October, Cassarine Granger,