MC 2035 POOR DOCUMENT

SIR RICHARD SCOTT IS DEAD

Liquor Act and Separate Schools Bill Were His—In Public Life Since 1857

Ottawa, April 23—Sir Richard W. Scott, legislator, parliamentarian, and administrator, a member of the Canadian senate, and during his lifetime of more federal and provincial governments than any other living Canadian statesman, died at his late residence, 274 Daly avenue, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, after a brief illness.

Eighty-eight years of age, and described as the nestor of Canadian Liberalism, he carried with his into his final retirement the esteem of a third generation of contemporaries and leaves behind him not only the memory of great attainments but of moral standards which were never lowered to any political exigency, and a reputation, unsullied by even the suspicion of scandal.

Sir Richard Scott was born in Prescott, Ontario, on February 24, 1825. He was of United Empire Loyalist descent, being a son of the late Dr. W. J. Scott, who served under the Duke of Wellington in the army medical department and afterwards came to Canada, where he married Sarah Ann, daughter of the late Captain Allan McDonnell, a retired officer.

As his parents were in comfortable circumstances Sir Richard was given the advantage of a good education. He was taught by a private tutor, William Spillere, of Prescott, until he was ready to commence the study of law. He read in the office of Crooks & Smith, of Toronto and was called to the bar in 1848 at the age of twenty-two years. He settled in Ottawa, then Bytown, and small at that, and entered upon the practice of his profession. He early exhibited a leaning towards public affairs and took an active part as a young man in many warm political contests, of a warmth not within the ken of modern times. In 1852 he was elected mayor of Ottawa and filled his term of office with general satisfaction to all its citizens.

Elected to Ottawa House in 1857

In 1857 Richard Scott entered a wider political sphere and was elected to the Canadian legislature for Ottawa, but suffered defeat on seeking re-election in 1863. When confederation was consummated and the first general election for the Ontario legislative assembly was held, Mr. Scott was again elected for Ottawa and from that fargone day until the time of his death had been continuously active in Canadian public affairs as a member of one of the great legislative bodies.

In 1871 he was elected speaker of the Ontario legislative assembly, but in the organization of the Blake administration he was asked to accept the portfolio and a seat in the executive council and resign the speakership, which he did after two weeks of office. He then became commissioner of crown lands and administered its difficult affairs with marked ability.

His political spurs won, he was in 1873 called to the privy council as a member of the Mackenzie administration and resigned his place in the Ontario government and his seat in the house. He entered dominion politics as secretary of state and registrar general of Canada. He was chosen as the man best equipped to lead the senate in conjunction with Hon. Mr. Pelletier and was called to the upper house on March 13, 1874.

On the defeat of the Mackenzie administration in 1878 Sir Richard became leader of the opposition in the senate and remained in that capacity until the return of the Liberal party in July 1896 when he was again asked to accept the post of secretary of state and registrar general. He held this portfolio under Sir Wilfrid Laurier until 1908, when under stress of advancing years, he resigned and was succeeded by Hon. Charles Murphy. He had been up to that time government leader in the senate as well, as to the end he continued to take active interest in the deliberations of that body.

The legislative enactment by which Sir Richard was most widely known, and from which he derived his highest title to place among Canadian law makers, was the Canada Temperance Act of 1875, better known as the Scott Act. This measure was the outcome of a long agitation on the part of the temperance interests for an advance of some kind on the existing license laws and the old Dunkin Act, which were then the ones in force.

Another important measure which owed its origin to Sir Richard Scott and which now forms part of the Canadian constitutional system was the separate school act, prepared and carried through parliament by him as a private member in 1863. The separate school question was then a very vexed one and some means was needed of removing it from the arena of politics.

Sir Richard had been presented both to King Edward VII. and King George V. and was knighted by the former in June, 1909.

The funeral will likely be held Saturday, but arrangements have not been completed.

D'Arcy Scott, assistant chief railway commissioner, and W. L. Scott, K. C., of this city, are sons of the late Sir Richard Scott.

CHIPMAN NOTES

Mrs. Harold Armstrong of Moncton is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. McDougall for a few days.

Rev. and Mrs. R. J. Plint returned from St. John on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lambrick who have been the guests of Rev. and Mrs. R. J. Plint for the last eighteen months sailed for England on the S. S. Corsican on April 19.

Mrs. Gunn of Moncton is the guest of Mrs. John Harper, Mrs. Gunn formerly taught in the public school here.

Miss Grace Smith, who has been visiting friends in St. John, returned to Chipman on Saturday.

On April 15 the ladies of the Baptist church met at the residence of Mrs. E. A. Branscombe for a thimble party. During the vening Miss Lambrick was the recipient of a linen shower from friends. During her stay in Chipman Miss Lambrick has had charge of the primary department of the Baptist Sunday school and her work has been very much appreciated. The good wishes of her many friends follow her to her home across the sea.

Arthur Stilwell who has been sick for about a year was taken to the public hospital on Thursday for treatment. Rev. R. J. Plint accompanied him.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

HE NOW BELIEVES IN "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Because He No Longer Suffers With Headaches

Taylorville, Ont.

"I was a sufferer from Fearful Headaches for over two years. Sometimes, they were so bad that I was unable to work for days at a time. I took all kinds of medicine, was treated by physicians, but yet the Headaches persisted.

A short time ago, I was advised to try "Fruit-a-tives" and I did so, with, I must confess, very little faith. But after I had taken them for three days, my Headaches were easier and in a week they left me.

After I had taken a box of these tablets, my headaches were quite cured. My appetite was always poor and my stomach bad—and now my appetite is splendid and my digestion excellent.

I had become thin and weak from the constant Headaches, but now not only have I been cured of all these awful Headaches, but my strength is growing up once more and I feel like a new man."

CELEBRATION OF ST. GEORGE'S DAY

Society Dinner in Royal Hotel a Marked Success — Bishop Richardson Principal Speaker

The annual dinner of the members of St. George's Society held last evening in the dining hall of the Royal Hotel was attended by one of the largest gatherings in the history of the local organization, and was marked by bright, inspiring speeches. Flags predominated in the decorative features of the large dining room. The menu was greatly enjoyed and the menu cards were artistically arranged. Music was supplied by Jones' orchestra throughout the dinner.

G. S. Mayes presided. After the health of the king was honored, the health of the governor-general was next drunk to the accompaniment of "O Canada," after which F. E. Hanington proposed the toast of the lieutenant-governor, to which L. P. D. Tilley, M. L. A. responded. W. A. Church, the secretary read greetings from St. George's societies in several other cities.

E. E. Church proposed the health of the president of the United States, which was accompanied by the playing of the "Star Spangled Banner," and brought forth a pleasing response from H. S. Culver, American consul.

After D. B. Pidgeon had sung "England," and "O Canada" with pleasing effect, Dr. T. D. Walker proposed the toast to "The Day We Celebrate" and F. C. McKean sang "The Boys of the Old Brigade" and "The King," being well received. His Lordship Bishop Richardson made a fitting response to the toast.

We live in a materialist age, and he wished he could look out and see signs of better times. He foresaw instead a time when society will be shaken to its foundations unless those who control so much of the world's wealth give better account of their stewardship.

"While we are paying so much attention to material success we are losing sight of the finer things of life. While we drink to merrie England we should remember the English ideals of morality, truthfulness and honesty.

"We drink the toast with no forebodings. We hear persons saying that England is tottering to its fall, but usually we find that it is an Englishman displaying the characteristic English virtue of modesty which frequently is really pessimism. The Irishman is first, last and always an optimist; the Scotchman is really a pessimist, but tries to make himself believe he is an optimist, while the Englishman is essentially a pessimist and is usually willing to admit it."

Continuing in a more serious strain, he said that those who predicted the downfall of England are building on a poor foundation. He instanced the fact that the Englishman's word is everywhere as good as his bond, and that the words "Made in England" stand for honest workmanship and full value for the money. The Old Coutry has had the advantage of being extraordinarily well served by her sons as in such trying posts as the administration of Egypt and India.

The splendid character of Englishmen was illustrated by an eloquent tribute to Captains Scott and Oates, of the South Pole expedition.

The fact that the Englishman is hard to discourage was illustrated by the speaker by several good stories. He also remarked the fact that the Englishman minds his own business and knows his own limitations. The Englishman's respect for law, he said, was worthy of emulation in this country where, he said, we have the greatest enthusiasm for making laws, and show equal enthusiasm in breaking them.

The soundness of a bargain, the inviolability of a man's word, respect for the law and other English characteristics are needed to build up this great country of Canada, and to prepare for the day when the seat of power of the empire may be found in Ottawa instead of London.

A. C. Skelton in his singing of "The Englishman," was forced to respond to an encore and gave "The Veteran's Song," after which Colonel E. T. Sturdee proposed "The Forces of the Empire" while he orchestra played "Rule Britania." Lieut. Colonel B. R. Armstrong made a pleasing reply.

Rev. E. B. Hooper proposed the health of the sister societies and it brought forth responses from Dr. J. R. McIntosh, president of St. Andrew's Society, and Hon. R. J. Ritchie, president of St. Patrick's Society.

S. H. Mayes sang two patriotic solos and Hon. H. A. McKeown then proposed "The City of St. John," which was fittingly responded to by Mayor Frink and J. M. Robinson, president of the Board of Trade and Recorder Baxter.

W. A. Church proposed "The Ladies" to which H. A. Porter responded and then the gathering was brought to a close with the singing of the National Anthem. D. A. Fox was the efficient pianist throughout the evening.

Those who smoke in moderation, it is said, have a far better chance of resisting disease than those who do not smoke at all.

SUDDEN DEATH OF DR. G. U. HAY

Friends of Prominent Educationist and Botanist Get Grave Shock by the News

Death came with shocking suddenness to Dr. George U. Hay, editor of the Educational Review, early last evening. The news of his passing soon circulated over the city and his great number of friends heard it with profound regret. He was taken ill at 6 o'clock and at 9 o'clock he was dead.

Dr. Hay, who was in the 70th year of his age, was an educationist of repute and one of the best known men in New Brunswick. Articles from his pen, which appeared in the Educational Review, were always enjoyed and he was a speaker of ability. Kindly and courteous always, he made many friends and few enemies, and he always took a very active part in any movement for the good of the community. His wife survives.

Dr. Hay was about town yesterday afternoon as usual. At dinner time he was taken ill and although he did not consider it anything of a dangerous character he walked over to the office of Dr. W. W. White and consulted the physician. A few minutes later he returned to his home a block or two away. Soon after that he became seriously ill and Dr. White was summoned at once. Everything possible was done for him but he passed away at 9 o'clock. Heart disease was the cause of death. His brother, Thomas L. Hay, died very recently.

Dr. Hay was a prominent member of Germain street Baptist church, having for some years been a deacon and a trustee.

George Upham Hay was born at Norton (N. B.) June 18, 1843. He was the son of William and Eliza H. Hay, who were of Loyalist descent. He received his education in the provincial schools, the Illinois Wesleyan University, from which he received a degree of Ph. B., and Acadia University, which gave him the degree of M. A. in 1894 and D. Sc. in 1901.

He married in 1876 Miss Frances Annetta Hartt, who has been a vice-president of the ladies' auxiliary of the Natural History Society of St. John.

He was originally a journalist but later became an educationist and was principal of the Victoria High school, St. John, for ten years. In 1887 he with Dr. A. H. Mackay, established the Educational Review and during the last few years he has been both editor and manager of that publication.

He held different offices in the Natural History Society, the Moral and Social Reform Council of New Brunswick. He was a public library commissioner and was formerl ya director of the Dominion Education Association and the New Brunswick Horticultural Association.

Among the scientific organizations with which Dr. Hay was connected were the Royal Society of Canada, in which he was president of the fourth section in 1904; the Botanical Club of Canada, of which he was president in 1905 and the New England Botanical Club. While enjoying a wide reputation for his various lines of activity, it was as a botanist that Dr. Hay won high recognition. He was regarded as an expert in botanical research and his patient work had added much to the knowledge of the plant life of this province. He had written many valuable articles on the subject and his lists and classifications of plants are regarded as the standard authority for the province. Besides his writings he leaves some very valuable collections of botanical and arboricultural specimens, the last of which he completed only a few days ago.

He had contributed many articles and papers on scientific and educational subjects to the Educational Review, The Dominion Education Association and the Educational Institute of New Brunswick. He was an authority on Canadian History and was a member of the Dominion history committee from 1894 to 1896. He wrote and published a school History of Canada and a school history of New Brunswick, which are in use in the public schools.

The funeral of Dr. Hay will take place on Friday afternoon from his late residence, 31 Leinster street.

Visitor — (to sexton digging grave in church-yard—"Who's dead?"

Sexton—"Old Squire Thornback."

Visitor—"What complaint?"

Sexton (without looking up)—"No complaint; everybody satisfied."

BEWARE Young Man

It's the Little Dandruff Germs That Are Causing Your Hair To Thin Out

Parisian Sage Stops Falling Hair and Does Not Contain Poisonous Lead or Dyes

The clever young man of today doesn't take any chances on losing his hair. A man who is baldheaded at 30 looks like 45 and is placed at a disadvantage when seeking employment.

If you have dandruff it means down near the roots of your hair an army of dandruff germs are attacking the hair root and destroying its vitality. Then hair falls out; grows thin and baldness results. Young man; put your faith in delightful PARISIAN SAGE, it will stop falling hair, kill dandruff germs, abolish dandruff and itching scalp, or money back.

PARISIAN SAGE is only 50 cents a bottle at all dealers everywhere. Girl with Auburn hair on every carton. Ask for PARISIAN SAGE.

THE NEW GAME LAW

Gleaner:—The new game act in New Brunswick which was passed at the recent session of the legislature to amend the act of 1909, will go into force on May 1. The new act makes a number of radical changes, including the introduction of a completely new system of protection for big game. In the past there have been four district chiefs in charge of the game wardens, but under the new system there will be one chief game warden for the province, and A. E. O'Leary, of Kent county, has been appointed to that position. The new act also changes the amounts to be charged for licenses by residents for hunting big game, and makes changes in the licenses for capturing fur-bearing animals, and in regard to other matters of importance.

THE WORD "SAUCE"

What are the first essentials of a Sauce Many professors of cookery and eminent chefs have, from time to time, set forth their views on this subject. Many solid varieties of food, soluble only by digestion are not rarely dry in substance, but are somewhat unattractive and insufficiently flavored. A sauce is intended, amongst other things, to lubricate dry food, and thus increase its palatability, by the addition of flavors or the production of contrast. A sauce is intended to stimulate the organs of taste, and to promote the salivary secretion. Thus, by enhancing the appetite and augmenting the juices capable of digestion, it increases the pleasure of eating, meanwhile assisting the mechanism of nutrition. The preparation of a sauce suited to one special dish is, in general, a simple affair, but the making of a bottled sauce, capable of fulfilling scores of demands, and happily allying itself with hundreds of dishes, is a matter necessitating great experience and elaborate skill. Such a sauce is now obtainable. It is imported from England, where it is produced in the largest Malt Vinegar factory in the world and is known as "H. P. Sauce," and takes its title from the initial letters of the "Houses of Parliament," where it is used on the dining tables, both in the home country and in Canada. The makers tell us that its delicious flavor is obtained by blending together the choicest oriental fruits and spices with pure Malt Vinegar by a secret process, and we are sure our readers will find that a personal trial will confirm all the good things that are said of H. P. Grocers over here are already selling it freely.

SIR CHARLES IN AMHERST

Sir Charles Tupper arrived in Amherst last evening, en route for England. The citizens turned out in large numbers and escorted him to the home of his nephew, whose guest he was to be. Sir Charles granted an audience to a committee of prominent citizens, and spoke for half an hour with no signs of weakness. He will remain in Amherst until April 30 and will sail from St. John on May 1.

GROWS BEAUTIFUL, HEAVY HAIR

WE PROVE IT--25 CENT "DANDERINE"

Destroys Dandruff—Stops Falling Hair—Cleans and Invigorates Your Scalp—Delightful Dressing

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower; destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

NOBODY CAN TELL IF YOU DARKEN GRAY, FADED HAIR WITH SAGE TEA

Druggist Says When Mixed With Sulphur Prevents Dandruff and Falling Hair

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, then left to age and carefully filtered will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant; remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching, and falling hair.

Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, scraggly and thin. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large bottle at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," thus avoiding a lot of muss. Some druggists make their own, but it isn't nearly so nice as "Wyeth's."

While whispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur no one can tell, because it does it so naturally; so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. Do this tonight and by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, after another application or two it will be restored to its natural color and be even more glossy, soft and luxuriant than ever.

Local druggists say they are selling lots of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur;" it surely helps folks appear years younger.

Agent:—Wasson's 3 Drug stores—King street, Main street and Haymarket Sq.

FATHER LAVERY DEAD IN BOSTON

Formerly of Cathedral and Carleton Parishes Here, Then St. George and St. Stephen

Many in St. John will regret to learn of the death of Rev. Thomas Lavery, pastor of the Church of the Holy Rosary, in St. Stephen, which occurred in Boston yesterday. He had been in failing health for some time but never complained and but few knew of his illness. Last week he went to Boston and entered Carney Hospital for treatment, suffering from cancer. An operation was decided on, and this he submitted to on Monday.

Father Lavery passed through the operation nicely and all promised well until Tuesday afternoon, when pneumonia developed terminating fatally yesterday afternoon. The announcement caused sincere regret among all creeds and classes in St. Stephen for Father Lavery was respected and esteemed by all. He was a zealous pastor, a kindly Christian gentleman.

Father Lavery was born in Boston about fifty-five years ago, and after passing through the Boston Latin School and Boston College, took a five years' course in the Grand Seminary in Montreal. On December 17, 1881, he was ordained priest by the late Archbishop Fabre in Montreal. He came to St. John in January, 1882, and was stationed at the Cathedral for one year, and with Mgr. Connolly in Carleton for four years. He was then given charge at St. George where he labored for fifteen years. In 1901 he went to St. Stephen, succeeding Rev. Wm. Dollard, who has since passed away.

Mr. Henry Coholan, who had been his assistant and friend for many years; M. J. O'Donnell and Miss O'Donnell were with him in his last illness.

It is believed that interment will be in Boston where a brother and sister reside.

SUSPEND WORK ON SHALES

Dorchester, N. B., April 23—(Special)—Operations have been abandoned at the MacKenzie & Mann shale works here for a time and a large number of the resident engineers have left for their homes in the various parts of the United States. A few days ago the engineers of the firm of Sprague & Hanwood, diamond drillers of Scranton (Penn.), completed their work for the MacKenzie & Mann people. While the engineer in chief for the promoters has not given out any statement as to why the work has been given up, it is reported that the shale which has been found, although of a good quality, is not in sufficient quantity to warrant the continuing of the work.

GOING TO THE WEST.

George N. and Ernest Cowie left Marysville this week for Dauphin, Manitoba, with a carload of horses, wagons, farm implements, tools, etc. Geo. Cowie has a lot of land there and will at once begin the erection of buildings upon it. When ready for occupation his family will join him. Miss Florrie Tapley is leaving with her parents next week for Winnipeg.

HIGH PRICE FOR LOGS

Gleaner:—There is a great demand for logs this spring from mill owners and high prices are expected to rule for bank logs at Springhill. One buyer said today that he expected the opening prices would be about $14 per thousand for merchantable spruce, and $10 for battens, with $9 for hemlock, and about $8 or $9 for hardwood.

Throat Was So Sore Could Hardly Speak.

Mr. Gordon Murphy, Elliott's Mills, P.E.I., writes:—"Too much praise cannot be given your valuable remedy, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I suffered terribly from a severe cold during the early part of last winter and found it almost impossible to get anything to relieve me. Hoarseness seemed to be continually troubling me, and my throat was so sore I could hardly speak for quite a long time. At last I was advised to try your remedy, and in a short time I got relief, and have never been troubled with a sore throat or hoarseness since. I hope others will be fortunate enough to give your remedy a trial and be convinced that it is all I say it to be."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is without an equal for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price, 25 and 50 cents a bottle, put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark.

Be sure and get "Dr. Wood's."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SPECIAL LOW RATES

SECOND CLASS DAILY

March 15th to April 15th

From St. John, N. B.

To Vancouver, B. C. / Victoria, B. C. / Portland, Ore. / Seattle, Wash. / Spokane, Wash. / Nelson, B. C. / San Francisco / Los Angeles — $62.65

HOMESEEKERS EXCURSIONS

Tickets on Sale every Wednesday until October 29

Second-Class Round Trip Tickets LIMIT TWO MONTHS

Winnipeg,	$40.00
Brandon,	42.25
Regina,	46.00
Saskatoon,	49.50
Calgary	55.50
Edmonton,	55.50

Equally Low Rates to Other Points

W. B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R., ST. JOHN, N.B.

MORNING LOCALS

An enjoyable entertainment was given in the Boys' Industrial Home last evening by members of the choir of Exmouth street Methodist church. About forty people drove out to the institution. There was a fine musical programme, including vocal and instrumental numbers. Rev. Mr. Smart, W. A. Steiper and James Myles addressed the boys. During the evening refreshments were served.

Walter Daley tripped on Long Wharf yesterday afternoon and fell overboard. He was rescued without difficulty.

J. H. Stockton was in St. John yesterday from the west and decided to remain in this province and take up some fruit lands instead of going farther west to do so.

The case of W. Malcolm McKay vs. Furness, Withy & Co., was resumed in chambers yesterday before Mr. Justice White. Boatman King and K. R. Inches testified for the plaintiff, and the evidence of Captain Colwell was read. William Quinn gave evidence for the defence. F. R. Taylor appears for the plaintiff and J. B. M. Baxter, K. C., for the defendants.

June 23 was set for the opening of the joint summer school of missionary and Sunday school workers at a meeting of the Church of England committee yesterday. It is possible that the school may be enlarged this year.

The new schooner Enid Hazel with a general cargo from St. John for Belliveau's Cove, went ashore in Petite Passage yesterday. She was not damaged and it was expected that she would be floated with the aid of a tug.

ROAD RULES IN FRANCE.

They do things differently in France. A motorist touring the continent writes of the way the French ask the public to observe the speed laws. He was enjoying the scenery when he came to a signboard on the outskirts of a village which read: "Motorists, please drive considerately through this village."

When he came to the other side of the village he read a sign which said "Thank you." The motorist examined the sign on the sign. On the other side were the words he had read on entering the village, so that no matter which way the traveler entered the sign requested the motorist to drive slowly and thanks him after he had done so.—Indianapolis News.

Had Weak AND Dizzy Spells.

Those feelings of weakness, those dizzy spells and "all gone" sinking sensations, which come over some people from time to time, are warnings that must not go unheeded.

They indicate an extremely weakened condition of the heart and a disordered state of the nerves.

One dizzy spell may pass off, but the next may be more serious.

Those who are wise will start taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, before their case becomes hopeless. They have no equal for reviving and strengthening the heart, and invigorating the nerves.

Mrs. A. E. Martell, Rockdale, N.S., writes:—"I was troubled for a long time with my heart, had weak and dizzy spells, could not sleep, and would have to sit up the greater part of the night. At last I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and they did me so much good I got another, and after taking it I could sleep as well as before I was taken sick. They are the best medicine I ever heard of for heart or nerve trouble."

Price, 50 cents a box; 3 for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A famous skin specialist's own soap

Learn what it will do for you

John H. Woodbury devoted his entire life to a study of the skin and its needs. From his experience with thousands of cases of skin troubles, he developed the formula of the now famous Woodbury's Facial Soap.

In the 12-page wrapper around every cake of this soap the causes for all common skin troubles are given—conspicuous nose pores, sallow skin, blackheads, etc.—and the proper treatments to relieve them.

If there is any condition of *your* skin you want to improve, get a cake of Woodbury's today and follow carefully the directions given in this wrapper. In ten days or two weeks your skin will show a marked improvement—a promise of that lovelier complexion which the *steady* use of Woodbury's always brings.

Woodbury's Facial Soap costs 25c a cake. No one hesitates at the price *after their first cake.*

Woodbury's Facial Soap 914

For sale by Canadian dealers from coast to coast

For 4c we will send you a sample cake. Write today to the Andrew Jergens Co. Ltd. Sherbrooke St., Perth, Ontario.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

Are the acknowledged leading remedy for all Female complaints. Recommended by the Medical Faculty. The genuine bear the signature of Wm. Martin (registered without which none are genuine). No lady should be without them. Sold by all Chemists & Stores

MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, [illegible]

PATENTS

PIGEON, PIGEON & DAVIS, 714 ST. JAMES ST MONTREAL TEL. MAIN 2036

Forty years in use, twenty years the standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For women's ailments, Dr. Martel's Female Pills at your druggist.

EVERY KING WEARS A HAT.

WE SELL THE KING

A HAT FOR EVERY FACE

The King Hat is the best made hat in Canada for the money.

Regular price $2.50, for Saturday and Monday only

$1.79

MEN'S SUITS from $7.50 to $25.00

WILCOX'S

CHARLOTTE STREET, CORNER UNION