AMERICAN NEWS.

ESCANABA, Mich, Dec. 30.—Mayor P[illegible]terson, of this city, was horsewhippe[illegible] principal business street on Wedne[illegible]ternoon by Mrs. Victor S[illegible]he scene was witnessed by a [illegible] people. After he had receive[illegible]w lashes Peterson drew a rev[illegible] his assailant, but this only seem[illegible]ve the infuriated woman renewed [illegible] she shouted: "You dare not shoot [illegible]ward," and, as each word escaped he[illegible]e lash was applied. Peterson had be[illegible]e furniture business for over twelve y[illegible]as elected county treasurer in 1888, and is [illegible]w president of the Scandinavian society of [illegible]is city. Mrs. Slede is secretary of the local [illegible]anch of W.C.T.U. Her husband, who was [illegible] eye-witness of the horse-whipping p[illegible]edings, is a clerk in a well known d[illegible]ods house in Escanaba. The affair h[illegible]eated intense excitement. Peterson ha[illegible]ife and several children. He has b[illegible]ede and his wife arrested on a charge [illegible]ault and battery. Mrs. Siede claims [illegible]ve a letter from Peterson of a damag[illegible]aracter. The case will be heard in t[illegible]stice court of Tuesday.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—W. T. Stead, t[illegible]ndon editor and reformer, has morta[illegible]ended many prominent women in Chica[illegible] some plain talk at a joint meeting of t[illegible]omen's clubs of the city, called to coun[illegible]garding aid to suffering women and ch[illegible]en. In the course of his remarks M[illegible]ead said: "Women who have great opp[illegible]nities only to neglect them are more d[illegible]putable in the eyes of God and man than [illegible] most abandoned women of the streets." [illegible]is language gave much offense, and ma[illegible]ies declared that they would never again [illegible]end a meeting at which Mr. Stead was [illegible]sent.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 29.—The first suit re[illegible]ting from the wreck of the Baltimore and [illegible]io Railroad on December 19, near Bes[illegible]er, was filed to-day. The plaintiff is [illegible]s Kate McShane, and she names the [illegible]timore and Ohio Railroad and the Car[illegible]ie Steel Co. as defendants. Miss Mc[illegible]ne alleges that she was injured in the [illegible]e, her right leg broken in two places, [illegible] left leg and foot broken, besides being [illegible]ned and injured internally. She claims [illegible] was permanently injured, and asks [illegible],000 damages.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 29.—A tele[illegible]m has been received at the headquarters [illegible]he Knights of Labor that General Master [illegible]rkman Sovereign has been taken ill at [illegible]elton, Pa., where he had gone on busi[illegible] of the order. Upon the advice of [illegible]sicians he was hastily taken home. [illegible]r to his departure for Hazelton he pre[illegible]d an address denouncing Secretary [illegible]lisle's request in Congress asking the [illegible]horities to issue two hundred million [illegible]ar bonds.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27.—The will of [illegible]my Lafon, the wealthy negro who died [illegible] a few days ago, was probated to-day. [illegible]n's fortune is estimated at $500,000. [illegible]bequeathed to charitable or educational [illegible]oses $214,000. Most of the institutions [illegible]wed by him are exclusively for whites.

[illegible] Dec. 29.—The fate of the [illegible]

[illegible]OMESTEAD, Pa., Dec. [illegible] [illegible]he scale readjustment applied only to [illegible]onnage men employed in the Carnegie [illegible] Works, it was thought the mechanics [illegible] laborers wages would remain undis[illegible]ed. Not so, however, a notice having [illegible] issued informing the machinists of a [illegible]ction of 2½ cents per hour, while the [illegible]rers are reduced 2 cents per hour. The [illegible]inists formerly earned from $2.25 to [illegible]5, and laborers $1.40 for a day of ten [illegible]s. It is claimed by the officials of the [illegible]pany that there are now enough orders [illegible]ed to keep the works running until [illegible]ll 1.

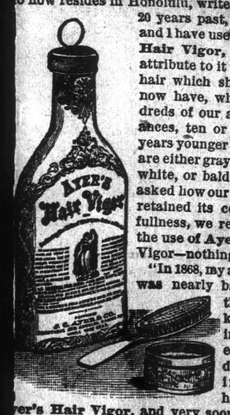
NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The Sun says: It [illegible]me known to-day that ex-Vice-Presi[illegible] Morton had an operation performed on [illegible]ft foot in Paris three weeks ago. When [illegible]ngland Mr. Morton was troubled with [illegible] in his left foot. Doctors said it was [illegible]. Mr. Morton went to Paris, and doc[illegible]there said the trouble was not gout, [illegible]hat it would be advisable to amputate [illegible]f his toes, which was done. The lat[illegible]news from Mr. Morton is that he is [illegible]g well.

SEATTLE, Dec. 29.—The habeas corpus, [illegible]which liberty was sought for Soney [illegible]y, was again continued to January [illegible]894. Judge Osborn announced a new [illegible]g in regard to the detention of persons [illegible]ed in other places and arrested here. [illegible]ruling was to the effect that a prisoner [illegible]ntitled to hearing before a justice and [illegible]ve an examination.

[illegible]neral Dodds cables that King Behan[illegible]f Dohomey, is nearly surrounded. His [illegible]re is imminent.

A Gentleman

[illegible]o formerly resided in Connecticut, but [illegible]o now resides in Honolulu, writes: "For 20 years past, my wife and I have used **Ayer's Hair Vigor**, and we attribute to it the dark hair which she and I now have, while hundreds of our acquaintances, ten or a dozen years younger than we, are either gray-headed, white, or bald. When asked how our hair has retained its color and fullness, we reply, 'By the use of **Ayer's Hair Vigor**—nothing else.'"



"In 1868, my affianced was nearly bald, and the hair kept falling out every day. I induced her to use [illegible]**er's Hair Vigor**, and very soon, it not [illegible]y checked any further loss of hair, but [illegible]duced an entirely new growth, which has [illegible]ained luxuriant and glossy to this day. [illegible]an recommend this preparation to all in [illegible]d of a genuine hair-restorer. It is all [illegible]t it is claimed to be."—Antonio Alarrun, [illegible]strop, Tex.

AYER'S [illegible]AIR VIGOR

ADMIRAL DA GAMA

Says the Brazilian Insurgents Are Fighting Against Military Tyranny.

Another Engagement With the Government Forts Thought to Be Imminent.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 29.—Admiral da Gama, who is in command of the insurgent fleet in the bay of Rio de Janeiro during the absence of Admiral Mello, when asked on what constitutional grounds the insurrection had been started, replied: "We are not fighting on constitutional grounds; we are fighting against military tyranny." As an instance he cited an election in the Amazon district of four members of the legislative body, all military men, over civilians, because the Government threw all its influence in their favor.

Cannonading between the government forts and the forts held by the insurgents is of daily occurrence. Fort Villegagnon, held by the insurgents, has not replied to the fire directed against it with its usual spirit. This is supposed to be due to lack of ammunition. As a result of several hours' hot firing on the city last week by the insurgent forces in Fort Cobras, one innocent person was killed and two others wounded. The government force replied briskly to the firing, but what loss was inflicted on the insurgents is not known. On December 1 several of the insurgent launches cruised along the shore of the Saude district and directed a hot fire against spectators who had gathered there through curiosity. Many were killed; the exact number cannot be ascertained, but it is rumored two cartloads were carried off. Another engagement between the Government forces and the insurgent vessels is imminent. American warships are under orders to be ready to move out of range of fire at an hour's notice.

A dispatch received by insurgent sympathizers here conveys the information that the dynamite cruiser Nictheroy has left Pernambuco, her destination being the island of Fernando de Noronha, 125 miles off the eastern extremity of Brazil. Her object is to meet the torpedo boat that is expected from Europe. It is asserted in some quarters that Mello, in his flagship the Aquidaban, has also gone there, but from the best information obtainable it is learned that she is still far at the south of Rio de Janeiro. The troops which promised to come from Rio Grande do Sul to invest the capital have not appeared. It is more than likely their services are required there. The defence of Bage against insurgent attacks is meeting with high encomiums from military authorities here. It is reported the Government have negotiated a loan, based upon deposits amounting to over $12,500,000 held in the Bank of Emission to secure circulation. American naval officers here say the insurgent ships are not half manned, and that the forces on several of the islands held by the insurgents are shorthanded.

MONTEVIDEO, Dec. 29.—News from Rio is that the captains of British vessels in the harbor have cabled to Lord Rosebery a petition asking for protection. They censure Minister Wyndham and Capt. Lang for failure to afford them sufficient aid in discharging and loading cargoes. The foreign ministers, at a meeting held on Thursday, refused to grant Admiral Saldanha da Gama's request that the insurgents be accorded belligerent rights.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Capt. McFarlane, of the steamer Basil, which arrived this morning from Brazilian ports, reports little news of importance and not much excitement at the ports at which he touched. He left Para on Nov. 25 and all was quiet there. At Maranhao soldiers were parading daily with their guns. There were no war ships there or at Para. The people of Para were afraid to talk openly for fear of the Government. The town was quiet and the people apparently very apathetic. American newspapers are eagerly sought after in the hope of hearing news from Rio, which Government supervision of dispatches prevents reaching Para.

N. P. R. AND THE ENGINEERS.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 29.—Chief Peter M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, was surprised to-day when U. S. Marshal William C. Haskell called on him and served him with injunction proceedings, begun in the United States Circuit court for the Eastern district of Wisconsin, by the receivers of the Northern Pacific railway company. Writs of injunction were also served upon A. B. Youngson, J. S. Ingraham, H. C. Hayes and D. Everett, officers of the Brotherhood. The object is to restrain the Brotherhood and others from in any way interfering with the carrying on of the business of the Northern Pacific railway company by its receivers, either by preventing the running of engines and cars, or in any way molesting traffic. Chief Arthur expressed himself as greatly surprised at the legal action taken. He said he knew of no threatened strike on the part of the men, who were awaiting an adjustment of their differences with the receivers in a matter of a new schedule by arbitration. He therefore could not regard the lawsuit in any other light than as a mere precaution.

TO AID THE POOR.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 29.—A meeting in the Chamber of Commerce was held this afternoon, for the purpose of providing means of relief for the unemployed of this city. It was attended by representatives of the Chamber and other commercial bodies and by the Bar Association, Manufacturers' Association, and other organizations that had been invited to take part. Chief Justice Butty, ex-Mayor Pond, Chief of Police Crowley, members of the clergy and many other prominent citizens were also present. There were subscribed $14,500, the largest subscription being that of Claus Spreckels, $6,000. Many of those present announced their intention of going ahead in the work of obtaining additions to the funds.

NICTHEROY'S GUNS.

PERNAMBUCO, Dec. 29.—It has transpired that the dynamite gun of the government cruiser Nictheroy did not work satisfactorily during the tests made on the voyage from New York to this port. Both officers and crew have manifested great disappointment on account of its failure. It is said that the air pipes of the gun are leaky and that the joints were badly packed. Before final judgment on the utility of the gun shall be given further tests will probably be made. The orders issued from the Ministry of Marine to the Government warship Parahyba have been changed. President Piexoto is reported to have commanded that she come back to this port.

IN COLD BLOOD.

COLUSA, Cal., Dec. 29.—About 3 o'clock this morning word reached here that the body of a murdered man had been found in the Sacramento river below the town. Deputy Sheriff Jamieson was detailed to investigate and upon his arriving at the place indicated, found that there were two bodies. Upon examination it was discovered that an atrocious murder had been committed. One man, evidently a German, about five feet 10 inches in height, weighing about 180 pounds was found with the right side of his head completely blown off, evidently with a shot-gun held close to his head, as his face is powder-burned. The other man, whose nationality is unknown, was five feet eight inches high and weighed about 150 pounds. He was found to have had his head cut open and had two knife wounds in the breast. The deed had been perpetrated in a cabin on the Moulton ranch, on the east side of the river, about four miles below Colusa, and their bodies had been dragged to the river and thrown in. Nothing whatever is known of either of the men. Robbery was evidently the cause of the murder, as the pockets of both men had been turned inside out. This is undoubtedly one of the most cold blooded murders ever perpetrated in the county, as both men were shoeless, indicating that they were attacked while asleep.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Staff-Sergeants Abolished in the Canadian Militia—Bowell's Report on Australia.

P. O. Fraternal Greetings — Emigration Work in the United States.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 29.—According to to-day's Militia General orders the position of staff sergeant, as a rank, is abolished.

Hon. Mr. Bowell will report to Parliament on Australian trade.

The P. O. department has sent fraternal New Year's greetings all over the world.

Arrangements were completed to-day for active emigration work in the Western States, during the remainder of the winter.

The Cabinet met in its old room to-day, after its thorough renovation.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 29.—The grain exhibit of the Dominion, entered for the Midwinter exhibition in San Francisco, has been shipped.

TORONTO, Dec. 29.—Walter M. Wherrell, arrested here on suspicion of having murdered old Mr. Williams and his wife at Port Credit, is said to be well connected in the Old Country. His relatives in Scotland have cabled $500 for his defence.

PORT ARTHUR, Dec. 29.—Thomas A. Keefer, a prominent resident is dead, aged 42 years.

MONTREAL, Dec. 29.—A complimentary banquet was tendered here last night to Senator Tasse in recognition of his valuable services as Canadian commissioner at the World's Fair.

HALIFAX, Dec. 29.—Dr. Weldon, M. P. for Albert, N.B, was married here yesterday to Miss Louisa F. Hare, daughter of William Hare, Dartmouth.

QUEBEC, Dec. 29.—The Montreal City bill, by which the city sought to borrow $1,000,000, was killed last night in the Assembly.

QUEBEC, Dec. 29.—His Excellency the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen have accepted an invitation to visit Quebec during the carnival next week.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—The new Massey Music hall, which will seat 4,000 people, will be opened next year with a grand musical festival.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—Charles E. Heath, of Lippincott street, is dead from injuries sustained in a fall on a slippery sidewalk a week ago.

ORANGEVILLE, Dec. 30.—John Wylie, a stonemason, was brutally assaulted a few nights ago by John Penny, a quarryman, and is now in a critical condition. Penny is in jail.

BEETON, Ont., Dec. 39.—Word was received to-day from Sault Ste. Marie, that Mrs. Peter P. Colloni, mother of Mrs. W. Robinson, of this plac, has been murdered. Mrs. Colloni has been missing since December 6, and yesterday her body was found buried in the chicken house. When dug up the body presented a ghastly appearance; sand adhered to the face, head and feet, the dress was missing; over the right eye was a contusion as if made by a blunt instrument; not two feet away from the burial place of Mrs. Colloni lay the frozen carcase of a hog. Her husband has been arrested, charged with the crime.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—Rev. H. Irwin has arrived at the Windsor from New Westminster, B. C., on his way to England.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—Rev. A. M. Phillips, pastor of the Euclid Avenue church, Toronto, has accepted a call to the Douglas church (Methodist).

BARRIE, Ont., Dec. 30.—For the past few days an inspection of the books of the local customs officials has been in progress, and importers have also been summoned to testify to amounts of duty paid in specific instances. Irregularities have been discovered and Collector Grant has been suspended.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—Great interest centres in the result of the election for mayor here on Monday. Two great meetings were held last night in the interests of Fleming and Kennedy respectively. Mr. Kennedy is ill in bed as a result of too much work.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—Government Detective Greer and High Constable Hurst, of Brampton, yesterday paid a visit to the house formerly occupied by James Williams and his wife, by the Middle Road, Toronto township, and thoroughly searched the house, yards and adjoining fields, with a view of ascertaining, now that the snow has entirely disappeared, if the murderer left any instrument behind, which may have been used by him in killing the old people. Their search was unsuccessful.

QUEBEC, Dec. 30.—It is rumored that Speaker Leblanc will have Mr. Tarte arrested for the words he addressed the Speaker in the lobby of the House. Mr. Tarte repeats the same words over his signature in L'Electeur newspaper. Mr. Tarte said he would only be too happy to have a chance to unburden his mind before the House.

SENTENCED TO HANG.

Mayor Carter Harrison's Murderer Found Guilty of the Capital Charge.

How the Prisoner Received His Sentence—Friendless and Excited He Hears His Doom.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Unless the law shall interfere Patrick Joseph Prendergast, murderer of Mayor Carter Henry Harrison, will die on the gallows. Twelve representative citizens of Cook county, this afternoon, adjudged him responsible for his cowardly deed on the night of October 28, and the death watch to-night sits outside his cell in the county jail. The verdict of the jury was agreed upon after a deliberation of a little over an hour. The morning of the last day in the trial was allotted to Alfred S. Trude, who pleaded eloquently for justice, and argued concisely to convince the twelve men before him that the miserable wretch knew he was committing a crime when he took the life of the lawyer's friend. Judge Brentana followed with instructions to the jury, providing for every contingency or doubt which might arise in the minds of those who were Prendergast's judges. The text of all the verdicts for and against the prisoner which could be rendered in his case was given to the twelve persons and they retired at 1:25 p.m. to consider which one they should return according to the law and evidence. Prendergast sat sullen and silent through this last scene but one in the trial. After a while he was taken back to his cell in the jail and the tension which had kept the men and women subdued was relaxed.

The silence only broken by quiet conversation, gave place to light-hearted talk in every portion of the court room. The Harrison family was represented by Preston Harrison, son of the murdered man. Neither Prendergast's mother or brother were in the court room during the closing scene. Nobody was expecting the return of the jury for a few hours. Suddenly, at 2:30 o'clock, in the midst of general conversation and laughter, came a bailiff's shrill voice calling "Take seats now, gentlemen." The meaning of the order was well understood. It had the effect of an electric shock. "That means guilty sure," "It's a hanging," were the words which passed from mouth to mouth. Every eye was turned towards the door, and the buzz and hum of conversation died away. Instead a solemn stillness pervaded the chamber. From the door came a procession of stern faced men. Judge Brentana led the way, followed by the jury and bailiffs. The deputy sheriffs had a minute or two to wait before being dispatched across the "bridge of sighs" to the jail, with orders to bring in the prisoner. Walking with guards in front of him and guards behind him, Prendergast advanced slowly to his seat. Jail Clerk Ben Price, who accompanied the assassin, urged him to "brace up and keep your mouth shut!" Prendergast obeyed the latter injunction only. His bravado and vanity had fled. The mask had been torn from his face by fear of an adverse verdict and he stood before the court and jury naturally, a cringing coward, afraid to hear his doom pronounced. He dropped into his seat against the wall and the guards stood over him. His protruding lower jaw became limb, so that his lips hung wide apart in imbecile fashion. A pallor spread over his face and he stared vacantly in front of him. He sat there friendless and excited. The silence was oppressively intense. It was broken by the voice of Judge Brentana saying: "Have you agreed upon a verdict, gentlemen?" "We have, Your Honor," replied Foreman J. Sutter, hading the fatal document to the Judge, who transmitted it to the Clerk. That officer quietly opened it in the midst of breathless suspense, and read as follows: "We, the jury, find the defendant, Patrick Eugene Pendergast, guilty of murder in the manner and form as charged in the indictment, and we fix his sentence at death."

When the clerk uttered the word "Death!" Prendergast made the sign of the cross over his breast with his right hand. His demeanor was pitiful. Not a word escaped his lips. The effect of the death verdict kept the spectators silent. No one rose to go. Quickly the guards took hold of the trembling prisoner and were hurrying him back to the jail when the voice of the judge was heard again. "Bring the prisoner back," he commanded, and the condemned creature was led back to his seat. The formality of polling the jury had not been complied with. It was soon over, each juror answering "yes" to the question, "And is this now your verdict?" Prendergastdid not sit down the second time. He stood pale and terror-stricken close to his chair, stretching his hand for support against the wall while the guard held the other. After the removal of the guilty wretch Attorney Wade entered a formal motion for a new trial, which will be argued next week. Then the crowd quickly dispersed.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 29.—Grand Master Sargent and Grand Secretary Arnold, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, were to-day served with a sweeping restraining order of the U. S. Court in regard to the Northern Pacific. The order restrains the Grand Officers from ordering, advising or encouraging a strike, or even communicating with the men of that system by any method. Mr. Sargent declares, however, that the order will not affect him in the least. He says: "I will not allow such an order to interfere with my duties. Should I be called to St. Paul to-morrow I would go. The men have as yet received no definite answer from the receivers. If the answer is not satisfactory, the matter will be appealed to the courts. If the receivers are sanctioned by the court, the men will then be allowed to use their own judgment about continuing in the service of the company. No law on earth will compel a man to work in the absence of a contract unless he is a vagrant."

ANARCHIST'S CONFESSION.

BARCELONA, Dec. 29.—Sogas, one of the Anarchists arrested recently, has made a statement to the police implicating Vanerini, an Italian Anarchist, in the latest dynamite plots. Vanerini was arrested last night. The number of Anarchist prisoners is now well above 200. The police have discovered in the province of Barcelona thirty organized clubs of revolutionists and forty centres of Anarchist propaganda. From the centres the leaders of the revolution have controlled the Anarchist agitation throughout the province.

HAWAIIAN ADVICES.

The Contemplated Pacific Cable—Diagram of the Bottom of the Ocean.

Steamship "Miowera"—Plans of the Honolulu Firemen to Aid the Queen.

SEATTLE, Dec. 29.—Secretary Whittlesey of the Chamber of Commerce of this city, has received a copy of the Hawaiian Gazette, Honolulu, published December 12. The front page has a three column article on the proposed cable, giving a diagram showing the bottom of the ocean between Honolulu and Monterey Bay, California. Near Honolulu the ocean bottom drops off abruptly to a depth of 2,878 fathoms, and continues at this depth for many miles. The deepest place in the entire route is 3,973 fathoms with an average depth between Hawaii and California of about 2,400 fathoms. The article gives the opinions of a large number of U. S. engineers and also of engineers of England and France stating the practicability and necessity of the cable.

The paper contains an article about the steamship Miowera, stranded on the reef near Honolulu. It says the vessel is but very slightly injured and men are repairing her at the Honolulu iron works and she will soon be ready for sea again. The vessel lay forty-one days on the reef and only broke one propeller blade and slightly damaged her bottom.

The city firemen of Honolulu are mostly half-breeds, and they recently concocted a scheme to gain power. When paid off last month they went on strike. Their plan was to join the Queen's party and help her to be again placed in power. As soon as this was effected they were to apply for various offices under the Government by formal demand upon the Queen, while as firemen only natives were to be employed. Failure to restore the Queen foiled their plans.

GOOD CITY GOVERNMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—The Municipal League of Philadelphia, with the co-operation of the City Club of New York, has discussed a call for a national conference for good city government, to be held in Philadelphia January 25 and 26. The principal object of the conference will be to determine so far as possible by inquiry and debate, the best means for stimulating and increasing the rapidly-growing demand for honest and intelligent government in American cities, and to discuss the best methods for combining and organizing the friends of reform, so that their united strength may be made effective. The call is signed by some of the most distinguished and eminent men in the country, among them Richard Watson Gilder, editor of the Century; George W. Childs and L. Clark Davis, of the Philadelphia Ledger; Sylvester Baxter, of the Boston Herald; Edward Cary, of the New York Times; Richard Henry Dana, of the Boston Bar; Hon. Wayne McVeigh, recently appointed minister to Italy; Charles J. Bernhart, of Baltimore; President Charles N. Elliott, of Harvard; Provost Wm. Pepper, of the University of Pennsylvania; President Gilman, of John Hopkins; Bishop O. W. Whittaker; Dr. Edward Everett Hale; Rabbi Joseph Krauskopf; Charles Francis Adams, of Boston; and Marshall Field, of Chicago.

FRESNO'S JAIL DELIVERY.

FRESNO, Cal., Dec. 29.—It is now learned that Morell, who played waiter and caused Evans' release, is a detective and had been in Evans' service for several months. He was a prisoner in the jail for the three months beginning September 22, and it is now thought he managed to get into jail just for the purpose of releasing Evans.

Early this morning the police arrested two brothers and their sister, named Hutchison, on suspicion of assisting in the escape of Chris. Evans. Immediately after shooting Marshal Morgan, Evans and his companion went near the house where the Hutchisons live, and the girl virtually admitted she had taken a hand in the escape. Morell, Evans' confederate, worked for the proprietor of a merry-go-round last fall, but was discharged for dishonesty, and his name appears on the jail register for a petty offence. There is no road into the mountains that is not guarded. The posses let the plains take care of themselves and headed for the mountain roads. Beyond doubt the men have shaped their course for the Sierra Nevada. The direct road from here to the mountain passes within a mile of Sanger on the north. The men had probably driven opposite Sanger and then turned the horse loose and proceeded on foot. Sanger is fifteen miles from Fresno, and about six from the foot of the mountains.

A girl named Lee, who was arrested with the two Hutchinson boys, her half-brothers, in connection with the Evans escape, admitted this morning that her sister-in-law, who left the city last night, was cognizant of the plan to free the outlaw. James Hutchinson, an older brother, is supposed to have gone to join Evans and Morell. W. Walker, a lumber herder on the Moore & Smith flume, who lives twenty miles east of Sanger, reports that he was awakened about three o'clock this morning by men knocking at the door of his cabin. He asked who was there and they said "Chris." They wanted Walker to get up and give them something to eat, but he refused, and they went away. Police are in the neighborhood, having gone there last night. Walker is a trustworthy man.

DESERTED COLGATE.

SEATTLE, Dec. 29.—A special to the Telegraph from Kendrick last night, says: Samuel Ellis, of this place, who, with a party of trappers, is hunting in the vicinity of the Bitter Root Mountains, arrived today with tidings of George Colgate, the cook deserted by the Carlin party who were lost in the Bitter Root Mountains. On Sunday last, while camped on the banks of the Clearwater river, a bottle was seen floating down the stream by Ellis, and upon being opened the following letter was found in the bottle: "Nov. 27, '93.—I am alive and well. Tell them to come and get me as soon as anyone finds this. I am 50 miles from civilization as near as I can tell. I am George Colgate of the lost Carlin party. My legs are better. I can walk some. Come soon for God's take. Take this to Kendrick, Idaho, and you will be liberally rewarded. My name is George Colgate from Post Falls. This bottle came to me one day and I caught it and write these words to take me out. Direct this to St. Elmo hotel, Kendrick, Idaho. George Colgate. Good bye wife and children." M. C. Normoyle, proprietor of the St. Elmo hotel at once organized a party who will start to-morrow in search of Colgate.

TARTE'S LATEST.

QUEBEC, Dec. 29.—In the Legislative Assembly last night Israel Tarte, a member of the Dominion Parliament, was in the gallery when the Premier made some disparaging remarks concerning him. Mr. Tarte asked the Speaker to admit him to a seat on the floor of the House that he might reply. The Speaker refused the permission, and Mr. Tarte asked the reason for the refusal. The Speaker said there were certain people to whom this privilege must be refused. Mr. Tarte retaliated by calling the Speaker "a blackguard." The sergeant-at-arms was directed to expel Mr. Tarte, but the latter escaped by another door.

BRITAIN OFF BRAZIL.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—In the House of Commons to-day, Sir Edward Grey, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, stated that the British squadron at Rio Janeiro had recently been strengthened by the substitution of the cruiser Barracouta for the sloop-of-war Basilisk, and the sloop-of-war Racer for the gunboat Magpie. Besides these the cruiser Sirius and the sloop-of-war Beagle were included in the squadron, which the Government thought it was needless to further reinforce.

SIR SAMUEL BAKER.

Death of the World-Renowned African Traveller and Author.

Sketch of His Career—The Object of Numerous Honors, Military and Civil.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The distinguished African traveller and explorer, Sir Samuel White Baker, F.R.S., M.A., died at his home, Newton Abbot, Devonshire, England, this afternoon. He was a brother of Hon. Lieut.-Colonel James Baker, Provincial Secretary and Minister of Education for the Province of British Columbia, also of Col. Valentine Baker, a well known Cavalry officer who rendered most distinguished services to the British Empire as well as to that of Turkey. The latter was also the author of several important military and other works. Sir Samuel Baker was a deputy lieutenant of Gloucestershire and a J. P. of Devon; he had the orders, the Grand Cordon of the Medjidie and the second and third classes, in addition to the second class of the Osmanie.

The deceased was born in London, June 8th, 1821, was educated at private school also in Germany and married in 1843. In 1847 he established the well known agricultural settlement and sanitarium at Newera Ellia, in the mountains of Ceylon, at an altitude of 6200 feet above the level of the sea. In 1854 he retired from Ceylon after eight years residence, and at the death of his wife in 1855, went to the Crimea. He began his preparations for the discovery of the sources of the Nile in 1861 at his own cost, his history of which is one of the most interesting works of travel. He also received numerous other distinctions.

In addition to his Nile explorations, Sir Samuel Baker under the auspices of the Khedive, to subdue the African wilderness and annex it to the civilized world, to destroy the slave trade and establish regular commerce in its place to open up to civilization the vast African lakes which are the equatorial reservoirs of the Nile, and to add the whole of the countries which border on that river to the kingdom of the Pharaohs. On December 2, 1869, having received from the Sultan, in addition to the order of the Medjidie, the rank of Pasha and Major-General, he left Cairo, Lady Baker, as in previous journeys, accompanying him. He returned in 1873 in a position to say that his expedition had been crowned with complete success. In 1879 he visited Cyprus, publishing "Cyprus as I saw it in 1879." He also proceeded on further researches in Syria, India, Japan and America.

Sir Samuel was a voluminous writer his works attaining immense popularity, several of them being among the most notable and valued contributions to the history of African exploration and adventure. Among his better known books are: "The Rifle and the Hound in Ceylon," "Eight Years' Wanderings in Ceylon," "The Albert Nyanza," great basin of the Nile and explorations of the Nile's sources," "The Nile Tributaries of Abssinia and the Sword Hunters of the Hamram Arabs," "Cast Up by the Sea," a novel, translated into French by Mme. Fernand under the title of "L'Enfant du Naufrage;" "Ismalia;" a narrative of the expedition to Central Africa for the suppression of the Slave trade;" "Cyprus as I Saw it in 1879" Sir Samuel was a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society of London and an honorary member of the geographical societies of Paris, Berlin, Italy and America. He received the Grande Medaille d'Or of the Societe de Geographie de Paris.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—An accident at the Southampton docks yesterday did considerable damage to the steamer Paris, of the American line. The workmen who were engaged on the extension of the American quay at the Express dock were driving a huge tubular pile, when an explosion took place. The pile bounded in the air and fell on the Paris, damaging her port side, smashing her cargo shoot and carrying away some of her rails. At 6 o'clock this evening divers had recovered three mutilated bodies of men who were at work near the pile when the explosion occurred. Two workmen are in the hospital and several are still reported as missing.

TRIBUTE TO GLADSTONE.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A letter from Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was read at a Liberal meeting held in Derby this evening to celebrate Mr. Gladstone's birthday. In this letter Sir William says: "Those who witness the manner in which our great commander takes his full share of the arduous labors of the day, with resolute devotion to the people's cause, are stimulated to fresh exertions, inspired by his example of undaunted courage. To serve with such a chief is in itself a great reward. I feel sure that the Liberals will rally with fresh energy to a cause worthy of such a leader."

Thin and impure blood is made rich and healthful by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It braces up the nerves and gives renewed strength.

CABLE LETTER

London's Destitute—Labouchere Grows More Spiteful Against Mr. Gladstone.

The Plan for Increasing the Navy—Indian Duty on Silver—Mrs. Maybrick.

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LONDON, Dec. 30.—The distress prevalent among the poor of London is shown by the workhouse returns for the holidays. On Christmas Day 108,000 names were on the relief rolls. This number exceeds the record of Christmas, 1892, by more than 10,000.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH'S GRANT.

Henry Labouchere, the Radical leader and fighting editor of Truth, pursues without cessation his campaign against the Government's plan of continuing the £10,000 to the Duke of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha, in his capacity as Duke of Edinburgh. He has canvassed the Radical members of the House of Commons to get signatures, to his protest against the grant. This protest will be presented to Mr. Gladstone. Mr. Labouchere's hostility to Mr. Gladstone is becoming more evident daily. He has not forgiven the Premier for excluding him from office. Both in the lobby and in the Press he hints at the advisability of Mr. Gladstone retiring from public life. His suggestions of this sort, however, have found no echo in the Government ranks. On the contrary they are resented generally. Although Mr. Gladstone is failing physically the Liberals feel more keenly than ever that they have nobody to take his place, and they dread the disorganization which would follow his disappearance from political life.

IMPORT DUTY ON SILVER.

Advices from Bombay are to the effect that an import duty of 20 per cent. is about to be imposed on silver. Dealers are said to be already offering a premium to banks taking the risk on the imposition of the duty. Inquiries at the Indian office elicited no positive information, as the officials were exceedingly reticent, but the impression was made that no duty had yet been decided on by the Government. London dealers do not believe that the duty would be effective, as smuggling would be done on an enormous scale despite all efforts of the India government to prevent it.

NAVAL ENLARGEMENT.

The Admiralty plan for enlarging the Navy is still in embryo. All that is known positively is that no extraordinary grant will be demanded at once, as if the country were on the brink of war. The Admiralty Lords will meet the views of the Chancellor of the Exchequer by alternating the expenditures over a number of years. The annual sum is to cover armaments and equipments of all kinds; but the cost of the ships is to appear in the Budget only after they shall have been armed and made ready for service. The Army and Navy Gazette suggests the appointment of a construction committee consisting of three Admirals, three Commanders and three Captains, with a Chief Constructor and Director of Naval ordnance as advisory members. The committee would report annually to Parliament on the progress of home and foreign naval construction. This suggestion is said to emanate from the Admiralty. Sir Edward James Reed, M.P., who speaks with authority on Naval matters, said to-day in an interview on the experience of the warship Resolution in a storm in the Bay of Biscay: "We need not apprehend any special perils from battle ships, as the Resolution was handled badly. She is not unseaworthy, and there is nothing risky about her construction."

INDIA'S COMPLAINTS.

At the Ninth Indian National Congress, which has recently opened at Lahore, delegates from every district were present. Dadbhai Naoroji, M.P., was elected president, and in his address dwelt upon India's poverty and the danger of political troubles that might arise from it. Prosperous and contented, India could, he said, defy six Russias. He emphasized the unfairness of saddling on India the expenses of the army, other than home charges, and appealed to the British people and Parliament to make a just division of this burden. He claimed that the Indian government virtually ignored orders from Parliament.

MRS. MAYBRICK.

The recent revival of the agitation for a new trial for Mrs. Maybrick, confined in the Woking prison for having poisoned her husband, has ended in a fizzle. The Home office denies that it has received the important new evidence which Mrs. Maybrick's friends were said to have produced. Mrs. Maybrick is now employed in the kitchen of the Woking prison when she is not in the hospital. She will have no chance of being released until after serving the tenth year of her term. Her mother's expectation that she will be liberated soon is a mistake. If the Government could release the woman without exciting press comment, it might be done earlier, but unfortunately for Mrs. Maybrick, her friends and the press will not let her case be forgotten.

ETHEL OSBORN'S CASE.

Mrs Ethel Osborn the central figure in the great pearl case is living in seclusion in the Welsh village to which she went after leaving prison to give birth to her child. Mrs. Major Hargreaves, who lost the jewels stolen by Mrs. Osborne, has renewed her friendship with the woman whom she virtually sent to prison.

DRASTIC MEASURES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Donald McFarlane, Liberal, M.P. for Argyleshire, gave notice in the House of Commons that he would ask the Premier to-day a certain question. This question was designed by him to draw from Mr. Gladstone a promise to use drastic measures, if need be, to pass the Unionist Parish Councils bills. In response to a private request, however, Mr. MacFarlane agreed to postpone the question until Monday. The Central News says: Negotiations are passing between the Government and the Opposition on the basis of mutual concession, with a view to passing the Parish Councils bill on a given day, although, whatever compromise is effected, the measure cannot be passed before the end of January. The discontent of the Radicals and many Liberals with the Government's hesitation to take decisive steps against the obstructionists, has in no wise abated. Should the Government fail to give a satisfactory answer to Mr. MacFarlane's question of January 1, extreme pressure will be exerted to induce the Government to apply the cloture.