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PRESBYTERIANISM

teadly Growing in the Province of Manitoba.

The Presbyterian Synod of Manitoba nd the Northwest met at Portage La rairie on the 11th inst., and elected ev. Alexander Hamilton, moderator or the next year. Within the synod here are 76 self--sustaining congregaions, 26 augmented charges, and 128 issions, an increase of 30 over last ear. Of the men in charge 144 are rolled as ministers, a few others orained men are engaged, and the balnce are students and catechists. There re 15,526 families within the synod, an ncrease over last year of 1,460. There re 18,294 communicants, being an inrease of 1,734. There were 1,201 reeived on profession, and 1,043 by letr. The baptisms were: infants 1,476, dults 109. The congregations paid in ipends $155,301, an increase of $9,196. mounts raised for all purposes, 32,418, which included $23,705 raised r special purposes. The Sunday chools reported numbered 344 denoinational and 192 union—total, 536—n increase of 35 and 39 respectively—five years the number has more than ebled; 1,495 scholars are in full comunion with the church, and during e year 301 came in by profession of ith.

In the union schools there are 415 achers and 5,513 scholars, with 55 resbyterian superintendents report-. Of the teachers, 257 are Presbyrians, 152 Methodists, 35 Anglican, Baptists, and 17 of other denominaons. We feel that much good is beg accomplished in this branch of r work.

In the Presbyterian schools, there e 2,109 officers and teachers, and inuding the Presbyterian teachers in e union schools 2,351, an increase er last year of 179. The number of holars in these distinctively Presbyrian schools is 17,961, which, with e Presbyterian scholars in the union hools, makes a total of 20,749, being 45 more than five years ago.

The total contributions for the hools this year is $13,243, or $953 ss than last year, the decline being e to the extra contributions the preous year to the century fund.

FOR THE IMMIGRANTS.

xcellent Quarters to Accommodate Them at Sand Point.

Everything is now in readiness at nd Point for the first boatload of mmigrants, and those who remember e filthy and inconvenient accommotions afforded last year would arcely know the immigration buildg now. The whole interior has been oroughly cleansed, and the greater rt of it repainted. The floors on th lower and upper stories have been raped and oiled, and eighty new rdwood benches, sufficient to accomodate over five hundred persons, ve been placed in the building. The tchen has been equipped with an ghteen cover range of modern type, which immigrants will be able to do eir own cooking. The dining room s been nicely furnished with a sideard, tables and chairs, and meals ill be supplied by the caterer.

In the upper story many improvents have been made which will eatly facilitate the work of the imigration officials.

The heating apparatus is in good nning order, and although not yo sted by any severe weather, wi obably keep the temperature of the ilding at a comfortable point. Many the steam pipes run along the ceilgs instead of near the floor, and is the minds of some is not the ssible arrangement. The water supy has been improved by the addin of six or eight faucets with tanks d the sanitary appliances are now first class condition.

J. V. Lantalum, the Canadian comssioner, is in charge of the building, and the staff will be the same as st year, with the addition of Dr. lis as medical examiner.

HALIFAX EXHIBITION.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 18.—The anal meeting of the Nova Scotia Exhition Association was held tonight. he receipts were $25,571 and the exnditure $29,317. The admissions to ounds netted $13,650. The admissions grand stand were $6,650. The audirs in their report say that the inease in the receipts of $7,263 over the evious year is mainly attributable the favorable weather to keeping e exhibition open for one day longer d to the increase in the speed enies of $7883.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on ENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their nts limber and muscles in trim.

WIFE OF ST. JOHN MAN

Assaulted By a Negro in Cambridge, Mass.

Mr. Nice Was Formerly a Policeman Here, but Is Now a U S Carpenter—Doubts Cast on the Woman's Tale.

(Boston Herald, 17th.)

Another assault case where the assailant was a negro—a mulatto—and the victim a white woman, occurred in Cambridge Tuesday evening. In this case, however, the negro was dangerously bold. He walked into the lighted kitchen of the house of Wallace W. Nice, 71 School street, and assaulted his wife, Mary, who was at work at the sink washing the supper dishes. The rear door was wide open at the time.

The negro and Mrs. Nice had a lively tussle, and she finally won, although her waist was almost torn from her. Mrs. Nice also hurled two plates at the man, and one plate struck him in the forehead. The negro made his escape, but the police have a good description of him.

The Nice house is in the lower "Port," in the colored district, and only a stone's throw is the Ruth A. M. E. Church. Mrs. Nice is about 32 years old and although of only average build, she has grit and stood her ground bravely against odds. When the affair was all over a feeling of weakness came over her, but not until then. During the tussle she believed that she was struggling for her life.

At the time of the assault Mr. Nice was out for a short walk and Mrs. Nice was in the house with her children, one child being sick with cholera infantum.

Mrs. Nice told the following story to a Herald reporter:

"My husband had been gone but a short time when I was attacked. It was between 6.30 and 7 o'clock. Just previously, I stood at my gate talking with a neighbor for a few minutes. Upon re-entering the house I first went into a side room to see the children, one being down with cholera infantum, and while I was in this room, I heard steps in the yard. I thought that it was my husband returning and did not pay much attention to the noise.

"In a few minutes I went out to the kitchen and began clearing away the supper dishes. The kitchen street door was open. While I was standing at the sink I was startled by a man grabbing me by the shoulders. My back was turned to him, and as he caught me he uttered vile words and said that he would take my life if I screamed. I turned upon him and freed myself from his grasp and we had a wrestle. He did not try to strike me down and he did not display any weapon.

"After getting clear I picked up a plate and threw it at him. The plate struck him on the forehead, and I think that it cut him. The negro ran out of the kitchen to the shed in the rear, the door of which leads to the yard, and then came right back again. He started for me again, and I made ready to receive him, but he changed his mind and went out again. As he was passing the kitchen window I threw another plate at him through the pane of glass.

"I then ran out through the entry and out of the front door to get assistance. I think that the negro must have jumped over the fence in the back yard and escaped to Harvard street. I am positive that I could identify the man if I saw his again. He was a mulatto, not being very black, about 22 years old, perhaps, smooth face, and wore dark trousers, light colored box coat, and had on a light golf cap. He wore a white collar and a red bow tie. I do not think that the man had been drinking."

Mr. Nice was furious when he returned shortly after the negro had left. Judging from Mr. Nice's build and feelings, the negro would have had all he wanted had he encountered the husband. Mr. Nice at once scoured the neighborhood in search of a man of the description given him by his wife. He met several colored men standing near the corner of the street near his house and he went home and got his wife to see if she knew any of them. As the couple approached the group two of the men walked away and then came back. Mrs. Nice looked the group over and was convinced that her ashsailant was not among them.

Mr. Nice was formerly a policeman in St. John, N. B., and he is now employed as a carpenter. He said "I only wish that I had been at home at the time. I would have stayed with that negro all night to see who was the better man. It is pretty serious business when a man cannot leave his wife and children at home without their being pounced upon by some evil hand. Look at the waist on my wife (pointing to the waist) and imagine the treatment given her. I only wish that I had been at home. I have lived in this house about eight months and I have had trouble ever since I was here. I buried a child only a month or so ago, have another child down sick and here my wife is assaulted. I was told that the house was haunted and I begin to believe it. I think that I will move next week.

"I am satisfied that we have some tough negroes in this city. We are getting a bad lot from somewhere. Why, only about two months ago I was passing the corner of the street just above my house, and several colored fellows were standing there. One of them made a remark to me, and I answered back, whereupon I found the muzzle of a revolver at my throat. I passed on. That goes to show that it is dangerous to walk on our streets at night."

Although the police went to work on the case at once, up to midnight the alleged assailant of Mrs. Nice had not been apprehended. The assault opens up another argument on the so-called "slugger" cases as to whether the police really have the right man in custody. The questions are asked:: "Did Perry have an acomplice, if he was concerned in the cases?" and "Is he shielding another negro?" The Cambridge 'slugger" has always picked a servant girl for a victim, and "Did the negro last night expect to find a domestic in the kitchen?" The man must have been hiding in the shed and watching his chance to slip into the kichen when no one but the woman was there. Yet he had every opportunity to strike the woman to the floor with some weapon, but he did not do so.

HER STORY DOUBTED.

The Cambridge police are inclined to discredit the story told by Mrs. Wallace W. Rice of the assault upon her while she was at work in her kitchen at 71 School street, Cambridgeport, early last evening. Police Captain Murray said this noon:

"I don't take any stock in the woman's story. I think that if she had been encountered as she says she was she would naturally have screamed, and some neighbors would have heard her. The story of throwing plates also seems rather fishy."

Although the police doubt the story, they do not substantiate their argument by anything tangible. To the newspaper men to whom both Mr. and Mrs. Nice told the story last evening, and who made an inspection of the premises, the affair had every semblance of being genuine.

The couple told a straightforward story, and they were then both laboring under the excitement occasioned by the assault. The police, however, are still at work endeavoring to locate the negro as described.

WESLEY VANWART ESTATE.

A List of the Amounts Due the Principal Creditors.

Fredericton papers publish in full the report of Havelock Coy, referee in equity in re the estate of the late Wesley Vanwart, giving the list of accounts, including principal and intertst allowed by him. The total amount is $43,511.40. Among the items are these:

Odbur M. Hartt	$ 823.52
Hon. Geo. E. Foster	2,419.66
Roderick T. Mack	146.70
Mary E. Barker	120.36
John Dorcas	255.62
James S. Inch	304.04
Mrs. Minnie B. Fraser	3,602.48
Black, Bliss & Nealls	357.50
Est. G. E. Fenety	358.35
Edward Moore	919.88
A. A. McClaskey & Sons, assigned to R. W. McLellan	51.45
Fred S. Hilyard, assigned to Bank of N. S.	203.94
Johanna McCorquindale	870.62
Wm. Richards Co., Ltd	1,104.73
Bank of B. N. A.	501.30
Henry A. Austin	507.05
Bank of Montreal	729.23
R. Brooks Straton	954.19
Berton C. Foster	1,025.62
Gilbert Henry	1,218.79
Shediac Boot & Shoe Co.	267.81
Miss Ethel Powys	726.93
W. Turner Whitehead	1,285.34
Estate W. H. Robinson	714.74
Mary Helen Balmain	938.21
Kulu K. Thompson	408.22
Horace D. Hume	1,108.21
Annie C. Carlisle	697.50
T. J. Cronin	19.00
Abraham D. Yerxa	215.53
Dr. J. R. McIntosh	8.00
John Kilburn	597.64
Estate Gerhardus Clowes	2,025.29
Alexander Calder	488.56
John R. McConnell	1,884.40
John E. Stocker	833.95
Est. Geo. F. Baird	534.45
L. A. W. Jewett	804.66
Est. Thomas Temple	990.58
Warren W. Estey	944.83

Those who submitted claims against the estate and had the same disallowed were George Kitchen, Rebecca Palmer, W. W. Long, J. R. Howie, W. R. McCloskey, Robert Cochrane, T. G. O'Connor, James Peppers and John Macpherson.

Following is a statement of the amounts, with interest added, due by the testator as a member of the late firm of J. A. & W. Vanwart, which will not be paid out of the proceeds of the estate:

C. T. McCutcheon	$ 297 64
G. Ward Merrithew	512 27
Caroline B. Carman	1,954 90
Julia Smith	871 08
Margaret Smith	1,0333 87
Ann S. Smit	1,038 87
Ameria Smith	871 08
Sarah A. Fairley	11,819 15
Estate of David Ebbett	3,817 15
Daniel S. Worden	1,683 74
W. J. Slipp	1,481 49
C. Fred Morehouse	846 94
W. S. Evans	132 92
David L. Evans	1,193 27
Annie E. Clowes	1,300 00
Estate John Long	400 00
Dougall McCatherine	387 14
Caroline A. Jack	1,000 00
Henry F. Blair	100 00
George Armstrong	730 48
William B. Wiggins	1,252 48
Estate John Atherton (A. B. Atherton, M. D., executor)	300 00
James Cassidy	495 00
Estate Gerhardus Clowes	1,762 00
Alexander Calder	2,702 05
L. A. W. Jouett	985 00
Total	$38,969 81

It is estimated that the amount available for creditors is between fifty and sixty cents on the dollar.

BEAR GULCH MINING COMPANY.

All shareholders in the above company are requested to send their certificates to A. H. Hanington, John H. Thompson or W. H. Barnaby before four o'clock p. m. today. Messrs. Hanington and Thomson leave for Montana by this evening's train and it is necessary that they have all certificates with them.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Ladies' Favorite.
Is the only safe, reliable regulator on which woman can depend "in the hour and time of need."
Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2.
No. 1.—For ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known.
No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees stronger—three dollars per box.
Ladies—ask your druggist for **Cook's Cotton Root Compound.** Take no other as all pills, mixtures and imitations are dangerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and recommended by all druggists in the Dominion of Canada. Mailed to any address on receipt of price and four 2-cent postage stamps. **The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.**
No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in St. John by all druggists.

THE METHODS OF QUEBEC BREWER.

How He Would Make History Repeat Itself in Nova Scotia.

[The Sun has been asked to republish the following from the Liberator.]

A startling epistle, from a brewer of Quebec to one of his customers in Pictou County, N. S., is published by Rev. H. R. Grant, of Preston, N. S. It appears that the brewer had been shipping his beer into the county, but that recently the Scott Act, which is in force in the county, has been rigidly administered, and the illegal traffic stopped. The customer who received the letter from the brewer was one of the several violators of the law who publicly pledged themselves never to violate the law again, and have kept their pledge for months. The brewer discovered that the Scott Act can be enforced, and that prohibition does prohibit in Pictou County. He, therefore, decided to take a new method of getting his goods into the county, and this method he sets forth in a most remarkable letter to his old customers, as follows:

"I have come to the conclusion this morning, that I would write you and ask you to call on your head temperance man in your place, and say to him for me, that, if he is willing that I should make and ship to you by the car-load, a light beer that you could not call intoxicating, as it is a very light thing, we will make a very light beer which we call Hopenade and ship it as such. There is a little alcohol in this. We will ship this Hopenade to you by the car-load, if the temperance people will undertake to let you alone. This is not the regular heavy ale, which would not do to ship this way. It is a light beer, which will give satisfaction to the people down there, and which cannot possibly intoxicate them. It would be much better to let them buy this beer than to be doing a sneaking business. This would satisfy me, as it would give me back your account and I am willing to make an agreement with the temperance people to this effect.

"You can also say to these gentlemen that in Brome county and Richmond county, in the province of Quebec, where the Dunkin Act was in force for seventeen years, I appealed to the temperance people in the way I am writing to you, and they paid no attention to my proposal. They would not accept it. I went myself to the distillers and liquor dealers in this province, and also in Ontario, and, in just ten days from the day I started out, I had $10,000 in cash deposited in the bank to fight the temperance people with who had laughed at me. This is only two years ago in Brome county and one year ago in Richmond county. What happened? We defeated them in Brome, and now they have open bars everywhere; and we defeated them in Richmond county with a very large majority and they have open bars everywhere in that county, too. I was the originator and ringleader in this affair; and the expert speaker and organizer who managed this for me under my directions and instructions, is the brightest man in Canada, and there is no temperance man can stand up against him for a minute. He has carloads of literature and statistics sworn to by clergymen and he can go over the whole question for the last twenty-five years. We have got this thing down fine and we can defeat the act in Nova Scotia, as we did in these two counties. And, it would be a good deal easier fight too, because here we had to contend with the French people who did not understand English, and had to have both French and English speakers. But, in Nova Scotia, there would only be English speakers required.

"Mr. Goodhue of Danville, the temperance leader in Richmond county, a wealthy man with $100,000 to his credit at the bank, which we had to fight, took a rope and hanged himself the night after the election, when he was defeated in Danville. I carried the thing so far and I had the experts to do it. And I want you to tell your temperance leader that I will set the machinery in operation down there, and we'll have open bars everywhere in Nova Scotia, in the same way, if they want to force the matter so far. We can get all the money we want and we need not appeal to any of the small dealers down there to subscribe, who have had bad luck enough. I can get $50,000 from the big distillers and liquor dealers and brewers in Canada for a fight down there, if it is necessary. The Montreal and Toronto brewers and liquor dealers are thoroughly disgusted with Nova Scotia and they have promised to join me for any amount I wished them to subscribe. I am willing to put up $2,000 myself to start with. I will head the list and guarantee that I can get from ten to twenty thousand dollars in one week's time without leaving my office."

"I might state here that, in thirty-seven counties in Ontario, the same organizer that I had to defeat the Scott and Dunkin Acts down there, defeated these acts in these thirty-seven counties there. The two here make thirty-nine and we can make it up to an even forty with Nova Scotia. And unless this request is granted, we will make it forty right off. The money is all ready.

"You can show this letter to your temperance committee and, we will give them an opportunity to say yes or no. But I want to know at once whether they are willing to allow this proposition or not.

"I do not think that they can promise to you that you can sell, but they can promise that they are willing to let you alone. And, if they are not willing to allow this, I will fix it so that they will have to. Now it is up to them to move. Let me know immediately."

The above letter was submitted to Rev. H. R. Grant, a Presbyterian minister, who printed it for submission to the county committee, and readers of The Liberator are given the privilege of reading the marvelous document. It is timely and will help our friends to understand the liquor maker's view point, the unscrupulousness of his methods, and his fear of prohibition, even when it is in the limited form of a county Scott Act.

BOSTON, Nov. 18.—Harry Goldberg of Chelsea was arrested today in connection with the Osgoode assault case in Revere Saturday night. Goldberg is 21 years old, unmarried, and employed by the Boston and Northern street railroad as a conductor.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

John Truck Went to the Electric Chair Yesterday.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 18.—John Truck was put to death in the electric chair in the state prison here this morning. Truck's crime was committed in the town of Virgil, Cortland Co., on the night of March 14, 1899. Neighbors discovered the house of Frank W. Miller, who lived alone, in flames. Before the burning dwelling had been entirely consumed they made out the body of a man in the ruins. Water was thrown upon the body to prevent cremation, and it was afterwards identified as that of Miller. The autopsy showed that death had occurred before fire had touched the body.

The skull had been crushed by a blunt instrument. It was known that Truck had spent the night before with Miller, and had been in the neighborhod for several days. The next day Miller's wagon was discovered in Truck's barn in Homer, and when arrested Truck was wearing Miller's clothes and has his watch and his horse and wagon. He claimed to have been in Homer, but told several conflicting stories. He was convicted and sentenced to the chair.

ST. JOHN CASES.

OTTAWA, Nov. 17.—In the exchequer court, in the case of Dr. Graham of Hull v. the crown, judgment was given in favor of the plaintiff. It was a claim for land damage.

An action appealed from the admiralty court by the Quebec pilots against the ship Grandee, for pilotage, was dismissed.

Decision was also given in the King v. Corkery, the King v. DeBury and the King v. the Turnbull Real Estate Co., all actions arising out of expropriation of lands for a rifle range at St. John, N. B. In the first case $2,500 allowed; in the second case $850, and in the third $7,425.

In McGoldrick v. the King, a case arising out of expropriation of lands for I. C. R. terminals at St. John, N. B., the court allows $7,000.

In the King v. Wright, a case arising out of the expropriation of property at Halifax for a rifle range, the court ruled that the crown's tender of $2,000 was ample amount and apportioned it as follows: To W. J. Sterling, $1,420, and to Wrights, $550.

(The claim in the corkery case was $12,000; the government offered $1,914; the court, as stated above, has allowed $2,500. The claim in the DeBury case was $2,000; the government offered $592; the court has allowed $850. The Turnbull Real Estate Co. claimed $17,000; the government offered $5,473; the court has granted $7,425.

In the McGoldrick case the valuators allowed Ald. McGoldrick $5,800 for his property on Mill street. His claim was $50,000. He refused to take the award, and when the case went to the exchequer court claimed no specific amount. The court grants him $7,000 with interest, which brings it up to over $8,000.

The government was represented in this litigation by E. H. McAlpine. D. Mullin appeared for Mr. Corkery and also for Count DeBury. C. J. Coster appeared for Madame DeBury. Dr. Alward appeared for the Turnbull Real Estate Co., and J. L. Carleton for Messrs. Thompson, lessees of this company. L. A. Currey appeared for Ald. McGoldrick.

DEADLY PARLOR MATCHES.

(New York Sun.)

The prohibition in this city of the storage or sale of parlor matches after Jan. 1 next is a commendable measure. The fire commissioner has discovered that thirteen hundred fires were caused last year by parlor matches. This shows that the prohibition is in the interests of public safety. Many thousands of our housewives have long recognized the danger of this form of fireworks to their children and themselves. They have banished parlor matches from their homes with the result that the sale of ordinary sulphur and safety matches has increased.

We have been slower than some other nations to recognize the danger of using this excessively inflammable commodity. Over a year ago the Swedish government prohibited the use, throughout the kingdom, of matches similar to our parlor matches. France also has suppressed them, and the French manufacturers claimed a year ago that the matches now produced in that country have none of the drawbacks, either as to injurious or poisonous qualities, that have marked most of the common matches heretofore in common use.

As paraffine is substituted for sulphur in the manufacture of safety matches, it has been found that wood with light and spongy pores is essential so that paraffine may easily penetrate the wood instead of the igniting composition itself, rendering it useless. Aspen has proved to be the best wood for safety matches, and this is the reason why Germany is now using about 5,000,000 cubic feet of aspen every year for its manufacture of safety matches.

Germany imports two-thirds of its aspen from Russia. In this country, however, the aspen is almost ubiquitous and is as yet little used in our industries. There is no reason why, instead of importing nearly all our safety matches, we should not make all the country requires with materials found at home.

ACTOR CONGER INJURED.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)

During the third act of Blood Atonement at the Gotham Theatre in East New York the audience was treated to an innovation.

During the duel on the bridge in which the hero, Romoa, defends the honor and safety of the heroine, to an accompaniment of thunder and lightning, the bridge broke squarely in the middle, and David Conger, who plays the hero's part, fell four or five feet.

Conger, who is more or less of a matinee idol, struck heavily on his side and was so badly shaken up that the curtain had to be rung down at once. The most amusing part of the whole performance was that the audience thought it was all a part of the play and applauded most vigorously.

Conger thought at first that he was badly injured, but the physician who was called in looked him over and pronounced him perfectly sound. His nerves were so badly shattered, however, that he could not take his part in the next act of the play. It was when the stage manager made this announcement that the audience first became aware of the accident. Conger was all right last night and took his regular part.

Mr. Conger is well and favorably known in St. John, having played several engagements here.

DO YOU BELCH GAS?

If you have uneasy sensations in the stomach a bad taste in the mouth, headache—remember that ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in sweetened water is a quick and certain cure. Nerviline aids digestion, dispels the gas, makes you comfortable and free from distress at once. Nerviline is just splendid for Cramps, Colic, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, and costs only 25 cents. Better try it.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Constipation.

RECENT DEATHS.

The death is reported of William F. O'Brien, formerly a well known resident of the north end and latterly of Moncton, which occurred this morning in the Mater Misericordia home. Mr. O'Brien was seventy-one years of age. He leaves a brother, John O'Brien, living in the north end.

William Frank Vincent, the twelve-year-old son of John A. Vincent of Glenwood, died at his father's home yesterday from brain fever.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMFORT Powders will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

No Danger.

Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, Official Analyst to the Dominion Government, has proved by analysis that "Sunlight Soap is a pure and well-made soap, and has a thorough cleansing power, without danger to the clothing or skin."

Clothing is worn more in the wash than in use where common soaps are used, and the hands are liable to eczema. Try Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—next wash day, and you will see Prof. Ellis is right. No one should know better than he. 222

BADLY INJURED.

On Sunday forenoon Isaac Komiensky of Mill street was very painfully burned by carbolic acid, and several other members of the Jewish congregation suffered in lesser degrees from the same cause. It appears that the body of a Jew who died in Bangor was brought to St. John for interment and was taken to the Jewish cemetery. Here on Sunday forenoon the body was being washed before burial, and after this portion of the ceremony the gentlemen who had been engaged in it wished to cleanse their hands and arms of any traces of contagion which might have been received from the body.

In the house at the cemetery there was a large bottle of carbolic acid, supposed to be diluted, which was kept there for this purpose, and Mr. Komiensky, believing it sufficiently weak for disinfecting, poured the acid over his hands and arms. He then rubbed it in, and the flesh was very badly burned, large pieces of skin being taken off.

Several others of those present had started to use the acid in the same manner as Mr. Komiensky, but were not so badly burned.

CANADA MAKES A GOOD SHOWING.

(Toronto Globe.)

Isbister & Co., London, England, have published 69 of the 1,084 poems on the King's coronation which were submitted in competition for the Good Words prize. It will be remembered that Rev. Lauchlan Maclean Watt, Alloa, Scotland, won the first prize. The Canadians who were honored by inclusion in the volume are: Rev. J. R. Newell, Markdale; Ernest N. Minkler, Ingersoll; J. R. Aikins, Parliament buildings, Toronto; W. S. Wallace, 15 Madison avenue, Toronto; Rev. F. G. Scott, Quebec; W. H. Belford, Riding Mountain, Manitoba; Amelia Kate Lester, St. John, N. B.; Constance G. Daw, Spring Hill Mines, N. S.; Rev. C. W. Bryden, Willoughby, Sask.; Mrs. J. R. Marshall, Regina; T. R. E. McInnes, Vancouver. The dominion makes a creditable showing in the competition.

ADMIRALTY COURT.

In the admiralty court yesterday the action begun by Joseph Michado against the ship Hattie and Lottie, and against Manuel F. Vielera, coo-wner, for possession and for an accounting, was continued. The plaintiff claims the right to possession as representing the majority of the owners in interest, and asks for an accounting from the master of the vessel. Mr. Silva, the master, claims the right to possession under an alleged decree of a court of competent jurisdiction, he having held a bottomry bond against the vessel. More witnesses and arguments of counsel on technicalities were heard. The case is postponed for a few days to allow C. J. Coster, K. C., counsel for defendants, to look into the matter of an amendment asked for by A. A. Stockton, K. C., for plaintiff, and granted on Tuesday.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

THE PRICE OF POTATOES.

Country firms and farmers appear to be holding their potatoes for higher prices. A city dealer who offered $1.40 per barrel for a round lot this week was unable to get them, the owner declaring he would hold for more. There does not appear to be a shortage in the province, but a desire on the part of holders to boost prices. Some of the potatoes offered are not of very good quality.

IN WILD SCOTLAND.

A steam trawler on the Gare Loch, Scotland, has brought up the remains of a horse and a carriage and harness. Their recovery explains the disappearance 16 years ago of a doctor's coachman. He went to meet the doctor one wild night, and was never heard of again. At the time the belief was that he had been engulfed in the river and carried into the Gare Loch.

ACCIDENT.

While Miss Mary Carleton, a former resident of Harding street, now living in New York, was getting off a street car in New York recently, the car started and she was thrown to the ground and seriously injured.

NOW HE IS SORRY HE SPOKE.

First boy (contemptuously)—Huh! Your mother takes in washing.''

Second boy—O' course; you didn't s'pose she'd leave it hangin' out over night unless your father was in prison, did ye?

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or per free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, Limited Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria British Columbia, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

$3 a Day Sure Send us, any address and we will show you how to make $3 a day absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure, write at once. IMPERIAL SILVERWARE CO., Box 506, WINDSOR, ONT.

DR. McGAHEY'S Heave Cure For Broken-winded Horses. Cures heaves, chronic cough, and all chronic affections of the throat and lungs. The only medicine in the world that will cure the above disease, making the animal sound in wind and useful to his owner. Price, $2.00. THE DR. McGAHEY MEDICINE CO., Kempttville, Ont.

For sale by McDearmid Drug Co. and E. Clinton Brown.

NOTICE.

The canvassers and collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

I. D. Pearson is in P. E. Island.

Edgar Canning is in ALBERT COUNTY.

F. S. Chapman in Kings County N. B.

J. E. Austin in the Counties of Queens and Sunbury, N. B.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on city, town, village or country property, in amounts to suit at low rate of interest. H. H. PICKETT, Solicitor, 50 Princess street, St. John, N. B. 1034

WANTED.

DOMESTIC WANTED—For general house work. No washing nor ironing. Wages Ten Dollars a month. Apply with references to MRS. M. A. FINN, 72 Union Street, St. John, N. B. 1386

HOME WORK AT KNITTING given to honest industrious families in every locality. Good wages. Ten dollar outfit required. No risk. Write GLASGOW WOOLLEN COMPANY, Toronto.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm in the Parish of Hampstead, at Woodville Village, containing 200 acres, good house, two large barns and other out buildings, 700 Apple and Plum trees, all in bearing. Farm better known as the G. G. SLIPP fruit farm. For further information apply to
STEPHEN M. HAMM,
Hampstead, Queens Co., N. B.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWN'ES CHLORODYNE

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of Sept. 26, 1896, says:

"If I were asked, which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE. I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR
Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera.

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Fredericton N. B.

DR. W. MANCHESTER,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Graduate of McGill University, has opened an office in ST. JOHN AND SUSSEX.
Leaves for St. John in Sussex express, returning by C. P. R. Anyone wishing information can see me at any station along the line.
St. John Office—39 Leinster street; telephone 1,139. Office hours, 9 to 12.30 a. m.
Sussex Office—Main street. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.
Surgery and dentistry specialties.
Inquiry by mail promptly attended to.

"VETERINARY COURSE BY MAIL."
FARMERS' SONS WANTED to take a practical Veterinary Course; the study is in the simplest of English language and completed at your home. The Diploma granted on passing the examination. Students desiring positions after graduating will be assisted; several are wanted now to fill positions. Write at once for full particulars. THE ONTARIO VETERINARY CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, London, Ontario, Canada. 1200

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