called it the Isle Du Biche, or of Hinds, there being several upon it; the other was sandy, and without Wood, sull of Geese and other Water-sowl, which breed there; he called it Goose Isle, but

the Natives called it Sandy Isle.

On the West Side of this Lake the *Indians* told him a River enter'd it, which was navigable with Canoes; it descended from *Lac Rougeor*, the *Red Lake*, called so from the Colour of the Sand; they said there two other Rivers run out of that Lake, one into the *Missisppi*, and the other Westward, into a marshy Country

try, full of Beavers.

The Country West of the Ouinipique Lake has dry Islands or Hills with marshy Bottoms, full of Wood and Meadows. On the East Side is a fine slat Country, full of Woods, until they come to the Bottom of the Mountains, which are betwixt this and the upper Lake. On a Lake on that Side, betwixt this Lake and Lake Du Bois, are the Migechichilinious, or Eagle-eyed Indians; these, he says, are not called so from their having a sharp Sight, but upon account of many Eagles which breed in Islands in that Lake.

Upon the West Side of Lake Ouinipique are the Nation of the Assimibouels of the Meadows, and farther North a great Way, are the Assimibouels of the Woods. To the Southward of these are the Nation of Beaux Hommes, situated betwixt them and the Sieux Indians. The Indians on the East Side are the Christinaux, whose Tribes go as far North on that Side as the Assimibouels do on the other. All these Nations go naked in Summer, and paint or stain their Bodies with different Figures, anointing themselves with Grease of Deer, Beavers, Bears, &c. which prevents the Muskitoes, Serpents, or other Vermin, from biting them, they having an Antipathy to all Oils.

The great Ouinipique Lake was frozen over in Winter; it is no where 10 Leagues wide, and in some Places not above a League and a Half wide; the Winter there was not severe, it lasted about 3 Months and a Half, the Frost breaking up there in March.

This Lake is discharged into the little Ouinipique by a River he calls the Red River, or little Ouinipique, after a Course Northwards of about 60 Leagues.

This River runs through the like woody Country as the others; but the West Side is more temperate than the East, upon account