HOW THEY QUALIFIED.

Laurier's Cabinet Assistants Drawn From the Most Dangerous Elements in His Party.

Fielding a Worse Free Trader Than Sir Richard and Against Confederation.

TORONTO, July 14.—Criticising the new cabinet editorially, the Mail says: As Mr. Laurier seems unable to set Tarte aside, perhaps the Governor-General, in whom is confided the honor of the Dominion, may yet find it necessary to take steps to keep the council reasonably pure by rejecting this doubtful nominee. Concerning the exclusion of Hon. David Mills, the Mail says he would make a far better minister than any one of those named for the cabinet. He knows more about federal affairs than Sir Oliver Mowat can ever learn. As a matter of fact, Mowat was only taken because he prostituted the machinery of government in Ontario to party purposes. Mr. Mulock as a minister, says the Mail, is entirely suggestive of Wanamaker in the Harrison administration, who became a cabinet minister because he had contributed largely to the campaign fund. Favorable comments are made on Blair and Davies, and as to Fielding the Mail says: "The giving of the finance ministership to Mr. Fielding, while not unexpected, was a peculiar move to make if Mr. Laurier really wished to cultivate the business and industrial interests and to make us feel the country is really safe. In the first place, Fielding is a violent free trader; if possible he is worse than Cartwright. In the second place, he is tainted with United States ideas. In the next place he is altogether unfavorable to Confederation. He is an open enemy of united Canada." The editorial closes thus: "Mr. Laurier has drawn his cabinet assistants from the very worst elements in his party—the dangerous element in Quebec, the extravagant element in other provinces, free traders, commercial unionists and secessionists; he seems to have formed a cabinet of all evils."

The World, discussing the new cabinet, complains that instead of decreasing the number of cabinet ministers and the cost of government in accordance with the promise made before election, the controllers are to have their salaries increased from $5,000 to $7,000. The World says this is a sample of the failings of Mr. Laurier already developed. The principal plank of the reform platform was free trade, and now he is not going to have free trade at all; also in the construction of his cabinet Mr. Laurier has falsified the promise that the cabinet should be composed of the ablest and cleanest men in the party. Because they represent the Irish vote, or because they supplied the sinews of war during the campaign, men have been selected in preference to others possessing the debating capacity and business ability of McMullen, Fraser, Lister and Mills. The World says Laurier is appropriating the worst features of the Conservative policy.

The Globe devotes almost twenty columns to discussion of the new cabinet with sketches and portraits of members. Editorially it discusses the cabinet individually and collectively, and finds everything good, closing a highly laudatory article with the remarks that with the administration in clean and capable hands nothing can prevent the realization of the dreams of national greatness that came with the birth of the Canadian Dominion.

QUEBEC'S GOOD FOLK.

(From the Toronto Mail-Empire.)

To pass from grave to gay, everybody must be sorry for J. W. Bengough. For many years Mr. Bengough allowed J. D. Edgar to suffer under the imputation that he had warned us that—

"The desperate French-Canadian horde,
Ontario, Ontario,
Would rob thee of thy just award,
Ontario, Ontario,
But all their plots shall be in vain;
They shall not get thy fair domain,
Ontario, Ontario."

Mr. Edgar rebelled against the accusation which made him responsible for this production, and Mr. Bengough had to acknowledge its paternity. One can readily imagine that the poet who thus poured himself forth in verse must again be agitated as he sees approaching "a desperate French Canadian horde—Ontario, Ontario"—the Mercier gang, experts in fraud—"Ontario, Ontario"—an eager, hungry, ragged troupe, with ladles ready for the soup, "Ontario, Ontario."

The working majority will be twenty-one French Canadians. A little knot of twelve of these can at any moment put Mr. Laurier out. Let him refuse any demand, however improper that may be made upon him by his Quebec followers, and off goes his head. None of us can forget what was termed the No. 8 conspiracy which was organized against the Conservatives by Tarte. The government was asking parliament for authority to advance money to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in the shape of a loan. It was a wise proposition, as events proved. Tarte, however, swooped down upon Ottawa with a horde of heelers and canvassed the Bleus to vote against the loan unless Sir John Macdonald consented to make an allowance to Quebec on account of its railway expenditures. It happened that Sir John had a clear majority over Quebec, and so the scheme failed. Mr. Laurier has no such protection as Sir John had, and, what is more, he has a following which, after eighteen years of exile from office at Ottawa and four years' exclusion from office at Quebec, is equipped with an extremely keen appetite.

A PURELY FRENCH VICTORY.

Montreal Witness: We boast to-day of our brave and vurile French-Canadians. The victory is theirs. The glory of it is theirs, and truly it is a glorious day for them, this St. Jean Baptiste, significant to them of nationality and of manly liberty. In the whole province of Quebec, with sixty-five seats in parliament, there are only sixteen Conservatives elected. Of these, five are from English-speaking constituencies, and one or two more possibly owe their success to English votes. The counties the French-Canadians control in Ontario have also gone Liberal. The victory is their own and we rejoice with them.

SUDDEN CONVERSION.

Montreal Gazette: One good thing about the result of the elections is the improved tone of the Ontario Liberal press in speaking of the people of this province. "The French-Canadian Horde" of the Mowat campaign song has suddenly become a band of enlightened patriots.

BEHRING SEA CLAIMS.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The representatives of the United States and of Great Britain on the commission to adjust the claims of British subjects for damages sustained through the seizure of their vessels while sealing in Behring sea before the adoption of the modus vivendi, have at length been selected. The treaty ratified by the last session of congress provides for the appointment of two commissioners, one from Great Britain and the other from the United States. The British commissioner will be Hon. George E. King, at present one of the justices of the Supreme Court of Canada, while for the United States the commissioner will be Hon. William L. Putnam, United States judge for the first circuit in Upper New England. Judge Putnam was a member of the international commission of 1886, which negotiated the fisheries convention during Secretary Bayard's administration of the State department.

FAURE'S LIFE IN DANGER

The President of the French Republic the Object of an Assassin's Bullet.

The Miscreant Says He Wanted to Draw Attention to a Grievance.

PARIS, July 14.—News of the attempt upon the life of President Faure spread with great rapidity among the crowds of people who were celebrating the national fete day and created an immense sensation. The President after the exciting incident was received everywhere with cheers, the populace taking that means of expressing their gratification at his escape from a violent death.

As President Faure, seated in an open carriage and accompanied by M. Meline, the premier, and Messrs. Boisdeffre and Tournier, appeared upon the parade ground at Long Champs, a well dressed man, apparently about forty years of age, who had been leaning against a tree, took deliberate aim and fired twice in quick succession with a revolver at the president. The man had not time to fire again before the crowd was upon him. But for the intervention of the police the would-be assassin would probably have been lynched. The name of the miscreant is given as Francois. It appears that, some time ago, in order to draw attention to a supposed grievance which he harbored, he fired a revolver in the hall of the chamber of deputies. Francois declared he had no desire to harm the president; but the sole purpose of his act to-day was to secure a hearing by the president of his grievance.

During the months that have elapsed since M. Faure was chosen president of the French republic there have been three more or less well defined plots for his assassination. In the first of these the principal was an anarchist known as Petit Bordeaux, a deserter from the French army, whose plans were to kill the President during the fetes at Havre in April, 1895. The authorities being forewarned, nothing came of this affair. In June of last year a commercial traveller, Hillairaud, was locked up by the police on information that he had threatened to fire upon President Faure while the latter was visiting town, in order to draw attention to certain real or fancied grievances. It was the same Hillairaud who, in 1887, attempted to assassinate Marshall Bazaine at Madrid. Hillairaud was not punished for his utterances regarding M. Faure. On March 1 of this year three Spaniards and an Italian were arrested on board the railway train at Valence having no tickets. They said they were going to Lyons to see President Faure, and as they were armed with daggers and razors, the newspapers came to the conclusion that they had formed a conspiracy against the life of the president. These men were subsequently liberated.

YELLOW FEVER.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 14.—Advices from Cuba state that a panic has started in the Spanish army in consequence of the terrible increase of yellow fever in the last few days. It is estimated that fully 80 per cent. of the cases prove fatal. In Santiago de Cuba there are 4,500 soldiers in the hospitals. Major-Gen. Linares is stricken and his life is despaired of. The physicians and nurses are utterly incapable of coping with the disease. The epidemic is also a very serious one all along the trocha. In some cases entire companies have been stricken. General Arelas and nearly every member of his staff are ill. Captain-General Weyler has ordered the erection of a new hospital along the trocha, and will send to Spain for additional physicians.

In Holguin and other places on the eastern side of the island the fever is raging with great violence and is spreading to central points. From Matanzas come most distressing tales. In that city it is said the mortality is about 60 per cent., and it is becoming difficult to bury the dead.

The hospitals in Havana contain nearly 6,000 patients, and every day the number is being increased. Friday 450 sick soldiers were brought in from Pinar del Rio province.

TORONTO, July 15.—Yesterday at the church of the Ascension, Horace Heaverly Newington, of Lewes, England, and Mary Isabel Wood, of Vancouver, B.C., were united in marriage. The couple will reside at Ottawa.

TARTE VERY PREVIOUS.

In Feverish Haste to Assume Control of "the Great Spending Department."

Col. Aylmer Appointed Adjutant-General of Militia—One Modest Liberal Found.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, July 14.—The new ministers formally assumed charge of their departments to-day. Mr. Tarte was in such feverish haste that he could not wait for the regular office hour, but he surprised the policeman on duty and the charwomen by making his appearance at 8 a.m., and announcing himself as the head of the public works department come to take possession of his property. When a couple of hours later the staff of the department arrived as usual, he paralyzed everybody by calling for a complete list of the employees of the department, the general supposition being that he wished the information for no friendly purpose. A wave of relief therefore passed over the department when later it was announced that Mr. Tarte stated his object to be merely to ascertain the amount of the monthly pay roll in order to obtain the necessary warrant for salaries. He did not go through the usual formula of making the personal acquaintance of the demental staff; neither did Sir Richard Cartwright, who took possession of his desk and got dowa to work without wasting any time over polite frivolities. Other ministers, however, including Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir Henri Joly, Messrs. Davies, Borden, Fisher, Scott and Paterson, made the personal acquaintance of the members of their departmental staffs.

An extra of the Canada Gazette was issued to-day summoning parliament for Wednesday, 19th August, its meeting, the proclamation says, having been postponed until then "for certain causes and considerations." Mr. Davies remarked to me to-day that the only business which the government will ask the house to pass will be the estimates, and that every effort will be made to close up the business of the session as speedily as possible; and it will rest very much with the opposition what the duration of the session will be.

At a cabinet meeting to-day, Colonel Aylmer was appointed adjutant-general of militia. Colonel Aylmer was Mr. Dickey's nominee, and would have got the position long ago except for Ontario kicking.

Rumor has it to-day that Mr. Laurier has sent a communication to Mr. Greenway requesting him to come to Ottawa. If this report be true, either of two motives may have led to this line of action, one being to secure Greenway's advice respecting Manitoba representation in the federal cabinet, the other to talk over the school question.

Major "Jim" Sutherland, the chief Liberal whip, was tendered a seat in the cabinet, but taking the offer as a compliment modestly refused it. He is the only modest politician who has so far recorded himself on the Liberal side.

Mr. Hewitt Bostock, the second of the British Columbia members to arrive, is expected to reach here to-morrow. He and Mr. McInnes will have five weeks to wait before their services will be required, but in the meantime they will no doubt find occupation in backing up the telegrams which are now coming thick and fast, from the Pacific coast protesting against British Columbia having been overlooked in the matter of cabinet representation. Mr. Templeman, according to reports, is furious and has wired that this is the worst blow the Liberals of British Columbia have received in many years. His friend on the Ottawa Journal appears to have given up hope, as that paper states to-day that British Columbia is not to have representation in the cabinet.

Before the members of the cabinet disperse within the next few days a commission to investigate the Manitoba school question will be appointed. It is understood that assurances to this effect have been given to high dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church in this section. It is expected that Mowat and Joly will be two of the commissioners.

WINNIPEG NOTES.

WINNIPEG, July 14.—(Special)—The Winnipeg crews for the Minnetonka regatta next week leave on Tuesday for St. Paul, one day earlier than had been expected, owing to a change in the regatta. The Winnipegers are going fast but are saying very little. If they are successful at Minnetonka the crews will probably leave the following week to take part in the Brockville and Saratoga regattas.

John Hackett, the oarsman, has left Rat Portage for Halifax and other Eastern regattas.

Joseph Martin, ex-M.P. for Winnipeg, left to-day for Ottawa, via St. Paul and Chicago.

Hon. Hugh J. Macdonald, M.P., will re-enter the law firm from which he resigned upon accepting his portfolio in the Tupper ministry.

WINNIPEG, July 14.—(Special)—Alex. McKenzie, a burglar, confined in the provincial jail, escaped while at work on the grounds this morning.

Fireman W. E. Muggridge, of the C.P.R., died suddenly yesterday from bleeding of the lungs.

OLIVER MOWAT'S SUCCESSOR.

TORONTO, July 14.—(Special)—For the the first time in twenty-four years the Province of Ontario to-day has a new premier. Sir Oliver Mowat, who has been at the head of provincial affairs since 1872, resigned the office yesterday to become Mr. Laurier's chief lieutenant. Hon. A. S. Hardy, Q.C., who was selected to succeed him, was sworn in as premier before Lieutenant-Governor Kirkpatrick at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Hardy was next to Sir Oliver Mowat in seniority in the cabinet, of which he has been a member since 1877.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Illinois Executive Committee Appeal to Their Brethren in Other States.

A Clear Cut Must Be Made From the Populist Democrats.

CHICAGO, July 14—The executive committee of the gold standard Democrats of Illinois met in a protracted session yesterday and prepared an address to the Democracy of other states in the Union. It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that a second national convention should be called to nominate candidates for president and vice-president. The address is as follows:

"To Our Fellow-Democrats of Other States: A national convention, convened under the constituted authority of our party, has just closed its session in the city of Chicago. It entered upon its work by violating all party precedents in the rejection of a distinguished Democrat as its temporary presiding officer. It deprived a sovereign state of a voice in its deliberations by unseating without cause or legal justification delegates elected with all the regularity known to party organization. It refused to indorse the honesty and fidelity of the present Democratic national administration.

"It adopted a platform which favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone at the ratio of 16 to 1, and thereby if repudiated a time-honored Democratic principle which demands the strictest maintenance of a sound and stable national currency. Finally, to make it still plainer that, although in name, it was not in fact a Democratic convention, it nominated for President one who is not in his political convictions, and has not always been even in his professions, a Democrat. This has made such a crisis, both for the nation and the Democratic party, that sound money Democrats must at once decide what political action they will take for the protection of the honor of the nation, the prosperity of the people and the life and usefulness of the party.

"The sound money Democrats of Illinois have fully made up their minds that a new Democratic national convention should be called for the earliest feasible day to nominate Democratic candidates for president and vice-president and to adopt a platform of Democratic principles, and they desire to state to their fellow Democrats of the other states their reasons as follows:

"First—Sound money Democrats owe it to the country to make it certain at once that their revolt against free silver is determined and will be organized. It is unfair to oblige the credit of the nation and the business and industrial interests of the people to merely guess what the sound money Democrats will do in November, and to wait until November to find out.

"Second—The nomination of a new ticket is the logical course. Without it and a sound money Democratic campaign the whole educational force of sound money Democratic sentiment would be paralyzed from the beginning. Republicans cannot argue the sound money question to Democratic voters. Republican sincerity on that question is doubted by the mass of the Democrats. The tariff question will be put to the front and insisted upon by Republican speakers and the Republican press, as it has been persistently by Mr. McKinley himself. Democrats will not listen to lessons on finance when accompanied by abuse of the Democratic party. The most effective force at this time for a campaign is the force residing in the sound money Democrats, for they are profoundly in earnest and can get a hearing from Democrats that the Republicans cannot possibly get.

"Third—A new convention would also preserve for the future the opportunities of the Democratic party. Unless a clear-cut separation is made between the genuine Democrats and Democrats who are drifting into Populism or are already in Populism, and unless that clear-cut separation is supported by organization and a reorganized Democratic party is the result, the party has no chance of regaining public confidence for years to come. The sound money Democrats in the different states must either make it clear that they have no association with the Bryan party or they must accept association and entanglement with it; and all state organizations will, in the public mind, be for it that do not make it absolutely clear that they are against it. The sound money Democrats are sufficiently organized in this state to be able to meet their fellow Democrats in a new convention, and are anxious to confer with representatives of other states whenever a representative conference can be brought about. Communications should be addressed to Charles A. Ewing, chairman, Palmer house, Chicago."

The address is signed by James T. Soblitt, Adolph Kraus, James M. Sheehan, Charles H. Williamson, Lynden Evans, R. E. Spangler, John M. Palmer, Charles A. Ewing, James H. Eckels, Franklin MacVeagh, Ben T. Cable, William Forman, Thomas A. Moran, John P. Hopkins, Henry S. Robbins, A. A. Goodrich, the executive committee of the honest money Democracy of Illinois."

BUFFALO, July 14.—The officers and members of St. Peter's church are greatly agitated over an act of the pastor, Rev. Otto Becher, on Sunday afternoon last. The church is one of the most prominent of the German Evangelical churches in Buffalo. Mr. Becher refused admittance to the church of a body of Knights of Pythias which was attending the funeral of a brother who was being buried from the church. No reason is given for this refusal. A church meeting has been called to demand an explanation from the pastor.

HALIFAX, July 15.—The outgoing "Flying Blue Nose" express on the Dominion and Atlantic Railway crashed into a freight near Wolfville yesterday. Both locomotives were badly wrecked and one of the drivers was badly injured about the head. The passengers were shaken up but none were hurt.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, July 14.—(Special)—L. H. Fitzhugh, late assistant to General Manager Hayes of the Grand Trunk, will tomorrow take up his office as manager of transportation for the lines west of Toronto. Edmund Wragge, the local manager, will sever his connection with the system at the same time.

Hon. John Dryden, minister of agriculture, left for the Northwest yesterday. He will remain away several weeks.

A communication has been received by the Board of Trade from the London Chamber of Commerce inviting its co-operation and that of other Canadian Boards of Trade in the organization of a British section in connection with the international exhibition to be held in Brussels next year, it being thought advisable that colonial products should be included.

Word was received yesterday of the death of Captain J. C. Rounding, of Sydney, N.S.W. Captain Rounding strongly advocated the steamship service between Australia and Canada.

Aaron Ross, aged 68, one of the earliest settlers and the most prominent man in the vicinity of Port Perry, is dead.

IRISH LAND BILL.

What Will the Government do With It?—Demands of Cretan Insurgents.

Li Hung Chang, Britain's Guest—Canadian Riflemen at Bisley—Cretans and Turks.

LONDON, July 14.—The Times announces this morning that in well informed circles it is expected that the government will follow the landlords' advice and drop the Irish land bill. It is impossible to find time for the discussion of its details and it is certain that the session of parliament will not be prolonged. Sir William Vernon Harcourt or Mr. John Morley will move to adjourn to-day, in order to enable the government to make a statement of the public business.

In contrast with the above assertion of the Times, the Chronicle, Liberal, this morning publishes the detailed modifications in the bill which it alleges Mr. Gerald Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, will announce in parliament to-day.

Mr. T. W. Russell, member for the South Division of Tyrone (whose opposition to Mr. Gerald Balfour's amendments led to their withdrawal by the government), declares that if the bill be dropped there will be a violent revulsion of feeling in Ulster against the Unionist party.

The Standard, Conservative, hints that any concessions to the landlords will endanger the bill by irritating the Nationalists.

Lord Salisbury, on behalf of the Queen, has invited Li Hung Chang, who is now in Paris, to visit England at the national expense. Li Hung Chang has accepted this invitation, and will stay in England for a month from August 3. He will be lodged in a mansion, probably in Carleton House terrace.

The Canadian rifle team arrived at Bisley last evening to take part in the annual rifle shooting contests, having had a week's practice at Staines, where they beat the London and Scottish team in a match for £50 a side. The camp of the Canadians is the prettiest at Bisley. It is fronted by a flower garden and has the Canadian flag in its centre. The men are in excellent health, despite the extreme heat. The first important contest in which they will take part is the match for the Kolapore cup, which will take place on Friday.

A despatch to the Times from Canea, Crete, explains that the Christian deputies to the Cretan Assembly are averse to the discussion of the insurgents' demands by the assembly, fearing that the Porte will make the lack of unanimity arising from the opposition of the Mohammedan deputies, the ground for refusing any concessions whatever, in addition to which the insurgents are anxious to utilize the autumn for military operations, and they believe that the Porte would be glad of the delay entailed by the discussion which would thus drive them into the hardships of a winter campaign.

The Cretan assembly met on Monday in response to the call of the new governor, George Brovitch, Prince of Samos. The Christian delegates have demanded an adjournment of the assembly pending the decision as to whether they must formulate their demands in a public session of the assembly, the Turks taking part, or whether they could hold a special session for that purpose. The Christian delegates have declared that they would wait the reply of the government on this point before deciding to continue the session.

A serious accident occurred at Kalyvees on Sunday. The Cretans on shore fired at a Turkish vessel which was chasing a Christian coaster. A Turkish crew of nine men was landed and all were immediately killed by the inhabitants. The Turkish crew then fired amongst the women and children on shore and killed a large number. The consuls of the powers at Canea have protested against the affair as a violation of the armistice. The murders of Christians continue in the province of Crete.

In the Italian cabinet which resigned on Saturday last, Signors Brin, Costa, Branca, Cianturco and Cuieciardini held the same portfolios to which they have been assigned in the reorganized ministry.

Advices from Havana say that the Gazette will to-morrow publish a decree to the effect that after August 15 foreigners who are not inscribed in the registry book cannot plead their nationality in defence if they are arrested as rebels.

The Emperor Francis Joseph has granted an audience to Prince Hohenlohe, the German chancellor at Ischl. The German chancellor afterwards dined with the Emperor.

A Berlin dispatch to the Times says that Friedrich August Kekule, chemist of the university of Bonn is dead.

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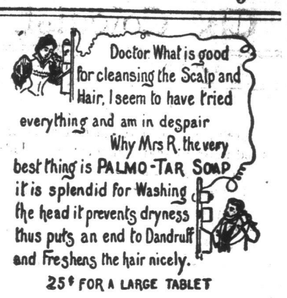

WHAT ABOUT DOBELL?

A Liberal Organ Says This Quebec Minister Is Not a Member of the Fold.

Tupper Preparing to Make the Bye-Elections Interesting—Setback to Cable Conference.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, July 15.—In official circles it is learned that His Excellency has not signed a single appointment suggested by the late government. The orders-in-council will all therefore come under review by the new cabinet. Even the list of Queen's Counsel is said to be hung up for further consideration.

It is expected that Sir Richard Cartwright will immediately take up the consideration of the fast Atlantic steamship contract, as considerable anxiety is felt in colonial circles in England respecting the line of action the government will take on this subject.

The Minister of Militia left for Nova Scotia to-day. Previous to his departure he had a conference with General Gascoigne regarding the annual camps. Owing to the late date at which funds will be available, the General has doubts as to the advisability of holding any camps this fall, and he thinks that if they are deferred until next spring the department will be in a position to place the new rifle in the hands of the rural corps. The minister has given instruction that the different D.A.G.'s be communicated with in order to ascertain the views of the force in the several districts.

(Press Dispatch.)

MONTREAL, July 15.—A special from Quebec to the Witness says: "The elevation of Mr. R. R. Dobell to cabinet honors is to many astounding and inexplicable. Until quite recently he was a Tory of the Tories, and even to-day he calls himself an Independent and not a Liberal. In well-informed political circles it is believed his entry into the ministry is only to give him a certain prestige preparatory to being sent to England as High Commissioner, where his advocacy of the Imperial Federation project will be more acceptable than to the majority of the people of this province."

A London cable says: "Sir Donald A. Smith returns to Canada on Saturday. His departure gives rise to the conjecture whether or not he means to resign the high commissionership, which, it is understood, he would retain if pressed by the new ministry. Sir Mackenzie Bowell also sails on Saturday, as well as Hon. T. M. Daly, the change of ministry having caused him to resign the immigration mission."

The adjournment till October of the cable conference is the cause of much disappointment to the supporters. It means that the project will be thrown over till next year, and gives an opening for the rival United States and French projects to get a firm footing in the Pacific.

Sir Charles Tupper left last evening for Halifax, where it is understood there is to be held a meeting, called by the ex-Premier, of successful and unsuccessful candidates at the late elections Sir Charles and Sir Adolphe Caron attended a meeting of local Conservatives yesterday, at which, it is understood, it was decided to oppose every minister who goes back for re-election.

KINGSTON, July 14.—On Sunday afternoon Jemima Riddell, adopted daughter to Alex. Glassford, Glenvale, about ten miles from this city, was mysteriously shot and instantly killed in a shed at the rear of the farm house. She was discovered by Wm. Babcock, an adopted lad of about the same age as the girl. The gun was discovered in its accustomed place but it was smoking. An inquest will be held. Suspicion rests on Babcock but no positive proof has been yet discovered.

Thieves broke into the vestry of St. George's cathedral, and after drinking all the wine in sight, ransacked the Archbishop's vestments.

The grasshopper plague has already done much damage to crops in this vicinity. The township of Camden in particular has suffered greatly.

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