# CANADA TEMPERANCE ADVOCATES. 

TEMPERANCE 18 THE MODERATE USE OF THINGS BENEFICIAL, AND ABSTINENCE FROM THINGS HURTPIIL.

## Fiteted antictes.

## History of the "Cogniac Clnb" <br> From the American Temperance Intelligencer

There are many living witnesses of the truth and authenticity of the following narrative. The place is near, the events $r$ cent ; many of the individuals whose gloomy history is here narrated, are yet freshly remembered ; may their fate prove a warning to others!

## No. 1.

Mr. Editor,-I have thought with great pleasure of that feature of heaven intimated to us in the Scriptures, which will consist of whole families redeemed and presenting themselves be fore the Lamb, and constituting each a cluster of diamonds in his crown of glory, while each famly will be a distinct corps in the army of the redeemed, "They go from strength to strength, each of them appeareth in Zion before God."

But there will be the awful contrast to all this in the families lost. They will go from stage to stage of depravity, and cluster will be joined to cluster as each shall fill up the measure of their iniquity, and go down to receive the wages of sin in the world of death. How dreadful it will be to these clusters of ruined souls, when they meet in the congregation of the damned, there to sin ugether, and sigh together, and weep together, and wail together, as a slow eternity shall be plodding by with its ages.

I have such a group in my eye, and with rour leave will spread it out upon your pages, that young men and fathers may each be admonished to flee from the wrath to come, and lay hold on cternal life.
I tremble to entir upon the work, becanse it will hold me conversant with the retributions of heaven. "It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God."
The annals of depravity, replete as they are, with the most direful scenes, record not peven in their darkest pages a tale more interesting and lamentable than the one which I am now to relate. The passions of men unrestrained by education and religion are always unworthy of creatures made in the image of their Maker. But when vice has broken through all these salutary checks, and
figacy, they then become worthy of demons. But when Rum and Brandy lend their depraving, withering influence, the wreck of mind and character which succeeds, tinds a parallel no where in the vast reation of God. But to my story.

There was formed in a neighbouring state thirty or forty years since, a social club, that took to itself the name which stands at the head of this article. Owing to the Temperance Reformation, and $n$,ther causes, it long since found a grave, hut while is lived, it was the curse of families, and a fruitful source of the taars of broken hearted mothers and widowed wiven, where the tender sensibilities of the softer sex had not been destroyed by Rum, the monster of the age.

I shall, in giving you the history, use no man's proper name, nor noserve any o. Jer in the narration, by which any but the men themselves, if they still live, and some few who may have been very intinate with the scene, shall be able to identify them. If in heing bonest I should wound unnecessarily the good feelings of any man, I stop hiere to ask forgiveness, and still having asked that forgiveness, let no man think that the writer calculates to be afraid to do his duty in this age of Temperance. If men will act wickedly and then expect that their sin will not find them out, they act on the dark and morbid hypothesis that the truth of God must fall. If men suppose that they are doing decds, or saying words that never will be known, they should not forget the assurances of heaven, that a bird of the air shall carry the news, and that which hath wings shall tell it.

Besides, iniquity usually stereotypes itself. It is said, I believe, of a section of the family of Israel, "His sin is written with a point of a diamond in a rock." Ifever this was true, it would seem that it must have lreen true in the case of the Cogniac Club. The amount of talent, and of wealth, and education and chararter that were expended and lost in that Club almost surpasses behef. Indeed, while I write the history, my highest fear is, that I shall sometimes suppress the truth, because the whole truth would not be believed.

The Club in its early history is believed to have been somewhat political, but it ac-
male community, whatever might be their vicure in politics.

Rum was their standard in every thang. He that would drink the largest quantity of Cogniac was the finest fellow; he that could best pitch the Bacchanalian song was their favorite, and he that could blaspheme most impiously, wore in their depraved estimation, the laurels of the bravo.

It was not from familics depressed with poverty or sunk in vice that came the members of the Cluh, hut from the most wealthy, honomed and respectable of the region, a circumstance which in that dark period of our history lent an additional incentive (where surely mone was needed) to a vire which had almost driven furever away the weeping and lovely form of virtue.

I will now give you a short account of cach of the members of the Cogniac Club.
$A$ ——, wrs one of the elder sons of a very reputable family. An education was lavished upon lim, and he followed the profession of the law. His talents were' more than ordinary, and he could with perfect ease have risen and shone. He had a nobe chance to lie elevated, and useful, and happy; had a good farm, a good name, a good busines, a lucrative office, and what was better than all, a noble wife to throw around his character her protecting influcnce. But the Clul sunk him down from his elevated station into, a bar-room storyteller, lost him his offece and his character, his mind, and has business, and brought him early to a drunkurl's grave. Perhaps, never was a wife more fathful, or bore a heavier burden while she tursed him and watched him, a superannuated bahy in quite eariy life. The early loss of his mind prevented the entire squandering of his extate. He had enough to the last of this urorld's good, and to spare, but was sadly provided for, for the future. He lived for many years a sour and whappy man, and probably had no warning of his end, till he appeared before the Judge of the quick and the dead.

B ——, a near relative of $\mathrm{A}-$, was once a man of talents, and received a bigh share of respect. His husiness was formerly very prosperous. He has a pious wife and a fine family, and might live yet a score of years upon his little farm, had not the

