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JAS. H. CROCKET, Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1886.

VOL. II, NO. 132

Professional Cards.
JAS. T. SHARKEY,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
Collector for Canadian Reporting and Collecting Association
The British American Mercantile and Quinquennial Association
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Oct. 17, 1885-1887
J. H. BARRY,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
OFFICE: FISHER'S BUILDING, Up-Stairs
FREDERICTON.
December 12, 1885
William Wilson,
SECRETARY-TREASURER, YORK,
BARRISTER
AND
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CONVEYANCER, ETC.
QUEEN ST. - FREDERICTON
OFFICE: OPPPOSITE FISH MARKET
887 ACCIDENTS COLLECTED, LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Sept. 10, 1885-1887
H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.
SURGEON DENTIST.
First Door Below People's Bank, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.
OFFICE HOURS:
6 A. M. TO 1 P. M.; 2 TO 5 P. M.;
AND 7 TO 9 P. M.
May 14, 1885.

Dr. McLEARN,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE: CARLETON STREET,
NEXT ABOVE H. B. HAINFORD'S OFFICE.
At Barker House after 9 p. m.
Fredericton, Jan. 29th, 1885.
HOTELS.
QUEEN HOTEL,
Fredericton, N. B.
J. A. Edwards,
PROPRIETOR.
FINE SAMPLE ROOM IN CONNECTION
A FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE
25 Coaches at trains and boats.
25, 1882.

Barker House,
QUEEN STREET,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Extensive Improvements
Completed,
making hotel one of the best in the province.
FRED B. COLEMAN,
Proprietor
Barker House Stables.
COACHES AND CARRIAGES
Furnished with all possible despatch.
Horses Boarded
Moderate Terms.
JOHN B. ORR,
PROPRIETOR.
Fredericton, Sept. 17, 1885-1887.
Miss Annie Louise Lugin,
TEACHER OF
MUSIC.
(Pupil of Madame de Angeli, Boston.)
TERMS: 20 Lessons, - \$7.00.
RESIDENCE: Corner York and Brun-
swick Streets, Fredericton.
Fredericton, May 9, 1885.

Kalsomine and Alabastine
For sale at NEILL'S Hardware Store, at re-
duced prices.
J. NEILL.
March 31st.
MANURE FORKS, HOES, &c.
JUST RECEIVED:
From Oeden Dale, Ont.
111 PACKAGES consisting of Manure Forks,
Hoe, Scythes, Garden Rakes, Manure
Fork Handles, Spring Tines, Hay Forks, &c., &c.
For sale wholesale and retail.
R. EVERETT.
Fredericton, March 30th, 1886.

Business Cards.
Kelly & Murphy,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES
AND
SLEIGHS.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Old Carriages Bought and Sold and Exchanged
for New.
FACTORY: MAIN STREET, PORTLAND,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
J. KELLY. C. MURPHY
July 11, 1885-1887.

F. J. McCausland.
Just Received
A Very Large Assortment of
New, Thick
Watch Crystals
which I will sell and adjust in watches at very
reasonable prices.
Opposite Normal School.
Next door below J. J. Wadsworth.
Nov. 3, 1885-1887
T. W. GREGORY,
ENGRAVER, &c.
ENGRAVINGS RAISED AND GUNK IN GOLD
OR SILVER.
STEEL STAMPS AND STERIL CUTTING
DEALS FOR WAX OR PAPER.
JEWELRY MADE AND REPAIRED.
Queen Street
Fredericton, Nov. 7, 1885.

This space is reserved for
R. C. MACREDIE,
PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER
and TIN-SMITH.
Queen Street.
ESTABLISHED 1832.
J. McGowan. T. J. Moss.
John McGoldrick
& Co.
Importers and Dealers in
Ingot Copper, Pig Iron, Scrap
Iron, Old Metals, Paper Stock,
Woolen Mill Supplies, Etc.
Offices, 101 Mill Street; Store, 105 to 111 Mill
Street, Portland, N. B.
BUYING AGENTS
SPRINGDALE PAPER MILLS
Sept. 24-1887
SUPERIOR
CONDITION POWDERS!
Prepared and Put Up by
D. J. STOCKFORD,
Driver and Trainer of Trotting Horses,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
THESE POWDERS are compounded from the
very best ingredients known to pharmacists,
and have been used for forty years for the man-
ufacture of thoroughbred horses and heavy
stable keepers. At St. John, N. B. in my experi-
ence I have never found any but the most bene-
ficial results to the use of these powders.
It is the BEST POWDER and the only one in the
market that can be used with a race of horses
from the following ailments:
Distemper, Loss of Appetite, Discolored
Urine, Skin Eruptions, Coughs, Colds,
Worms, Pink-eyes, Horse-ail, Thick-
Wind, Hoarseness and Roughness of
the Coat.
THESE POWDERS are not a Cure-all but are the
only ones in the market that can down a fever, for
speed of action. My friends have been bring-
ing and spending at me three years to start them
and I have concluded to enter them with the rest
now in this case, and I think that before the race
is finished that the others will think it is a very
warm bowl of milk that I have. THE POWDER
IS NOW READY
and waiting for the judges to say the best. They
are put up in 10 packages at 25c. per package,
or 3 dozen packages for \$4; and will be sent by
mail on receipt of price.
D. J. STOCKFORD, N. B.
FREDERICTON.
REFERENCES: I. R. Gilling, Esq., I. Gun-
ter, John G. Orr, George Lee and Wm. S. Goss,
livery stable keepers, of Fredericton, and A. H. C.
H. Thomas and Jas. H. Crockett.
Fredericton, Jan. 12, 1886.

In Store at ELY PERKINS.
For First Class Customers:
CHOICE BRANDS OF FLOUR, at prices that
will sell all men that on earth, do deal.
"Hart's," "Golden," "Gleaner," "People's,"
and "All-Seasons." Also, "Pineapple,"
and "Oatmeal," FISH, MOLAS-
SES and more.
March 7th, 1886.

TEA. TEA. TEA.
COFFEE. COFFEE. COFFEE.
If you want a good cup of Tea or Coffee you can get the right article
at a reasonable price, at
YERXA & YERXA'S.
Price of our Black English Teas, from 20 cts to 45 per lb.; Best Formose Oolong 50 cts,
Best Japan, 60 cts.
Coffee, from 15 cts up to 35. We sell Chase & Sanborne's Standard Java.
We are still selling Molasses at the old price, 35 cts per gal. FISH—We have a fine lot of Bay
Herring at \$1.50 per half Bbl.
YERXA & YERXA, Two Doors Above People's Bank.
Feb. 16, 1886.

Auction Sales.
JOHN WOODWARD,
Auctioneer.
OFFICE AND SALES: ROOM,
Joy's Block, Queen St.
SALES OF FURNITURE at Rooms or Boudoirs
Stocks of Goods of all kinds, Bonds, Bank
Stock, Real Estate, Horses, Carriages, &c.
Cash advances on goods placed with me for sale.
Prompt settlement a special feature of the busi-
ness. All transactions confidential. I am prepared
to attend to sales in city or country.
JOHN WOODWARD,
Auctioneer.
Fredericton, May 5th, 1885.
A UCT ONEER'S NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to attend to
AUCTION SALES of all kinds.
Sales of Furniture at residences or other-
wise—General Merchandise—Real Estate—
Equity and Mortgage sales—Houses—
Horses—Carriages &c., &c.
CHARGES MODERATE.
BUSINESS CONFIDENTIAL.
RETURNS PROMPT.
Can be found at Residence (over Messrs
Gregory and Blair's office) Queen Street,
next below Queen Hotel, or at Legislative
Library.
H. G. C. WETMORE.
Auctioneer.
N. B. Having a Commission from the Govern-
ment, and License from City and County, I can
negotiate anywhere in York County.
May 2, 1885.

G. & E. Blake,
PLUMBERS
AND
Gas Fitters,
177 UNION STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Drain Pipe, Tin Pipe, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead
and Pumps.
Water and Gas Fittings always on hand. Public
and Private Buildings fitted up in the
most approved manner.
Estimates Furnished.
Country, Work a Specialty.
July 11, 1885-1887.
M. A. FINN,
IMPORTER OF
Wines, Liquors
AND
CIGARS
Cor. Prince William and Princess Streets,
Saint John, N. B.
April 18, 1885.
McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE PATENT
Dunbar Shingle Machine,
which took First Prize at the Dominion
Centennial Exhibition at St. John
STEAM ENGINES, MACHINISTS' TOOLS
AND
Agricultural Implements a Specialty.
Received the only Diploma as MOWERS
and RAKES granted at the Provincial Exhi-
bition, St. John, 1880, and also at the Do-
minion Centennial, 1883.
Post Office Box 164.
Telegraphic address, McF. T. & A.,
Fredericton.
Sept 17, 1885.

Just Received
And in Stock,
Canned Goods,
TOMATOES,
SALMON,
LOBSTERS,
OYSTERS in 1 and 2 lb. cans.
BARTLETT PEAS,
PEACHES,
PEAS, Lewis,
PEAS, Marrowfat,
PINKEN HADDIES,
CORN,
PINE APPLE.
A Fresh Supply of
White's CONFECTIONERY
The above goods are Fresh and Good, and
at bottom prices. At
W. E. VANWART'S.
Fredericton, March 17, 1886.


"Golden Fleece."
BARGAINS
IN
JACKET & ULSTER
CLOTHS.
The Subscriber has on hand a Large Stock of
LADIES' Jacket & Mantle
CLOTHS
In Colored and Black for Winter wear, which he
intends to dispose of
AT HALF PRICE.
Parties desiring an article of this kind will find it
to their advantage to call at the
"GOLDEN FLEECE."
Also, a lot of
Ladies' Jackets,
ULSTERS
Knit Vests
HALF PRICE.
T. A. SHARKEY.
Fredericton, Oct. 24, 1885.
OPENED TO-DAY
MARCH 9th, 1886.
1 BBL. MIXED PICKLES.
1 BBL. CUCUMBER PICKLES.
1 " FRESH BAKED PEANUTS.
1 " BAKED PEAS.
1 " DRIED GREEN PEAS.
1 " PLATY BEER.
1 " UNBREAKABLE CHIMNEYS.
1 " DRIED APPLES.
2 CASES EVAPORATED APPLES.
1 " POTTED HAM.
1 TRAIL CHOICE DATES.
And always in stock,
CANNED GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.
FOR SALE LOW.
Fresh Herring and Cod-fish,
Boneless Cod-fish and Haddies,
Spiced Bacon and S. C. Hams.
Apples and Grapes,
25 BBL. BALDWIN,
10 BBL. BISHOP PIPPINS,
2 KEGS CHOICE GRAPES.
W. R. LOGAN,
Queen St., Fredericton.

Just Received
And in Stock,
Canned Goods,
TOMATOES,
SALMON,
LOBSTERS,
OYSTERS in 1 and 2 lb. cans.
BARTLETT PEAS,
PEACHES,
PEAS, Lewis,
PEAS, Marrowfat,
PINKEN HADDIES,
CORN,
PINE APPLE.
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White's CONFECTIONERY
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at bottom prices. At
W. E. VANWART'S.
Fredericton, March 17, 1886.

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OYSTERS in 1 and 2 lb. cans.
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PEACHES,
PEAS, Lewis,
PEAS, Marrowfat,
PINKEN HADDIES,
CORN,
PINE APPLE.
A Fresh Supply of
White's CONFECTIONERY
The above goods are Fresh and Good, and
at bottom prices. At
W. E. VANWART'S.
Fredericton, March 17, 1886.

JUST ARRIVED:
Gingham Shirtings,
Knitting Cottons,
Corsets,
Jerseys,
Irish Tweeds,
Scotch Tweeds,
Serges,
Canadian Tweeds,
White Shirts,
Unlaundried Shirts.

J. HASLIN.
Fredericton, Feb. 23, 1886.
Just Landing:
ONE CAR LOAD
(1,500 BOXES)
BANCOR
GROUND
ROCK
SALT.
The above salt is manufactured from Pure
Bancroft Rock Salt.
The best in use for dairy purposes as it is the
strongest and purest known.
G. T. WHELPLEY.
Fredericton, Feb. 16, 1886.

JOSEPH, LOOK HERE!
You shall not go out
with me again with
them clothes on.


W. E. SEERY
and have him make
you a Fashionable
Suit. He makes the
BEST in TOWN, and
don't you forget it!
Fredericton, March 11.
Round and Fiat Iron.
1 CAR LOAD IRON, just received.
Z. P. EVERETT.
Fredericton, Mar. 31, 1886.

Veterinary Department.
[All Communications for this column should be addressed to the Editor, Veterinary Department, without charge. This column is open only to our subscribers.]
G. F.—My horse has quite a good-sized wart on his breast, and it keeps bleeding, and looks kind of nasty. Ans: Your horse has fibrosis, or otherwise a fibrous or warty like tumor. Treatment: Persons who have not sufficient nerve to cut them off with the knife can take caustic, one drachm, hog's lard, four drachms. Mix and make an ointment, and rub a small portion of it in and around the tumor once a week; in a short time it will fall off.
E.—My horse's mouth is sore. There are white patches on the tongue inside the cheeks and roof of his mouth. Ans: Your horse has what is called aphthous thrush. Cause: Bad condition of the stomach and dyspepsia. Treatment: Powdered borax one ounce, molasses three ounces. Mix and apply with a soft brush or soft piece of cloth. Give soft feed, and use Superior Condition Powders.
S.—Would you please give me a few hints on feeding. Ans: All horses must not be fed in the same proportions without due regard to their age, their constitutions, and their work, because the impropriety of such practice is self-evident, yet it is constantly done, and is the basis of disease of every kind. Never use bad hay on account of its cheapness, because there is not proper nourishment in it. Damaged corn is exceedingly injurious, because it brings inflammation of the bowels and skin diseases; chaff is better for old horses than hay, because they can chew and digest it better. Mix chaff with corn or oats, and do not give them alone, because it makes the horse chew his food more and digest it better. Hay or grass alone will not support a horse under hard work because there is not sufficient nutritive body in either. When a horse is worked hard his food should chiefly be oats and corn; if not worked hard his food should chiefly be hay, because oats and corn supply more nourishment and flesh-making material than any other kind of food, hay not so much. Rack feeding is wasteful; the better plan is to feed from a manger or off of the floor, and give in hay what your horse will eat up clean each time you feed him. Sprinkle the hay with water that has salt dissolved in it, because it is pleasing to the animal's taste, and more easily digested; a tablespoonful of salt to a pail of water is sufficient. Oats or corn should be bruised for an old horse, but not for a young one, because the former, through age and defective teeth, cannot chew them properly; the young horse can do so, and they are thus properly mixed with the saliva and turned into wholesome nutriment. Water your horse from a pond, stream rather than from a spring or well, because the latter is generally hard and cold, while the former is soft and comparatively warm; the horse prefers soft, muddy water to hard water, though ever so clean. A horse should have at least a pail of water morning and evening, or still better, four half-pails full at four different times in the day, because this assures his first without bloating him, but he should not be made to work directly after he has had a full draught of water, for digestion and exertion can never go on together. Do not allow your horse to have warm water to drink, because if he has to drink cold water after getting accustomed to warm, it will give him the colic. When your horse refuses his food after drinking, go no further that day, because the poor creature is thoroughly beaten.

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S.—Would you please give me a few hints on feeding. Ans: All horses must not be fed in the same proportions without due regard to their age, their constitutions, and their work, because the impropriety of such practice is self-evident, yet it is constantly done, and is the basis of disease of every kind. Never use bad hay on account of its cheapness, because there is not proper nourishment in it. Damaged corn is exceedingly injurious, because it brings inflammation of the bowels and skin diseases; chaff is better for old horses than hay, because they can chew and digest it better. Mix chaff with corn or oats, and do not give them alone, because it makes the horse chew his food more and digest it better. Hay or grass alone will not support a horse under hard work because there is not sufficient nutritive body in either. When a horse is worked hard his food should chiefly be oats and corn; if not worked hard his food should chiefly be hay, because oats and corn supply more nourishment and flesh-making material than any other kind of food, hay not so much. Rack feeding is wasteful; the better plan is to feed from a manger or off of the floor, and give in hay what your horse will eat up clean each time you feed him. Sprinkle the hay with water that has salt dissolved in it, because it is pleasing to the animal's taste, and more easily digested; a tablespoonful of salt to a pail of water is sufficient. Oats or corn should be bruised for an old horse, but not for a young one, because the former, through age and defective teeth, cannot chew them properly; the young horse can do so, and they are thus properly mixed with the saliva and turned into wholesome nutriment. Water your horse from a pond, stream rather than from a spring or well, because the latter is generally hard and cold, while the former is soft and comparatively warm; the horse prefers soft, muddy water to hard water, though ever so clean. A horse should have at least a pail of water morning and evening, or still better, four half-pails full at four different times in the day, because this assures his first without bloating him, but he should not be made to work directly after he has had a full draught of water, for digestion and exertion can never go on together. Do not allow your horse to have warm water to drink, because if he has to drink cold water after getting accustomed to warm, it will give him the colic. When your horse refuses his food after drinking, go no further that day, because the poor creature is thoroughly beaten.

Veterinary Department.
[All Communications for this column should be addressed to the Editor, Veterinary Department, without charge. This column is open only to our subscribers.]
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SUSPENDED ANIMATION.
A Woman Who Nearly Escaped being Buried Alive.
A remarkable instance of suspended animation, with a narrow escape from horrible death, occurred a few days ago at Jethro, a hamlet on the eastern outskirts of Wellsfleet, Ohio, writes a correspondent of the Chicago Times. Two weeks ago a Mrs. Raymond, of that place, while visiting her daughter in Allegheny City, was stricken with what was supposed to be paralysis. After a week of intense suffering she improved sufficiently to allow of her removal to her home at Jethro. The day after arriving she was taken with a relapse, and continued to grow worse until she died, as was supposed, the doctor having pronounced life extinct. Friends and relatives of the family were notified by telegraph of the demise; the services of an undertaker were secured; the body was prepared for burial, wrapped in a shroud and placed in the parlor to await the arrival of the coffin. A friend of the woman, who had arrived from a distance, had occasion to enter the room where Mrs. Raymond had been laid out, and approaching the body thought that she discovered traces of animation in the lifeless form. She made a more critical examination and discovered unmistakable evidences of vitality. The muscles of the face and eyelids occasionally twitched, the eyes partially opened, and faint res