

REGISTERED LETTERS.

On letters intended to be registered, and other matter passing by mail, as well between places in Canada as between Canada and the United Kingdom, or any British Possession, or any foreign country, the charge to be made for the same, not exceeding five cents per each letter or article.

All classes of permissible matter can be registered to the United States.

All letters for Registration should be posted 15 minutes before the hour of closing ordinary Mails, and 30 minutes before closing of English Mails.

Registered letter stamps have been issued to the denominations of 2, 5 and 8 cents, which may be obtained at the usual places.

It is to be clearly understood that Registration does not make the Postmaster General responsible for the contents of a letter if lost or stolen.

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS ADDRESSED TO PLACES IN CANADA, NEWFOUNDLAND AND UNITED STATES.

The rate of postage on newspapers and periodical publications printed and published in Canada, and issued less frequently than at intervals of one month, from a known office of publication or news agency, and addressed and posted by and from the same to regular subscribers or news agents, and on all specimen newspapers, shall be one cent for each pound weight, or any fraction of a pound weight, which shall be prepaid by postage stamps or otherwise as the Postmaster General, from time to time, directs; and such newspapers and periodicals shall be put up into packages and delivered into the post office, and the postage rate thereon prepaid by the sender thereof, under such regulations as the Postmaster General, from time to time, makes in that behalf.

Such newspaper or periodical is known and recognized as a newspaper or periodical in the generally received sense of the word, and consists wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto, or to other current topics, and is published regularly at intervals of not more than one month.

On all newspapers and periodicals posted in Canada, except in the cases herein expressly provided for, and on books, pamphlets, occasional publications, printed circulars, prices current, hand bills, and other matter wholly in print, and on packages of seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions or grafts, patterns or samples of goods or merchandise, the rate of postage shall be one cent for each four ounces or fraction of four ounces; and on all book and newspaper manuscripts, printers' proof sheets, whether corrected or not, maps, prints, drawings, engravings, lithographs, photographs when not on glass or in cases containing glass, sheet music, whether printed or written, documents partly printed or written, not being letters or intended to serve the purpose of letters—such as deeds, insurance policies, militia and school returns, or other documents of like nature,—and on all other miscellaneous matter transmissible by post, and not otherwise herein expressly provided for, the rate of postage shall be one cent for each two ounces or fraction of two ounces; and the postage rate shall in every such case be prepaid by postage stamp or stamped post bands or wrappers, whenever any such articles as are mentioned in this section are posted in Canada.

Newspapers and periodicals weighing less than one ounce may be posted singly; if prepaid by postage stamp, one half cent each.

Newspapers from office of publication posted for City Delivery are not delivered by Letter Carrier, unless prepaid by stamp of one $\frac{1}{2}$ cent each.

Newspapers and periodicals published in the United Kingdom, and reposted by news agents to regular subscribers, are not liable to any additional postage.

OCTOBER.—A few words about Turkeys, and the Bronze Turkey in particular. We need not say a word about the many excellencies of this species, and we are surprised that so many farmers should neglect the raising of this fine bird. Observe it always pays to get good stock for breeding purposes. In the selection of turkeys, their age, size, symmetry, and general appearance of healthfulness must be taken into consideration. The marks of age are unmistakable. The plumage of young birds is black and glossy, their legs and feet are smooth and of a dead black. They are slender in shape, and their movements are quick and lively. Young hens have no beard, and their heads are covered with short, black hair, growing among the wattles. As they grow older their legs become scaly and somewhat lighter in color, until when four or five years old they are a light pink. Turkeys do not require rich food, but require variety, else they will droop.