MORNING EDITION.

London Advertiser.

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VOL. XXVIII., NO 210. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1891. WHOLE NO. 8979.

Sharing the "Swag"

Rich Developments in the Langevin-McGreevy Case.

Barefaced Filching from the Public Purse.

The Minister of Public Works Connected with the Job.

Sir Hector Secures Another Ten Thousand Dollars.

Owen Murphy's Straight Story Substantiated by Documentary Evidence—An Interesting Catechism for Taxpayers to Study.

OTTAWA, June 27.—The developments in the McGreevy-Langevin scandal, of which I briefly telegraphed you yesterday, grow more sensational as the investigation directly proceeds. Yesterday's evidence directly implicated Sir Hector Langevin, his son and son-in-law—a regular family compact, according to the chief witness, to profit by the money filched from the public purse through the connivance of those in authority.

Owen Murphy, the financial partner of Larkin, Connolly & Co., swears that Nicholas Connolly paid $5,000 to Mr. Laforce Langevin, Sir Hector's son, who was employed as a boss at the Quebec harbor works, and $5,000 more to Sir Hector himself. The money paid to the son was intended for the father, who had apparently asked by letter for $10,000.

In the course of the examination, Mr. Geoffrion asked the witness: "Now, will you explain the nature of the charge which appears in exhibit L 5, under the heading "Graving dock, November, 1887, $10,000?" A.—That is a $10,000 I gave to Sir Hector Langevin myself.

Q.—Was the entry made in the books by your order? A.—It was. I gave this money to Sir Hector in two sums of $5,000.

Mr. Coatsworth—Where did you pay the $10,000? A.—At Quebec.

Q.—What was the date? A.—I cannot fix it.

Q.—Where was the payment made? A.—At Sir Hector's house.

Q.—Was it before the books were audited? A.—Just before.

Mr. Curran—Were the two payments of $5,000 both made at Sir Hector's house? A.—Yes.

Mr. Coatsworth—In what month were the payments made? A.—I do not recollect.

Q.—Do you know what time of the year? A.—No. Witness went on to say: I did not want to make entries, because I wanted to keep it dark, to keep it secret.

Mr. Curran—What do you mean by keeping it secret? A.—Keeping it from the McGreevys.

Mr. Langelier—Did you get the money on the day you drew the checks? A.—Yes.

Q.—And paid it on the same day? A.—Yes.

Q.—So that the date of the checks would be the date of the payment? A.—Yes.

Mr. Daly—Did you tell Nicholas Connolly of it after you paid the money? A.—Yes.

Mr. Coatsworth—Was it in gold or bills? A.—In bills.

Q.—On what bank? A.—Bank of British North America.

Q.—Large denomination? A.—One hundred dollar bills, I think.

Q.—What was the money paid to Mr. McGreevy for? A.—When Mr. Thomas Greevy came to me it was always for Sir Hector.

Q.—For what purpose? A.—Some of the first was given to Sir Hector's newspaper, which was not paying.

Q.—What paper? A.—Le Monde of Montreal.

Q.—Were there any other papers? A.—There is a $3,000 item here. Thomas McGreevy came and asked for money to pay off a debt of Sir Hector's son-in-law's paper in Quebec.

Q.—What was his name? A.—Mr. Caspais.

Q.—You did not make the payment of that $3,000? A.—It is initialed N. K. C., as having been paid by Nicholas Connolly.

Q.—Did you pay your share? A.—I was charged with it and paid it.

Q.—Did Mr. Thos. McGreevy ask for money for Sir Hector for other purposes than for papers? A.—$5,000 was charged for the graving dock at Levis, but I never paid it.

Witness was asked about an item for $8,000 in the statement. He said: "The date is Aug. 3, but that is not right. These dates are all wrong. I think the auditors will account for this. Mr. Thos. McGreevy asked me for $5,000. He said he wanted it before Sir Hector left Quebec. We were short and I went to the bank and drew $1,000 and gave it to him in his office on Dalhousie street. The item on Aug. 8 of $4,000 was paid by Nicholas Connolly to Thos. McGreevy and makes up the $5,000 asked for.

Various letters in corroboration of these extraordinary statements were sworn to by witness. Captain Larkin wrote to Murphy from St. Catharines warning him not to be too liberal with "our friends"—meaning, the witness explained, McGreevy and Langevin—and counseling him in these terms: "Bear in mind, my dear fellow, that there is a large amount due you. Connolly and myself, and that if we continue donating as we have been doing there will be nothing left to pay. Keep the eleventh commandment in view, that is, look out for yourself." Then Mr. Connolly wrote protesting in similar terms. In a "P. S.," written from the works at Esquimalt, Connolly says:

"I don't see why our friends should ask for another $5,000. I know and heard a distinct understanding and agreement in presence of Capt. Larkin that after the division of the $50,000 there should be no further calls until all the debts were paid. I think our friends should have a little patience with us and wait a little. We haven't acted badly by them, for by the statement you sent out they have received out of this work alone $14,000, all before we even cleared one dollar on it. I would advise you to be careful."

These letters closed the day's evidence taking. The sub-committee reported that the notes, checks, stubs and bill books which were supposed to be in the boxes Michael Connolly had brought down were missing. At the meeting previous to one held yesterday the boxes were found locked and no keys procurable. Orders were given for the production of the keys and yesterday when the committee met the boxes were found to be unlocked and all the vouchers referred to were missing. The bookkeeper, Martin P. Connolly, said he last saw them in Quebec.

BOTH DOOMED.

OTTAWA, June 28.—One who moves among the followers of the Government here can easily ascertain that they are weakening on Sir Hector Langevin. Many admit that it will be impossible to refute the testimony given by Murphy on Friday when it is supported by documentary proofs. Sir Hector's statement in Parliament that he received no money for his own use or advantage is now being recalled, and it is expected that Sir Hector will say that he received the money spoken of by Murphy as subscriptions for election purposes or to support Tory newspapers, and thus place the blame upon the shoulders of the whole Conservative party and force the party to stand by him. As to McGreevy, all the Tories admit that he must go, but so far the case looks almost as bad against Langevin as against McGreevy. There appears to be some ground for the report that Sir John Thompson is so angry and disgusted over the political situation and over the refusal of the Ontario Tories to accept his leadership that he proposes retiring from public life in a short time to accept the solicitorship of a great railway corporation.

Capital Notes.

The Privileges and Elections Committee adjourned until Tuesday next.

The sub-committee reported that Larkin, Connolly & Co.'s checks and bill books ordered to be produced were missing, and a subpœna was ordered to be issued to Patrick Kelly, in charge of the Quebec office, to attend with them.

A. A. Boucher has been appointed first assistant clerk of the Senate, and R. W. Stephen second assistant clerk in Mr. Boucher's place. It is understood that Mr. Soulter, one of the most efficient officials of the Senate, will succeed Mr. Stephen.

Mr. George Casey, the member for West Elgin, has recovered and was in his seat Friday looking well.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Negotiations Between the Two Great Canadian Railway Companies.

MONTREAL, June 29.—A special cable to the Star from London says: "It will be remembered that some time ago the desirability of effecting a friendly running arrangement between the Grand Trunk and the C. P. R. was discussed by some of the directors of the two companies, but the discussion on the subject which then took place resulted in no arrangement being made. The negotiations for such a friendly working arrangement between the two companies have been renewed, and that there is some hope of a successful issue is shown by the fact that the stocks of the two great companies interested showed a marked revival as soon as it was known that the negotiations were in progress. Lord Mount-Stephen presided at a preliminary meeting of representatives of the boards of directors of both companies held Saturday afternoon. The general situation was discussed and the desirability of a friendly agreement, with a view to meeting the rivalry of the United States lines, admitted by the directors of both companies. Proposals which were discussed some time before the retirement of Sir Joseph Hickson from the position of general manager of the Grand Trunk were reviewed, and will be further discussed by both boards."

TORONTO TOPICS.

Honor Examination in the Law School—Dr. McGlynn's Visit.

TORONTO, June 29.—The results of the honor examination in the first and second years at the law school are as follows—First year—1 J. E. Haight, 2 W. E. Woodruff, 3 W. A. Fraser; second year—1 C. W. Barker, 2 Strachan Johnston, 3 John E. Moss, 4 J. E. Jeffrey, 5 R. M. Lett, 6 W. Cross; 7 M. J. O'Connor, 8 J. G. Smith.

Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who lectured in the Auditorium on Saturday and Sunday evening last, will remain in Canada until after Dominion Day, and has been engaged to deliver his celebrated lecture, "The Destiny of the Anglo-Saxon Race," at Long Branch on that day.

The bishop of Toronto held an ordination service at St. James' Cathedral yesterday morning. The point of special interest in connection with it was that Mr. H. C. Dixon, long one of the most prominent Anglican lay workers of the city, was one of the candidates, and was duly ordained into the ministry. Mr. Dixon will continue his business, and will receive no remuneration from the church. He is the first in the Diocese of Toronto to receive ordination under such circumstances.

WORK AND WAGES.

The bakers in Paris have decided to continue the strike until their demands are granted. Some of the butchers were desirous of joining the bakers in the fight, but the idea was opposed by the union.

Twenty-nine members of the British steamer Magellan have been fined five shillings and costs each for refusing to go to sea with non-union men.

The Touraine's Fast Trip.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The new twin screw steamer La Touraine, of the French line, made the voyage several hours ahead of the best time made by steamers taking what is known as the "safe route" from Havre, a distance of 3,125 miles.

"Don't Care to Eat."

It is with the greatest confidence that Hood's Sarsaparilla is recommended for loss of appetite, indigestion, sick headache, and similar troubles. This medicine gently tones the stomach, assists digestion, and makes one "real hungry." Persons in delicate health, after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a few days, find themselves longing for and eating the plainest food with unexpected relish. g

Riding at Port Stanley.

After July 12, Mr. Fulcher will take all his saddle horses to Port Stanley for two months. If you wish to learn to ride commence right away. Telephone 423. J. FULCHER, riding master. ywt

Furniture away down. On account of rebuilding store it must be cleared in two weeks. A large stock. It must go. Bargains sure, at TRAFFORD'S, 95-97 King street.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Wired From Every Quarter of the Globe.

Tragic Death of a Montreal Woman—Food Riots Imminent in Germany.

CANADIAN.

The steamer Gothenburg City from Montreal is ashore on St. Mary's Island.

The crops on the Bell farm at Indian Head are reported magnificent.

Stanley Shane, a 7-year-old boy, was drowned at Kingston on Saturday.

A Frenchman and team of horses were killed by lightning near Winnipeg on Friday.

Ernest Languer, who is wanted by the Boston police for murder, is supposed to be in Montreal.

James Sach, of Calgary, and Mrs. McGillivray, of Winnipeg, have eloped to the Pacific coast.

Dr. J. R. Robinson, of Boston, attempted suicide in Montreal yesterday. He is supposed to be insane.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau is improving in health. He expects to be in his seat in the House early this week.

McManus, the miner who fell 250 feet down the shaft of a mine near Calgary two weeks ago, will recover.

The big retail drygoods firm of H. F. Perrier, Montreal, is in financial difficulties. Liabilities estimated at $40,000.

The body of a lad named Jas. Paquette, who was drowned in the Ottawa River on Tuesday, was recovered Sunday.

Sir Hector Langevin is indisposed. He did not attend the House sitting Friday night—his first absence in twelve years.

Lord Stanley, of Preston leaves to-day for the New Brunswick fishing grounds, where he will join H. R. H. Prince George.

Mr. T. D. Beddoe, Hamilton's favorite tenor, has received a flattering offer from the McCaul Opera Company, of New York.

Premier Greenway says the Manitoba schools case will be further appealed if the decision of the Supreme Court is unfavorable.

The Norwegian bark Statsraad Lange ran ashore on west side of Byron Island, Gulf of St. Lawrence, June 25, and will be a total wreck. Crew all safe.

The Ontario Government has appointed as representatives of the Province to the governing body of the Imperial Institute Sir Henry Tyler and Mr. James Short McMaster.

Low water is reported from all the Upper Ottawa districts, and unless rain falls soon not a drive will be taken out this season. The arrival of men from the rivers so early as June necessarily means small wages for the ensuing winter.

Sunday afternoon Miss Katie Fitzpatrick, aged about 38 years, fell from a gallery at 48 Hermine street, Montreal, into the yard. She struck on her head, and being a very heavy woman her skull was smashed to pieces. Death was instantaneous.

UNITED STATES.

The floods in Iowa and neighboring States continue unabated.

The Canfield oil works, Cleveland, were burned yesterday. Loss, $100,000.

R. Gregg & Co., a Minnesota milling firm, have assigned. Liabilities, $150,000.

Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, is spoken of as a probable successor to Pope Leo XIII.

The wife of S. E. Hazlett, a wealthy citizen of Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned to death on Saturday.

Eight ocean liners sailed from New York for Europe on Saturday with their staterooms filled with summer tourists.

Kimball Bros., manufacturers and dealers in carriages, Boston, have assigned. Indebtedness, $100,000; nominal assets, $0,000 to $75,000.

Elizabeth McVey, of Rosehill, Md., died Friday, after fasting on account of sins over 43 days. Until an autopsy is made the nature of her disease cannot be defined.

Canfield oil works, at the crossing of Avenue and the N. Y. and [illegible] tracks, Cleveland, Ohio, were set afire Monday by sparks from a locomotive. Loss may reach $90,000.

FOREIGN.

Mr. Gladstone and Morley are both improving.

Capt. Shaw has resigned as chief of the London fire brigade.

Herr Mayer, a German bank director, has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for fraud.

A new gun capable of throwing 50 pounds of dynamite three miles was tested in Manchester on Saturday.

Food riots are imminent in Germany, and fears are entertained of a famine in the Madras Presidency.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Edward de Cobain, M.P., who is charged with immoral practices.

The Russian harvest prospects have become worse, and there are fears of a partial famine. Because of the bad condition of the crops it is proposed to prohibit the exportation of corn.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says that a bloodless revolution has taken place in the Province of Santiago, and Señor Delestro, President, has been arrested and forced to sign his resignation.

The Court of Appeals at Dublin has refused the application for a stay of execution in the suit recently decided in favor of Mr. Campbell, Mr. Parnell's private secretary, against the proprietors of the Cork Daily Herald.

Mr. Chalin states that he does not intend to press his cattle ship in the British House of Commons this session, but would rather use its existing powers and issue regulations to prevent suffering upon the part of cattle in transit across the Atlantic Ocean.

The arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the German Emperor and Empress in England, are nearly completed. They will arrive in the Thames on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern on Saturday, July 4, and will at once be escorted to Windsor, where several apartments have been prepared for them in the castle.

Cheap, Efficient, Prompt.

A marvel of cheapness, of efficacy and promptitude is contained in a bottle of that famous remedy, Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It goes right to the root of the trouble, there acts quickly but so painlessly that nothing is known of its operation until the corn is shelled. Beware of substitutes offered for Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor—safe, sure and painless. Sold at Druggists.

IT TAKES IN EVERYBODY

A General Indictment of the Human Family

And an Open Door of Escape for All.

Dr. Talmage Discourses on the Subject "Astray but Recovered."

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 28.—Dr. Talmage to-day took as his subject, "Astray, but Recovered," and his text, Isaiah, liii., 6: "All we like sheep have gone astray: * * * and the Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all." Within 90 years at the longest, said the preacher, all who hear or read this sermon will be in eternity. The next ten years will cut a wide swath among the people. The year 1891 will to some be the finality. Such considerations make the occasion absorbing and momentous. The first half of my text is an indictment; "All we like sheep have gone astray." Some one says: "Can you not drop the final word? that is too general; that sweeps a great circle." Some men in the audience and he looks over on the opposite side of the house and he says: "There is a blasphemer, and I understand how he has gone astray. And there in another part of the house is a defrauder, and he has gone astray. And there is an impure person and he has gone astray." Sit down, my brother, and look at home. My text takes it all in. It starts behind the pulpit, sweeps the circuit of the room and comes back to the point where it started when it says: "All we like sheep have gone astray." Sheep get astray in two ways: either by trying to get into other pasture, or from being scared by dogs. In the former way some of us go astray. We thought the religion of Jesus Christ short commons. We thought there was better pasturage somewhere else, and we wandered on and we were lost. We wanted bread and we found garbage. The further we wandered, instead of finding rich pasturage, we found blasted heath and sharper rocks and more stinging nettles. No pasture. How was it in the worldly groups when you lost your child? Did they come round and console you very much? Did not the plain Christian man who came into your house and sat up with your darling child give you more comfort than all worldly associations? Did all the convivial songs you ever heard comfort you in that day of bereavement so much as the song they sang to you, perhaps the very song that was sung by your little child the last Sabbath afternoon of her life?

There is a happy land, far, far away,
Where saints immortal reign, bright, bright as day.

Did your business associates in that day of darkness and trouble give you any especial condolence? Business exasperated you. You got dollars, but you got no peace. God have mercy on the man who has nothing but business to comfort him. The world has cheated you, the world has belied you, the world has misinterpreted you, the world has persecuted you. It never comforted you. Oh, this world is a good rack from which a horse may pick his hay; it is a good trough from which the swine may crunch their mess; but it gives but little food to a soul blood-bought and immortal. What is a soul? It is a hope high as the throne of God. What is a man? You say: "It is only a man." It is only a man gone overboard in sin. It is only a man gone overboard in business life. What is a man? The battle ground of three worlds, with his hands taking hold of destinies of light or darkness. A man! No line can measure him. No limit can bound him. The archangel before the throne cannot outlive him. The stars shall die, but he will watch their extinguishment. The world will burn, but he will gaze on the conflagration. Endless ages will march on, he will watch the procession. A man! The masterpiece of God Almighty. Yet you say, "It is only a man." Can a nature like that be fed on husks of the wilderness?

But some go astray by being scared of the dogs. The hounds gets over into the pasture field. The poor things fly in every direction. In a few moments they are torn of the hedges and they are splashed of the ditch, and the lost sheep never gets home unless the farmer goes after it. There is nothing so thoroughly lost as a lost sheep. It may have been in 1857, during the financial panic or during the financial stress in the fall of 1873, when you got astray. You almost became an atheist. You said: "Where is God, that honest men go down and thieves prosper?" You were dogged of creditors, you were dogged of the banks, you were dogged of worldly disaster, and some of you went into misanthropy, and some of you took to strong drink, and others of you fled out of Christian association, and you got astray. O! man, that was the last time when you ought to have forsaken God. If you could really see the position you occupy before God this morning your soul would burst into an agony of tears and you would pelt the heavens with the cry "God have mercy! Sinai's batteries have been unlimbered above your soul and at times you have heard it thunder: "The wages of sin is death. All have sinned and come short of the glory of God. The soul that sinneth it shall die."

But the last part of my text opens a door wide enough to let us all out and to let all heaven in. Sound it on the organ with all the stops out. Thrum it on the harps with all the strings at me. With all the melody possible let the heavens sound it to the earth and let the earth tell it to the heavens. "The Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all." "O!" says some man, "that is not generous, that is not fair; let every man carry his own burden and pay his own debts." That sounds reasonable. If I have an obligation and I have the means to meet it, and I come to you and ask you to settle that obligation, you rightly say, "Pay your own debts." If you and I were walking down the street, both hale, hearty and well, I ask you to carry me, you say and say rightly, "Walk on your own feet!" But suppose you and I were in a regiment, and I was wounded in the battle and I fell unconscious at your feet with gunshot fractures and dislocations, what would you do? You would call to your comrades, saying, "Come, this man is helpless; let us take him to the hospital," and I would be a dead lift in your arms, and you would lift me from the ground where I had fallen, take me to the hospital and have all kindness shown to me. Would there be anything demeaning in my accepting that kindness? If we could pay our debts then it would be better to go up and pay them, saying "Here, Lord, are the means with which I will settle that obligation; now give me a receipt; cross it all out." But the fact is we have fallen in the battle, we have gone down under the hot fire of our transgressions, we have been wounded by the sabres of sin, we are helpless, we are undone. Christ comes. The loud clang heard in the sky on that Christmas night was the resounding bell of the ambulance. Clear the way for the Son of God. He comes down to bind up the wounds, and to scatter the darkness, and to save the lost. Christ comes down to us, and he raises us to honor and glory and immortality. "The Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all." You cannot carry successfully the smallest sin you ever committed. You might as well put the Apennines on one shoulder and the Alps on the other—how much less can you carry all the sins of your lifetime? Christ comes and looks down in your face and says: "I have come to bear your burdens and to pardon your sins and to pay your debts. Put them on my shoulder; put them on my heart." "On him the Lord hath laid the iniquity of us all."

Some one comes here this morning. He comes up these steps. I must stand aside. Taking that place he spreads abroad his hands, and they were nailed. You see his feet, they were bruised. He pulls aside his robe and shows you his wounded heart. I say, "Art thou weary?" "Yes," he says, "weary with the world's woe." I say, "Whence comest thou?" He says, "I come from Calvary." I say, "Who comes with thee?" He says, "No one; I have trodden the winepress alone!" I say, "Why comest thou here?" He says, "I came here to carry all the sins and sorrows of the people." And he kneels and says: "Put on my shoulders all the sorrows and all the sins." And conscious of my own sins first, I take them and put them on the shoulders of the Son of God. I say: "Canst thou bear any more, O Christ?" He says: "Yea, more." And I gather up the sins of all those who serve at these altars, the officers of the church of Jesus Christ—I gather up all their sins and put them on Christ's shoulders, and I say: "Canst thou bear any more?" He says: "Yea, more." Then I gather up all the sins of a hundred people in this house and put them on the shoulders of Christ, and I say: "Canst thou bear more?" He says: "Yea, more." And I gather up all the sins of this assembly and I put them on the shoulders of the Son of God, and I say: Canst thou bear them?" "Yea," he says, "more."

But he is departing. Clear the way for him, the Son of God. Open the door and let him pass out. He is carrying our sins and bearing them out. We shall never see them again. He throws them down into the abysm, and you hear the long reverberating echo of their fall. "On him the Lord hath laid the iniquity of us all." Will you let him take away your sins to-day? or do you say, "I will take charge of them myself. I will fight my own battles, I will risk eternity on my own account?"

To-day the Saviour calls. All may come. God never pushes a man off. God never destroys anybody. The man jumps off. It is suicide—soul suicide—if the man perishes, for the invitation is, "Whosoever will, let him come." Whosoever, whosoever, whosoever! In this day of merciful visitation, while many are coming into the kingdom of God, join the procession heavenward.

IN ASHES.

Two Fires Cause a Loss of Half a Million Dollars.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The Seventy-first Regiment armory on Broadway, between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets, was completely gutted by fire early this morning. Loss, $100,000. The regiment lost everything. It was to have gone into camp on July 4.

LEITH, July 27.—Aitkin & Wright's provision warehouse has been burned. Loss, $400,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Parnell.

DUBLIN, June 27.—The National Press says of Parnell's proposed visit to Carlow: "Carlow will revolt against the meditated outrage. Parnell is devoid of moral sense, and cannot comprehend the mental attitude of religious people towards his crime. Carlow will make it plain that the hero of the squalid scene at Steining is impossible as far as decent men are concerned. Parnell only added crime to crime by the performance at the registry office."

A Summer Hotel Burned.

COURTRIGHT, June 29.—The McGregor House, occupied by Mr. Pierson, was entirely destroyed by fire last evening. It is believed the house and furniture were insured, but to what extent or in what company cannot be learned. The guests were all safe and are being cared for by villagers. The hotel has for years accommodated a large number of summer guests, being directly across the river from the noted St. Clair health resort. A good commercial trade has also always been done at this house.

E. De la Hooke's office will be open on Tuesday evening for the sale of excursion and other tickets. b

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, is ear-ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation; its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mother's friend. 25 doses, 35 cents.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Beef, Iron and Wine

An Elegant and Efficient Tonic for Enriching the Blood, Giving Tone and Vigor to the Entire System.

This preparation is made of the purest and best materials obtainable, and we confidently recommend it to those requiring a first-class Iron Tonic. Price, 50 cents per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

256 DUNDAS STREET - - - LONDON

QUOITING.

A match for the quoiting championship of Great Britain, and a stake of £50, has been arranged between Andrew Hunter, Grangepans (late of Alva), and A. Bruce, of Bailleston.

ATHLETICS.

John D. McPherson, champion of America for putting the stone, has arrived in Glasgow from Canada, and has issued a challenge against George Davidson, McRae and Owen Duffy, and all other athletes in England and Scotland, to contest against him in putting the heavy and light stone for any amount from $200 to $500 and the championship of the world. McPherson's arrival has created quite a stir among Scotch athletes.

Honors to an Alderman.

Ald. F. J. Fitzgerald, elected grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias at the recent meeting of the Grand Lodge in this city, is walking around to-day with a nobby gold-headed cane. He paid an official visit to Mizpah Lodge last evening, and while there was surprised by the brethren from Prospect Lodge, on whose behalf P. G. C. Alex. Gardiner stepped forward, presenting the above-mentioned article with a neat congratulatory address. The grand chancellor replied happily. Refreshments, speeches and songs filled up a few pleasant hours.

Welcoming the New Pastor.

A reception was held in the lecture hall of London West Methodist Church Friday night to welcome the new minister, Rev. Wm. Godwin, who has just come from Blenheim. J. D. Saunby occupied the chair, and in a neat little speech greeted the new pastor with kind words of welcome and good wishes. Rev. E. B. Lanceley, Rev. Stephen Bond and James Wilkins also spoke in a like tone. A solo by Mr. Gibson and some choice music by the choir completed the evening's programme. The church was beautifully decorated, the platform being almost covered with flowers. Rev. Mr. Godwin replied to the addresses most happily and expressed his conviction of future cordial relations between himself and his new congregation.

South Londoners Have One.

No prettier spot for a garden party could have been chosen than the beautiful lawn at Mr. Hutchinson's residence, 203 Wortley road, used for that pleasant purpose Friday evening by the ladies of the Askin Street Methodist Church. Gay Chinese lantern decorations, entrancing music by J. Ward's orchestra, the presence of a merry crowd and the display of flowers, luscious strawberries, ice cream, cake and other palatable articles greatly enhanced its charms. Financially and socially the garden party was a success, thanks to the energy of the fair sex and the hospitality of Mr. Hutchinson. Among those taking charge were: Mesdames Gartley, Burns, Cosford, Learn, Fleming, Ostrander, Mulhern, (Dr.) Piper, Doggerell, Kelly, Baker, Wilkins; Misses Lewis, Cosford, Body, E. Cooper.

Robbery in South London.

The inmates of Mr. Robert Coates' residence, 28 Stanley street, South London, were away from home Friday between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., but that did not prevent some mischievous individual from entering and thoroughly familiarizing himself with the contents. When some of the family returned in the evening trunks, drawers and lockers were found to have been ransacked, the interior presenting such an appearance as a housecleaning would cause. Twenty-eight dollars in bills, belonging to Mr. Henry Coates, of the New York store, and also a revolver were noticed to be missing. Although it is impossible to ascertain at present how much had been taken. Entrance had been made through the cellar window. Mr. Coates' family have been away for two weeks. The police are investigating the affair.

A Pleasant Evening on Emery Street.

The Emery Street Mission building, South London, was hardly large enough for the crowd that sought admittance Friday evening. A strawberry festival and a literary and musical entertainment were the attractions, and the large number present, and the amount of represhments that were disposed of spoke well for the financial success of the affair. Ald. Winnett occupied the chair and introduced a choice programme, the talent being supplied from the Wellington Street Methodist Church, of which the mission is a branch. Misses Raymond, Law, Doty (with kindergarten class), Hodgins, Parr and Rev. G. W. Henderson, J. A. Jones and Chas. Frise were the contributors, the latter's whistling solo being heartily encored. Emery Street Mission is prospering, and it is probable a larger building will soon be erected. J. W. T. Park is the energetic Sunday school leader.

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