fore the earth is covered with snow, the frost comes with exceeding intensity, this important product, as well as fruit trees, cannot be cultivated on a large scale. Rye, oats, barley and buck wheat thrive, and

in some spots, potatoes and other vegatables.

The Capital of Western Siberia is Tobolsk, si thated on the river Irtysh. It has some twenty thousand inhabitants, and is the commercial metropolis of the whole of Russian Asia. Its trade carried on with the European interior of the Empire, and extending to China, is very brisk and extensive. Some fifty miles north of the Lake of Baikal, the

without a master. Many years ago Russian traders without a master of war, the captain of which stated that a few nights grounding and debouching in the Amour, and yisited the Ch ness towns thereon. The Celestial authorities, as well as the inhabitants, spoke of the left bank of this river as naturally belonging to Russia. The regular occupation of the territory took place in 1849. It was prepared with care and foresight. Two small iron steamers were built in Shika, a mining establishment situated on the river of the same name. Thiese steamers laden with guns, arms, ammunition, stores and implements of all kinds served to couvey the Governor-General, in staff, and some infantry soldiers. They were accompanied by about one hundred rafts and barks with Cossacks. The river, carefully explored and sounded, proved navigable, without rapids, or any other serious incumbrance. At the end of thirty-three days the expedition reached the mouth of the river, and a permanent establishment was planted dreve. Industry and activity began. A few miles down on the opposite side is situated a Chinese town, and a good understanding exists between the two banks. The natives made no opposition whatever to the expedition reached the mouth of the two banks. The natives made no opposition whatever to the expedition nor the occupation. The Russians do not interfere with them, nor does the Government limit their roving life, or exact any kind of sorvice. The harbor is very deep and extensive, being nearly shut out from winds by the Russians do not interfere with them, nor does the Government limit their roving life, or exact any kind of sorvice. The harbor is very deep and extensive, being nearly shut out from winds by the Russians do not interfere with them, nor does the Government limit their roving life, or exact any kind of sorvice. The harbor is very deep and extensive, being nearly shut out from winds by the Russians do not interfere with them, nor does the Government limit their roving life, or exact any kind of sorvice. The harbor at for all kinds a much ingree exploded, but without effect, the seamer hardy jast provided in all at non-with the legislators and Police by seat of the another; is spoken of as provided in the part of the country and of the mouth of the Amour, is the most valuable in give completeness and vitality to Siberia. We made the territory is developed, Kamatschatka and the East will be independent of supplies from St. Petersburg. Trade will be conged with China, Japan, California, as the empire connes to take full advantage of its new outlet on the Pacific — N. Y. Tribune.

Area or Canada extends from the coast Labe alor to the river Kaministiqual, at the end Lake Supprior, about 1000 miles, with an area of about 350,000 square and a server. It was a server of the laber of the long of a server of the ser

THE PLEET OFF CRONSTADT.

July 13.—A serjeant, corporal, and six privates of the Royal Marine Artillery were ordered to embark on board cach of the mortar vessels. The Vulture, Capt. Glasse, was ordered to sail in the morning with the crews of the mortar vessels for Nargen Island. A large conflagration was observed in the first watch at St. Petersburg.

July 16.—The Dapter, tender to the Colossus, captured another fishing boat with its crew, but they were not detained.

tinated on the river frtysh. It has some twenty thousand inhabitants, and is the commercial metropolis of the whole of Russian Asia. Its trade carried on with the European interior of the Empire, and extending to China, is very brisk and extensive Some fifty miles north of the Lake of Baikal, the city of Irkutak, situated at the confluence of three rivers, of which the Augara forms the principal, is the Capital of Eastern Scheria. The site, surrounded by elevated wonded hills, is very picture sque. Irkutak has about five thousand inhabitants, and the Goveronr-General of the Eastern Territory resides there.

Not long since the country of South Lake Baikal, embracing nearly the whole chain of the Altai was organized into a Government called the Trans-Baikalan. It is the richest country for mineral porposes in Northern Asia. The natives are gradually converted; and, as far as possible the elergy eselected from among them, the rites of the church being performed in their own dialects. Various languages, Greek, for the Pole, Latin, Russia, and so forth, are severally employed for this purpose in Siberia.

These wast Asiatic possessions have been of late increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of a very extensive tear increased by the annexation of the Araan, down to its mouth at that part of the Pacific called the Sea of (Notsts.

The country situated on the left side of the Amour, that is, from the junction of the Amour, is occupied by a few momadic bands of Tratars, no fixed settlement or any kind of cities existing there. Although nominally considered under the suppose of China, it was, in fact, a region without a master. Many years ago Russian traders descended the river Silipti, and some other streame remaining and debouching in the Amour, and visited the Suppose

San Juan del Sud.
Capt. French arrived down by the last steamer from San
Francisco to join the government party.
Col. Kinney, with twenty men, arrived at San Juan del
Norte on the 10th ult., in the brig Huntress, of Philadelphia.
This were engaged in erecting a building in San Juan. Disentisfaction is said to exist among them.

The mines in California were yielding better than for seve-al years past. Gold in large quantities is said, to have been accevered near Paget Sound.

The Fourth of July was celebrated with much of San Francisco.

Elworth, the pedestrian, had completed the task of walking ne thousand miles in one thousand consecutive hours, at Sa-

A desperate fight occurred on the 9th of July at Cave City, and another at Calavernal, in which three men were killed, and Justice Reems wounded.

The grasshoppers were disappearing, after committing frightful ravages on the crops.

About 20 houses on Kearney and Bush streets, San Fran-isco, were burned on the 4th. Lass \$100,000.

Capt. Doran of the British ship Nazarine, was under arrest for shouting three boarding house runners who attempted to hoard his vessel and entice his crew away. The men were badly wounded, and the Captain held in \$6000 bail.

wouldy wounded, and the Captain held in \$6000 bail.

Mesars. A. A. Cuhen, late receiver of Adams, & Co.'s assets, and J. C. Wonds, a member of that firm, have been charged with frauds to the amount of \$400,000, by Judge Chambers, of the late firm of Page, Bacon & Co. The Judge charges that Adams & Co. have been engaged during the last four years in palming inferior dust upon Page, Bacon & Co.; that a regular band of disguised accomplices were maintained in the various mining districts where gold is bought and sold. The defendants had been held to bail. They published a card promising to refute the charges.

Oregon dates to the 9th of July, and Washington Territory to June 28th are received.

Reports of recent gold discoveries near Fort Colville are

All the available U. S. troops which have been stationed at Vancouver and the Dalles have gone out upon the plains under the command of Mayor Haller, for the purpose of look-ing after Indians.

Sandwich Island dates are to June 16th .- News unimp

Via Acapulco, extraordinary news from Mexico had read

A letter duted Acapulco, July 2d, states that Santa Anna had resigned the Presidency, and that Generals Alvarez and Comonfort had marched on the Capitol with 30,000 men. Our dates from Mexico are to July 19th, and make no mention of

The Sierra Nevada arrived upon the 14th July, with cholera on board. There had been thirty two deaths on board of her.

LITERARY SQUABBLE.—Measrs. Hincks and Howe have enter into the facilish enterprise of attempting to entertain the British publ into the fivilish enterprise of attempting to entertain the Brit with a personal cuntroversy. A few copies of a pamphlet pen of Mr. Hincks have arrived by the last stammer, in white rest cantigation possible is administered to Mr. Howe in reta-dure he was plaused to east much his Canadian appropriate. rest castigation possible is administered to durs he was pleased to cast upon his Car

rest castigation possible is administered to Mr. Howe in return for some slurs he was pleased to cast upon his Caundian opponent.

The transport "Emma Eug-nia," is under orders to convey detachments from this garrison to Eughand, as follow —1 officers, & sergenut, 50 privates, Royal Artillery, (from Bermuda.) 2 sub officers 78th Regiment. 3 officers, 4 sergenate, 1 drummer, 4 corporate, 143 privates, 3 somen, 6 children, Foreign Legion.

POPULATION OF CANADA.—The new census of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, shows a large increase of population since 1851. At that time the population of Upper Canada was 851,800, that of Lower Canada 809,801—or in round numbers 69,400 less than the numbers of the Upper Province. The population of Upper Canada is now in round numbers 1,332,000; the Lower Province has 1,080,800; total 2,381,000. tow in round number total 2,38 t,000.

total 2,381,000.

The business of shipping coal has been proceeding briskly during the past week at South Picton. On Monday 20.28 chaldrons were shipped, being the largest amount ever, shipped in one day. The whole simount shipped during the week is 4630 chaldrons. There is now a larger number of vessels in port than at any revieus date the present easien, about one hundred of all sizes having arrived within the past eight days.—Eastern Chronicle.

RAILWAY LOAN.— Br. Howe, it is reported, having arranged the preliminaries, was just at the point of concluding a treaty with Mesers Barings for advancing all the money that may be required for completing the Rail Road, on the day the Asis left England.—Halifax Recorder.

— Quebe Mercury, August 9.

NEWSTAPER, PORTAGE TO THE COLONIES,—Our colonial readers will rejujee to learn, by this day's until for America, that for the treason set forth by Mr. Welson, Secretary of the Treasury, in this day's debate, the newspaper colonial postal rights and privileges contended for by Sir Cussark Roney, in his recent correspondence with the secretary to the General Post office, and so unwindy resisted by that functionary, have been conseded, or rather estured. To-day and honoefforth the colonists will receive the journals of the mother country at the postage rates they have been accustomed to. Had it not been for the remonstrance with the postoffice, and the politicity which that remonstrance obtained, the colonists would have been most arbitrarily adjected to an impost amounting to a virtual prohibition of English can apaper amongst them. They will know how to appreciate the truoly and julic one refuse prohibits would be a promptly secured to them. The right mas has certainly been in the right place on this consistor, but as certainly that man has not been sight paper.

Estab WI

Brass F

Shop-Corner KEEPS co Brass and Rudder Brace Fastenings for Bells. Compos Brasses, &c. the best mater P. S. The h per, Brass and



HOLL(EXTRACE

OF AN OL Copy of a Lei Store,) To To Professor Sir,-Gratiti the extraordin from the use of for upwards of and spitting of suffer and head I would give a although I pai it was all to no thought perha-ovents I resolt the result wa the result wa mother becan your remedie cared, and no seventy-five y

AFTER I Copy of a Halifax, No To Professor Sir,—I desi your Pills, is suffered the g plaint; was to by the docto skeleton, and

REMAR

skeleton, and child just be trying your P and commen scarcely cred saing them to by persevering

ASTONISHIN

Copy of Charlott

To Professor Sir, lan from the most my liver and the whole of they were of your Pills, by directions for other means bours, acqua