

sol, who came hither from Massachusetts, at the request of Governor Simcoe. In the records of the Sessions commencing 14th July, 1812, is to be found the following:

"Jan. 16th, 1813, Charles Ingersol, son of the late Thomas Ingersol, of the River Credit, applied to the court to be allowed, jointly with his mother, Sally, a tavern license for the Government House at the River Credit, stating that his father had kept said house for some years. Granted." The Secords, of whom there were several brothers, had mill and other property in the Township of Etobicoke, as well as in Niagara and other parts of Canada, and thus it is easy to see how the meeting of the young people, James Secord and Laura Ingersol would happen. I might say much more on this family, but must not indulge myself to-day, because I wish to wind up at home—Brampton. The directory I have quoted does for me what I could not do myself, having less knowledge of your town than I could wish. It says;

"Brampton was a very pretty and interesting place in 1820. The Etobicoke meandering through the streets, its banks green with leeks"—I did not know the Etobicoke was so Welsh before—"but spotted with early spring flowers. There were then only two streets in Brampton, Hurontario street, and the side road between Lots 5 and 6, now Queen street. And the Etobicoke proceeded on its course, wandering and curving, crossing and recrossing the streets as if in doubt of the proper course to Lake Ontario. Or shall we not rather say, as if it were enamoured of its surroundings, and loth to lose itself in the great sea of fresh water that would end its course.

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Miss FitzGibbon spoke for a few minutes upon the strides that a knowledge of Canada and things Canadian had made in England during the last twelve years; of the wide interest felt in the country, its capabilities and its history, and the good work done to further this end by the members of the Imperial Federation League in London. When, as formerly, a lad who had failed in his examinations or was considered incapable of success at home was sent out under the idea that he would "do very well in Canada," thus making the country virtually a "dumping ground for their incapables." Now they realized it was necessary to send their best to compete with the Canadians. Miss FitzGibbon had had the privilege, during her recent visit in England, of talking about Canada to a large and appreciative audience at the great Doulton Ware Works, at Lambeth, London, under the auspices of the proprietor, Sir Henry Doulton, who was also an energetic Imperial Federationist, and of reading a paper at a meeting of the East Anglican Literary Guild, in which she had shown by reference to the past history of Canada and her knowledge of Canada and the Canadians of to-day, that there was as little probability of Canada being annexed to the United States at the present time, or in the future, as there had been in the past. Although the Guild had not a large membership they were men with wide influence, principally clergymen in the agricultural districts and small towns in the county.