

Guide-Advocate.

Watford, Ont.

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HARRIS & CO.
PROPRIETORS

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WATFORD, JUNE 15, 1906.

The Rise in Wool.

A remarkable feature of the market is the advance which has taken place during the last few seasons in the price of wool. Wool is now selling in the markets of this province at 25 to 27 cents a pound, which is higher than it has been quoted in Ontario market at any time during the past twenty-five years. About four years ago was the bottom of the depression in wool. It was then selling around 13 cents a pound; nobody seemed anxious to handle it, and those who did so claimed that they made little or nothing out of it. Since then it has gradually advanced until it has now touched a figure at which it is a good paying crop. Lucky indeed is a farmer these days who has a good flock of sheep, for with the wool and lambs at present figures, there is no kind of farm stock that pays better. Unfortunately, during the years of low prices all Ontario farmers greatly reduced their flocks and many went out of the sheep business altogether.

During the years of the American War, the price of wool in the Sarnia market ran from thirty to thirty-five cents per pound. A few years after the war there was a sharp advance, and in one season wool reached in the Sarnia market the record price of fifty-eight and a half cents a pound. In those years the wool market was one of the largest factors in the local trade, and over a hundred and fifty thousand pounds used to be marketed each year in Sarnia. The Messrs. Symington, who were then large dealers in wool, purchased in the year of the highest prices over sixty thousand pounds of wool, and paid to one farmer alone, Mr. Henry McGurk, of Moore, between seven and eight hundred dollars for his season's clip. Afterwards this price gradually fell away year by year until the lowest point was reached, three or four years ago. As to the cause of the present rise a number of explanations are given. It is stated that woolen goods have become more fashionable than they were a few years ago. Then there was a dying off of the Australian sheep, due to a long continued drouth that ended three years ago. Besides this, new processes, it is said, have been invented by which the coarse wool can to a large extent be worked into goods formerly made exclusively from the wool, and this has greatly increased the demand for this grade—the grade that is produced almost altogether in Canada.—Canadian.

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It certainly checks falling hair; no mistake about this. It acts as a regular medicine; makes the scalp healthy. Then you must have healthy hair, for it's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."
Solely by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufactured by
SARSAPARILLA,
PILLS,
CHERRY PECTORAL.

Light Cattle Popular.

During the summer months, when the weather is hot, and the market is flooded with vegetables and garden truck, the demand for meats is not nearly so great. So far as the beef is concerned, very little inquiry exists for big thick cuts, except at a few hotels and high-grade restaurants. The ordinary retail butcher wants smaller carcasses than in the winter season, for the consumer demands smaller roasts and steaks.

Already the heavy cattle, unless very well finished are unpopular and hard to sell. Buyers prefer the kind that weigh from 1100 to 1200 lbs., and are especially fond of yearlings and two year-olds. Dealers say that the demand for this class is becoming greater every year, and that they have more difficulty each season in getting rid of the big carcasses.

This being true, then, the cattle feeder and farmer should read the signs of the times and prepare cattle to fit the market conditions. At the present time, feeders of big heavy cattle from 1400 to 1600 lbs. each, that sell from \$5.00 to \$5.25 per cwt., claim that they are not making much, if anything, while the feeder of the light 1100 to 1200 lbs. has little trouble in obtaining from \$4.75 to \$5.00 per cwt. and is not complaining.—World.

The New Fad.

So sure are jewellers that the short sleeve will last through the summer even though it does crawl down by fall, that they have taken lovely women by the arm so to speak, and are furnishing many attractive designs in bracelets to break the expanse between elbow and wrist. Among the latest of these designs, says a New York paper are bracelets woven of gold wire and giving the effect of broad bands of gold braid. They are flexible and have a buckle clasp through which an end of the band finished with a golden fringe, is passed.

City and Country Children.

A London scientist says life in a big city makes young children quick, but not intelligent. Indeed, he thinks it often destroys their chances of being clever, for it hastens the development of the brain unnaturally. It makes them superficial, alert, but not observant; excitable, but without one spark of enthusiasm. They are apt to grow base, fickle, discontented; they see more things than the country-bred child, but not such interesting things; they do not properly see anything, for they have neither the time nor the capacity to get at the root of all the bewildering objects that crowd themselves into their little lives.—New York Tribune.

Good Dairy Season.

The season thus far gives promise of a banner year for the dairy farmer. The recent rains have made the grass grow rapidly, and creamery directors state that with the past ten days the receipts of milk have been in advance of last year for the same period. Fully two thirds of our farmers use hand separators. By this method the skim milk is not only more wholesome as feed for the pigs and calves, but more cream is obtained from the milk. It also is more convenient for the farmer, as cream separated may be allowed to stand at home two or three days while milk that is taken to the creamery must be delivered every day in the summer time.

Do You Get Duns?

Lots of people regard every request made to them, either verbal or in writing, to settle a bill, as a dun. A dun is supposed to be more or less offensive. Just why any man should find fault when some one to whom he owes money asks him to pay it is more than we have been able to comprehend. If you owe a man money you ought to pay him if you can. If you cannot, it is your business to explain why you cannot. Most people intend some time or other to pay their bills, but not many are as prompt as they should be. It is a very easy matter when asked to pay a bill, to explain to the creditor why you cannot do it and ask for more time. The debtor will generally get extra time if he is dealing with a reasonable man. The expediting thing in connection with creditors is to write letter after letter or send statement after statement to a debtor, and have him ignore them apparently with silent contempt. It is under such circumstances that the creditor gets irritated and gives the account perhaps to an attorney, when exercising a little sense on the part of the debtor, the matter could be easily

and amicably adjusted. Do not look on a dun to irritate you. It is the right of a creditor to ask for his money when he does not get it, and to keep asking at intervals till he does get it.

First Try Farming.

Caledonian Banner.—Public officials are the best paid class in the country, and all this howling about the great sacrifices which they make is sickening and should be discontinued. Following the plow or an experience in the harvest field for a few days would convince them that they had a snap in comparison with the life of the average Canadian farmer.

Larger Farms.

Paradoxical as it may appear, in many localities favored with great agricultural prosperity the rural population is decreasing. The prosperous farmer buys out his less wealthy neighbor and adds small farms to his already large estate. The prosperous farmer may have sons and is providing for their future start in life. It is not uncommon to see vacant houses falling to decay because their former owners had sold their estates to their more wealthy neighbors.

The greed for land in some localities has advanced prices out of proportion to the earning capacity of the farm. In some instances the new purchaser was obliged to make arrangements with the former owner to work the land owing to the difficulty of obtaining efficient help. As a commercial proposition the purchase price, placed at compound interest, will always represent the value of the farm as an investment, particularly if a farmer is obliged to rent his holdings to realize a dividend. It may be good policy to buy land as an investment, but the price of the land at interest will generally grow faster than land values, particularly in old agricultural communities where price is normally high on basis of excellent quality and productivity.

Many economists believe general prices for all commodities have advanced too fast and that reaction will follow in the near future. In regard to land prices there has been a peculiar combination of circumstances to make it more valuable. A succession of phenomenally productive seasons, with large shortage abroad, has maintained uniformly high prices for all surplus agricultural products. A few years of partial failures of a succession of bountiful crops in foreign countries that now consume our exports of cereals will turn the tide against agriculture and values of farms will decline to a parity with other commercial investments. Land, like industrial stocks, will fluctuate in value according to the decrease of its earning ability.—World.

The Fruit Crop.

The first fruit report of the year just issued from the fruit divisions, states that the frost in Southern Ontario the second week in May, affected the early blossoms of the strawberry crop, but will not seriously reduce the whole crop. No injuries to the trees from winter killing were reported, but strawberries, and to a less extent, raspberries and blackberries suffered everywhere. The show of apple bloom was never better. Early and fall apples show somewhat better than winter fruit. Pears are on the whole a medium crop. The commercial plum sections of Ontario are reporting a very light crop, in some cases an absolute failure. Peaches indicate an average crop. Cherries show well everywhere. Grapes are reported in good order, except in sections that depended on snow protection, in which case winter killing is prevalent. Spraying is reported to be much more general than ever before.

Summer School Topics.

The following syllabus has been decided upon for the course of ten lectures on Sunday school organization and management at the Summer School in Victoria College, Toronto, July 9th to 21st; origin of the Sunday School, its development amongst the Jews and in the early Christian church; the evolution of the modern Sunday School; the Sunday School in relation to the home and the church; the organization and grading of a Sunday School; departments of Sunday School effort, for example, missions, temperance, etc.; officers and their relations; the teachers and their duties; the students and their work; the primary department. A complete syllabus of each course of lectures will be furnished on application to J. A. Jackson, B. A., general secretary, Ontario Sunday School Association, 99 100' Confederation Life, Toronto, Ont.

Bread is sold from boxes strapped to donkeys in Asia Minor.

A German scientist, after several years spent in experiments, has calculated the value of a flash of lightning in electric current at \$1,400.



BREAD is never better than the flour it is made of. Often it is not nearly so good, but that is the fault of the bread-maker.

Without good flour, good bread is impossible, no matter how skilfully it is handled. Now, good bread must be good to eat, as well as good to see or to taste. Good-to-eat bread is bread that nourishes.

In the matter of nutriment,

Royal Household Flour

is supreme. It represents the best that is in the wheat, ground to a snowy whiteness and purified by electricity.

It produces bread that is light, easy to digest and best of all—nutritious. Ogilvie's Royal Household is to be had at all grocers.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.

Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook" contains 150 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

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Get the Blood of Lord of the Manor, Mambrino King, Procterus, Chicago

IN THE STUD—SEASON 1906.

CANADA'S CHAMPION ROAD STALLION

WALNUT MANOR,

Son of Lord of the Manor and Grandson of Mambrino King.

Winner of first prize at London Western Fair 1904. Winner of first prize at London Western Fair 1905. Winner of first prize and sweepstakes at Toronto 1905.

DESCRIPTION OF

Canada's Champion Road Stallion

WALNUT MANOR is one of the handsomest trotting bred stallions in Canada. His sire, Lord of the Manor, is a sweepstakes winner three times in London, three times in Toronto, Orange County Horse Show, N. Y., and Madison Square Garden. His grand sire, Mambrino King, was the most handsome horse in the world. Procterus, the sire of his dam, was a sweepstakes winner at London and Toronto. It is no wonder that Walnut Manor is a horse of such grand style and beauty.

WALNUT MANOR is a brown stallion, nearly 16 hands high, and weighs 1,150 lbs. He is a perfect gaited trotter, with perfect legs and feet. Foaled May 1st, 1903. He has a clear-cut, fine shaped head and neck. Through the dam of his sire he traces to the blood of Beautiful Bells, Green Mountain Maid, Alma Mater and Jessie Pepper. Parties wishing to breed to a fashionable road horse would act wisely by seeing this young stallion.

PEDIGREE

WALNUT MANOR, sire, Lord of the Manor, sire of John Martin 2:23, and Lord Reta 2:18 1/2 and full brother to Lady of the Manor 2:04, the world's ex-Champion pacing mare, which record she held for five years; he by Mambrino King, the sire of 80 in the 2:30 list, and the dam of 70 in the 2:30 list, he by Mambrino Patchen, he by Mambrino Chief, he by Mambrino Paymaster.

1st Dam—Kitty M., by Procterus, full brother to Romaine (destroyed by fire), showed his ability to trot in 2:10.

2nd Dam—Maggie R., dam of Nettie D., trial 2:19, by Chicago Volunteer (2011), sire of Bayley 2:25 1/2, 10 in the 2:30 list, and the dam of 70 in the 2:30 list, he by Hambletonian 10.

3rd Dam—Nellie R., dam of Fusiller 2:50, a three-year-old by Tompsett, sire of Fulton 2:28, by Royal George (9), sire of Toronto Chief 2:34 1/2 and 5 in 2:30.

4th Dam—Dollie, by imported Sir Layton Sykes.

5th Dam—Lady McQueen, by Grey Messenger, by imported Messenger.

ROUTE

TUESDAY, MAY 1st—Will leave his own stable and proceed to John Maddock's, lot 8, c.m. S, Brooke, for noon; thence to Inwood for night.

WEDNESDAY—Will proceed to the Revere House, Annapolis, for noon.

SATURDAY—Will be at the Roche House, Watford, for noon.

He will be at his own stable, lot 10, con. 10, Brooke, the rest of the week.

TERMS

To insure a mare with foal \$10, payable 1st Jan. 1907. All mares must be in a healthy condition, otherwise not accepted. Mares must be returned regularly to the horse. Parties disposing of their mares before foaling time will be held responsible. All accidents and escapes at owner's risk. No second price.

D. G. MADDOCK, — WALNUT, ONTARIO.

Proprietor and Manager.

NORTH END BAKERY.

We were never better prepared to supply the wants of the public in everything expected to be found in an up-to-date

Bakery and Confectionery.

Candies of All Kinds

Fruits in Season.

Nuts From All Nations.

Cigars That Please Particular Smokers.

Wedding Cakes That Delight Bride and Groom.

Your Orders will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

S. E. THOMPSON.

Delicious Ice Cream

—AND—

Ice Cream Soda.

Summer Beverages of All Kinds

— x x —

Choice Confectionery.

Bon Bons.

Fruits and Nuts.

Fresh Crop.

— x x —

CIGARS

The Best Brands, popular with smokers who appreciate something good.

— x x —

Special attention paid to WEDDING CAKE ORDERS.

— x x —

Everything Fresh and Reliable.

PEARCE BROS.,

South End Bakery.

MUSICAL

HEADQUARTERS.

Schlemmer's New Store

PIANOS, ORGANS,

SEWING MACHINES.

THE BELL PIANO,

Made in Canada.

Unsurpassed by any.

Leading Makes in Organs.

We handle the Sewing Machines that satisfy. Reliable, Tested and Substantial.

Everything in the line of sheet music and musical supplies at popular prices. Sole Agent for Berliner and Victor Gramophones—Get the Best.

Agent for CHATHAM INCUBATOR.

H. SCHLEMMER,

OPPOSITE SWIFT BROS.

Was Given Up For Dead.

Seven years ago Charles Best, a farmer, residing near Harrow, started for the Klondike gold fields. Shortly after his arrival at Nome a letter was received stating he was seriously ill. Then all letters abruptly ceased, and his family and friends gave him up for dead. Without a word of warning Best walked in upon his sister, Mrs. Tomlinson, at Harrow. He made a fortunate mining strike, and is in comfortable circumstances.

London has 1,028 post-offices and 2,435 public telephone stations.