



Fig. 126. A. (Brit. Columbia.)

*Cranioscopy.**Craniometry.*

		Millimetres.
Artificially deformed.	1	161
Age, 50 .....	2	150
Sex, female .....	3	114.5
Sutures, coronal and sagittal almost obliterated, lambdoid, simple .....	4	92
Pterion H .....	5	109
Inion, 1 .....	6	110
Lateral parietes, very protuberant .....	7	15
Artificially lengthened occipital foramen, O .....	8	104
Glabella, very slight .....	9	110
Superciliary ridges, very slight .....	10	60
Frontal eminences, right small, left almost indistinguishable .....	11	39
Forehead, markedly retreating .....	12	288
Median line, depression between frontal eminences, then an elevation about two centim. wide, and extending three or four centim. laterally immediately in front of bregma, behind this another depression. Between parietal eminences is a most marked depression extending from opposite parietal eminences to lambda .....	13	230
	14	265
	15	495
	16	87
	17	137
	18	56
	19	25
	20	93.1
	21	61.3
	22	84.4
Mastoid process, small. ....	23	71.1
Hollow at root of nose, absent .....		
Inferior border nares, curves flattened .....		
Parietal region, very wide on top and flattened, behind, the parietal eminences are separated by a depression at the bottom of which is the sagittal suture, giving the posterior part of the skull a natiform appearance. The left side projects farther backward than the right and is much more prominent laterally .....		