

# FLEET FOOT

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For work and play—in the middle of the day—and when on pleasure bent.

For field, farm and wagon, wear Fleet Foot Shoes. They are far cheaper than leather—light, easy, comfortable—long wearing. For every-day wear, you will find them immeasurably better than hot, heavy, expensive leather boots.



When you're out for a good time, wear WHITE "Fleet Foot" Shoes.

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## Now THREE Flavours

Get a package of the new "JUICY FRUIT"—See what a joyous, lasting flavour has been crowded in to give you a great, BIG 5 cent package of refreshment!



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# Doings of The Local Legislative

## Amendment to Prohibition Act to Prevent Shipments of Liquor for Other Provinces

The N. B. House of Assembly adjourned on the 18th ult., reassembled on the 28th.

### Amendment to Prohibition Act

Hon. Mr. Byrne introduced a bill to amend the Act for the suppression of the traffic in intoxicating liquor. Under the Act of last year the quantity of alcohol which may be supplied to persons using it for mechanical or manufacturing purposes is limited to ten gallons. The bill now introduced proposed to withdraw the limit and allow any quantity necessary to be purchased upon the certificate of the chief inspector. Another amendment was to clear up doubts which had arisen as to whether a nurse who administered liquor to a patient was liable to a penalty. Under the amended act, nurses were authorized to do so. Another related to advertising. As the law at present stands the advertising of liquor for sale was prohibited upon any vehicle or in any public place on any sign or billboard and it was proposed to extend this prohibition to include newspapers published in the province, posters and circulars. Provision is also made for the issuing of licenses by the Chief Inspector for the sale of drinkable liquors containing less than two percent of alcohol. Also, in order to bring what is known as The Doherty Act of the Dominion Parliament into force, Section 194 of the original Prohibition Act is repealed. This will prevent transaction in liquor taking place between parties outside the province and parties inside.

### Re Highways

Hon. Mr. Veniot introduced a bill to fund the fees received from automobiles and to borrow half a million dollars to be laid out on the construction of permanent roads, the money to be left in the hands of the Lieut. Gov. in Council, to be drawn upon as required.

### Children's Protective Act

The Children's Protective Act was strengthened.

### May 29th

### Workmen's Compensation

Hon. Mr. Byrne introduced a bill to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act.

### Women's Suffrage

Hon. Dr. Roberts, as a private member, introduced a bill to extend the franchise to women over 21 years of age.

### Marriage Law

During the consideration of the Marriage bill, Hon. Mr. Baxter advised the adoption of the law now recognized in continental Europe and in some of the western provinces of Canada which provides that the subsequent marriage of the parents serves to legitimize the issue born prior to the marriage ceremony. He said that this law did justice to the child, who was not to blame for the regrettable circumstances of its birth. Hon. Mr. Robinson expressed his approval of the suggestion. The House decided to require that banns be published in the parishes where both the contracting parties to the ceremony are resident, thus conforming the law to Roman Catholic practice.

### Succession Duty

Hon. Mr. Foster's bill to amend the Succession Duty law would penalize executors who understate the assets of an estate in order to evade payment of duty.

### May 30th

### Returned Soldiers

In the Public Accounts Committee this morning Charles Robinson, secretary of the provincial committee of the military hospitals association reported that out of 650 soldiers who have come back to the province, 350 have been placed in employment through the efforts of the committee.

### Miramichi Bills

The House met at 3 o'clock. Mr. Burchill introduced a bill to consolidate and amend acts relating to the Southwest Boom Company, and

also a bill to authorize the town of Chatham to issue debentures in aid of an electric light service.

### Re Highway

Hon. Mr. Veniot introduced a bill to make further provision for permanent bridges and other works of a permanent character. This, he explained, was to provide for raising \$370,000 to finish permanent structures which were now under construction. \$150,000 had been provided under the consolidated revenue account and to this had been added \$200,000 more for other permanent structures, making \$700,000 in all with what had been provided previously.

### A Deputy Attorney General

The bill providing for a Deputy Attorney-General was agreed to.

### Are They Members?

The right of Hon. Robert Murray of Northumberland and Mr. Dyson of Kent, to sit in the House was challenged by Hon. Mr. Baxter, on the ground that the former is a Master of the Supreme Court and the latter a Parish Court Commissioner, both offices, according to Mr. Baxter, coming under the head of "offices of emolument" the possession of which disqualifies a member of the Legislature. Hon. Mr. Baxter suggested reference of the matter to the Supreme Court. The Government debarred one from being a member of the promised consideration of the matter.

### May 31

The Corporations Committee met this morning for organization purposes and appointed Mr. Burchill chairman.

The new highway bill, which is pretty nearly the same as advocated by the late government, was adopted. The bill was passed providing for the care of the returned tubercular soldiers at the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium. The measure is the outcome of the recent conference in this city between the members of the Government and Lt.-Col. J. J. Sharples, the head of the Military Hospitals Commission.

### June 1

The House met at 3 o'clock. amendments to the Prohibition Act were discussed.

The section permitting the Doherty Act to become operative in this province was adopted. This prevents liquor being shipped into N. B. from any other province in violation of N. B. law.

### June 4

The House agreed to the bills to amend the act relating to the Right-bueto and Rexton electric light district, and also the bill to enable the town of St. Andrews to provide a water system for the said town—the latter with certain amendments.

St. John School Board were authorized to increase their appropriations from \$150,000 a year to \$200,000.

The bill respecting compensation by employers for injuries to workmen was next taken up.

Hon. Mr. Byrne said that under the old act compensation to be paid a workman in the case of accidental death was fixed at \$2,000. The new act fixed the amount at \$2,500. It was proposed also by the amended act to increase the maximum weekly indemnity to \$45 and provide that in no case it be less than six dollars. These amendments were in line with suggestions made in the report of the commission on the Workmen's Compensation act. Another change it was proposed to make was that in case the indemnity was not paid weekly, application could be made to a judge for an execution.

Hon. Mr. Robinson said he felt that there was a desire on the part of the house to co-operate with the workman and see to it that he had adequate protection. While the proposed amendments to the act met with the views of the Trades and Labor Council for the present, some thing better would be looked for in the future. The branch of the organization, in Moncton, felt that legislation along the lines of the Nova Scotia Workmen's Compensation Act would be much more suitable for this province. He regretted that there had not been sufficient time to bring down a more complete act this session. It was made from time to time, and the act made to conform with the most advanced labor legislation. A splendid compensation act had been passed by the Nova Scotia legislature a year ago, but this session some amendments had been made to it.

The principle was worked out largely in the nature of insurance. Employees contributed to the fund, and employees contributed by employees it was administered by employees for their benefit. He hoped at the end of another year to see a more complete act introduced.

Mr. Baxter said he was confirmed in the remarks made by the Hon. member from Moncton. He felt that matters of this kind should be dealt with altogether apart from politics. Some good legislation in the interests of the working man had been placed on the statute books during recent years. The workman was entitled to compensation even through no fault of his own or of the machinery he was using. An amendment am-

## Why Do We Do It?

When Dr. Henry Hough passed away at a good old age, four or five weeks ago, he was spoken of as a man who had had the rare experience of making some money in the business of publishing a town newspaper in the Province of Ontario. More than one of our friends have expressed surprise at this statement. Perhaps some even took it with a grain of salt. The fact is that Henry Hough's case offers the only exception known to the writer after a newspaper experience of just half a century.

### Labor Without Reward

Naturally the question will be asked why labor without reward, from the monetary point of view, should be practically the universal experience of the "country publisher." Is it lack of business ability? Not necessarily. There are not a few publishers who possess average business ability, or more. The simple truth is that the problem of getting money out of a local newspaper will not be solved until somebody has discovered how to take the breaks of a Hielman or to extract subliminal from cucumbers.

The money is not got out because it is not there to take out. The publisher of a local weekly has so many columns of space to sell. There is a limit to the price he can get, because there is a limit to what the business man can afford to pay, and get a margin of profit on goods he advertises. And there you are. Very far beyond those limits the best business ability cannot carry the shrewdest or most active of men.

### Profit from Publishing

It is true that the Liptons and Wainmakers of commerce publicly and unreservedly ascribe their wonderful success to advertising. It is even true that in a wide-awake town like Orillia practically all the shrewd business men use the columns of the newspapers, and would with coal oil lamps as cancelling their advertisements. But after all, the local newspaper's position is little, if at all, improved.

### The Fatal Fascination

All this being true, the natural question is: Why do men stay at the business? There are various reasons. The chief is that the editing and publishing of a newspaper has a unique fascination. Given any reasonable aptitude for the work, a man once engaged in it seldom can bring himself to leave it. There is a camaraderie among newspaper men peculiar to the guild, and once in the fold, there is an almost insurmountable disinclination to get out. The work itself fosters, even begets, public spirit, and with this growing disposition comes also the ability to view money-getting in its proper perspective, with a willingness to take life as it is, and rest content with what comes, realizing that "we brought nothing into this world, and it is certain that we can carry nothing out."

Does newspaper work bring also, in addition to a contempt for mere money-getting, a wider charity and a more benign patience? Let us hope so. Both are often sorely needed. In the light of an intimate knowledge of the burden of his work for the community which he unselfishly serves, and the paltry material return which it brings, one needs both charity and patience to suffer the ignorance which he would willingly declare that "the newspapers of this town are robbing the business men," and to refrain from telling what is in your heart, that you excuse him because of his incurable ignorance and his native ill-breeding, for which it would not be fair to hold him altogether accountable.—The Orillia Packet.

bodily this provision had been incorporated in the act of last session. The limit had not yet been reached in legislation of this kind, and it was wise for the government before taking further action to await the report of the excellent commission now dealing with the matter was as good as our own, because there were too many appeals taken under it. A workman's compensation act to be effective should provide for the complete exclusion of litigation which caused delay and inconvenience. The Ontario act was thought to be a good one, but some imperfections had been discovered in it.

Mr. LeBlanc wanted to know why, when a workman had recovered a judgment once, and the employer did not pay the compensation as ordered it should be necessary for him to prove his case a second time as he appeared to be required under section 4 of the bill. He thought it should be sufficient to get an order from a judge without anything further.

The bill was agreed to as amended.

## A Perfect Medicine For Little Ones

Baby's Own Tablets is the ideal medicine for little ones. They regulate the bowels and stomach; break up colds; cure constipation and indigestion; expel worms and make teething easy. They are guaranteed to be absolutely free from injurious drugs and may be given to the youngest child with perfect safety. Concerning Mrs. T. M. Forkall, Niagara City, B. C., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my three little ones and have found them the best medicine a mother can give her children." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. (adv.)

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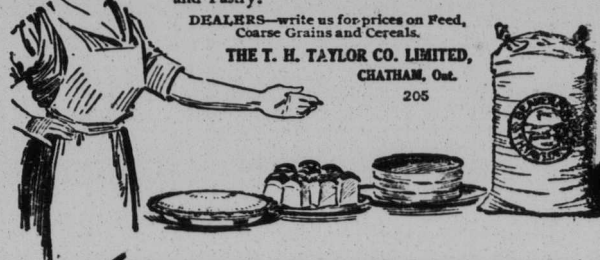
You can get the same flaky lightness in your Pie Crusts, Tarts and Cookies, with

# BEAVER FLOUR

as you can with any pastry flour. Beaver Flour is milled of the famous Ontario fall wheat, strengthened with western spring wheat.

And more than that—Beaver Flour makes a loaf of bread that is a joy to eat—with fine, even texture and a delicious "homey" nutlike flavor, unknown to those who use the tough, tasteless, western spring wheat flour. Make the change today—order a barrel of Beaver Flour at your grocer's and have really delicious Bread and Pastry.

DEALERS—write us for prices on Feed, Coarse Grains and Cereals.  
THE T. H. TAYLOR CO. LIMITED,  
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# NOTICE

Owing to the tremendous increase in the cost of living, we have been compelled to raise in wages of all classes of workmen, the undersigned Barbers of Newcastle, who have never made any changes in charges since long before the war, are now forced to ask our Patrons to consent to an increase of rates.

On and after June first our prices will be as follows:

Haircut	25 cents
Shave	15 "
Shampoo	25 "
Massage	25 "
Razor Honing	25 "
Hair Singeing	25 "
Hair Tonic	10 "
Neck Shave	5 "
Children's Hair Cut	20 "

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21-24

# BOYS' SUITS

WE have received something Nobby in Boys' Suits.

They are made from the same cloths that the Mens' suits are made from and are as well finished as the best of Men's clothes.

—THEY ARE—

Priced from \$4.75 to \$12.00

**RUSSELL & MORRISON**  
MEN'S OUTFITTERS

# Blackville Boy

The fast standard bred Trotting Stallion, Blackville Boy, will stand this season at Newcastle.

Satisfactory Terms can be made with the owner

**JOHN MCKEEN**

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