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THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 3 1889.

The Globe on Reciprocity.

The Globe is on dangerous ground these days; and, we should say—not from choice, but from necessity. Party exigencies compel it to entertain the public with frequent talks about "Reciprocity" of some kind; while every time it touches the question there is danger of getting its fingers burnt. We dare say our contemporary would rather be excused; but necessity has no law, and reciprocity is de rigueur with The Globe while the present situation lasts. Oh! for some way of escape but no way of escape appears.

"Unrestricted Reciprocity" is the name given by its advocates to something which The Globe pronounces to be "Our National Policy." Well, as we remarked a few days ago, there does not seem to be much of the *national* about the policy of making Canada simply a commercial annex to the United States. For this is really all it would be were The Globe-Edgar-Cartwright scheme carried out. "National," indeed! You are surely trying to fool us with a game of contraries; in which words are to be taken in a sense exactly the reverse of what they appear to mean. Any kind of a policy more *anti-national* for Canada, and better calculated to prevent this people from ever becoming a nation at all—it would be impossible to name. Calling this national policy indicates some such confusion of ideas as we might observe were we to hear of a feast of bear meat in connection with the case of some poor unfortunate hunter who had himself become meat for the bear. According to The Globe's new-fangled doctrine of contraries it would be "Our National Policy"—that is Canada's—to do a thing which would surely blot Canada from the map of nations forever. As far as genuine inversion of meaning is concerned we doubt whether Sir Boyle Roche has anything to his credit much better than this. But it is impossible to give The Globe that kind of credit which we freely accord to the witty Irishman. For The Globe is not built that way, you see.

Being on the subject of Reciprocity, The Globe finds it convenient to say that the Tories are opposed to "Reciprocity in any degree." By "Tories" here it means simply all those amongst us who would put Canada's interests before those of the United States. Observe that The Globe's idea of Canada's commercial destiny is the American idea exactly. Referring to Reciprocity in natural products, it says:

> We dare say such Reciprocity would go a long way to prosper and content the great producers of Canada. Why does Sir John not make an effort to procure it for them? Should he be debarred from the benefits on the ground that when cannot be had without the thing—the grant of *cheap supplies of all manner of Yankee goods*? Should they patiently have to be told, as they are told by the Tories, that they must put up with exclusion from the great market to which they can gain access by simply agreeing to *buy them what they can purchase to the greatest advantage*?

The Globe and Grip are birds of a feather. Whenever the picture paper tries to illustrate this subject, what it shows is always the same old humbug—the exchange of *Canadian products for American manufactured goods*. Never the slightest slip of the pen, or of the pencil, either, does it seem to admit that it might be desirable, or possible—to make the business go *vice versa*. Oh no! that can't be; you know, you know. The idea of these raw, unskilled Kanucks actually selling any manufactures of their putting together to such accomplished makers of "notions and things" as the Yankees, is just too ridiculous for anything. The Globe's plan of Reciprocity, boiled down, would amount to about this: As far as natural products were concerned, there might be something like a fair exchange, which they say is no robbery. But in manufactured articles of all kinds there would be a different tale to tell. American manufactures to the value of millions upon millions would find a profitable market in Canada, *for cash*—while we would scarcely be able to sell to our neighbors seven car loads of such articles in seven years. (If you want to know the reasons why this would be so, we will give them to you another time—reasons practical and to the point.) Not a very profitable kind of reciprocity for Canada, you will admit. But this is just the kind of reciprocity that The Globe asks us to accept. This is also the American idea of reciprocity right along. You can "see it sticking out" in all Wiman's speeches *to American audiences*. Mr. Erastus Wiman has two tones to his voice, one hums when among Canadians, the other when addressing his own people.

Take two nations, one of which sells to the other manufactured goods, while the latter sells to the former raw products. All authorities, even free trade authorities, agree that the former occupies the superior commercial position and the latter the inferior. How else was Britain's great commercial superiority developed than by just this kind of thing continued on a world-wide scale for generations, aye, for centuries? And her superiority in money making, too, let us add—her getting the lion's share of the profits on the whole vast volume of transactions. Well, we refuse to admit that Canada is necessarily compelled to take the inferior's part in the business of international exchange, and quietly and resignedly to surrender to the Americans the superior's part—the most profitable part of it all, that is. We can't see it in that light. Enough for the present, but more anon. The World proposes to see this thing out; and don't you forget it.

Will some kind weather prophet come out of his hole and inform us where the Storm King lurks? We have a suspicion that he is going to swoop down with terrific force some day soon, but we would like to have the profound views of Moses Oates or Prof. Wiggins as further enlightenment. As it is our fuel and coal dealers feel like kicking out of the back door both Oates and Wiggins and all other weather humbugs. That this spring like weather should continue without even the prophecy of a change is more than they can reasonably expected to stand.

The engineer of the Panama Company says the work could be finished in three years for $80,000,000; another says it would require $100,000,000 and a longer time. Neither knows how the money could be raised. Nor does M. de Lesseps a word to say, his word being worth much. It is estimated that should a new company be organized to complete the canal it could not afford to give over $20,000,000 for the work as it stands. No new company, however, is likely to be organized.

This year an attempt will be made to annex Brooklyn to New York. The metropolis will then have about 2,500,000 inhabitants and by the next census will run Paris closely for second place in the ranks of the world's cities.

The hotel men of New York have formed a combine against French bills of fare. Hence forth their menu cards will be printed in English and a joint Printing Association has been formed to do the work.

The Canada Presbyterian begins the new year with a handsome new re-arrangement of its make-up and an increase in size. The Presbyterian has a look of prosperity about it.

Among the Bloods.

From The Christian Guardian, Jan. 2.

Rev. John McLean, during the past eight years a missionary among the Blood Indians of the Fort McLeod District in the Northwest, favored us with a call last Saturday. Dr. McLean's work among the Indians has been attended with very beneficent results, and he intends during his expected stay of three months in this Province to lecture and preach in the interest of Northwest missions. He has many valuable suggestions as to the condition and improvement of those under his missionary charge. He has seen a steady moral and mental progress among the Indians, but believes there is a great deal yet to be done. He thinks there are objectionable features of official dealing with them; for example, the regular supply of rations which tends to make them shiftless and dependent. He is in favor of compulsory education among the Indians, and regards the establishment of boarding-schools upon the reserves as the only successful way of solving the problem.

They Dearly Love a Prince.

From The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Dec. 29.—The society people are taking a great interest in the fact that there is a prospect of a visit to the United States of some of the members of the royal family of England next season. It was said this week that it was quite probable that the Prince of Wales might decide to come over to this country next season, and that if he did he would make Lenox a visit.

What's the Matter With Dr. Wild?

From The Canada Presbyterian.

According to the recent church census, Dr. Wild has the largest evening congregation in Toronto. Whether the Doctor is to be praised, or the city to be blamed for this fact, is a question which everyone must decide for himself.

Among the Societies.

Queen City No. 4, I. O. L., held its regular meeting last night in Temperance Hall. W. Newman, W.M., was in the chair. The attendance was large, and the lodge begins the new year with a prosperous outlook.

Last night being "pie night," Mayflower lodge, I.O.G.T., assembled in Temperance Hall to honor the occasion with festivity. Songs, readings and recitations were given by many of those present. Several new members were initiated. Bro. Hayden, C.T., occupied the chair.

Peter Ogden lodge, G.U.O.F., assembled last night in Temperance Hall and installed its officers for the coming term. Foster Brown, N.G., was in the chair.

The regular monthly meeting of the beneficiary board of the Sons of England was held last night in Shaftesbury Hall. Dr. Pollard was in the chair. Twenty-five applications for beneficiary policies were approved of.

Court Hope Lodge, No. 5604, A. O. F., met last night in Shaftesbury Hall and installed its officers for the ensuing term. Bro. Bailey occupied the chair. The affairs of the lodge are in a prosperous condition.

Robin Hood Lodge, A. O. S., held its regular meeting in Shaftesbury Hall last night. Bro. Wadge, pastor, was in the chair. Three new members were initiated.

Hanlon Lodge, K. of P., assembled last night in Victoria Hall. H. R. Tilley, C. C., occupied the chair. The reports of the officers for the past term were laid before the meeting and showed the condition of the lodge to be satisfactory. Bro. Dodds of Brooklyn was present and entertained the lodge during the evening.

L. O. L. No. 412 held its regular meeting last night in Victoria Hall. J. Wallace was in the chair. Degrees were conferred on several candidates.

The regular meeting of L. O. L. No. 140 was held last night in Victoria Hall. W. Adamson, W. M., occupied the chair. The affairs of the lodge are in a flourishing condition.

Parkdale Items.

There are so many cough medicines in the market that it is sometimes difficult to tell which to buy; but if we had a cough, cold or any affection of the throat or lungs, we would try Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Those who have used it think it is far ahead of all other preparations recommended for such complaints. The little folks like it as it is as pleasant as syrup.

Views of the Flowery Land.

Rev. V. C. Hart, who for the past twenty years has been in the mission field of China, delivered a lecture last night before a large audience in the Queen-street Methodist Church, on China and Japan. He illustrated his subject by 60 stereopticon views, and most of his hearers carried away a far truer idea of the "Flowery Empire" than they had hitherto been able to ascertain.

Mr. Hart described at considerable length the customs of the Celestials, especially those connected with their religion, and many of the views which he presented were those of the great porcelain temples and pagodas which are the pride and delight of every true Chinese heart.

The Great Wall and the cities of Pekin and Nanking came in for a share in the description, and perhaps the most interesting of all was the magnificent temple of Confucius at Nanking, which for size and beauty is little inferior to the great monuments of Christian art.

A silver collection was taken at the door in aid of the Women's Missionary Society, under whose auspices the lecture was delivered.

Mr. George Tolen, druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., writes: "My customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure say that it has done them more good than anything they have ever used." It has indeed a wonderful influence in purifying the blood and curing diseases of the Digestive Organs, the Liver, Kidneys, and all disorders of the system.

City Hall Small Talk.

One of the finest tributes of respect and esteem received by the Mayor during the festive season was a peculiarly handsome Christmas card, the presentee being Mr. J. G. Owens.

Ald. Hallam gave a luncheon to the members of the Property Committee in the Albion Hotel yesterday.

According to the building permit book kept in the City Commissioner's office, the total value of buildings erected in Toronto during 1888 was over $2,000,000, as against $1,145,410 in 1887. The number of new structures was 700.

The City Engineer spent yesterday morning in the West End in connection with the extension of Markham-street.

The Waterworks Committee meets to-day.

Yesterday W. Tedford secured a permit for the erection of four brick dwellings in St. Patrick-square at a cost of $3900. There were few others issued involving an outlay of $18,000 each, one to George Peper for the erection of three pair of brick dwellings at Spadina-avenue and Willcock-street, and the second to the same person, for the erection of three pair of the same class of houses at Willcock and Huron-streets. Mr. Peper secured a third permit for a $7000 brick stable on the latter street.

The Gold Points and La Intimidads are beyond all comparison the best 5c and 10c cigars on the market. No retailer's stock is complete without them. The trade and jobbers only supplied wholesale at
246 Spilling Bros., 115 Jarvis-street.

Feeding the Needy at Erskine Church.

Over three hundred persons partook of the bountious free breakfast provided by the ladies of Erskine Church on New Year's morning in the lecture room. The apartment was handsomely decorated and the long tables were laden with substantial and nutritious viands. The elders of the church and their ladies sat one at each table in order to make their guests feel as free as possible.

After the repast Pastor W. A. Hunter delivered a suitable address in the church. Messrs. Yellowlees and Paterson also delivered addresses. Mr. Wm. Blackley occupied the chair, and excellent music was furnished by the choir. The success of this New Year's entertainment is due to the efforts of Mrs. Wm. Blackley and a committee of Christian workers.

A Cure for Toothache.

Gibbon's Toothache Gum is guaranteed to cure toothache instantly. Sold by Druggists. Price 15c. 246

Parkdale Points.

The fines imposed on Alfred Lewis, the negro restaurant keeper, have had the desired effect and the dive is closed up.

The Guild of the Good Shepherd will hold a social and entertainment to-night in the school room adjoining St. Mark's Church.

Skating has begun in good earnest.

General complaints are being made from all quarters as to the condition of the block-paving. The recent break in the auction pipe, which let a lot of moss into the water supply pipes, necessitated the tearing up of the blocks to get at the pipes, and these were carelessly replaced, as now evidenced by a big heap of earth opposite almost every residence.

The Times will be issued this week in an enlarged form.

There is a vast amount of careful canvassing being done in the various wards. Although there does not seem to be much public interest in the elections every candidate is determined to get in if possible, and there is a prospect of the largest vote ever known in Parkdale being polled next Monday.

Thos. Sablan of Eglington says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise.

SCRAPS OF CURRENT SPORT.

Reviving the Old Game of Bowls—Baseball and Turf News.

The old-time game of bowls was played by a number of gentlemen on the grounds of the Caer-Howell Hotel, Queen-street avenue, on New Year's day. The green was in good condition for this season of the year and the novelty of bowling in mid-winter will long be remembered by the participants, who highly enjoyed the exhilarating sport. Proprietor Layton says that only once previously in his time has this been paralleled at Caer-Howell, and that was exactly eleven years ago.

Prospect Park Curling Club.

The ice was in beautiful condition on New Year's day and the "stones" were flying morning, noon and night at the Prospect Park Rink. To-morrow afternoon the opening match will be played, President vs. Vice-President. An oyster supper is to be indulged in afterwards.

About an Old Horse.

"There is no life having greater vitality," says The London Sporting Times, December 22, "than that of the man who, 'the other day,' saw the famous Kangaroo, who cost the late Marquis of Hastings nearly $70,000 and never won for him a penny, between the shafts of a hansom cab. It is revived this week and doubtless will go the rounds again. The poor old fellow would be 27 years old if he were alive, and as horses do not last to that age. That Kangaroo died in harness is true, but not in that sort of harness. He was killed at Waterloo, near Portsmouth, while running for the Hambledon Plate, on April 21, 1870."

Ormonde Still in England.

"Though it was stated last week as an accomplished fact," says The London Sporting Times, December 22, "that Ormonde had been sold for $85,000 to go to the United States, we said that this intelligence required confirmation, and that in any case the report was incorrect, so far as the horse being sold to go to the States was concerned. It now transpires that the statement which was so widely circulated has no foundation in fact, and that for two years to come, at least until Ormonde has been tried at the stud, the Duke of Westminster will not listen to any offers for him. What caused us to throw doubt on the alleged sale was the knowledge that if he was sold it all it would be to the Argentine Republic, who have been promised the first refusal, and we believe that they would have closed at the figure stated. If he gets racers he would leave his country for his country's good; but it is to be hoped that he will not."

Canadian Trotters Matched.

PRESCOTT, Jan. 2.—A match has been arranged here between D. Higgins' bay mare Pan Handle and E. Rooney's Mountain Boy, to trot mile heats for $200 a side. The race will take place at Brockville on Jan. 14.

$25,000 for Sentinel Wilkes.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 2.—Mr. W. H. Crawford of this county has sold to Mr. W. France the bay six-year-old stallion Sentinel Wilkes, by George Wilkes, dam by Sentinel Price, for $25,000.

Gossip of the Turf.

With the new year the competition for the prize of $1000 to the jockey who won the most races at Clifton and Guttenberg during 1888 and $500 to the second ended. George Taylor won the first prize easily and Whyburn secured second prize, three mounts ahead of Martin Bergen.

A. T. McGuire's bay gelding Alex T. fell and broke his off foreleg in a race at Clifton, N. J., on Monday, so that he had to be shot. Souvenir also fell, but escaped injury, as also did her rider, W. Tribe. Alex T. was eight years old, and had in turn been known as P. H. and Hazard, the latter name having been given him by the late G. L. Lorillard, the horse being a full brother to the famous mares Louisette and Bertha.

O'Connor and Harrison.

There are two men in America at this moment in great danger. The name of the one is William O'Connor, and of the other Benjamin Harrison. If O'Connor can stand the sparring crowd that are gathering around him, and Harrison, the politicians that are taking him in charge, there is more power of resistance in this world than many people think.—Canada Presbyterian.

Kilrain to Fight Jackson in March.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—An Inter-Ocean special from St. Louis says that Charlie Mitchell, acting as manager for Jake Kilrain, has sent a telegram to President Fulda of the California Athletic Club of San Francisco challenging Peter Jackson for a match to be fought for the purse offered by Fulda, $6000, the fight to occur late in March, the amount to be allowed Kilrain for expenses being $1000. This challenge to hold good whether Sullivan fights Kilrain or not.

A New Ball to be Tried.

Al. Reach believes the only way to bring about more batting is to handicap the pitchers with a ball they cannot curve or command as well as the present one. It is a well known fact that the pitchers can curve a ball with a rough seam better than one with a smooth edge. By gripping the ball tightly with the front of his fingers and imbedding their nails into the seam they can put more of a twist to it and consequently there will be a shoot or curve to the ball. Mr. Reach does not believe the pitchers can put much of a twist to the new seamless ball which he has invented, and which will probably be given a trial by the Association in the spring games. It is the opinion of all who have seen it that the new ball cannot well be curved, and if this proves to be the case there will be lots of batting when the pitchers are forced to throw straight balls over the plate.

Dust From the Diamond.

There is a chance that Jack Chapman will manage the Syracuse Stars next season.

Chicago again defeated All America yesterday at Melbourne, Australia, by 14 to 7.

Hamilton wants McShannie from Pittsburg.

St. Joseph is trying to sign Perry Werden.

Gilman of Toronto of '86 has signed with Toledo.

Manager Charlie Morton has, it is said, vainly been endeavoring to make a deal with Des Moines for the players of that club.

"No matter what the circumstances may be, it is invariably the case that a released player takes especial delight in defeating the club that released him.

Alderman Franklin of Buffalo, who is on the International schedule committee, will probably be replaced by Deacon White.

Reidy will catch or play third base for Buffalo in case White and Rowe do not play, but the matter is in considerable doubt just now.

If the Tennessee Legislature will permit Sunday ball both Nashville and Memphis will organize strong teams for the Southern League.

The California League is strongly opposed to joining the national agreement, and has laid over the question of doing so for further discussion.

The directors of the Hamiltons expect to be able to raise the $1200 required for the guarantee and dues and have it in the hands of Secretary White by Saturday.

The first attempt of the Wellington, New Zealand, club, organized by Grant Henderson, formerly of Hamilton, was not a thrilling success, but quite as great as might have been expected when Grant pitched. The Wellingtons played the Hicks-Sawyer minstrels on their way from Australia and were beaten by 51 to 10.

The Board of Arbitration will have a delicate job on its hands when it comes to settle the dispute between the Lowell and St. Louis clubs as to the right to the services of James A. Cudworth. Lowell was in the New England League last season, but that organization fell through and thus, as the St. Louis people claim, Lowell lost the protection of the National agreement. The president of the Lowell club holds an opposite view, maintaining that he has a right to reserve his players, as he intends to go into the Central League, and that in pursuance of this right he reserved Cudworth.

"The demand of Jack Rowe on the Pittsburg club calls to mind the grand rise in salaries that has taken place in the baseball arena during the past ten years. Ten years ago Jack Rowe was a member of the Peoria Reds, Radbourn, Dave Rowe and many other well-known players were also members of that famous company. Jack Rowe at that time received a salary of $15 per week. He was the highest priced man on the team. The players were signed for three months, and this is what they got per month: Jack Rowe, $60; Charles Radbourne, $40; David E. Rowe, $60; Jack Gleason, $50; William H. Taylor, $30; T. J. Loftus, $50; Cliff Carroll, $40; Harry Aleratta, $50; William Gleason, $50. Jack Rowe wants $4000 to play with Pittsburg next year. This is over twenty times as much as he received for his services when a member of the Peoria Reds ten years ago. Is it any wonder, therefore, that the cost of running a baseball club nowadays frightens the capitalists and makes him think twice before investing his money?"—St. Louis Exchange.

Spots of Sport.

The two games played in England on Monday in the checker contest between Messrs. Barker and Smith resulted in draws.

A shooting match will take place on Stark's grounds, Eastern-avenue, between C. Ayres and Fred. Beatty for $25 a side on Saturday afternoon. Matchless blackbirds will be used. Following the match there will be sweepstakes shooting.

Next Friday week two of the Prospect rinks will go to New York to play against the Grand National Club.

THEATRE AND CONCERT HALL.

Mantell Will Play Othello on Saturday Night—Albani to Come up.

At the urgent request of Manager Sheppard and many citizens Mr. Mantell has consented to appear as "Othello" on Saturday night. As this is the first appearance in Toronto of Mr. Mantell in tragedy it should draw a bumper house. Mr. Mantell's impersonation of "Monbars" to-night will be witnessed by Her Excellency Lady Stanley and suite.

"The White Slave" is doing good business at the Toronto Opera House.

"Struck Gold" at the Grand and Edwin Arden at the Toronto will be the theatrical attractions next week.

Mr. Frederic Archer, the talented English organist, gave another of his enjoyable organ recitals at All Saints' Church last night. Every seat was occupied and everyone present seemed delighted with the splendid musical effects produced by Mr. Archer's clever combinations. There were ten numbers on the program and they all gave ample scope for the great organist to exhibit the excellence he has attained in handling what someone has called the "king of instruments."

Miss Jessie Alexander will give one of her dramatic and humorous recitals tonight at Association Hall, Yonge-street. The young Toronto lady has attained high rank as a reader and is well worth going to hear. The entertainment is under the auspices of the Y.M.C.A.

A cable despatch from London, Eng., says that on Saturday, Jan. 12, Mme. Albani and her concert company will sail from Queenstown in the Cunard steamship Etruria. Mme. Albani will give several special concerts in Canada.

A dramatic entertainment under the management of Mrs. Charles Watts will be given in Science Hall, Adelaide-street east, to-night.

A concert in aid of St. Paul's new R. C. Church will be given in the Pavilion on the night of Thursday, Jan. 24.

There will be a floral and art entertainment and concert in the lecture room of Sherbourne-street Methodist Church this evening. The proceeds are for the organ fund. A choice program has been arranged.

The concert in aid of the Sunnyside Orphanage takes place tonight in St. Michael's College Hall. There is a splendid program, including two or three pieces each by Millie Strauss and Mr. Schuch; Miss Lizzie Higgins, pianiste and Mons. Boucher violinist, Mr. Vogt accompanist.

The Boston Transcript, Nov. 10, says: "Master Kreisler, the young violinist, though still a boy, has already advanced far in his art. His execution, both in finger-work and bowing, is fluent and facile, and his intonation generally good. He shows, too, no little genuine musical feeling and his playing of the Mendelssohn concerto was marked by many excellencies." Kreisler appears at the Pavilion with Agnes Thomson and Morris Rosenthal on Jan. 11.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Mr. Henry O'Brien desires to acknowledge with thanks these donations to the Hospital for Sick Children: Henry Gooderham $50, Dr. L. W. Smith $10, Beverley Jones $10, Mrs. Johnston $5, E. A. M. $2. About $300 more is required for the building, besides iron beds bedding and furniture.

The Master in Chambers gave judgment yesterday in the City v. Street Railway Co., dismissing the defendants' motion to disallow the bond given by the City on their appeal to the Supreme Court.

The members of Branch 15, C.M.B.A., are hereby notified to attend the funeral of Bro. Otto Winkler, from 241 Vanauley-street at 2 o'clock this (Thursday) afternoon.

Dec. 25, 1887, and Jan. 1, 1888.

Editor World: Please to tell me the day that Mayor Clarke was nominated first for the city and the day of the month he was elected on. SUBSCRIBER.

The Colonel's Court.

Magistrate Denison looked over a heavy docket in the Police Court yesterday. There were nearly fifty entries. Donald McGregor was remanded for a week on a charge of assaulting Wm. Moore. Alexander Pollock offered the excuse that he was drunk when found early yesterday morning, with his boots off, in the house of H. E. Boddy of 215 Queen-street east. He was remanded for a week, a charge of burglary being entered. A supposed accomplice escaped. Andrew Wilson, Samuel Wilson and George A. Smith were convicted of assaulting William Whiting, an East End billiard-room keeper. The assault was a very brutal one. The Wilson brothers were sent to jail for 60 days, without the option of a fine, and Smith was taxed $25 and costs.

Pat Kelly, Daniel Curran, George Nicholson and Thomas Lynch were charged with assaulting Policeman Whitesides near the Don bridge Tuesday night. Lynch was discharged, Kelly and Nicholson were fined $1 and costs each, and Curran got $5 and costs.

William Henderson was fined $10 and costs for injuring the premises of Arthur White. A large number of other cases were held over.

At the Hotels.

Mr. James Isbester, the well-known contractor, of Ottawa is staying at the Queen's. Mr. Isbester a week ago returned from Cape Breton, where he has a contract for constructing a railway across the Island. He says it will be but a short time until the great coal fields of Sydney are connected with the railway system of the Dominion.

Mr. J. R. Lithgow, one of the most public spirited citizens of Halifax, is visiting the city. He will remain a few days at the Queen's.

P. J. Brown, Ingersoll; W. S. Randolph, Buffalo; D. Morrice, jr., and George Auldjo, Montreal, are at the Queen's.

Capt. James Murray, St. Catharines, is at the Queen's.

Sir Richard Cartwright arrived from Kingston last evening. He is at the Rossin.

Dr. Price Brown, Detroit, is at the Rossin.

Joseph E Seagram of Waterloo is at the Rossin.

Nicholas Awrey, M.P.P., is at the Rossin.

T. J. Church and D. G. Olive, Montreal, are at the Palmer.

Capt. William Powers, Belleville, is at the Palmer.

Farmer Fuller's Creditors.

Hamilton Spectator of last night: A meeting of Valancey E. Fuller's creditors was held this morning at his office. There was a small attendance, the liabilities being principally for large amount due to a few parties. A committee of two was appointed with power to receive any proposition of settlement that may be made and to submit it to another meeting to be called.

—Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recommended as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A Railway Council Board.

The civic election next Monday will be long remembered as the one in which the progressive people will pull themselves together and hoist out body and bones a lot of fossilised obstructionists from their nice warm seats at the council board and set them down outside on the cold frozen ground with only quinn's full dress shirts on to remind them of former greatness.

CANADA'S PUBLIC WORKS.

The Report of Sir Hector Langevin's Department for 1888.

The report of the Public Works Department of the Dominion for the fiscal year ending June 30 last has been issued.

The statement of capital expenditure shows:

Railways and Canals—	
Canadian Pacific Railway	$ 52,098
Cape Breton Railway	889,453
Carleton Branch Railway	501
Intercolonial Railway	742,933
Oxford and New Glasgow Railway	280,032
Short Line Railway	397
Lachine canal	19,114
Murray canal	146,754
Ottawa Works	58,140
St. Lawrence canal	192,456
Sault Ste. Marie	3,145
Tay canal	44,160
Trent river Navigation	114,579
Welland canal	429,729
Public Works—	
Cape Tormentine harbor	4,744
Esquimalt graving dock	90,727
Government Buildings, Ottawa	121,719
Port Dover harbor	70,919
Levis graving dock	910,000
Dominion Lands	125,017
North-West Rebellion losses	530,929
	$4,680,703
Less—Contribution of Imperial Government for Esquimalt graving dock	243,303
Total	$4,437,400

As compared with $4,489,938 in 1886-7.

Railway subsidies—	
Albert Southern Railway	$ 18,428
Baie des Chaleurs Railway	59,300
Buctouche and Moncton Railway	20,573
Carraquet Railway	40,065
Drummond County Railway	15,057
Dom'ion Lines Company	11,241
International Railway	5,500
Joggins Railway	26,139
Lonnington and St. Clair Railway	32,000
Long Sault and Lake Temiscamingue Railway	3,000
Montreal and Lake Champlain Junction Railway	16,400
New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railway	16,000
Northern and Western Railway	130,400
Pontiac and Pacific Railway	21,158
Quebec and Lake St. John Railway	232,013
St. Lawrence and Lower Laurentian Railway	23,333
Temiscouata Railway	249,684
Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway	14,656
West Ontario and Pacific	60,000
Total	$1,027,041

The receipts for the year as compared with the two preceding years are:

	1886.	1887.	1888.
Customs	$19,373,551	$22,378,800	$22,105,926
Excise	5,852,204	6,366,201	6,671,436
Casual	167,888	205,668	248,261
Dom. Lands		191,781	217,083
Fisheries	26,088	25,047	44,998
Int. on Invests.	2,220,076	630,826	632,023
Ordnance Lands	26,483	21,676	36,229
P. O. Dept.	1,901,600	2,020,623	2,379,241
Public Works, including Ry's' Smaller items	3,082,410	3,270,782	3,356,101
	416,918	340,600	322,683
	$33,177,040	$35,751,903	$35,908,463

The tables of expenditure show the following comparisons:

	1886.	1887.	1888.
Interest on public debt	$10,137,008	$9,682,928	$9,823,313
Charges of management	282,390	195,759	205,363
Premium, discount and exchange	64,530	91,982	138,223
Sinking fund	1,604,270	1,692,952	1,839,077
Administration of justice	707,832	657,114	678,314
Arts, agriculture, etc	203,312	253,799	311,159
City Government	1,190,370	1,211,830	1,258,618
Fisheries	371,394	415,143	416,182
Geological survey	138,456	113,217	117,632
Immigration	257,354	241,226	211,769
Quarantine	90,220	121,627	67,701
Indians	1,195,093	1,201,304	1,000,802
Legislation	1,057,778	977,302	867,434
Lighthouse & coast service	553,615	512,811	489,258
Mail subsidies and steam subventions	271,437	273,496	312,613
Militia and defence	1,178,659	1,193,692	1,273,178
Mounted Police	1,029,309	781,644	862,905
Ocean and river service	206,476	205,031	211,802
Penitentiaries	310,782	311,267	324,776
Pensions	88,319	102,409	123,333
Public works	2,046,552	2,133,315	2,162,116
Subsidies to Provinces	4,182,526	4,160,341	4,188,513
Superannuation	206,655	202,285	212,743
Customs	800,107	319,131	851,025
Dominion lands	191,995	195,722	184,543
Excise	310,022	344,690	373,348
Post-office	2,763,186	2,818,002	2,889,728
Public works	191,836	173,612	151,157
Railway subsidies	3,339,970	3,673,384	4,160,522
	$33,011,612	$35,657,680	$36,718,484

With sundries making totals of:

1886.	1887.	1888.
$33,011,612	$35,657,680	$36,718,484

The total receipts for the year 1887-8, it will be seen, were $35,908,463, while the expenditures amounted to $36,718,484, showing a deficit of $810,031. The net debt of the Dominion has been increased by $7,216,582 and at the end of the fiscal year stood $234,531,358, a part of the increase being for the relief granted to the Montreal Harbor Commissioners and to the Quebec Harbor Commissioners to the extent of $3,104,174, less the amount at the credit of the Quebec Harbor Sinking Fund, $223,929. The rate of interest paid on the gross debt was 3.45. During the year there has been received on account of Dominion lands $217,083; the investments on account of the sinking funds amounted to $1,139,077; amount of debt redeemed, $3,185,638. The amount at the credit of the Savings Bank depositors was increased by $938,782 during the year, making the total deposits on the 30th June last $41,371,058. The circulation of Dominion notes advanced from $15,059,836 in 1887 to $16,249,318 on the 30th June last, an increase of $1,189,482.

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THE MODERN LANGUAGE MEN.

Sir Daniel Wilson Makes the Opening Address at Their Meeting.

Sir Daniel Wilson delivered the opening address at the third annual meeting of the Ontario Modern Language Association in the Canadian Institute yesterday afternoon. An instructive essay describing the high school or German gymnasium was read by Mr. F. H. Sykes. The development of the school was referred to and the position and object of other institutions for secondary education were spoken of. The methods of examination, subjects of study and results of the teaching were debated. The social position of German teachers, which is very high, was likewise touched upon. It was shown that in the matter of secondary education Germany greatly exceeded Canada.

Mr. Bain's book "How to Teach English" was criticized by Mr. W. Tytler, B.A. While he thought it a useful work, he considered it lacked a sympathetic spirit.

At the evening session an address on "The Relation of the Modern Languages to Culture" was delivered by President J. Seath, M. A. He thought as a means of culture the modern language was quite equal to the classical tongues. Particularly did this apply to the English. He eulogized the literature of the latter and dwelt on the importance of its linguistic history. He did not think the modern languages as yet received sufficient substitution by the universities. French or German should be made obligatory to all students entering the universities and English should be given a higher position.

Mr. D. R. Keys, B.A., spoke of the influence of the Scandinavian on the English language.

The Fate of The Apostles.

The following brief history of the fate of the Apostles may be new to those whose reading has not been evangelical: St. Matthew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom, or was slain with a sword at the City of Ethiopia, in Egypt. St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree in Greece. St. John was put into a cauldron of boiling oil at Rome, and escaped death. He afterwards died a natural death at Ephesus, in Asia. St. James the Great was beheaded at Jerusalem. St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the temple and then beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Philip was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapolis, a city of Phrygia. St. Bartholomew was flayed alive by the command of a barbarous king. St. Andrew was bound to a cross, whence he preached unto the people until he expired. St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance at Coromandel, in the East Indies. St. Jude was shot to death with arrows. St. Simeon Zealot was crucified in Persia. St. Matthias was first stoned and then beheaded. St. Barnabas was stoned to death by the Jews at Salamis. St. Paul was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero.

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MRS. MARY WOOD'S PROPERTY.

She Loses a Suit Against Her Husband—A Lady's Lost Baggage.

The winter term of the Civil Assize Court commenced yesterday before Mr. Justice Rose.

Wood v. Wood was the first case. It is an action brought by the plaintiff, Mary Wood, against her husband, Ambrose Wood, to recover some property which plaintiff alleges is hers and which is held by the defendant. From her statement it seems that she purchased from Chief Justice Sir Thomas Galt lot No. 84 on Tate-street. The transaction took place on April 25, 1871. The deed was made out in her husband's name, but he allowed her no consideration for it. They have lived apart for a number of years, and she asserts that her husband has threatened to dispose of the property. Her action is brought in order to have the court declare that the defendant holds the land as a trustee in favor of the plaintiff and possesses no beneficial interest therein; that defendant be ordered to convey the fee simple to the plaintiff; that the defendant be restrained from selling or encumbering it, or that plaintiff be declared entitled to a lien on the purchase money and improvements, with interest.

In the cross-examination it was shown that plaintiff has been twice in the Mercer Reformatory and had been frequently in jail for drunkenness. After counsel on both sides had been heard a verdict was given for the defendant.

A Lady's Lost Baggage.

An interesting case was an action brought by Mrs. Anderson to recover damages from the C. P. R. Co. on baggage destroyed to the extent of $64. The counsel for the plaintiff were Dalton McCarthy, Q.C., and Mr. Wallace Nesbitt; for defendant, Mr. W. R. Meredith, Q.C. It seems that at the hour of 1 a.m. on Oct. 2, 1886, an accident occurred to a train on this company's line near Gilbert Station, a point between Winnipeg and Port Arthur. A portion of the bank on Muskrat Lake sunk down, causing the accident. A fire ensued, all the cars in the train being burned, with the exception of the sleeper. Mr. Meredith raised the objection that the action should have been brought within six months of the accident. On this point his