

WILFIRE ATTACKS ON ALLIES' LINES UNAVAILING

CROWN PRINCE'S BID FOR FAME NIPPED IN THE BUD

ALLIES' LINES ESTIMATED AT 750,000 MEN

The Arrival of Indian Troops Greatly Strengthens Hands of the French.

COLD AFFECTING FORCES

British Officers Buy Up All Available Warm Clothing in Paris.

MISTS CAUSE SUFFERING

In Spite of All Blankets, Overcoats and Waterproof Sheets.

After the Battle! The Dead They Leave Behind Them!



PHOTOGRAPH OF FIELD NEAR LIZY AFTER THE BATTLE OF THE MARNE SHOWS DEAD SOLDIERS OF THE CRACK REGIMENT OF THE PRUSSIAN GUARDS. THE RETREATING GERMANS LEFT BEHIND THEM A HOST OF DEAD—THE WOODS, FIELDS AND DITCHES WERE LITTERED WITH BODIES.

ARRIVAL OF REINFORCEMENTS ALL THAT SAVED VON KLUCK

French Minister of War Declares That the Steady Flow Enabled German To Stave Off General Withdrawal—Fierce Attack On Roze.

[Canadian Press.] Paris, Oct. 3.—4:35 a.m.—After having fled in vain recently, in the north of France, to break at Trier, Mont and then at Roze, the strong line of the allies, the Germans have renewed their fierce attacks between the latter city and the region of Arras. Their latest efforts, in which they have been hurling their forces against the French and English in trying to gain a decisive victory, have had no better results.

The French, in an official statement, frankly admit a slight falling back at the left of one of their detachments. In the other hands, the allies have not only successfully opposed the terrific onslaughts of the enemy at other points, but have made gains as well.

Indians at Front. The allies continue to pour in their troops at points where they are needed to replace those worn out by the hard fighting, or in filling gaps in the ranks. It is assumed that Great Britain's native troops, whose arrival at Marcellines last week has only just been announced, are either at the front or in its vicinity. They have greatly strengthened the French line, which, it is roughly estimated, now numbers 750,000 men.

Lieut.-Col. Rousset, the military critic of the Petit Parisien, in reviewing the situation, says: "It is now on our left that the battle takes on the most important proportions. When one considers that after hardly a month of fighting the enemy was nearly at the gates of Paris, it can be seen instantly how much territory we have gained on the Germans, who counted on crushing us."

Old Flanking Tactics. "The enemy has brought to its right large forces, hoping to break our offensive, and at the same time it returns to attempt the passage of the Meuse. It is making a most desperate effort on two wings, and at the same time guarding on the rest of the front in an expectant attitude. This is the old tactic of flanking, which has been unfortunately, for it has no more the merit of secrecy than that of surprise. We know it too well now to have it still imposed on us."

The troops in the trenches are suffering severely in the chilly nights, and consequently a number of British supply officers have visited Paris and have purchased all of the available supply of warm clothing, furs, comforters and sweaters. Each man in the field has been supplied with a blanket, a waterproof sheet and an overcoat, but the districts where the fighting is proceeding are subjected to thick mists, making a long sojourn in the open air unendurable.

STEADY TRADE CONTINUES.—London reports to Bradstreet's say that a steady trade continues to pass in most staple lines of merchandise, while retailers in adjacent rural centres in very many cases report trade to be better with them than it was a year ago and manufacturers are continually on the alert to secure new business, and general conditions give reasons for confidence in the future. Collections are very fair.

CAPTAIN MURPHY IS TEACHING LONDONERS TO SHOOT STRAIGHT

BY TYRO. "Learn to shoot straight!" That is the advice that Kitchener gave to the English Territorials, and he handed out to Canada in a thousand different ways. Canada's are popular these days. Hundreds of Londoners who never knew what rifle shooting was, prior to the outbreak of war, are now enthusiastic riflemen. Their aim may not be in the Blesley class—yet—but it is getting there, and some really creditable scores are being marked up.

To the tyro, who never handled a military rifle until a few weeks ago, there is a wonderful attraction in the ranges. The popping of the rifles is disconcerting at first, but it is only a comparatively short time before it becomes familiar, and no longer has its effect on nerves of the amateur marksman.

"Take a long breath before you shoot," advises Captain T. J. Murphy. The tyro takes his long breath and waits a few moments, how to do it properly.

"If you feel shaky, take your gun down—don't waste your ammunition."

"Practice aiming before you load your rifle."

This is good advice to the starter. There seems to be a little devil of fear in the trigger of a Ross rifle. As the beginner pulls it for the first time, he winces instinctively, and the result is a "miss."

"Give a long pull—but your finger right 'round the trigger—and pull steadily, so you don't know when you fire," is the advice the tyro gets from the "old hand."

He is further advised to take a good grip, with his left hand in such a position that the rifle naturally balances. Capt. Murphy has his own ideas about the proper position for long to shoot, and he endeavors to impress these on the new recruits.

The captain is a painstaking instructor and has his heart in the work. The result is a wonderful help to the beginner. The instructor has a knack of setting the best out of the men, and his instructions go home.

His record as a Blesley man, and the scores he has rolled up on the local ranges make him at once the admiration and pattern of the amateurs. His willingness to help them has added to this esteem, and with the material now at his command, he should be able to turn out several hundred first-class marksmen from the London ranges.

"It is a pity that people have not turned to rifle shooting before," said Capt. Murphy. "All spring our ranges were almost deserted, and now we haven't got enough rifles to go 'round. However, better late than never, and from the interest being displayed, it will mean that we have some good shots in the making."

"Anybody that takes up rifle shooting in earnest becomes an enthusiast, and I expect that the businessmen and others who are now coming to the ranges will keep it up, even after the war is over."

Copper Included In Contraband of War

[Canadian Press.] Paris, Oct. 3.—11:15 a.m.—The French Government has announced a supplementary list of articles declared conditionally to be contraband of war under Article XXV of the Declaration of London. These are iron and steel oxides, sulphates and carbonates of iron, copper, lead, nickel and ferrous chloride, glycerine, leather and pneumatic and other automobile tires and the materials used in their construction.

CHINESE OBJECT TO JAPS' PLANS

[Canadian Press.] Peking, China, Oct. 3.—The Chinese Government today replied to the latest Japanese note. It declared again that it considered the Japanese occupation of Wei-Hai-wei, in Shan Tung Province, a breach of neutrality, and asserted that if the rest of the railroad in Shan Tung was occupied such action would constitute a further violation.

GERMANY CLAIMS SOME SUCCESSES

Official Statement Says the French Are Dislodged South of Roze.

REPULSED ELSEWHERE

Capture of Some Termonde Fortifications Is Also Asserted.

[Canadian Press.] Berlin, Oct. 3.—Via Amsterdam and London, Oct. 3.—11:43 a.m.—The following official statement was given out at army headquarters the evening of October 2: "The right wing of the German army in France has repulsed renewed efforts on the part of the French to flank it. To the south of Roze, the French have been dislodged from their positions."

"The situation on the centre of the battle front remains unchanged. German troops, advancing in the Argonne region, have won substantial advances in a southerly direction. "East of the River Meuse, French troops from Toul undertook energetic night attacks, but were repulsed."

"Before Antwerp, Fort Wavre-St. Catharines and the Redoubte Berpevel, with their intermediate works, were assaulted yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Fort Wavre has been invested."

"The western and important outer equipment of the Termonde fortifications is in our possession."

"In the eastern arena of the war, an advance of Russian forces across the Niemen River against the German in the Province of Suwalki, seems imminent."

ITALY LOSES YET ANOTHER VESSEL

[Canadian Press.] Venice, Oct. 3.—Via Rome and Paris, Oct. 3.—9:40 a.m.—A report has reached here of the sinking of another Italian boat, and the death of her crew of 50 men at a point near Trieste, as a result of coming in contact with a floating mine.

"There is alarm all along the Italian coast at the presence of Austrian mines at sea. Water traffic with Austria has been suspended, and goods destined for Austrian ports are being abandoned on the docks."

Explanation Fails To Satisfy Friends

Reduction of Sir Adam Beck Causes Local Comment—Ex-Minister Makes Significant Statement.

Sir Adam Beck, back in London after the announcement of cabinet changes in Toronto, today said that there was nothing peculiar about the shifting of positions which caused him to resign as minister of power, and to become a private member.

Asked particularly what the attitude of the new Government was toward him, he said: "Everything's been said that need be said."

The only comment Sir Adam would make touching on the ministry of hydro power was the significant statement that W. K. McNaught, a member of the hydro power commission, is not a member of the House.

It was suggested to Sir Adam that London people were much interested in how he was going to fare in Toronto with the new changes, but he again stated: "Everything's been said that need be said."

There is a good deal of local comment on the part of Conservatives, on the fact that Sir Adam is out of the Government, and the official explanation given by the new Government does not satisfactorily explain the reason. It says that the Hon. I. B. Lucas takes the position on the commission, "that the act requires to be filled by a member of the executive council." That is, Lucas is said to take Beck's place in the cabinet.

EACH SIDE IS CLAIMING ADVANTAGES IN MOVEMENTS

[Canadian Press.] New York, Oct. 3.—A cable to the Associated Press from London, timed 1:40 p.m. today, says: "A quite unusual liveliness in the publicity departments of the German and Austrian army headquarters has furnished an account of the results of current battles differing so radically to those from the camps of their opponents as to render the widely divergent statements irreconcilable. In regard to the battle of the Aisne, there is only a single point on which the French and German reports agree, and that is that Gen. Von Kluck still is going northward, though at a snail's pace, and that he is so powerful that Gen. Joffre has been obliged to admit that the German commander

LOOK FOR AEROPLANES; "DISCOVER" NEW COMETS

Skygazers Are Making Some Wonderful Discoveries During These Stirring Days of War.

The aeroplane scare and the consequent craze for sky-gazing by people on the lookout for aerial visitors is leading to a great many interesting discoveries by the searchers. Some claim to have seen comets so far undiscovered by the astrologers. Others have viewed with wonder constellations of whose existence they were previously supremely ignorant, while still others actually have seen, or imagine they have seen, aircraft of various kinds.

Professor John Deane, whose reputation as an astronomer is wide, has received numerous inquiries concerning strange celestial bodies and, in some cases at least, has been able to assure the inquirers, from his or her description of the object observed, that it was simply a planet or star well-known to all scientific searchers of the heavens. In one case he came to the conclusion that a man who claimed to have seen a new comet really had re-discovered Jupiter.

"It is just possible but no; at all probable, I think, that some people have seen a comet," Professor Deane told The Advertiser in reply to a query made as a result of various inquiries having been made in the office. "If inquirers will describe when and where they have seen bodies in the sky," he added, "it probably will be easy to decide whether what they saw was a comet or not."

PRINCE'S ARMY DID NOT BREAK THROUGH

Was Driven Back When Attempting To Slip Past In Woods of Gruree—Allies' Progress In Woevre District Continuous.

[Canadian Press.] Paris, Oct. 3.—3:03 p.m.—The official announcement issued this afternoon declares that the violent attack of the Germans at Roze has been repulsed by the allies.

The text of the statement follows: "First.—On our left wing the violent action which has been progressing since yesterday, continues without interruption, particularly in the region of Roze, where we have repulsed attacks, although upon this part of the front the enemy has been reinforced by new additions, taken from the enemy's centre, as has been previously noted."

CROWN PRINCE DRIVEN BACK. "Second.—Upon the centre nothing is to be noted from Rheims to the Argonne region. In the Argonne district the Sixteenth German Corps (the army of the Crown Prince), which had attempted to slip by through the woods of Gruree, has been driven back toward the north of the Varennes-la-Harzee-Viennes-la-Ville line.

"In the Woevre district, and upon the heights of the Meuse our progress is always slow, but continuous. "In the Belgian field, the Germans are bombarding the front, southeast of the Antwerp position, without being yet able to produce any considerable effect upon the works. They have delivered many infantry attacks, which have been repulsed."

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES. "In the Russian field of operations a strong German army of four corps has taken position between the frontier of East Prussia and the River Niemen. Its left wing has been thrown back upon Mariampol and Suwalki.

At the centre of the city of Augustovi has been taken by the Russians. On the German right wing the struggle continues around Ossowetz (between Lyck and Bielowok).

"In Galicia the rear guard of the Austrians has retreated in disorder as far as the Vistula. "In Bosnia, Serb and Montenegrin columns are advancing upon Sarajevo."

TRAMP OF CANADIANS TO STRIKE TERROR TO PRUSSIANS

Lord Rosebery and Other Famous Britishers Express the Nation's Greetings to Soldiers From the Dominion.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.] London, Oct. 3.—I have received the following messages for The London Advertiser concerning the coming of the Canadian contingent:

Lord Rosebery: "We rejoice to see the Empire flag of Canada in Europe. When Prussia hears the march of Canada and India added to the tramp of Russian millions, she must realize the situation."

Sir William Osler: "With nations, as with men, personal sacrifice is their salvation. The splendid response of the children will weld together a yet greater empire."

The Lord Mayor of London: "The arrival of the Canadian contingent is an event of profound significance, for it heralds the important help which Canada always gives the motherland, and continues that splendid tradition of patriotism and affection ever associated with the great Dominion."

—F. A. Mackenzie. HAVE SOME TROOPS ARRIVED? [Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Oct. 3.—Although there has been no official announcement made of landing of any Canadian troops in the old country, cables today contain references to greetings made by Lord Mayor of London, Sir Wm. Osler, Lord Rosebery, and others, to Canadian troops, and it is thought some of the contingent have already appeared in the old country.

ANTWERP DEFENDERS DRIVE OFF ENEMY WITH BAYONETS

Blow Up Bridge and Repulse Germans at Termonde—Bombardment of Whole Line of Defences Heavy During Early Hours of Friday.

[Canadian Press.] London, Oct. 3.—A dispatch from Antwerp to the Reuter Telegram Company Antwerp tells of the fighting around Antwerp. It says: "The town of Lierre was again bombarded by the Germans today, and many houses were damaged. Tonight the Belgians, with the bayonet, replied to the German attack on the fort at Lierre, capturing 30 prisoners and inflicting severe losses on the Germans."

"The Belgians allowed the enemy to approach Waelhem tonight. The forts then opened fire, compelling the Germans to retire with losses. "The Belgians were also attacked during the night, but the Belgians blew up the bridge and repulsed the Germans. "A Taube aeroplane flew over Antwerp at 4 o'clock this morning, too high for our fire."

WHOLE LINE ATTACKED. London, Oct. 3.—8 a.m.—Describing the fighting of Friday in the environs of Antwerp, the correspondent of the Times says: "During the early hours of Friday there was a heavy bombardment of the whole line of the Antwerp defences from Boom, five and a half miles northwest of Malines, to Lierre, nine miles southeast of Antwerp. It was especially severe at the fort of Wavre-St. Catharines. Toward midday the firing of the Germans became desultory and perfunctory. "The Belgian artillery continued active, but the German reply was intermittent and chiefly directed on the bridge in the village of Waelhem. "During the morning the Germans penetrated to the fort of Wavre-St. Catharines, but were driven back."

THE WEATHER

THE LOCAL TEMPERATURES. Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 73; lowest, 52.

TOMORROW—FAIR. Toronto, Oct. 3.—8 p.m. Forecasts.

Today—Moderately southeasterly winds; fine and moderately warm.

Sunday—Moderately easterly winds; fair.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Table with 4 columns: Station, High, Low, Weather. Rows include Victoria, Calgary, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Harry Sound, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and Father Point.