

world prices. All persons engaged therein will receive a fair return for their labor and investment and where surpluses are apparent the Dominion Government will control the marketing of such surplus and dispose of same where possible and at the best price obtainable. For instance, if a wheat grower requires 70¢ a bushel to obtain a fair return and living he shall be paid that amount and if the surplus is dumped on the world market at 50¢ a bushel there is actually no loss to Canada rather there is a profit of 50¢ a bushel payable in gold for wheat which was surplus to requirements in Canada. However, the difference shall be collected in taxes similar to money taken out of circulation. Such surpluses may however be used as a basis to negotiate trade treaties.

6. National Debts. Canada at present owes foreign creditors several billions (not millions) in gold which it cannot pay. This debt has accumulated for two reasons, one the unthinkable public borrowings from exterior sources which must be paid in gold and two the optimistic ideas of those same creditors. Where they imagined we could possibly obtain this enormous sum in gold no one knows. Municipal, county, provincial and federal authorities are all debtors and the results of their practices are apparent. All such debts should be taken over by the Treasury Dept. as they represent international finances and should be paid off as gold is available, and further gold loans negotiated to pay off issues due if payment cannot be made. Canadian Gold Mines must remain Canadian in ownership and all Government resources should be utilized to rapidly increase our gold production. Counties, municipalities and provinces must borrow in Canada only.

7. International Trade (like international debts) trade is and should be on a gold basis. Trade between nations must be in gold

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