probably be fatal to their Principal as well as Interest. Upon a commotion, it is easy to see which fide the People will chuse. " An enraged " People," said Sir John Barnard on a like occafion, "have feldom any regard to Public Credit " or Public Faith." And enraged the People certainly will be, if they find that Taxes increase, and the means of paying them vanish. In the words of the same able, bonest Man I can safely fay, " That my turning my thoughts this way " proceeds from a regard to the general safety, " and that of the Public Creditors in particular, " who have the closest interest in, and may be " fupposed to have a regard for, every thing that " can contribute to the well-being of the present " Government."

Do they not see that as the Debts of the Public increase, the Prices of Stocks sink? all which is owing to the encrease of the People's apprehenfions of a National Bankruptcy. Lending your Money to New Loans creates (to the Individual) an encrease of annual income; and you are fatisfied, thinking perhaps that will always continue. But let us suppose a man possessed of 10,000 l. three per cent Saving 60 l. per annum out of h s 3001, paid him in dividends, he buys another 100 l. Stock with his 60 l. and adds 3 l. to his annual income. How is be benefited thereby, if by the Government's necessity he finds the Stocks fall only one pound per cent. (as fall they must while Government continues to borrow)? For was he next year to fell his Stock, he would find his 10,000 l. would fell but for 5,900 l. (most probably much less) and this year it would have brought 6000 l. he will therefore find he had better given Government the 601. to prevent its