MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 9 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered to any part of the City of St. John by Carriers on the following terms:

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The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found and WANTS for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCT. 19, 1889.

THE VERDICT.

ne coroner's jury which for the past fortnight has been engaged in an inquiry into the cause of the death of Mrs. Macrae, find, after hearing about seventy witnesses, that this lady died from eating candy in which strychnine had been placed, and which had been sent through the mails, and that they are of the opinion that this candy was sent by William J. McDonald. They therefore on their oaths say that the said William J. McDonald did "wilfully, feloniously and of his malice aforethought, kill and murder the said Catherine H. Macrae."

This verdict is, we believe, in accordance with the general sentiment of this community, which after a careful perusal of the evidence, has come to the conclusion that young McDonald is the party guilty of the crime of which Mrs. Macrae became the victim. It is quite true that there are some links in the chain of testimony which are not quite perfect, but there is no reason to doubt that at the trial which must now take place, additional testimony will be produced, which will supply what is wanting to enable the jury to come to a proper conclusion as to the guilt or innocence of young McDonald. In the meantime there is abundant evidence to justify the coroner's jury in finding as they have done, the effect of which will be to place the accused person on his trial for the murder of Mrs. D. Macrae.

It is only proper for THE GAZETTE to give due credit to the Solicitor General and to the Coroner for the manner in which they have conducted this case. This inquest has been as searching and complete as any similar inquiry that ever was conducted in St. John. The Solicitor General, although at great personal inconvenience to himself, has been constant in his attendance at the inquest and has left no stone unturned to elicit the truth. Throughout this whole investigation his ability has been very conspicious. The Coroner too has done his part of the work admirably, and although, in our opinion, he allowed Mr. Stockton who represented the prisoner, too much license, perhaps [illegible] charge to the jury last evening was very full and complete, leaving no point in the evidence untouched, and it must have gone far to assist the jury in arriving at the conclusion they reached in regard to the prisoner's connexion with the awful crime which deprived Mrs. Macrae of her life.

With regard to the conduct of the prisoner's counsel, Mr. Stockton at the inquest we can only express our disapproval of it, as we did before. Mr. Stockton had no right to interpose objections and to seek to take charge of the Coroner's Court, as he attempted to do. If McDonald is innocent of this crime his friends ought to be most anxious that he should be tried for it before a Court capable of acquitting him finally, in order that he may be able to go out into the world entirely absolved of the dreadful accusation which has been made against him. But Mr. Stockton by his conduct of the case has deeply prejudiced the public against the prisoner, for he has shown no disposition to aid in the elucidation of the truth, but has rather sought to defeat the object for which the coroner's jury were brought together.

This case has affected the minds of the people of St. John more than any crime that has been committed here for the past twenty years, for terrible as its consequences were its possibilities were much greater than the reality. Instead of only one person falling a victim four families might have been wiped out of existence as a result of this murderous plot. The people of St. John will therefore look with great impatience on any effort to defeat the ends of justice or to shield the guilty person if he is in our midst. Nor should it be forgotten by those who may have knowledge of the crime if at if they withhold that knowledge from the officers of justice they are not only morally but legally guilty, in an equal degree with the actual murderer, as accessories after the fact, and liable to indictment and trial as such. We trust that the officers of the Crown will bear this fact in mind and suffer no guilty person to escape, whether the individual be one of the principals in the transaction or one who has subsequently acquired a guilty knowledge of the murder and has failed to disclose it.

OUR HARBOR.

The communications which have been received by the Board of Trade from the Andersons of London, enclosing a communication from Captain Hall late superintendent of Admiralty charts in regard to the St. John harbor, is a very important one and shows that the Andersons have been considering St. John as a terminus for their ocean steamships. This makes it clear that the good work done by the St. John Board of Trade in issuing a pamphlet vindicating the Bay of Fundy and the harbor of St. John is already bearing fruit, and that it is likely to lead to an entire alteration in the aspect in which St. John has been presented to the British mind, especially to the British official mind. It appears that the Admiralty chart of the harbor of St. John is one made in 1844 and that the course laid down in it for entering the harbor is not the one which has the greatest depth of water and therefore not the one best calculated to show our harbor in an advantageous light. The following extract from the recent report of Mr. Henry F. Perley, C. E. on St. John harbor makes this matter quite clear.

In the report of the joint committee it is stated that at the entrance of the harbor there is only a depth of 18 feet, at lowest spring tides, and it is asked that dredging be done to permit the entrance of vessels of the largest size at the lowest tides. With reference to this the undersigned would call attention to plan No. 4 herewith, which is the result of a survey made during the early part of the summer of 1887, and desires to state that the figures in black denote soundings taken under the direction in 1874, and those in red the soundings taken in 1887, which show that no material change in the depth of water has taken place during the 13 years that have elapsed.

The broken blue line denotes the course laid down on the admiralty chart, for vessels to follow when entering the harbor, and by following its course on the plan, it may be seen that that line passes over very shallow ground; and as the Admiralty in "sailing directions for the Bay of Fundy," at page 214 state, that on the bar of the main channel "east of Partridge Island the depth is about 24 fathoms, (15 feet)" it may be assumed that the Admiralty surveyors were guided by the depth in laying down the course inside.

The four fathom (24 feet) line at low water spring tides, is shown tinted red on the plan, and defines the bar and the position of the shoalest water in the entrance to the harbor. The bar is about 1300 feet wide between the four fathom line outside and the same line inside, and is quite flat, carrying a least depth of 21 feet at low water spring tides. The soundings across the bar showed that the bottom is composed of mud and clay, but rock was found at the six points indicated on the plan.

To increase the depth to admit vessels of the largest size at the lowest tides means that a depth of 30 feet would be required, and as rock has been found to exist, the undersigned is not prepared with his present information to advise with reference thereto, nor until after a careful survey, of the locality has been completed, and a thorough set of borings has been made.

The soundings that have been made show that by following the course indicated by the broken red line E. B. F. D. a greater depth of water at low tide would be had over the bar and it would be farther away from the reef to the eastward of Partridge Island, and from the point of the same ground over which the Admiralty course now leads.

It appears from the above that the course laid down in the Admiralty chart giving only 15 feet at dead low water spring tides does grave injustice to St. John and that there is a course into St. John harbor over the bar in which the least depth of water is 21 feet. The soundings on which this course were laid down were made in the spring of 1887 at a time when a difference of 26½ feet was found between low and high water at that point, a difference we may say greater by 2½ feet than the tests made in 1874, when the rise and fall of spring tides was found to be 24 feet and of neap tides 17 feet. It is clear from this that in the course laid out by Mr. Perley the depth of water at mean low water would be at least 24½ feet. The depth would be as little as 21 feet only under very exceptional circumstances, and we may say that it is the depth at mean low water which is given as the depth at the entrance of harbors in the United States. Thus Lieut. Col. Gillispie, of the U. S. Engineers, in reporting to the Boston [illegible] est and least width at the 'Narrows' is 625 feet and at 'Lower and Upper Middles' 600 feet, with a least depth at both places of 23 feet at mean low water or 33 feet at mean high water. This seems to be the proper way to describe the capacity of the harbor and following the same fashion the course laid down by Mr. Perley might be described as having "A least depth of 24½ feet at mean low water and of 45 feet at mean high water." This we need scarcely say is a much better showing than Boston harbor can make and infinitely better than New York. With the channel as it is now there are but four hours out of twelve in an ebb and flood tide, when the largest steamship afloat could not enter the harbor of St. John. We may add that Mr. Perley's course, in which this increased depth of water is to be found, is a straighter and better course than that laid down by the Admiralty, and if buoyed, as it should be, would allow of the entrance of a large freight steamer into this harbor at all times of tide. These facts ought to be made clear to the Admiralty authorities by the Board of Trade.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The government candidate in Richelieu has been elected by a majority of 334, which is 278 more than Capt. Labelle received at the last general election. Massue's majority in Richelieu in 1878 was 278 so that the government is in a better position in that constituency than it was eleven years ago.

We learn that the question now pending in regard to the subsidy for a line of steamships from St. John to the West Indies will be decided on Tuesday next, and we believe there is little doubt that the result will be the establishment of the line in question. This will be good news to the people of St. John who desire to see our trade extended. It will be bad news to the enemies of St. John like the editor of the Globe.

The cities of New York and Brooklyn are happy in the possession of the base ball championship of the league as well as of the American association and their clubs are now contending for the championship of the world. Brooklyn has won the first game of the series, but the New Yorkers are very confident that their team will win the championship. The result will be watched with interest all over America.

Our friends in Halifax seem to have been trying to conceal the fact that there was a large deficit as the result of their carnival. The unwelcome truth can no longer be concealed, however, the proprietor of the Queen hotel having taken legal proceedings against the Carnival ball committee for his claim against them. The deficit of this committee alone is said to be $600, and most of the other Carnival committees are in the same position.

Although Corporal Tanner has been got rid of as head of the pension bureau the evil that he has done lives after him; and there is almost a panic at Washington in consequence. It is said that one of Tanner's orders is likely to add almost one hundred million dollars to the expenditure of the government. The Philadelphia Inquirer, a good Republican organ, says editorially:—

It is now stated that the hesitation manifested in making public the report in regard to the administration of the pension office by Corporal Tanner is on account of the effect which the publication might have upon the financial and business interests of the country. The wholesale re-rating order, which has just been rescinded, involves untold millions, and it is not certain yet that the present revenues of the government will be equal to the demands created by that sweep of Tanner's pen. The secretary of the treasury has called attention to the enormous increase of expenditures for pension allowances beyond the estimates for the year, and has clearly indicated that the existing income of the government cannot meet the drain upon its resources. The revocation of the sweeping order for re-rating the minimum pension class, without medical examination or any ground whatever for increase, practically opened the pension rolls to every one pensionable. A statement has been prepared in outline, intended to show the extent of the money involved in Tanner's recklessness. The amount is placed not far from one hundred millions, in addition to about that sum now expended on pensions granted in accordance with some regard for law and responsibility.

STILL LIVED WITH HIM.

A Woman Conceals from Her Husband the Fact of Her Divorce.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct., 18.—A remarkable suit was filed in the circuit court this week, the plaintiff being Louis Linn, and the defendents his children. The suit was instituted to set aside the will of Lizzie Douglass, formerly the wife of the plaintiff. The complaint alleges that Linn and Lizzie Sprouse entered into an agreement at Quincy, Ill., in 1857 to live together, and that four children were born to them, and that in March, 1868, they were legally married. In 1871, while living in this city, Mrs. Linn brought suit for divorce, and when the sheriff went to serve the summons on her husband she contrived to have him away from home, and destroyed the papers. Six months later she received a decree of divorce with custody of her children, but she kept the fact concealed from Linn for two years, though living with him all the time. In 1873 Linn found himself supplanted in his supposed wife's affections by Policeman Minnick, and one evening he shot Minnick dead and for this crime was sent to the penitentiary. Shortly after Mrs. Linn died, leaving a large property to her children. In January, 1883, Linn, then nearly 70 years of age, was paroled, but just before leaving the prison he was told of the divorce proceedings by a guard of the prison, whose father, Judge Davis, had granted the decree. While Linn was still in prison the estate was settled, and all the proceeds passed into the hands of the children, who are now made defendants.

A LITTLE PIECE OF IRON.

Caused the Great Loss of Life in the Cincinnati Inclined Railway Disaster.

A despatch from Cincinnati on the 16th says that:—James W. Doherty, secretary of the company, attributes the cause of the accident to a piece of iron not more than an inch long that became lodged in the cut off valve. It was found by men who took the machinery apart. How it came there no one knows. By occupying a space required for the rod to move in, it so disarranged the machinery as to render it impossible for the engineer to shut off the steam.

Hundreds of people were gathered at the scene of the accident on the Mount Auburn incline plane. Miss Oskamp is still alive, but the physicians cannot give any encouragement that she will recover. Mrs. McFadden is in a fair way to recover. Mrs. Russel Errett, who was instantly killed, was the wife of Russel Errett, president of the Standard Publishing company. She was going to Mount Auburn to look for a house. When Mr. Errett went home she had not returned. The possibility that she might have been in the accident occurred to him and he went first to the hospital and then to the morgue, where he found her mangled body. The shock was terrible.

A BULLET IN THE HEART.

Suicide of a Prominent Torontonian—The Act Due to Melancholy.

Francis Lobb, 46 years of age, and brother of ex-Alderman Lobb, shot himself through the heart this afternoon about half past two, says a Toronto despatch of the 16th. He leaves a wife and six children. He was the oldest employee in the Treasury department having been there nineteen years. Latterly he had been the chief of the rent and taxes division of the department. For some time past he had been in ill health and had become melancholy in consequence. He had no money to take charge of and the city treasurer reports his accounts perfectly regular. He was at work as usual in the morning and went away to lunch at one o'clock. He went directly to the office of his brother ex-Alderman James Lobb and in the hallway of the building he pulled out a revolver and shot himself. Great consternation prevailed at the City hall when the tragedy became known there, and several committees which were in session or were to be held were adjourned over out of respect to the deceased, who was very popular with all the officials and aldermen.

HARRISON'S MESSAGE.

He Will Favor Internal Revenue Repeal, Tariff Revision and Liberal Pensions.

A late Washington despatch says that the President will devote his afternoons for the present to the preparation of his annual message, rigidly excluding interrupting callers. His message is to be a general one, covering all the executive departments, besides his own recommendations. Southern men who have talked with him are quoted as saying that these recommendations will not include a new federal election law. His remedy for the disfranchisement of blacks would be the unseating of representatives in congress elected by such means. He will, it is stated, recommend the repeal of internal revenue taxes on everything except intoxicating liquors, and the enactment of some measure like the senate tariff bill. Civil service reform is to be squarely commended, steamship subsidies are to be suggested, and liberal pension appropriations asked.

Nearly Buried Alive.

A Montreal despatch says that Auguste Archambault of Coaticook, narrowly escaped being buried alive. He had been seriously ill for some weeks with typhoid fever and all signs of life ceased and the doctors pronounced him dead. The usual wake was held and the day was fixed for the funeral. The friends were gathered around the grave into which the coffin was being lowered, when all were startled by hearing a groan from within. The coffin was speedily burst open and it was found that Archambault was alive. He was hurriedly carried to his home, and, though very weak, the physicians have hopes of completely restoring him to health.

A Wrong Diagnosis.

Tom—A phrenologist examined my head to-day.

John—What was the result?

Tom—He said I wasn't much of an economical nature, by any means.

John—Humph I guess he never tried to borrow money from you.—Yankee Blade.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free

Expected It.

[From the Albany Argus.]

"I'm in a pickle," remarked a young employee at the store.

"I've been expecting for some time that you'd get into a pickle," was the rather forbidding reply.

"Why, sir?"

"Because you are so confoundedly fresh."

Cold Consolation.

[From the Fliegende Blaetter.]

Artist (who has just come back from his vacation)—I declare, I can't paint today. I have forgotten all I knew.

Model—Oh, don't be so discouraged. It won't take long for you to pick up all you knew before.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's cure is the Remedy for you.

COAL.

$3.85 SOFT COAL

LANDING Ex Karslie Small Cargo LITTLE GLACE BAY COAL, fresh mined and double screened. To arrive—per Robbie Godfrey, OLD MINE SYDNEY. Per Anita, CALEDONIA. Per Ashlow GOWRIE MINES. Per Gulatea, RESERVE MINES. Also, SPRINGHILL and all sizes best ANTHRACITE.

W. L. BUSBY,
81, 83 and 85 Water Street.

Acadia Picton Stove Coal
NOW LANDING.
Best Coal for Cooking Ranges ever mined. Only $6.50 per Chaldron, delivered while landing. Order at once.
MINUDIE COAL IN STOCK.
CHIGNECTO COAL only $5.50 delivered $5.25 in quantities of 2 or more chaldrons.
Coal delivered by the barrel from 50 cents up.
W. H. GIBBON,
Agent for N. B. for the celebrated "SPA SPRINGS" Mineral Water. Orders by P. O. receive prompt attention.
Simond Street.

THE IMPERIAL TRUSTS Co.,
OF CANADA.
Office 120 Prince Wm. Street,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
One feature of the business of this Company is the conducting of an AGENCY FOR THE SALE AND LETTING OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY.
Parties having PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET can have the particulars of same placed on our files without charge.
In the event of closing a transaction a moderate commission will be charged.
Printed forms will be furnished on application.
Intending PURCHASERS AND LESSEES can, during office hours, have access to the files, which contain full information regarding the several properties offered.
Parties purchasing or leasing through this agency, or examining the files, are not required to pay a fee.

MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES WANTED,
APPLY TO
IMPERIAL TRUSTS CO.

Corporation Contract.
Fire Department Supplies.
[illegible] ment, will be received up to MONDAY, the 21st inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, at the office of the Department Public Safety, City Hall, Prince William street.
75 Tons Best Upland Hay.
75 Tons Best Wheat Straw.
2,000 Bushels Best Oats.
The above supplies to be approved by the Veterinary Surgeon and the Director, and to be delivered at the various Fire Department Houses as may be required by the department, and a certificate of weight from the city scales to be furnished for each load of Hay, Straw and Oats. The Tenders to state price delivered at Houses of the Department, or at place of landing within city limits.
Tenders for Oats to state quality and weight per bushel. Not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
Tenders will also be received at same time and place, from persons willing to purchase and remove the manure from the Fire Department Stables for one year, from the 22nd day of November next.
ROBERT WISELY,
Director Dep't Public Safety.
St. John, N. B., Oct. 10, 1889.

In the Supreme Court.

In the Matter of "The Saint John Building Society" and of "The Winding up Act."

UPON hearing the Petition of the official liquidators of the said "The Saint John Building Society" I do appoint Friday the first day of November, A. D. 1889, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Judges Chambers, Palmer Building, in the City of Saint John, to make a call on all the contributories of the said Society.

The official Liquidators of the Society propose that such a call shall be for $50 per share.

All persons interested are entitled to attend at such day, hour, and place, to offer objections to such call.

And I do order that a copy hereof be published in the "Daily Telegraph" and "Daily Sun," "Evening Globe" and "Evening Gazette," newspapers published in the City of Saint John aforesaid, "The Fredericton Farmer," a newspaper published in the City of Fredericton, "The Moncton Times," a newspaper published in the Town of Moncton, and in the "Carleton Sentinel," a newspaper published in the Town of Woodstock, in each and every successive issue of each of said newspapers after Wednesday the sixteenth day of October instant, up to and including said first day of November, A. D. 1889.

Dated the twelfth day of October, A. D. 1889.

W. H. TUCK, J. S. C.

G. C. & C. J. COSTER.
Attorneys for Liquidators.

MILITIA.

SEALED TENDERS, marked on the left hand corner of the envelope, "Tenders for Militia Store Supplies and Necessaries," addressed to the Honorable the Minister of Militia and Defence, will be received up to noon of Monday, the 28th day of October, 1889.

Printed forms of tender, containing full particulars, may be obtained from the Department at Ottawa and at the following Militia Stores, where also sealed patterns of all articles may be seen, viz:—The offices of the Superintendent of Stores at London, Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, N. S., and St. John, N. B.

The materials of all articles will be required to be made of Canadian manufacture and of Canadian workmanship, and no tender will be received unless made on printed forms furnished by the Department.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party making the tender declines to sign a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. BENOIT,
Secretary.
Department of Militia and Defence.
Ottawa, 18th October, 1889.

Removed to No 33 Charlotte Street,
Furlong Building.
Will open in good shape on SATURDAY in our New Stand with a full line of latest importations of
PURE TEAS and COFFEES.
N. B.—Look out for the grand opening night.
C. L. & C. TEA CO,
Charlotte Street.

GROCERS, ETC.

SPICED ROLL BACON,
HAMS, KIDNEY POTATOES,
SNOWFLAKE POTATOES,
Just received by
J. S. ARMSTRONG & BRO.,
32 Charlotte Street, next door Y. M. C. A.

Onions, Beef, Cheese, &c.,
NOW LANDING.
1 Car Onions,
1 Do. Armour's Beef and Pork
1 Do. Manitoba D Flour,
1 Do. Refined Sugar,
240 Fine New Cheese,
200 Qutls. Large Cod Fish,
50 Kegs Mixed Pickles,
50 Cases pure Lard in Tins,
50 Do. C. C. Beef.
GEO. S. deFOREST & SONS
13 South Wharf.

ROLL BUTTER,
LARGE YELLOW QUINCES,
SWEET CIDER,
JUST RECEIVED BY
J. S. ARMSTRONG & BRO.,
32 Charlotte Street.

BISCUITS.
Soda, Sugar, Pilot, Wine, Champagne, Graham, Oyster, Grot, (Italian Mixed), Servelle, Cocoanut, Jumbles, Milk, Arrowroot, Rife Nuts, Sugar Wafers, Park, Albert, Marie, Deserts, Rusks, Colonial, Thin Abernethy, Oswego, Macaroon, &c.
TAYLOR & DOCKRILL
84 King street.

GREEN GRAPES,
DELEWARE GRAPES,
SWEET POTATOES,
CRANBERRIES,
GREEN TOMATOES,
BANANAS,
PRESERVING PEAR,
CRAB APPLES.
25 Bbls. Roller Oat Meal,
Sold cheap.
SCOTT BROTHERS.

In Store and Landing.
1 Car Flour, Goderich,
1 " do Star,
1 " Oatmeal, Roller and Standard,
2 " Oats,
1 " Bran,
1 " Heavy Feed.
A. SINCLAIR & CO.,
210 Union st.

PROFESSIONAL.

GERARD C. MOTT,
(LL. B. Harvard, 1889.)
Barrister, &c.,
3 Pugsley's Buil'g, St. John, N. B.

MR. R. P. STRAND
ORGANIST OF TRINITY CHURCH.
Receives Pupils for
MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.
For terms and references address
127 DUKE STREET,
St. John N. B.

G. R. PUGSLEY, LL. B.
Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, &c.
OFFICES—Corner Prince William and Church streets, St. John, N. B.

Thomas R. Jones,
Ritchie's Building.
GENERAL Commission and Financial Agent Real estate, bought, sold, leased and exchanged. Mortgages negotiated, money loaned or borrowed on safe security, either real or personal Bonds and stocks bought and sold.

DR. A. F. EMERY,
—OFFICE—
50 WATERLOO STREET,
Formerly Dr. A. Alward's Office.)
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

C. A. McQUEEN, M. D.
M. R. C. S., Eng.
Office, - - 44 Coburg Street,
St. John, N. B.

Notice to the Public.
THE City Market Clothing Hall is without doubt the cheapest place in the Maritime Provinces to buy ready-made clothing good and cheap.
1000 Overcoats from $3 to $12,
700 Reefers from $2.50 to $10,
2550 Pairs Pants from 90 to $2.75,
575 Odd Coats at half price.
The largest and most complete assortment for the Custom Trade.
Naps, Beavers, Pilots, Chevoits, and Irish Frieze.
500 Rolls of English, Scotch and Irish Tweeds.
Having a first-class cutter on the premises, we can manufacture cheaper and better than any house in the trade.
Another lot of those Prussian Leather Coats.
Men's and Youth's Scotch Lambs Underclothing in abundance.
A nobby assortment of Neckwear, all the latest styles.
Now is your chance. Please call before purchasing elsewhere.
T. YOUNG CLAUS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
51 Charlotte street.

LOOK.
Watches and Jewelry of all kinds.
Cash or Installments.
F. A. JONES
34 Dock St.

SAUSAGES.
On and after Saturday, 14th inst., we shall be able to supply all demands for our justly Celebrated Sausages.
SLIPP & FLEWELLING
160 Main Street, North End.
Telephone.
EVERY BODY ASKS FOR THEM.

ST. JOHN OYSTER HOUSE
OYSTERS. OYSTERS.
20 Bbls. P. E. I. Oysters,
20 Bbls. Buctouche Oysters,
11 do. Chatham "
10 Kegs Pigs Feet.
For Sale at 5 North Side of King Square.
C. H. JACKSON.
Telephone 25.

PIANOS THE MENDELSSOHN PIANO ORGANS
Thoroughly Constructed, Attractive in Appearance, Brilliant in Tone, Reasonable in Price, Fully Warranted.
A. T. BUSTIN,
38 Dock Street.

RUBBER GOODS.
We have in stock the best possible assortment of
RUBBER GOODS.
Including:
Rubber Clothing all kinds. BELTING, PACKING and HOSE. DOOR MATS, HORSE COVERS, CLOTHES WRINGERS. BED and CRIB SHEETING, PRESERVE JAR RINGS. SYRINGES, BED PANS, URINALS, and almost every article made in Rubber.
ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO.,
68 Prince Wm. St.

SPECIAL
Ladies India Kid Button Boots,
One dollar per pair.
Extra Value.
R. A. C. BROWN,
19 Charlotte St.

BY AUTHORITY.

L.S. Sir Samuel Leonard Tilley, K. C. B. C. M. G. Lieutenant Governor of the Province of New Brunswick.

S. L. TILLEY.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS some wickedly disposed person or persons did on WEDNESDAY, the Second Day of October instant, send or cause to be sent through the Mails a Paper Box of Candies containing poison to the residences of the Reverend Donald Macrae, in the city of St. John, with the evident intent of committing the crime of murder, and there is reason to believe that the death of Mrs. Macrae, wife of the said Donald Macrae, was caused by her eating a portion of the said candies; and whereas the said person or persons did also on or about the same day send or cause to be sent similiar boxes of poisoned candies to the residences of the Reverend T. J. Deinstadt, the Reverend J. de Soyres, and the Reverend John L. Shaw, in the said City of Saint John, with the like evident intent in each case of committing the crime of murder.

I do, therefore, publish this Proclamation and offer a

REWARD OF $1,000

for such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons committing the said offences,

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the Fourth Day of October, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty Nine, and in the Fifty-Third Year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By command of the Lieutenant Governor.

DAVID McLELLAN.

The Drugs and Medicines are of superior quality and of standard strength.
DISPENSING OF PRESCRIPTIONS & RECIPES A SPECIALTY.
None but Competent Persons allowed to Compound Medicine.
Night Dispensing attended to.
Prices low.
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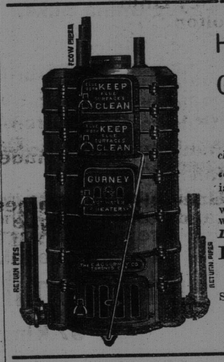

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