

4 O'clock London Advertiser. Two Cents

EDITION.

PER COPY.

WHOLE NO. 9149.

Anxiety for Albert Victor.

Serious Illness of the Queen's Grandson.

Reporters Shut Out from Sandringham Hall.

Late Bulletins Give No Hope of the Prince's Recovery.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Reports from Sandringham received at noon yesterday state that the Prince of Wales, who is suffering from a severe attack of influenza, has developed into a more serious type than is announced by the physicians in their statements for the information of the public. The Queen, who is at Sandringham, is deeply distressed at the condition of her grandson, and has ordered that information be immediately telegraphed to her of the change in the Duke's condition. It is considered highly probable, that, unless there is soon a change for the better, her Majesty will go to Sandringham.

REPORTERS SHUT OUT.
Inquiries have been made at Sandringham Hall to ascertain the actual condition of the Duke of Clarence, but all information beyond that contained in the bulletins is refused. Special precautions have now been taken to prevent reporters from approaching the hall, and the physicians issued by the Sandringham yesterday morning state that the inflammation of the lungs from which the Duke is suffering is pursuing its course. They add that his strength is well maintained, but that no improvement can be reported. This

GRAVE STATEMENT.
The physicians are taken to indicate that the condition of the Duke is less favorable than it has been lately.

GRAVE SYMPTOMS.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Great apprehension is felt in all classes of society regarding the condition of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale. The attack of pneumonia from which he is suffering has developed into a very serious case, and the opinion is freely and openly expressed that the Duke will not recover. A bulletin issued from Sandringham Hall at 9:30 o'clock this morning states that grave symptoms have supervened in the case, and that the condition of the Duke is critical. The physicians in attendance upon the Duke have naturally sought to prevent the impression getting abroad that his Royal Highness was in any danger, and the bulletins hitherto posted have been somewhat optimistic in their wording. The news that they now acknowledge dangerous symptoms is taken by the general public to mean that they have given up hope. Of course the ground of this belief is very slight, but the fact cannot be denied that it generally prevails.

SYMPATHY FOR THE PRINCE.
The expressions of sympathy for the Prince and Princess of Wales are many and sincere, and among all classes the hope is expressed that the Duke will be able to battle successfully against the disease with which he has been attacked.

THE CROWD AT SANDRINGHAM HOUSE.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—An immense crowd is gathered about the gates of Marlborough House, the Prince of Wales' London residence. As soon as the bulletins from Sandringham Hall are received they are pasted on the gates. The crowd is composed of people of all kinds and conditions, men, women, and children, and expressions of the deepest regret for the members of the royal family are heard. There is no use in denying the fact that the engagement of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale to Princess Victoria Mary of Teck has endeared him to the hearts of the English people, and particularly those of the working classes with whom Princess Mary has always been a favorite because of her kind and unassuming manner and her many charitable deeds.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT.
Many of the West End clubs are filled with groups of men, all of whom are engaged in a discussion of the Duke's condition and the possibilities that may arise should his death occur. The most intense excitement is shown in their words and actions, and it is readily seen what a widespread effect the death of the Duke would have.

THE VICINITY OF SANDRINGHAM.
In the vicinity of Sandringham the excitement, though subdued to a certain extent by the nearness of the patient, is most intense. No one is allowed to enter the grounds save a privileged few, and no vehicles are permitted to pass along the roads in the vicinity.

LETTERS HELD OUT.
Everything that human skill and medical science can suggest is being done, but despite the knowledge that if human means can save the life of the Duke he will live, the words of the last bulletin are taken by the public to mean that the doctors have given up hope. The physicians, however, visited the parish church for the purpose of offering up prayers that the life of the Duke may be spared. The bulletins issued from Sandringham do not hold out any hope. The condition of the Duke is very serious, and there is no abatement in the grave symptoms that have developed. The condition of the Duke is the

SOLE TOPIC OF CONVERSATION.
In clubs, hotels and every place where numbers of people congregate. The bulletins from Sandringham are also posted at the Mansion House, the official residence of the Lord Mayor of London, and here, too, an enormous crowd has congregated, waiting to learn the latest news from the bedside of the sick Prince.

A BASELESS RUMOR.
The rumor circulated on the Stock Exchange that the Duke was dead, was baseless. At 1 p.m. a bulletin posted at Marlborough House stated that there had been no change in the condition of the Duke. His pulse is 120 and his temperature 107.

STILL CONSCIOUS.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—3:30 p.m.—The latest intelligence from Sandringham shows that the Duke has not lost consciousness, or at least had not a short time ago.

THE VACANT PROFESSORSHIP AT VICTORIA.
TORONTO, Jan. 13.—The committee of the Board of Regents of Victoria University appointed to make arrangements for carrying on the work left unprovided for by the resignation of Professor G. C. Workman has decided to invite Dr. W. G. Workman to the vacant position. Dr. Workman's work between Dr. Burwash and Dr. Badgley, Mr. E. C. Huyshe will relieve these professors of some of their lectures in order to give them time to take up Dr. Workman's classes.

AN AWFUL CATASTROPHE!

Over 400 Persons Find a Watery Grave.

By the Sinking of a Steamer—No Chance to Get Out of the Boats.

HONG KONG, Jan. 13.—The steamer Meifoo has arrived here, bringing intelligence of the loss of the steamer Nanchow off Cupid Point. The Nanchow's shaft broke, supposedly at the point where it emerges from the hull. This allowed the water to rush into the shaft hole and make its way to the engine-room, and thence into the fire-room. The steamer's fires were soon extinguished, and she filled rapidly and foundered.

The Nanchow was employed in trading locally in China seas, and she had on board a very large number of Chinese passengers. She sank so rapidly that it was impossible to launch her boats. When she went down she carried with her 414 persons, every one of whom was drowned.

The steamer was officered by Europeans, and her crew also consisted of sailors, firemen, etc., from different European countries. They stood to their posts to the last and did everything possible to save the vessel. All of them went down with the steamer.

IN ASHES.

SMITH'S FALLS, Ont., Jan. 13.—Fire yesterday did serious damage to Frost & Wood's foundry. The loss is covered by insurance.

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—The carriage factory of E. Gauthier, St. Patrick's street, was burned yesterday. Loss estimated at \$4,000.

PORT STANLEY, Ont., Jan. 13.—The Masonic Hall was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The first floor was occupied by Weir & Balkwill, grocers, the second floor being occupied by St. Mark's Lodge of Freemasons. The building and contents were all destroyed. Insurance on building, \$1,500; on Weir & Balkwill's stock, \$2,000. The walls fell on a small building owned by John Manson, of Sand Beach, Mich., used as a barber shop, and wrecked it; insured for \$150. All insured in the Laneshire.

DELHI, Ont., Jan. 13.—Fire here yesterday caused the following losses: James Kemp, shop, dwelling and house furniture; A. Laur, shoes and tinware; James Whiteside, shop, occupied as jewelry store by B. Barker (Barker's goods saved); brick store owned and occupied by John Lamb; E. Kitchen, frame residence.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 13.—The extensive carpet house of J. B. Brady & Co. was burned this morning. The firm carried a stock worth \$300,000.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The St. Saviours flour mill on Tooley street was destroyed by fire yesterday. Two thousand eight hundred bags of flour were burned. Several firemen were injured.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 13.—The six story brick Power block, on the Viaduct, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. It was occupied by the Cleveland Electric Supply Company, the Chesapeake & Saginaw Lumber Company, and the National Iron Works. All suffered total loss, which amounts in the aggregate to \$140,000. The building was owned by F. N. York. All the firms carried insurance.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13.—The fire that visited Rochester yesterday destroyed the large light by H. H. Sibley on East Main street and seriously damaged the adjacent block, which belongs to the Sibley estate, and the Second Baptist Church. Loss over \$150,000.

IN DARKEST RUSSIA.

Sad Results of Recent Anti-Jewish Riots—Characteristic Utterances of Rev. Charles Spurgeon.

VIENNA, Jan. 13.—In the recent anti-Jewish riots in the Governments of Posen and Silesia, Russia, several hundred Jews were wounded, 90 houses were destroyed and 2,000 Jewish families were reduced to beggary. The police made no attempt to interfere with the rioters.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Spurgeon, referring to the work "Darkest Russia," writes: "If I had all the heart and strength that could fall to the lot of man, I should be quite unable to express my feelings on reading of Russian persecution of the Jews and dissenters. That such conduct should be sanctioned by a country bearing the name of Christianity is as bad as it is strange. The Lord is driving out God's ancient people. No country can trample upon Israel with impunity. Jehovah is patient, but as there was a day for Pharaoh, so is there a time for every oppressor."

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Chronicle correspondent at St. Petersburg says: "Crime is becoming rampant in the towns as well as in the country. A peasant in a village in the Tula Government, incensed by the refusal of a tradesman to give him bread to save him from starving, drenched his rival's house with kerosene, and set fire to it at midnight, three women and seven children perishing in the flames."

GARZA'S BAND.

DEMING, N. M., Jan. 13.—A cowboy from Mexico brings a report that the revolutionists have captured Grasso Grande, a town south of Asencion, after a hard fight in which several persons were killed. The revolutionists have added daily to their ranks and are strong in numbers.

A WELL-KNOWN HAMILTONIAN KILLED.
HAMILTON, Ont., Jan. 13.—Monday evening, while working on the propeller St. Magnus, A. M. Robertson, ship builder, fell through the open trap door into the hold of the propeller and broke his neck. Mr. Robertson was dead before his son John, who was working near by, could reach him. Deceased was owner of the propeller St. Magnus, and was well known in marine circles. He leaves a widow and grown-up family of two sons and two daughters.

THE RUSSIAN TREASURY IN A TIGHT PLACE.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—Large parcels of the Russian loan have been offered in the Coblentz market from Paris financiers acting for the Russian treasury, but Consoliers have not responded. Inquiry showed that the Russian Finance Minister has been trying to dispose of the residue of the loan through the Paris agents. The first order to sell was obtained from several members of the official parquet, who feared that they were unable to execute the orders, and who then tried the Consoliers. The inference is that the Russian treasury, in spite of the pretensions that it had a hard reserve, is really in a tight place.

"Pay Laura Quickly."

A "Medium's" Message Ends a Will Case.

The Dead Millionaire Anderson Said to Have Advised His Son to Settle with the Sister.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—How much the disembodied spirit of old John Anderson, the millionaire, had to do with the settlement of the Anderson will case in the Supreme Court Monday, will probably never be fully known, and it is not likely that a spiritualistic medium of this city could make the details public. The case was brought to a close unexpectedly, and the startling eccentricities of the dead to be a medium may not be rehearsed again for years; possibly there is peace for the Anderson heirs for all time.

Mr. Anderson, in a statement to your Honors, said Col. James, counsel for Mrs. Appleton, when Judge Patterson had taken his seat in the Supreme Court, "and to the gentleman of the jury, that since the last sitting of this court a settlement has been arrived at which is satisfactory and honorable to all concerned."

The New York Life Insurance Company, thanked judge and jury for their attention. Judge Patterson then dismissed the jury, who had been listening to the evidence in the case for three weary weeks.

The celebrated spirit of St. Mark's Appleton against the New York Life Insurance Company was stricken from the docket.

Although the insurance company was nominally the defendant, John Charles Anderson, son and chief beneficiary under the will, was more deeply interested in the suit, as the ultimate object of the litigation was to have the will declared void on account of the alleged insanity of the father. The company had been given a warranty deed of the Anderson interest in the Plaza Hotel property some years ago by John Charles Anderson, and he was compelled to defend the title.

When the millionaire's son sat nursing his guilty limb in his elegant home, No. 17 East Seventy-first street, on Sunday evening, a person called whom he recognized as a spiritualistic medium of rare power. As the son of the inventor of "uniflow" tobacco had drifted away from him, in fact, departed from the faith of his father, he was surprised at the presence of his visitor and astonished at his mission. The guest lost no time in stating that the spirit of old Anderson wished to communicate with his son. Puzzled as to what to do, and uneasy from the swiftness of the gony leg, the son gazed in blank astonishment, while the "medium" proceeded to give the details of how, when and where the father was to communicate with the son. Silently the preparation was made for the dead to communicate with the living.

Spreading a large silk handkerchief over the theater table, the medium drew from the folds of his cloak the long cedar sticks which fitted together in a little framework. There were some simple mechanical fittings which might be such as are used by a lithograph operator—something like a key, a handle, a screw, a little coil of insulating wire, and a little coil of floor-tack. "Click, tick, tick," went the little instrument. "Click, click, click," the Morse characters were sounded. So the informant says.

"A message from your father," said the visitor, when a large light was drawn from the "instrument." "The jury is against you—J. A. was the brief communication. Others followed, one of which was, 'Pay Laura quickly.'"

How much effect these manifestations had upon the rich son can only be conjectured when it is known that he had, on the next day, after a settlement of the pending case out of court. Some of the messages were long and contained information of a private nature and known only to the dead millionaire and his son.

Strangely enough, when a reporter interviewed the twelve jurors in the case, it was discovered that they were nearly all for the woman. She would undoubtedly have gotten a verdict. John Charles had carried out the injunction to "pay Laura."

An intimate friend of the family in East Seventy-first street, at whose home the spiritual telegraphy was held, declared that the "medium" had said "nothing in it." There were no manifestations of occult force, no psychical tests.

THE TANGIER TROUBLE.

TANGIER, Jan. 13.—Information has reached this city which is practically leagued on the Landward side by the natives who are in rebellion against the French. It is stated that the mountain tribes in Angora have demanded that the governor of the territory occupied by them be dismissed.

BRITAIN THE ARAB'S BEST FRIEND.
CAIRO, Jan. 13.—The Moabay, an Arab paper hitherto opposed to the English occupation of Egypt, now gratefully acknowledges that benefits have been derived from the occupation, and expresses the hope that it will be long continued. The paper admits that the presence of the English frustrated a foreign intrigue against the succession of Abbas Pasha, the consummation of which might have resulted in dangerous disorder.

CARDINAL MANNING SERIOUSLY ILL.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Cardinal Manning, who was announced yesterday as suffering from a severe cold, has grown worse rapidly since the last bulletin issued last evening, and this morning his physicians declared without hesitation that his condition is very grave. The sacrament of the church has been administered to him. The cardinal is suffering from bronchitis and congestion of the lungs.

DEATH OF MURDERER PENCE'S WIDOW.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—The widow of the notorious burglar and murderer, Charles Pence, died on Saturday at Barnhill, close to Sheffield. She was 72 years of age. Although she was on several occasions a victim of Pence's brutality, she remained faithful to him during the years he eluded the police. She visited him under sentence of death, and it was through her that the first intimation crept out that Pence was preparing a statement acknowledging he was the man who shot Police Constable Cook whilst attempting to commit a burglary near Manchester, and for which a young man named Harbison had been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

Dress suits made first-class in every particular. HARRY LEXOX.

The Political Kaleidoscope.

Chapleau Anxious To Get Out of the Cabinet.

Speculations Regarding Further Changes in the Ministry.

Nominations in East Simcoe, South Ontario and Halifax—More Revenue Officers to be Appointed.

CHAPLEAU MAY RESIGN.
An Associated Press dispatch says: "It is rumored that Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State, will shortly resign owing to ill-health. Mr. Chapleau is again very seriously ill. He is confined to his bed by a renewal of the influenza and pneumonia, from which he has been suffering since Christmas, and is under the constant care of Dr. Chapleau. Although forbidden to see any visitors, all of whom are refused access to the house, Mr. Chapleau still transacts business, and spent the greater part of the morning dictating to his secretary."

HON. GEORGE FOSTER, Minister of Finance, is indisposed.

HAGGART'S SUCCESSOR.
J. C. Patterson, ex-M.P. for Essex, arrived here yesterday morning and had a conference with Premier Abbott. It was pretty well understood in the leading conservative circles that he is to enter the Cabinet as Postmaster-General. He will have to be raised to the Senate or a seat found for him in the Commons.

CHAPLEAU'S PLANS.
It is reported that Mr. Chapleau has again requested Premier Abbott to accept his resignation. An intimate friend of the Secretary of State told me this morning that Chapleau will resign from the Ministry and sit as an independent member in Parliament. In this way, it is claimed, he will hold the balance of power.—(Ottawa correspondence Toronto World.)

NOTES.

Laval (Que.) election Feb. 1—nomination Jan. 25.

Hon. J. A. Oulmet and Hon. John Haggart have been sworn in for their new positions.

The Quebec Royal Commission met on Tuesday, organized, and adjourned until Monday, 18th inst.

The petition against the return of Mr. S. Burdett (Lib.) M. P. for East Hastings, has been dismissed.

By-elections for the Manitoba Legislature for South Winnipeg and Manitou take place to-day (Wednesday).

The writ for Laval, rendered vacant by Hon. J. A. Oulmet's acceptance of office, was issued yesterday afternoon.

At the Reform convention held in Orillia on Tuesday, Dr. Spohn, of Penetanguishene, was chosen to contest the by-election in East Simcoe.

South Ontario Conservatives have nominated Wm. Smith, who was defeated last March by James I. Davidson, for the House of Commons.

The Conservatives of Halton on Wednesday nominated D. Henderson, the unsaturnated candidate, as their candidate in the election to be held on the 28th inst.

A. G. Jones and Dr. E. Farrell were on Tuesday nominated by the Liberals to contest Halifax for the vacant seats in the House of Commons. Stairs and Kenny, who were unseated, will probably be nominated by the Conservatives.

Mr. Hugh Ryan, a prominent Government contractor, was put up at the Rideau Club by the Hon. John Haggart and black-balled. Mr. Ryan's friends say he would have been elected if proposed by anyone else.

The change of policy in the Northwest Legislature in regard to the liquor question will necessitate a very great increase in the Dominion inland revenue staff, and provision will have to be made for brewery and distillery licenses, and for the appointment of supervisors, excisemen, etc., throughout the Northwest district, says Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue.

GRIP'S TWIN SISTER.

INFLUENZA CAUSED 95 DEATHS IN OLD LONDON LAST WEEK.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The number of deaths in London from influenza was 95 last week. This number exceeds the aggregate for each preceding week.

MACDONALD'S MEETING.

STRATFORD, Jan. 13.—The provincial convention of the Order of the Knights of the Templar of this World was held in the Oddfellows' Hall here yesterday. There were 70 delegates present. Sir Kt. Provincial Commander Elijah Hodgins, Stratford, occupied the chair. The report of the provincial record keeper, Sir Kt. H. E. Trent, of Toronto, was a very satisfactory one. The membership in Ontario has now reached 2,000. The following officers were elected: Provincial commander, Sir Kt. Joseph Cairns, of Camlachie; provincial past commander, Sir Kt. Elijah Hodgins, of Stratford; provincial lieutenant commander, Sir Kt. F. E. Titus, Presque Isle; provincial record keeper, Sir Kt. H. E. Trent, of Toronto; provincial finance keeper, Sir Kt. John G. Muir, Hamilton; provincial chaplain, Sir Kt. Rev. G. R. Beamish, Stratford; provincial physician, Sir Kt. Robert Gibson, Watford; provincial master-at-arms, Sir Kt. H. A. Coombs, Stony Creek; provincial secretary, Sir Kt. Alex. Gardiner, London; provincial picket, Sir Kt. R. Mackie, Hamilton; representatives to Fraternal Association, to be held in Toronto Jan. 14, Sir Kt. Trent, of Toronto, and Scott, of Hamilton. It was decided to meet in Toronto on the second Tuesday of April, 1893. After discussion the sense of the convention was declared to be that a great camp should be organized in the Province of Ontario as soon as practicable.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Jan. 12. At. From.
Siberian.....Glasgow.....New York
Sicilian.....Liverpool.....Hamburg
Scandinavian.....New York.....Hamburg
Jan. 13. From.
Furness.....Marseille.....New York
The Queen.....Liverpool.....New York
City of Paris.....Quebec.....New York

A practical cook book containing nearly 1,000 valuable receipts free to housekeepers by calling at Strono's drug store, 184 Dundas street. 47c

Be a well man, a free man, a happy man by taking K. D. C.—the great restorative for all stomach diseases.

IS IT CRUELTY?

The Well Known Dehorning Case Comes Up Again.

Two New Defendants—J. H. Wilson, V.S., in the Box—The Effect of His Evidence is Decidedly Against the Practice.

The case of William York, of North Dorchester, charge by Detective Allen with cruelty to animals in dehorning a herd of about 30 cattle, was resumed at the court house this morning, having been started last Wednesday. Informations have been laid against Edward York, of Oxford, brother of William, and W. A. Elliot, of Oxford, son-in-law of Edward. They are charged with having taken part in the dehorning of the cattle. The evidence of C. S. Tamlin, V.S., had been read over for the benefit of E. R. Cameron, counsel for the defense, and after several mistakes made in taking it down had been rectified, work was commenced at 11:30 instead of at 10 o'clock. The two new defendants admitted having cut off the horns, but did not plead guilty to the charge set down in the informations against them. Elliot did the cutting and Edward York assisted. The prosecution and defense agreed that all subsequent evidence should apply to all three of the defendants.

Crown Attorney Hutchinson submitted the following points for the consideration and guidance of the presiding magistrates, J. B. Smyth and R. F. Lacey:

First—Whether the horns of the cows referred to in said informations were cut off as alleged therein by, or by the orders, or with the aid of, said defendants or any of them.

Second—Whether the cutting of said horns cruelly tortured said cows in the manner it was done, close to their heads and without proper precautions taken to lessen the pain at the time and to protect the cows afterwards from the consequences of said cruelty.

Third—Whether there was any necessity for cutting off the horns of these particular cows.

Fourth—Whether cutting off their horns was any advantage to the cows.

Fifth—Whether it was of so much advantage to the public generally as to compensate for the suffering and torture endured by the cows.

Sixth—Whether there were any public disadvantages connected with cutting off the horns of milk cows especially which exceed in proportion any possible advantage.

James H. Wilson, V.S., of this city, was the first witness called. He had been practicing as a veterinary surgeon in London for about 24 years. He had heard the previous witness' evidence.

Q.—Have you had much experience with cattle during those 24 years? A.—Yes, quite a little. We treat a good many of them.

Q.—Do you agree in general with what Mr. Tamlin said? A.—Yes.

Q.—Would the cutting off of the horns close to the head as described cause intense pain? A.—Yes.

Q.—What would be the cause of the pain? A.—Cutting through the inner portion of the skin and the mucous membrane of the inner cavity of the horn.

Q.—Would extreme sensitiveness be greatest close to the head where the horns were cut off? A.—In my opinion that would be the most sensitive spot.

Q.—The further down the horn towards the consolidated part the less would be the pain? A.—I think so.

Q.—Would cutting through the consolidated part of the horn cause any pain? A.—Very little, if any.

Q.—Were the horns produced out off close to the head? A.—Yes.

Q.—What would be the effect on the health of the cow? A.—It would affect the air to get into the cavity of the horn, and the inflammatory action would be set up in the mucous membrane lining the cavity. It might also affect the brain. With proper care it could be partially guarded against. A proper cover or medicated plaster would tend to decrease the inflammation.

Q.—How long would this inflammation last? A.—It would be about a week. A.—Until the cavity had filled itself up by natural process.

Q.—What would be the effect of the inflammation on the general health of the cow? A.—It would be almost sure to derange the system to a greater or less degree.

Q.—Would it have any effect on the milk of the cow? A.—It might affect the secretion so that she would not yield as much milk.

Q.—While the fever continued would it affect the quality of the milk? A.—It is almost certain to affect it more or less.

Q.—If the milk was affected? Would it be wholesome to drink? A.—No.

Q.—Could the cutting off of the horns benefit the animal in any way? A.—No.

Q.—The advantage, if any there be, must be to the owner of the cows? A.—Yes.

Q.—What advantages can those be? A.—I don't know of any.

Q.—Are domestic cows as a rule quiet? Yes, they inherit quietness, and are also trained. In all my experience I know of only one case where one cow is said to have gored another.

COUGHS AND COLDS.

A teaspoonful of Tolu, Tar and Tamarack will relieve a distressing cough or cold instantly. It will also cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25 cents. For sale by

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CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
256 Dundas Street, - - London.

hours after the dehorning there was no diminution in the amount of milk show that the inflammatory action had disappeared. A.—It would indicate that the system of the cow had resisted and overcome the inflammatory action if there had been any.

The evidence was not finished when the court adjourned.

A BROKEN RAIL

Caused the Indiana Disaster—Fatal Collision on the Lehigh Valley Railway.

CHAPFORDVILLE, Ind., Jan. 13.—The cause of the accident two miles north of this place on Monday afternoon, by which a Monon train was wrecked, two passengers killed and nearly all the other persons on the cars injured, was the breaking of a rail. The piece broken off was eight feet long. The locomotive and baggage car moved it out of position and escaped.

The mail and express car made a header down the steep hill which was fully 25 feet high and stopped right side up, resting on the Pulman chair car went over side-wise and stopped 100 feet from the track. Forty passengers were in the smoker and it took fire and burned up. One end of the Pullman fell on the ladies' car, in which was the City Club Opera Company. Then the trucks came rolling down the steep slope.

One struck the Pullman and smashed; another crashed through the ladies' car. Fifteen men cutting ice a few feet away rushed to the rescue and prevented a holocaust. They got everybody out of all the cars and saved those in the smoker. The train was running 30 miles an hour when the accident happened.

CASTLE, N. Y., Jan. 13.—A rear-end collision between two Lehigh Valley freight trains occurred in the Erie yard here at 5 o'clock yesterday. Flagman McCarthy, of Buffalo, and a brakeman named Woodruff, who was making his first trip, were in the caboose, and were instantly killed. Ten cars were wrecked, five of which, oil-laden, caught fire and were entirely consumed, burning the bodies of the dead men.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Railway Engineers' Strike Ended—The Parisian Cabbies Win.

The difficulty between the New York and New Haven Railroad and its engineers and firemen has been settled by the men accepting the propositions made last week by the company.

The strike of the Paris cab drivers is ended. The men having succeeded in having their demands granted though in a modified form.

Schooner and Crew Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—News of the loss of the schooner Jodie D. and her crew of three men near Genoa Island, Lower California, has been received here.

Child's Insult to Uncle Sam.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 13.—Regarding the investigation of the assault on the Baltimore crew at Valparaiso now being held at Vallejo, the Chronicle says editorially: "No one can read the testimony of the sailors of the Baltimore without feeling at once that the subject of the Valparaiso attack has assumed such a phase that the hurt cannot be cured by a mere apology from Chile. It is clearly the duty of the United States to demand complete reparation and suitable indemnity."

Stand on Tiptoe and Open Your Mouth.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—It is stated that during a trial of the ten-ton gun at Gardiner's Bay, three of the officers were rendered deaf by the bursting of their ear drums caused by the concussion following the discharge of one of the guns. Surgeon Kane of the Miantonomah refused either to confirm or deny the statement, but said that accidents could be easily averted if the men stood upon the tips of their toes and opened their mouths. On every ship carrying guns of even moderately large caliber this is a familiar axiom.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

To keep house successfully use STRONG'S Baking Powder; 25 cents per pound. Made and sold only at STRONG'S drug store, 184 Dundas street. 47c

Scotch Cheviot suitings at \$20. HARRIS LENOX.

New York Store.

Rountree's Chocolate Creams,
Finest Table Raisins,
Finest Layer Figs,
Jordan Almonds (shelled),
Soft Shelled Almonds,
Grenoble Walnuts,
Filberts.