Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

WEAR A PAIR OF "BERRY" RUBBER HEELS and find relief for tired nerves. Manufactured solely by . . . . THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO. of Toronto, Limited.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 30 1902—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

CESTRIAN REACHES HALIFAX

Third, Fourth, Fifth Detachments of the C.M.R. Will Land This Morning.

GOOD PASSAGE FROM PORT NATAL

Transport Brought 1639 Officers and Men—Six Troopers Were Slightly Ill.

Halifax, July 29.—The Leyland steamer Cestrian, from Port Natal, South Africa, July 2, arrived here at 4.30 this afternoon. The steamer had a good passage and no accidents or deaths occurred on the voyage.

Six of the troopers are slightly ill, and have been sent to the military hospital, but outside of those, all on board are well.

The Cestrian anchored in the stream, and will remain there until the morning. The steamer brought 1639 officers and men, and the work of paying off was commenced as soon as the steamer came to anchorage. The officers are as follows:

Third Regiment — Lieut.-Col. V. A. Williams, Capt. C. T. Vanstraubenzie, W. Henderson, S. A. MacKenzie, A. A. Nasmith, E. A. Arnold; Lieuts H. Reed, C. H. Hill, A. H. Trett, V. B. Patterson, A. E. Shand, G. S. Spokes, V. W. Odlem, W. G. Bishop and W. H. Butcher. Non-commissioned officers and men, 409.

Fourth Regiment—Col. Boulanger, Capts. MacKie, Good, Pepe and Dunnings; Lieuts. Lawlor, Stewart, Sully, Williams, Dickie and Papineau. Non-commissioned officers and men, 406. Surgeon-Major Elliott.

Fifth Regiment—Lieut.-Col. A. C. MacDonnell, Capts. B. E. Strickland, S. W. Strange, F H. Bagley; Lieuts. F. Crean, L. Hooper, C. Harin, H. H. Nash, J. E. Sargeant and Worshop. Surgeon-Lieut. Thomas. Non-commissioned officers and men, 360.

Sixth Regiment—Lieut.-Col. Irving and Gordon; Capts. Uniacke and Ross; Lieuts. Cooper, Gatshore, Bradburn, Robins, Irvine, Sullivan, McKinley and Holland. Non-commissioned officers and men, 242.

Ten men discharged irregulars: Lieut. Woodside and 41 men of the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles also came on the Cestrian.

The men will be landed in the morning and entrained for the west.

MOB HOOTS NON-UNIONISTS.

Police Charge Crowd Gathered Around the Collieries.

Shamokin, Pa., July 29.—One thousand men, women and children assembled at the Mineral Company's Cameron Colliery this evening, and hooted and cursed non-union men as they quit work. A delegation of boys stoned several sub-bosses as they entered town. Chief Burgess Thomas and the police charged the crowd, and put them to flight. The Coal Company officials say they will ask for troops to-morrow if there is a continuance of the attempts to annoy the workmen.

PUMMELLED BY THE MOB.

Mt. Carmel, Pa., July 29.—Two crowds of strikers, numbering fully 3000 men, women and children, collected at all the Reading and Union Company operations between here and Shamokin this evening, and hurled stones and sticks at the non-union men. Six of the latter were captured by the mob near Richard's Colliery, and were badly pummelled.

INJURED IN A RUNAWAY.

Galt, July 29.—Mr. and Mrs. James Brown of Beverley are in the hospital here as a result of an accident to-day. They were driving to market, when their spirited team took fright and bolted, throwing them out on the roadway. Mr. Brown's head was frightfully cut in the fall. His chin and one of his eyes were also injured, and all his front teeth, upper and lower, twelve in all, were knocked out. The physician found a fracture of the spine, and besides several ribs were broken. Mrs. Brown also had several ribs broken. Altho both the patients are suffering greatly from their injuries it is expected that they will recover.

GALT STATION ROBBED.

Galt, July 29.—Between 12 and 1 o'clock to-day at noon a sum of money, amounting to about $75, was stolen from the till at the C.P.R. station.

Entrance to the office was gained by prying up a window and breaking the catch.

The till is underneath the counter, in front of the ticket wicket. It was pried open by means of a chisel, the marks of which are plainly visible on the wood. Suspicion rests on Foxy Smith, a desperado in the vicinity, and the police are now after him. But it is thought they will have a hard time catching him, as he is known to be a fellow of exceedingly wily ways.

CROPS NOT ALL DAMAGED.

Reports of the damage to the crops thruout the province by the recent rains show that it is not so heavy as generally thought, except to hay which was cut, the continuous wet weather preventing it from being cured. The injury to the grain crop was confined mainly to the soft white wheat, which the rains prevented being harvested and which is sprouting in consequence. This will not prevent it being milled, but will affect the quality of the flour, lessening the nutritive value.

WILL SWIM THE RAPIDS.

Niagara Falls, July 29.—Sometime in August Carlisle D. Graham will attempt the feat which Capt. Matthew Webb, the great English swimmer, attempted in the year 1883 and in which attempt he lost his life, the swimming of the Whirlpool Rapids, from the Cantilever Bridge to the Whirlpool.

On numerous occasions Graham has navigated the rapids in a barrel, and on one occasion he swam the lower rapids from the Whirlpool to Lewiston, but he now intends to culminate his river feats by a journey thru the rapids in which Webb was killed.

DROWNING AT PORT DOVER.

Fishermen Changed Seats and Arthur Brock Lost His Life.

Port Dover, July 29.—A sad drowning accident happened at this place at 5.30 p.m. to-day. As a number of men empoyed in the fishing business were crossing the harbor in a small boat, the men, by changing places in the boat caused it to partly capsize, when one of the occupants, Arthur Brock, fell into the water, and, being unable to swim, quickly sank. One of the others, Taylor, jumped into the water to attempt to rescue Brock. During the struggle Taylor was pulled to the bottom in a drowning condition. At this moment, James McDonald, one of a crew of the American yacht Wahwa Taysee, lying in the harbor, immediately went to the assistance of the drowning men, and succeeded, by diving, in bringing Taylor to the surface, and by the aid of Drs. Hicks and Kennedy, who were quickly summoned, they succeeded in resuscitating him. In the meantime Mr. Donald, after bringing Taylor to the surface, turned his attention to secure the body of Brock, and in a few minutes succeeded in bringing the body to the surface, where many willing hands quickly placed it on shore, and, after the greatest exertions of the medical men, found it impossible to restore life.

FOUND ON THE TRACK.

Scotia Junction, Ont., July 29.—The body of J. W. Edes, a farmer, was found lying on the track about three-quarters of a mile south of Scotia this morning. The man is supposed to have been struck and killed by a train.

ALL FEARS NOW BANISHED

King Able to Walk and All Restrictions as to Diet Have Been Withdrawn.

WILL LEAVE COWES ON AUGUST 6

And Return to the Yacht on August 18, for an Extensive Cruise.

London, July 29.—The latest and most reliable information indicates that King Edward's doctors were not mistaken in fixing Aug. 9 as the date upon which His Majesty could be crowned. The sinister rumors which have pervaded all classes for the last few days now appear to have lost that semblance of probability which made even the members of the cabinet nervous lest another postponement of the coronation might be necessitated.

The apprehension that King Edward would be unable to stand the strain of the coronation ceremony has been greatly lessened by the announcement that His Majesty is now permitted to use his feet, and, with the aid of a stick, has done a little walking.

Another late telegram from Cowes, Isle of Wight, saying that nearly all the restrictions upon the King's diet have been withdrawn, has been welcomed, as evidence that the recent ominous deductions were drawn without due allowance for the doctors' extreme cautiousness. While the King was testing his ability to walk, two stalwart jackies stood at his side. After this experiment, which boded well for his fulfilling the necessary coronation functions at Westminster Abbey, King Edward sat smoking on the deck of the royal yacht and watched the races of the small yachts off Cowes.

Those who drew inferences from the fact that the invitations to Westminster Abbey were not dated, have had their fears dissipated by the proclamation published in The Gazette to-night, fixing Aug. 9 as the date for the coronation which post dates, and altogether more important than anything, which might or might not have appeared upon the cards of invitation.

According to the present arrangements, King Edward and Queen Alexandra will leave Cowes either Aug. 6 or Aug. 8, for Buckingham Palace, and will return to the royal yacht Aug. 18, when the entire fleet will pass before King Edward and salute him, thus making a second naval review. After his return to the yacht, the King is expected to take an extended cruise to the northward, and, subsequently, to spend some weeks at Balmoral, where preparations for the arrival of Their Majesties have already been commenced.

Sir Joseph C. Dimsdale, the Lord Mayor of London, expects King Edward to visit the City of London the week ending Oct. 11, when a great luncheon will be held in the Guild Hall, which is to be followed by a royal procession thru the south of London. All these plans may not be carried out to the letter, but their arrangement, combined with the emphatic optimism of the King's physicians, is generally taken as insuring, so far as human foresight can be relied upon, the King's coronation for Aug. 9.

TREE IN FULL BLOOM.

A horse chestnut tree in Bellwoods Park in full bloom excites the admiration and wonder of the residents of the neighborhood.

Caused By Jealousy.

The following letter will speak for itself. The SICHE GAS COMPANY is the only Company that is uniformly successful, it is the only Company selling a machine using carbide of calcium for lighting, heating and power purposes, that is always on deck ready for instant operation, and never out of order. Hence rivals lie about—but read this letter:

King City, Ont., July 11, 1902.—Siche Gas Co., Toronto, Gentlemen,—We have your letter of yesterday to hand and were very much surprised at its contents. In regard to the Gas Machine you installed for us three months ago (a 35 light machine), we wish to say that it has given perfect satisfaction, both in regard to machine itself, as well as the piping and fixtures, which have been very highly praised by the public, and we wish to deny any statements you may have heard as to our not being satisfied with it.

We may say that a number of residents of our village have examined it, and all have agreed that it is the most perfect machine on the market. One man who is using a machine of the gasometer style is so satisfied with the Siche that he wants to get rid of his and install one like ours.

If at any future time you hear any such report as stated in your letter, we give you our authority to deny it as being utterly untrue.

We are yours truly,
(Signed) McDonald & Son.

Messrs. McDonald & Son have the largest general store in King, represent the Massey-Harris machinery, and have the postoffice. A more reliable firm is not in business, and what they say carries weight. Siche plants are going in all over the land, and lying can't stop it. Write 83 York-street, Toronto, for illustrated catalog, or 'phone Main 1971.

RESPECT THE BOERS' WAYS

Mr. Chamberlain Deals Comprehensively With the Past and Future of South Africa.

BRITISH SETTLERS ARE NEEDED

Not the Slightest Government Support Will Be Given to Compulsory Labor.

London, July 29.—Mr. Chamberlain's appearance in the House of Commons to-day was marked by a speech which won the applause even of such opponents as Henry Labouchere. Mr. Chamberlain dealt comprehensively with the past and future of South Africa. "We have no intention," he declared, "that the Boers should break with their old traditions. We desire that they should preserve all the best characteristics of their race, and hope they will shake hands with us, thus securing prosperity in South Africa under the flag which protects different races and different religions." That sentiment was the keynote of the speech.

Dealing with the much-discussed labor question, Mr. Chamberlain said he believed every inducement to labor should be held out to the blacks, but he said no scheme of compulsory labor would receive the slightest government support. There was no intention of packing the country with Britishers, but so much Transvaal land was lying idle that the colonies could only be made a great corn-producing factor by bringing in British settlers.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman supplemented his congratulations by asking for information of the colonial conference. He expressed the hope that lenient treatment would be extended to the Boers in South Africa.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that the one spirit animating the members of the conference was the desire to draw closer together the constituent parts of the empire, and he thought it safe to say that the conference had made important progress towards a perfect union to which he himself looked forward.

Regarding South Africa Lord Milner, the High Commissioner of South Africa, had telegraphed spontaneously that he did not think further legislation necessary to make the banishment proclamation effective. The government, however, reserved to itself the important right in the new colonies to refuse to allow the return or to keep watch over persons who showed themselves inimical to good order and peace.

"We are not going to allow the result of the war to be undermined," said Mr. Chamberlain, "by intrigues carried on by nominally constitutional means."

Looking to Self Government.

Regarding the future status of South Africa, the Colonial Secretary said the Imperial government had established a crown colony in the strictest sense. The next step would be to add a nominated official element. Thereafter, there would be an elected official element, and then nothing but circumstances and time would separate the new colonies from full self-government, the ultimate goal of their ambition. That consummation would not be delayed, if for no other reason, because it might relieve the government of the tremendous burden of responsibility involved in the present situation, but all must understand that the government would not be rushed or hustled into any action which circumstances did not warrant. The speaker said he was one of those optimistic enough to believe that the new colonies would reach the ultimate goal of their ambition much sooner than many persons now thought possible.

Will Keep Promises in Spirit.

So far as the government was concerned the surrender promises would be kept in spirit, as well as in letter. The government, he said, was bound both by honor and by interest to this course. There remained many questions to be dealt with, a new tariff must be arranged involving intricate questions concerning which experts must be consulted, and the taxation of mines must be settled; but he wished to say nothing would be done to punish owners of mines, as had been suggested in many quarters. The government would do nothing to interfere with a quick revival of development of the country. Subject to that consideration, Mr. Chamberlain continued, no man was more anxious than he to recover some considerable part of the cost of the war from South Africa. He thought it would be perfectly fair to lay a fair part of the cost of the war on the principal industry of the Transvaal, but what amount it was too soon to say.

MR. WHITNEY IN OTTAWA.

Ottawa, July 29.—Mr. J. P. Whitney, M.L.A., was in the city to-night. He was mum as to the object of his mission, but was as confident as ever that a few months hence would find him premier of Ontario. Mr. Whitney will speak at Carp, Carleton County, on Friday night at a harvest home in connection with the Methodist Church there.

NEW COMMERCIAL MASTER.

Woodstock, July 29.—The resignation of E. C. Srigley, commercial master at the Collegiate, has been accepted, and Mr. Aberhart of Peterboro succeeds him.

Edwards & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East.—Geo. Edwards, F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

SUDDEN DEATH OF MRS. MARLETT

St. Thomas, July 29.—Mrs. Phoebe Marlett, aged 42, who had been ailing for a couple of years, died very suddenly here yesterday. Her husband and son went to Port Stanley and on their return found her unconscious, and she passed away soon afterward.

Clear Havana Cigar La Arrow 10c, for 5c straight. Alive Bollard Yonge St.

Brier Pipes.

A reduction sale on to-day of briers at 10c, 15c, 25c and 35c, at Jamieson's Cigar Department, Queen and Yonge-streets.

White Vests, English make, single and double breasted. Harcourt & Son, 57 King street West. 135

BOYD ASKS FOR A SCRUTINY.

Petition in N. Grey Election Filed Yesterday at Owen Sound.

Owen Sound, July 29.—The petition in the matter of the protest against the return of A. G. Mackay and asking for a scrutiny of the ballots in the North Grey election was filed with the local registrar to-day by William Masson, solicitor.

TWO INDEPENDENTS.

Kingston, July 29.—R. A. Graham, Pembroke, and Dr. Channonhouse, Egansville, are out as independent Liberal candidates in North Renfrew.

NO EXPORTING OF HEMLOCK

The Government Decrees That It Must Not Be Sent Out of the Country in a Rough State.

IT IS ON SAME FOOTING AS PINE

With Regard to Exportation and the Restrictions Imposed Are of a Similar Nature.

An Order-in-Council was passed by the Ontario cabinet at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, prohibiting the exportation of hemlock in rough condition. The order will go into force at the expiration of the present license year, which is April 30, next.

By the passage of this order, hemlock is placed on precisely the same footing as pine. This restriction will apply to hemlock on crown lands only, and not to timber on private lands, held by patents.

The government's object in prohibiting the exportation of the time is the same as it was in the case of pine.

The cabinet, at its meeting, also voted $500 to assist in the search that it being made for oil and gas in Hastings County. The citizens in the neighborhood have subscribed $2000 for the same purpose, and the government was requested to aid to the extent of $500.

MONTREAL TAKES ACTION

Board of Trade Adopts Resolution Favoring Twenty-Three Knot Line.

MONTREAL A SUMMER TERMINUS

And St. John or Halifax in Winter—Improvements to the St. Lawrence.

Montreal, July 29.—At a special meeting, held here to-day by the Montreal Board of Trade, the following resolution was adopted by 32 to 15:

"Whereas the establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship line from a Canadian port to a port in Great Britain would increase our export trade, especially in perishable products, would add greatly the volume of passenger travel thru Canadian channels, and would give an impetus to ship building in Canada, and would, with the aid of our transcontinental railways, bring the different ports of the empire more closely together;

"Be it resolved that steamers employed in such service should have a speed of at least 23 knots an hour; that speed should be the first consideration in the selection of ports of call and that in the conduct of the enterprise the Dominion government shall have sufficient control to enable them to fully safeguard the interests of the Canadian people;

"That in the opinion of this meeting it is in the interests of our trade and commerce that the Canadian ports for such service be Quebec, Montreal in summer, and Halifax or St. John in winter; and, be it further resolved, that this meeting would respectfully urge upon the Dominion government the importance of carrying out as speedily as possible the necessary improvements to navigation to make the St. Lawrence route from Montreal to the sea safe for the class of vessels that would be required under this general resolution; and, further, that this meeting does not favor the subsidizing of freight steamers."

THIEVES AT ST. THOMAS.

St. Thomas, July 29.—The residences of Sheriff Dougald Brown, 71 Wellington-street, and Col. Burke, U.S. Consul, corner of Southwick and Wellington-streets, were entered by burglars last night. The residence of Sheriff Brown had been entered by cutting a hole in the back door and unlocking it. The house was ransacked, but nothing was missed. Col. Burke lost half a dozen silver spoons, a revolver, $3 worth of postage stamps and several other articles.

BOURINOT VERY WEAK.

Ottawa, July 29.—Sir John Bourinot was reported to-night to be very weak. There has not been the slightest sign of improvement for the last three weeks. His recovery is exceedingly doubtful.

TRADE COMMISSIONER IN LONDON.

The Canadian Hardware and Metal Journal says that George Anderson of Toronto will be appointed Canadian Trade Commissioner in London. Mr. Anderson is at present on his way to the Yukon. Six years ago he was special trade commissioner to Japan, and did good work there.

Holy Rood Cigars.

25 in a box for 25c, at Jamieson's Cigar Department, Queen and Yonge-streets, to-day.

Patents — Fetherstonhaugh & Co. King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Retail Butchers' picnic and games at Exhibition Park, afternoon and evening.

Reception to Trooper Soady, Victoria Hall, 8 p.m.

Milk Dealers organize, Richmond Hall, 2.30 p.m.

Vaudeville at Hanlan's Point, 3.30 and 8.30 p.m.

Vaudeville at Munro Park, 3.30 and 8.30 p.m.

Try the Decanter at Thomas.

LIGHT ON EVANS MYSTERY

Front-street Warehouse Stock Short Five Hundred Dollars' Worth of Spirits of Alcohol.

POSSIBLE MOTIVE FOR WORSE CRIME

Startling Information Furnished the Coroner's Jury Investigating the Cause of Whalley's Death.

There were interesting developments in the Evans' warehouse mystery last night, and facts brought out before the coroner's jury that may supply a motive for the possible murder of Edward Geen and George Whalley and the persistent effort made to fire the building the night of May 30, when the vault was tampered with.

The discovery has been made that the stock of Evans & Sons is short five hundred dollars' worth of spirits of alcohol, ninety-nine gallons.

The startling information was given to the jury by John B. Spencer, present manager. The statement came late in the evening, and had been anticipated by various questions put to each employe who took the stand, touching the manner in which shipments were made, whether or not they knew of any goods being taken from the stock in an irregular manner and how checks were kept on shipments from the warehouse. It was clear the Crown Attorney possessed information showing that the stock had been tampered with. None of the employes knew of anything of the kind, and it remained for Manager Spencer to supply the facts.

Discovered a Week Ago.

Mr. Spencer's testimony was that he had discovered that between the dates of March 31 and July 22 ninety-nine gallons of alcohol had disappeared from casks in the basement of the warehouse. To a World reporter he stated later that he had made the discovery a week ago.

"How did you happen to look at the alcohol?"

"I recalled that another house in that locality had recently lost a considerable quantity of alcohol, and I had our stock examined. The result was that, according to the invoice, it was short ninety-nine gallons."

"Where was this stock kept?"

"In the basement of the house."

"Have you examined other valuable supplies in the stock?"

"Yes, some, but I had my suspicions about the alcohol."

"How was your attention called especially to the alcohol?"

"Well, now, I want to treat the press nicely, but I won't talk any more; you will get something out of me in a minute that I don't want to tell," and Mr. Spencer walked hastily away.

Something Occurred July 22.

Evidently something occurred about July 22 to call especial attention to the alcoholic supply of the warehouse. Just what it was is not clear, but it was probably the result of some of the research made by Detectives Davis and Siemin, as the disposition of so large a quantity of alcohol in an irregular way could not be made without leaving some trace that a shrewd officer could pick up on investigation. The indications are that these officers are now directing all their energies toward discovering where this alcohol went. If they can find where it was disposed of they can easily locate the man who sold it, and that will probably supply the link between the thief and the person who was found in the warehouse the evening of May 30, when the determined effort was made to burn the house.

Here is a reason for some person wishing the warehouse burned. If the stock and building were destroyed the evidence of the theft would never be revealed. This would also account for the bogus work on the vault to make it appear that a burglar had been in the building.

The motive might be established so strong as to show that a person might even desire to shed human blood to avoid detection. If Geen and Whalley, the employes of the firm who were connected with the work in the basement, where the alcohol was kept, had discovered that the spirits had been stolen and knew who the thief was, a motive would be supplied for that man desiring their destruction.

Invoicing the Stock.

A complete invoice of the stock has not yet been made, and other supplies may be short. This is rapidly being done now, and figures will be secured from the Montreal end of the firm to verify the figures here.

A month ago a drug firm within a block of the Evans place was the scene of an arrest for the theft of a considerable quantity of alcohol, and the man, a watchman, is now awaiting trial. There is nothing to indicate a connection between these events, but it is significant that Manager Spencer declares that he recalled that a robbery of this kind had recently occurred, and he had the alcohol supply examined, and thus secured the first evidence that the firm had been systematically robbed. It was March 31 that this consignment of alcohol was received at the Evans warehouse, so it is impossible to determine just exactly when the theft occurred, as the spirits were not examined until July 22.

Ragg to Testify.

Former Manager Ragg was in charge of the business of the firm until July 1, and he is still out of the city. He was in town Monday, and knew that he was expected to testify at the inquest last night, but the officers trying to summons him were informed yesterday that he had gone to Buffalo. The jury adjourned until Aug. 5, with the understanding that Ragg would be present and testify at that time. His testimony is regarded as exceedingly important.

All the questions of the Crown Attorney were directed toward ascertaining the personal relations of the employes with the firm, and just how it would be possible for stock to be taken in a surreptitious manner from the building. It developed that there was no absolute check, and that it was largely a matter of the honesty of the employes.

As an evidence of just how careful and thoro the detectives are in con-

Continued on Page 2.

ACTION AGAINST DIRECTORS.

Claim Made That They Dissipated Assets of the Company.

Montreal, July 29.—The Western Loan and Trust Company and the National Trust Company, Limited, as liquidators of the same, under the authorization of Hon. Judge Doherty, have taken action thru Foster, Martin, Archibald and Mann, for $250,000, and against the old directors of the company, Messrs. W. H. Comstock, Brockville; Robt. Knight Woodstock, the heirs and representatives of the late Hon. A. W. Ogilvie, William Strachan, R. Prefontaine, M.P., and J. N. Greenshields, K.C. The plaintiffs in their declaration allege that during the time defendants acted as directors the assets of the company were dissipated illegally and unwise investments made, and that the ruin of the company and its final liquidation was the result of the failure of the directors to exercise a proper supervision over the management of the company.

The directors, on the other hand, are contesting the action, claiming that they are not responsible, inasmuch as having employed reputable auditors they were entitled to accept the certificates of such auditors as to the condition of the company, and were not obliged to constitute themselves auditors of the concern and go thru in detail all the affairs of the company. The litigation is bound to be of interest.

PRAISE FOR THE CANADIANS

Viscount Kitchener Mentions Several Officers in His Last Despatch on Boer War.

COLONEL GIROUARD'S SERVICES.

"An Officer of Brilliant Ability," He Says of This Distinguished Son of Canada.

London, July 29.—Many pages of The Gazette to-day are filled with Lord Kitchener's final despatch on the Boer war, and his mention of the officers and men who distinguished themselves while he was in command in South Africa. The same issue announces the general's new title as "Viscount Kitchener of Khartoum, and of the Vaal, and of Aspall, in County Suffolk."

In his last despatch, Lord Kitchener said of Lord Milner, the British High Commissioner:

"In many difficult situations it was always the greatest relief to me to feel that I could always rely on his unfailing sympathy and ungrudging assistance."

Referring to the deep obligation of the army to the colonies the writer said no request of his had ever been refused by the colonial governments, and their consideration and generosity only equalled the character and quality of the troops they sent to South Africa or raised in that country. Lieutenant-Colonel Girouard, a Canadian officer, is warmly praised, Lord Kitchener saying that he is an "officer of brilliant ability and I wish him all success in his new capacity as head of a great civil department."

Almost all the leading generals were commended, including the writer's brother, General Fred Kitchener, who was described as an exceptionally keen and energetic officer. General Lord Methuen, Lord Kitchener said, had done more than most officers toward maintaining the high standard of personal courage, modesty and humanity which characterized the British army. "I share his own deep regret," said the despatch, "that his wounds prevented him from remaining in the field until the conclusion of peace." The following Canadians also are mentioned: Lieutenant-Colonel Evans, Major Ross, Captains Calaghan, McMillan and Williams, Lieutenants Ryan and Church, Sergeants Doherty, Bliss, Stallwood and Saunders, and Private Chesworth.

McARTHUR GOES FOR TRIAL.

London, July 29.—John McArthur was this morning committed for trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction, upon the charge of having murdered Gus Ninham, the Oneida Indian, who came to his death near the hotel at Woodbank about midnight of Saturday, June 21.

McArthur will be placed on trial at the fall assizes, which commence on Monday, Sept. 15, and at which Mr. Justice Lount is to preside.

KICK IN LONDON POLICE CIRCLES

London July 29.—There is a certain police sergeant whom members of the force do not like as the chief has received numerous complaints regarding his treatment of the men under him. P.C. Robertson, a new member of the force, has resigned, because he would rather leave than obey the sergeant in question. The matter will be investigated.

Empress Hotel, 335, 337, 339 Yonge-st. Modern first-class up-town Hotel—$1.50 and $2. Cars from all boats and trains.

TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

Montreal, July 29.—Thomas D. Horget, 32 years of age, of 44 Robin-street, made a murderous attempt on his wife's life by shooting her with a revolver at her home, shortly before 4 a.m. to-day. The woman now lies in the Notre-Dame Hospital in a critical condition.

Shed Gutted By Fire.

A shed in the rear of 150 Simcoe-street, occupied by Mrs. C. Collins, was gutted by fire at 1.30 o'clock this morning. The loss on the contents is estimated at $10, and the building $20. The building is owned by the Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Co. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The best ice creams at City Dairy Parors, Orchestra to-night at main building, Spadina Crescent. Belt Line cars.

DEATHS.

TYLER—At the Heydon House, Toronto Junction, July 29th, 1902. Eliza Tyler, in her 52nd year.

Funeral Thursday, at 2 o'clock, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

EIGHTEEN KNOTS THE LIMIT

Anything Faster Than That Would Be Beyond Requirements of the Country,

THINKS THE HON. A. G. BLAIR

Minister Leaving for England to Consult With Confreres on the Fast Line.

Montreal, July 29.—"I cannot answer as a minister of the crown, but I do not object to expressing my personal opinion, which has always been favorable to a fairly fast line of steamers between Canada and Great Britain, and by this I mean a service of about 18 knots an hour. Anything better than this would be beyond the requirements of the country, which would not justify the excessive cost, and I think it would also be good policy to make Sydney a port of call both outward and inward."

The above statement was made today by Hon. A. G. Blair, who arrived here to-day from St. John, N.B., having completed his tour of inspection over the Canadian government railway system.

The Minister of Railways and Canals, after stating that he would leave Ottawa on Thursday for England, was asked if his comparatively sudden decision to cross the Atlantic had anything to do with the discussion proceeding between his colleagues in London and the Imperial authorities. Altho Mr. Blair did not say so directly, his reply seemed to intimate that he had been called to London for the purpose of aiding Sir Wilfrid and the other cabinet ministers on the other side in reaching a decision in the fast line matter.

RETURNS AFTER 18 YEARS.

Girl Kidnapped at Four Years of Age Rejoins Her Family.

St. Catharines, July 29.—The Star says: The older residents of St. Catharines will remember one Thomas Allan, who kept the Globe Hotel at Bridgeburg some 17 or 18 years ago. In the family was a winsome little girl, Maud, about 5 years old. The family moved to Chicago about the time mentioned above, and little Maud was shortly after kidnapped. No trace of the child could be got, altho every effort was made at the time, and she was given up for dead long ago. But the domantic part of the affair took place a few days ago, when Maud turned up in Chicago a full-grown young lady, 22 years of age, highly educated, wealthy and handsome. She had been kidnapped by some man probably who knew the family, taken to South America, and there educated, made rich, and returned to her family by the kidnapper, who, so far as can be learned, is still unknown.

19TH BAND COMING.

Music-lovers of Toronto will be given a treat next Sunday afternoon and evening by the 19th Band of St. Catharines, who have arranged to play at the Island. This band is one of the most efficient musical organizations in Canada. Wm. Peel, the well-known master of the band, has exerted unusual efforts to even improve the high standard of the band, and in this he has met with marked success. On Monday, Aug. 4, the band will proceed to Cobourg to compete for the $300 prize for first-class bands, and their hosts of friends wish them every success in the competition.

CHANGES ON THE M.C.R.

St. Thomas, July 29.—E. E. Torrey, superintendent of the M.C.R. Telegraph, sent in his resignation some time ago, and it has been accepted, and the announcement made that on Aug. 15, E. H. Millington of this city will succeed him in that position.

Muir B. Snow of Detroit will succeed F. P. McDonald as division superintendent of the middle division of the Michigan Central. P. H. Hahn, freight agent at Jackson, has also sent in his resignation, and it has been accepted. He will be followed in the position by Henry Shearer, now a clerk to the assistant freight agent at Jackson.

RAINFALL OVER SIX INCHES.

Ithaca, N. Y., July 29.—Director A. G. Allen of the Cornell branch of the United States Weather Bureau, announces the rainfall here thus far in the present month has reached the remarkable figure of 6.07 inches, an increase of 60 per cent. over the average for June, which was 3.76.

No Fake Sale.

August is the big outing month and this year it promises to drive us all towards the breezes, because "Old Sol" is going to get in some special work. As to the matter of outing hats, there's a particularly good chance at Dineen's, because they're putting a big addition to their establishment, and positively must make room for the workmen by clearing out their summer stock. Every outing hat, canoeing, wheeling, golfing, tennis, cricket, boating and even all straw sailors, Alpines and Panamas, will be sacrificed at a big reduction. Remember, this is no fake sale, but one made necessary by alterations. See the window displays.

FINE AND DECIDEDLY WARM.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 29.—(8 p.m.)—The weather has been fine to-day thruout Canada, except that a few scattered showers have occurred in the Territories and Manitoba. Temperatures of over 100 are reported in Dakota and decidedly warm conditions are indicated for Ontario.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—68; Kamloops, 54—78; Calgary, 38—66; Qu'Appelle, 52—76; Winnipeg, 56—82; Port Arthur, 58—72; Parry Sound, 54—80; Toronto, 62—81; Montreal, 62—80; Quebec, 58—80; Halifax, 60—80.

Probabilities.

Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate winds; fine and decidedly warm.

Ottawa, St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Light to moderate variable winds; fine and quite warm.

Lake Superior—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly southeast to southwest; mostly fair and quite warm, but local thunderstorms.

Manitoba—Fine and warm.

Six o'clock dinner at New Carlton. ed

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

July 29.	At	From.
Koenigin Luise	New York	Bremen
Vaderland	Southampton	New York
Roma	Marseilles	New York
Barbarossa	Bremen	New York
Rotterdam	Boulogne	New York
Oceanic	Queenstown	New York
Noordland	Queenstown	Philadelphia