takeably clear, the peoplo of God. Who entored the earthly Cancan? All those who wero led by the hand of God out of Egrpt? Oaly Joshua and Culeb. Becauso of unbelief the rest wero oxcluded. The Almighty had swoin in $\mathrm{H}_{18}$ wrath that they should not enter into His rest. Thes had sinned against Him, thoy had provokod Elim, they had murmured against Him, they had tempted Him ten times and harkened not to His voico. Thorefore, God said, Surely they shall not seo the land which I swore unto their fathors, neithor shall.any that provokes Mo seo it. Not all thoso that make the start for the heavenly Canann will obtain that wishect-for rost. Ah, nol mang will fall by the way. The deceitfulness of sin will entice many into tho bruad soad that londs to destruotion. Narrow is the gate and straitenead the way that leadoth unto life, and fow there be that fiud it ; but wide is the gate and broad is tho was that leadeth to destruction, and many be they that onter in thoroby. Let each one of us labor carnestly ard prayerfully to walk in faith the narrow road that leads to life oternal.
We have said that rest presupposes labor, and anuthor fact that claims our attention just here is that the degree of rest is dotermined by the provious labor. Where the labor is light the rest will bave a curresponding lightness, and where there is no labor there cannot logically, bo any rest; but where the labor bas been grent, the rest will be correspondingly sreat. Tie reason of this does not he in the degree of rest as an absolute, but as a relative guality. The husbandman returns homo at night wearied. He has been laboring pothaps frum the, rise of the golden orb of áay till it has long sunk to rest and the little atars come out ono by one and aro peering through the "twinkling vapors." He seeks hip home overcome by fatigue. How gladyg ho welcomes the tinie of reat. Ho sleeps the refreshing sleep that only the labores knuws. His rest is great. It is magnified in proportion to bis previeus labor until both suul and body raspond to its beatitude. But to you who have passed the day in idloness, who have exerted nether mind nar body to promote either selfish or philunthropic designs, there can be no such rest, althuugh the sa,ne conditions of rest may bo uffered to the one as to the other. Hence, in nature thuro is no such thing as absolute rest, but it is morely a relative quality. May this not be true in the spiritual:world. We are tuld to labur that wo may enter into that rest. We are also vold that the laburer is rewarded according to his wurks. Is nut this what I have just ascertained to be the case in nature? The toiling husbandman received rest in pruportuon to his lahur. Yuu experienced ao great rest because guu did not labor. This corclision may nut meet the approval of those prufessing Christians who desire no trials upon oarth, who deny themselves nothing for the Master's sake; for thon where tiere has been no labor there can be no roward. It is evident, then, that the Christan's duty is spiritual war. He must have on the whole armur of Gud. What is that armur? The Apostle Panl tells us in his letter to the Fphesiann, Stand, therefore, having your linns girt about with truth and having on the bieast-plate of righteousness, and your feot shod with the preparation of the guspel of peace; abovo all taking the shteld of faith Wherewith ye shall be able tu withstand all the fory dasts oi the wicked one, and take the helmet of aalvation and the stcord of the spirit, which is the word of God. How appropriate 18 this armor in the needs of the Ghristian! How suited to resist our apiritual enemy who is, shall I say, omnipres. ent. Lot us all labor to enter into that rest while it is yot day, ior the niyht comoth when no man can work. The more we labor to extend the kingdom of heaven the moro po deny every passion of the soul; the more we oppose all cutward attacks of Satan, the more wo toil here, though in povorty or in chains, fur the kingdom's sake, the more precious will be that-rest-iu the realns of oterna day, lighted by the smales of an approving God.

OUR MISSION FIELD IN JAPAN AND TAE WORKERS THERE.

As Japan in the field which wo have ohosen, and in which, therefore, wo are must deeply interested, a fow words about the work thore and the devoted, self-sasrificing men and women who are carrging it on will, no doubt, be profitable.

Ton years ago Goorgo S. Smith and wife, C. E. Garat and wifo, left their home land that they might have a part in bringing some soul in Japan to Christ. They settled at Akita, where many had nover hoard of Ohrist-their nearest mizsionary noighbors being 100 miles distant. Under the instruotion of a native Chriatian, they after a time were ablo to conduct preashiug sorvices and toach the people in their own tongue. Converts were very soon made. But a great sorrow came to this little band. Mrs. Smith, who was a native of Cornwallis, Nova Sectia, after two years of faithful work in trying to teach these poople of the only living and true God, was called to lay down her work and to exchange the homo she had made in that dark land for a home of light and bliss abovo. Altbough so suon called from there, her nuble life and its influonce mado a lasting impression upon those with whum ohe had mingled.
In tho following year Miss Harrison and Miss Johnson joined the Japan wission, thus encouraging the lonoly workors; and in the next year they wero again rainforced by the coming of Eugene Suodgrass and wife. Feeling strunger, they uow divided, some g.ing to Shunia and the others to Tokyo. In November last E. S. Stevens, Dr. Nina Sterens, Mias Oldham and Mary Riuch juined these workess, and much is expocted from these new recruits. As Dr. Niva Stevenn, with her medical akill will, as she heals the body, tell of the Great Physician, and Miss Riuch, in whom we are all so much interested, will, no doubt, by the same characteristics which endeared her to all who knew her here, find a way into the hearta of thyse for whom she has been willing to saorifice so much. She will, we trust, lead many to the cross of Christ.
The younger ones will be mure interested if I tell then about a little girl missiunary thereElsie Sluith. She was yuite soung when her mother died; but hor father writes: " She is growing into a beausiful Christian womanhood, and is already taking up the work laid down by her mother all tuc soon." She, with her father and family, are now in this country, his health demanding rest and change. Ho has pronnised to vinit us naxt summer, and will no doubt bring his daughter with him.
The lady missionaries are doing a gool work in Tapan in carrying the gospel into the homes and in the orphanages - where they feed and clothe the children, training them for the service of God. We have at present 12 missionaries iu Jupan, besides 7 nativo helpers, 270 converts, 332 pupils in day ard 350 in Sunday-schools. All these childien being trained by and coming under the direct influence of the cunsecrated lives of these missiunaries, we can hope that many of them will accept the Saviuur.

We are told by those who understand the religions condition of Japan, that if the Christian world will but see its opportunity and will mako a grand united effurt, that before the close of this ceatury Japan can be taken for Christ.
There are already 33,396 native Christians. But much remains to be done, as in Tokyo alone there are over $1,000,000$ souls, and in all Japan $40,000,000$. More missionaries are needed if this great work of Ohristianizing this land is to be accumpliehed, but to sond them mure money is required. We are told that there are 1,000 grung mon and women waiting to be sent as bearers of the gospol to heathen lands; but the money necessary to send them cannot be raised.
For years God's childron prayed that the doors
of heathen lands might be oponed to the gospol, and these prayers have been answered. Then thoy asked that laburers might be found to enter these doors. God has ponderfully answored these petitions in that large numbers aro willing to go. Now the prayer should ariee from overy ono who loves the souls of the heathen, that the hearts of God's peoplo may be opened so that they will give liberally, even though it involve the sacrificg of many oarthly comforts, that these volunteers may be able to go with the offers of salvation to the porishing millions of the earth, thus hastoning tho time when the kingdoms of thie wirld shall become the kingdoms of our Lord and His Christ.
Let us thank God that Ho gives to us a part in this work, and may wo all do faithfully that which Hio assigus to us. Mrs. J. S. Flaglor.

## HALIFAX BUILDING FUND.



## 껭N.

Farulabas,n.-George M. Farquharson, youngest
 P. E. I. died at his father's ressidence, May Gth, 1893,
it the 3ith year of his age. Whilo the meabers of the bereaved family and many friends beyond tho fami'y circle mourn the enrly death of him who was very dear tu nuauy hearts, they "du not sorrow as others who have no hupe." for they know that his lifo was a lifo of faith on the sion of God, snd his death did but lead to victory. Alchuugn in oxtreme weakness of body his last days were days of happincss; and his last hours were an inspiration to all by whom he was surrounded. "My. hope," said he, "is built on nothing less than Jesus" blood and righteousness." The loved ones say:

> A precious one from us is gone, A voice we loved is stilled, A place is vacant in our home Which never can be filled."
O. B. E.

Wagoser. -At his residence, Suuthvillo Digby Co., N. S., on the lith of May, Elder Benjamin Wagoner, in the Soth yeat of his age, leaving a Burrowing widuw,
severt daughters and an adopted son. beside a largo circle seveth daughters and an adopted son. beside a larye circle of relatives and friends, to mourn their irreparable loss Bro. Waxuner was baptized when buta boy by Bro. D. Crawford, and was one of the eleven Disciples whom he organized as a Church of Chritt at Southville forty-one years ago. Firona that day to the day of his death, Bro. Wagoner lived a Christian life, and continued to grow stranger in the Lord and in tho power of His might. For ruany years his huuss was a place of assembly for worship.
His hume was always $q$ boue for the preachers at all His hume was always 4 home for the preachers at all times when they could accept and eujoy his generous
husplatity. Many years ago he was chosen a Deacun of the gruving congregation, and after uting the office well was chosen as associate Eildor with Bro. Steele, in which capacity ho faithfully labored and worshipped till the day of his death, which uncxpectedly came to him when almost in the prime of life as the result of nine dayg sutferings from pneumonta. His funeral serion was preached by the writer on the Lord's day fulluwing his death, from Deut xi. 31, to a large congrega ion of mourners and sympathizin! friend, at the close of which the c.nngregation sang " Beyund the Dark Sca" by special refueat of the deceased. Then we separated, feeling that our departed bruther's inheritance was sure begond the dark awelling Lilluws of the Jordan uf death.

Syifh. - At Halifax, on the 18th of May, in his 89th year, Bro. James Smith, after a short illneas. He was baptized by Willian Jackson in $183 \%$, and from the first Wias so well eatisfied with Ohristinuity as fast as he learned the truth that he could accept nothing else. Ho unted with the hitcte chu ch in Hialifax ia lofi, and. continued a faithful member till his death. Although unable for somo time to mect with the church, his eayer his his means, ghowed thet his heart wiat hantion Callow
HENKY Calson.

Rosk-After a long and painful illness Bro. Jfots Rose, of Red Roint, P. E. I., dhed April 1,3th, ISU3, 13ro. Ruse has for many years been ad ipted in the fam. Is of God. His lifo was quiet and unassuming. His idea know, first of all, whether we are preparea for heaven, know, hers uf all, whether we are prepsrea inr neaven,
and then use the blessings our Father has given us to and then use the blessings our Father has given us to
keep, us in that way. Dea,h hud no sting whitu, the keep us in that way. Deain had no ating th hitu, the
victory over the gravo has been gainel, so those of his victory over the gravo has been gaine 1 , so thoso of his
friends who kneve him here and who aro worthy, will meet their friend-thas kiad loving child of God -again.
(\%. D. W.

