

News by the English Mail!

SIR W. F. WILLIAMS ON THE HEROISM OF THE TURKS

The members of the Reform Club have given a banquet in honour of the hero of Kars. Sir A. Cockburn, Attorney-General, took the chair. In the course of the evening, while returning thanks, Sir William Williams said, the Turkish force which acted under me in Asia Minor underwent all the privations and terrible trials which they were exposed, in a way which it is impossible to praise too highly. Equal honour is due to the heroic townsmen of that city, and even to its heroic women—I might almost add the children among its population—whose patience and self-abnegation under the greatest misery and distress are well known to you all. Of one fact, however, you may not be aware. On my return from Tiflis over the Caucasus, I met General Mouravieff at Stavropol, and almost the last thing he told me was, that after he entered Kars, in one house he found not less than ten corpses of these heroic men, who, too proud to ask for that bread of which they knew my own garrison and the women and children of the place stood so much in need, had silently died of starvation. General Mouravieff further observed, that he found in many houses one, and in others two bodies of persons who had shared a similar fate. I mention these facts as some proof of the truth of the assertions I make, whenever I have the honour of addressing a public audience, as to the vitality of Turkey, if she is treated by the allies in the way which she ought to be. If a high tone is taken towards the Turks—if they are told, that they must endeavour to reform their institutions and eradicate that corruption which has been the plague-spot on their country—or, when the intervention of the allies is again necessary, it will not take place in the interests of the Turks only—if such a tone is adopted towards them, I have no doubt that Turkey will right herself, and that England and France will reap the fruits of the treasure they have spent and the blood they have spilt in her defence. Above all things, they should be told, that we can never believe that the Central Government cannot repress assassination or the wholesale murder of its subjects in any part of the empire. On this point I will particularly insist in Parliament and elsewhere, for I know every portion of the country from the cataracts of the Nile to the mountains of Armenia. I can give you an illustration of what I mean. In the city of Erzeroum a serious rising of the population took place, not against the Christians, but against a certain sect of Mahometans, when an ambassador's house was forced and his secretaries and servants put to death. I was present when this insurrection of many thousands of armed men occurred, and I see opposite a gentleman who was by my side on that occasion. We went out and calmed the crowd—the ambassador was rescued, and for a time the disturbance appeared to be allayed. Yet the criminals remained in the town, and doubtless the outrages would have been repeated, but for what I am about to relate. In consequence of my representations to the Central Government, bodies of troops, no less than five months after, were marched into the disaffected part of the country, and occupied and surrounded the town, when in the space of half-an-hour, the whole of the culprits were arrested and delivered over to justice. I narrate this circumstance in the hope, that the people of England, in conjunction with the French, will in future insist on the Ottoman authorities immediately marching a force into any district where violence is committed, and require, in fact, that the law shall be vindicated.

OBEDIENCE IN CHILDREN.—It is unspeakable what a blessing it is to a child, what a saving of unhappiness and wickedness in after life, to be early taught absolute obedience; there must be no hesitating or asking why, but what a mother says must at once be done. The young twig bends easily, but remember, that in after-years it grows hard, and you will break before you can bend it. A little steadiness at first will save you many years' sorrow. While you insist upon obedience, however, you must

take care that you do not provoke a child, and tempt it to disobedience, by unreasonable and foolish commands. "Provoke not your children to wrath;" and when it is necessary to punish them, see that it never be done violently, and in a passion, but as a duty.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND.—The Royal Commissioners have resolved to make the following application of this fund:—A grant of £140,000 for the endowment of an establishment for the maintenance and education of about 3,000 daughters of soldiers, sailors, and marines; with £20,000 to provide a suitable edifice; a grant of £25,000 to provide for the education of 100 sons of soldiers, sailors, and marines; also a perpetual endowment in the Wellington College to the extent of £25,000 for sons of military officers. A like endowment in the Cambridge Asylum, to the extent of £3,000, for widows of non-commissioned officers and privates. A like endowment in the Royal Naval School at New-Cross, to the extent of £8,000, for the sons of naval officers. A like endowment in the Royal Naval Female School at Richmond, to the extent of £5,000, for the daughters of naval officers. A like endowment in the Naval and Military Schools of Portsmouth and Plymouth, to the extent of £5,000—£2,500 in each, for the children of soldiers, sailors, and marines.—Exeter Western Times.

UNIFORM NEGLECT.—The day after the apparition of the Yankee at Her Majesty's levee in a black cravat, the English Funds actually declined. A correspondent draws from the fact the following moral:—"The 'ties' of the two nations must be extremely loose, when 'cravats' can thus affect the 'stocks'!"—Punch.

CIVIL LIST PENSIONS.—Pensions granted between the 29th day of June, 1855, and the 29th day of June, 1856, include Thomas Dick, D. C. L., in consideration of the eminent services he has rendered to literature and science, £50; Joseph Hayden, in consideration of his useful and valuable additions to standard literature, £25; Mrs. Pauline Du Plat, widow of the late Brigadier General Du Plat, R. E., £100; Psyche Rose Elizabeth Hoste, daughter of the late Admiral Sir William Hoste, £50; Mrs. Fanny Drummond Lloyd, widow of the late Lieut.-Colonel Lloyd, £100; Samuel Lover, in consideration of his eminent services to literature, £100; Francis Pettit Smith, in consideration of his great and, for a long period, gratuitous exertions connected with the introduction of the screw propeller into her majesty's service, £200; Jane, Emily Sarah, and Louisa Cathcart, the three eldest daughters of the late Lieut.-Gen. Sir George Cathcart, pensions of £100 a year each, £300; John D'Alton, in consideration of his literary merits, and his numerous contributions to the history, topography, and statistics of Ireland, £50; Catherine and Emily Bailey, and Mrs. Mary Ward, daughter of the late Mr. Bailey, of the War office, £50; Thomasine Rose, in consideration of her literary merits, £50; Mrs. Mary Hayden, (widow of the late Mr. Hayden,) £25; John O'Donovan, in consideration of his valuable contributions to ancient Irish history and literature, £50.—Total, £1,200.

THE QUEEN has conferred the title and dignity of Baronet of the United Kingdom on Sir Allan McNab, late Prime Minister in Canada.

A WOMAN BEREAVED IN DENMARK.—Capital punishments are extremely rare in Denmark, and when consequently one takes place, it occasions an immense sensation. The announcement that a female under sentence of death in the prison of Grenaa, Province of Jutland (where it is certain there has been no execution for 300 years), was to be executed, not only plunged the whole town and neighbouring country into commotion, but attracted crowds from a great distance. The condemned was a young woman named Gertrude, daughter of John, a peasant (in Denmark peasants have no family names), and her crime was murdering her husband by discharging a loaded pistol at him. When told that her last hour had come, and that she must prepare to die, she said that she had no need of preparation, and at once quietly put on her cap and shawl, after which she said, she was ready. When the moment came to set out for the scaffold, she refused to be conveyed in a cart, but taking the executioner by the arm walked there firmly. Having run up the steps, she stood near the fatal block, listening with great calm to the reading of the text of her condemnation—a very prolix document. She then took off her cap and shawl, threw them to her feet and then bandaged her eyes with her neckerchief: she then knelt down, and placed her neck on the block. A moment after the axe fell. The extraordinary calm of the woman astonished the spectators, who were upwards of 20,000 in number.

TO BE SOLD.—THE Farm at present in the occupation of Mr. Andrew Smith, at the Cross Roads, Belfast. For particulars apply at the office of T. HEATH HAVILAND, Esq. Barrister at Law. Charlottetown, April 25th, 1856.

"ALBION HOUSE," STREETLY & COUCHMAN. BEG respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Charlottetown and its vicinity, that they have taken the store lately occupied by MR. NEIL RANKIN, and have opened it under the above title with a magnificent and

MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF DRY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. This stock having been purchased with great advantage, for taste, variety, quality, and cheapness, cannot be surpassed by that of any House in the Island. It would be impossible in the limits of an advertisement to particularize, but on inspection it will be found to contain everything that is supplied by the most extensive houses in the first Cities of B. N. America, from the minutest article in Haberdashery, to those of the more costly character in Dresses, Silks, Shawls, Mantles, &c. In making this announcement, we trust the public will encourage us in this undertaking, and we pledge ourselves to carry on this business in a spirit of liberality, and continue to offer to purchasers advantages which will, we have no doubt, be appreciated. STREETLY & COUCHMAN. Charlottetown, May, 17, 1856.

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY! FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE! HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY. By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these, this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthma, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows, that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means. ERYSIPELAS, RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC HUMOURS. No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scary, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health. SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, WOUNDS & ULCERS. Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumours. Professor Holloway has dispatched to the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing. PILES AND FISIBULAS. These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured, if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot. Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:— Bad Legs, Cancers, Sore-throats, Bad Breasts, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Skin-diseases, Burns, Elephantiasis, Scrofula, Blisters, Fistulas, Sore-heads, Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Gout, Sore-nipples, Coco-bay, Glandular swellings, Soft Corns, Chiego-foot, Lumbago, Ulcers, Chilblains, Piles, Wounds, Chapped hands, Scalds, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—at 1s 2d; 2s 2d; and 5s each Pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients of every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

SPRING SUPPLIES.

HASZARD & OWEN, have received ex direct from Liverpool, part of their Spring supplies, among which will be found Post, Foolscap, and Post paper, of every description and quality. Ruled Papers from Note size to Demy; Ledgers, Day and Account Books of every variety. Bill Books—receivable and payable, Pens, Penholders, Blacklead, and all the penholders—a large stock. Envelopes, Cloth lined, official and other sizes. Wrapping paper, Brown, and Gray of various sizes.

JOHN BOYER respectfully informs those Ladies and Gentlemen who may wish to purchase of this Cool and refreshing Summer drink, that he has appropriated a large and well-ventilated room for their accommodation. Entrance Hall door, Corner Queen Street, July 8.

Carding Machines, &c. THE Subscribers offer for Sale Carding Machines, Machine Cards, Crank Plates, Cleaners, Wool Pickers, Power Treadmill Machinery on a new construction. Orders punctually attended to. Address John Morris & Son, Sackville, County of Westmorland New Brunswick, or David Stewart, Cath. Charlottetown, July 18, 1856.

A good Assortment WILSON'S Botanic Medicine AND Thomsonian Preparations, with full directions for FAMILY USE. ALSO B. O. & G. C. WILSON'S Compound Sarsaparilla, Neuropathic Drops, Wild Cherry Balsam, Dysentery and Cholera Syrup and Wild Cherry Bitters. For Sale by Haszard & Owen, Sole Wholesale Agents for Prince Edward Island.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London. Incorporated by Act of Parliament. BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Henley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq. Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and any other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblets Esq. Charlottetown. H. J. CUNDALL, Agent for P. E. April 7th, 1854.

FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED SCALES, OF ALL VARIETIES. Warehouse, 34 Kilby Street, BOSTON. GREENLEAF & BROWN, AGENTS. A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces. February 9, 1856.

Notice to Gas Consumers & others. THE Public are respectfully informed, that the Charlottetown Gas Company have discontinued fitting up shops or private houses with Gas Fittings, and will no longer be liable for any escapes inside the consumers' dwellings. Parties are therefore requested to employ their own Gas Fitter for alterations, repairs, &c. The Company have imported a large stock of all kinds of Gas Fittings, Pipes and Glasses, this spring, which can be had as usual at the Company's Office. WM. MURPHY, Manager. June 9<sup>th</sup> 1856.

Douglas Estate, Lot 19. OFFERS will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of that portion of Lot 19, known as the "Douglas Estate" comprising about 1780 Acres of excellent land. The whole of this property is under lease for 999 years to various tenants at a reserved rent of one shilling Currency per acre. An indisputable title will be given. R. STEWART. Charlottetown, March 21st, 1856.

CREAM NECTAR, MANUFACTURED and SOLD by JOHN BOYER. June 24, 1856.