

A PORTION OF TORONTO, FROM THE WATER.

crated by the present Bishop of Toronto on St. Luke's Day, Oct. 18th, 1884. There were several, especially of the old Trinity men, who regretted to see this new chapel placed directly in front of the main building, but now that they have become accustomed to see it there, that feeling is wearing away.

After these great improvements were made, giving room which was sorely needed,—a suitable library, dining-room, convocation hall and chapel, it was felt that fresh accommodation for students must be provided without delay. In an institution like Trinity it is felt that room should be provided for as many students as can be obtained for residence in the building, and for this the capacity of the college was found inadequate. Accordingly a large addition is now being built,—the western wing being carried a long distance to the rear. This again will alter somewhat the appearance of the original building, but it is all in the way of enlargement and improvement.

Trinity College is a well-endowed institution. In buildings and lands the endowment is said to be not far short of a million dollars. The splendid property that surrounds it is becoming more valuable every year, and if some of it could be set apart for buildings, no doubt a large revenue could be derived from ground rents, a safe and easy form of endowment in a city like Toronto, always sure to advance a little in the value of its property. The future of Trinity College is certainly bright.

In 1853 Dr. Burnside, well known from the hospital which bears his name, left to the College the sum of \$24,000, part of which was apportioned to the establishment of two Burnside scholarships. Two other scholaiships, founded by the first Duke of Wellington, were made over to Trinity by the Legislature of Upper Canada, having been originally given to King's College, and there was formed the neucleus of a fund for scholarships and prizes which now amounts to about \$2,000 per annum. Other legacies and benefactions, amounting to \$50,000, were received from time to time. In the year 1882 a movement was inaugurated for obtaining a supplemental endowment fund, which, including a generous benefaction from the Henderson family of \$10,000 towards the new chapel, amounted to \$110,000.*

A still later movement has been recently started to raise another \$70,000 for the further enlargement of the building, as already described.

* See the "Educational Monthly," June-July, 1889, p. 203.

Attached to Trinity is a well regulated and successful faculty of meditine. After some years of suspension this faculty was revived in 1871, and has prospered ever since. The high standing of this branch of university work in Trinity is well known in medical circles, and its students have spread the reputation of their Alma Mater far and wide. Last year ninety-five graduates ob-

tained their medical degrees.

Of recent years Trinity has taken a leading part in developing the study of music in Canada. Its first professor in that faculty was Dr. Strathy, appointed in 1854; but, as he used to observe himself, his chief connection with the College was his attending the annual Christmas dinner.

But since 1883 examinations for musical degrees have been held, and the degrees granted both here and to candidates in England. The presumption of a colonial University in granting degrees to candidates at home has been severely criticized in England and has raised no little disturbance, the outcome of which will probably be a better understanding between the mother country and her colonies on this question.

It may be interesting also to know that application has been made from Australia for the advantages of the Divinity degrees of Trinity, and papers are now annually sent from Toronto across the Pacific to candidates for the degrees of Trinity College.

In all this recent growth and improvement there has been, of course, a moving spirit, and that has been the present Provost of the Institution. When the late Provost Whitaker resigned, Bishop Sweatman, then but recently consecrated Bishop of Toronto, proceeded to England to procure some one to succeed him. The choice fell upon Rev. C. W. E. Body, M A., sometime Fellow and Lecturer of St. John's College, Cambridge, who in 1884 came from England and assumed his new duties. From the first his aim has been to improve the College, and by constant efforts he has succeeded in securing large sums of money for its support and extension. He has recently visited England where he vigorously defended the action of the College in the matter of granting musical degrees to candidates in that country and no doubt, through his zeal and energy, the result of his visit will be in every sense of the word satisfactory to all concerned.

A late number of *Church Bells* thus speaks of Dr. Body's career in England: "The Rev. Charles William Edmund Body was born at Clapham, Surrey, in 1851, and after preliminary studies, entered St. John's College, Cambridge, in 1871. He obtained a Foundation Scholarship at his college, and in the following year gained the Bell University Scholarship. In 1875 he graduated as Sixth Wrangler, and gained in addition a Second