

The following statement contains an analysis of the exports, the produce of Canada, which were given in bulk in the preceding table. It will enable us to study more in detail the general classes of our domestic exports, excluding only coin and bullion, and some few miscellaneous goods amounting to only a few thousand dollars.

Statement Showing Total Exports, the Produce of Canada, Classifying Separately the Products of Mines, Fisheries, Agriculture, and Manufactures. This Statement Covers Twelve Years, viz: 1891-1902, Comparing Two Periods of Six Years Each.

Year.	Mines.	Fisheries.	Forests.	Agriculture.	Manufactures.
1891 ...	\$ 5,782,424	\$ 9,711,101	\$ 24,282,015	\$ 39,634,599	\$ 6,296,249
1892	5,905,628	9,675,398	\$ 22,281,744	50,708,134	7,040,988
1893	5,328,835	8,742,050	26,359,910	53,785,998	7,693,959
1894	5,799,337	11,102,692	26,355,448	49,559,622	7,692,755
1895	6,981,550	10,692,247	23,891,166	50,106,898	7,768,875
1896	8,056,047	11,077,765	27,175,686	50,591,002	9,365,384
'91-'96 ..	\$ 37,853,821	\$ 61,006,553	\$ 150,345,969	\$ 294,386,253	\$ 45,858,210
1897	11,297,593	10,314,323	31,238,729	57,227,898	9,522,014
1898	14,460,056	10,841,661	26,511,539	77,364,755	10,678,316
1899	13,363,442	9,909,662	28,021,529	69,696,045	11,706,707
1900	24,575,155	11,169,083	29,663,668	83,665,416	14,224,287
1901	40,355,050	10,720,352	30,009,857	80,276,797	16,012,208
1902	34,947,574	14,143,294	32,119,429	96,313,897	18,462,970
'97-'02 ..	\$ 139,000,870	\$ 67,098,375	\$ 177,584,751	\$ 164,544,808	\$ 80,606,502
'91-'96 ..	37,853,821	61,006,553	150,345,969	294,386,253	45,858,210
Inc 97-02.	\$ 101,147,049	\$ 6,091,822	\$ 27,238,782	\$ 170,158,555	\$ 34,748,292

Calculating from this table the grand totals of these classified exports, we find the following amounts for each period.

1897 to 1902, under the Fielding Tariff	 \$928,835,306
1891 to 1896, under the Foster Tariff	 589,450,806

Showing increase for Liberal Period \$339,384,500

Or 57 1-2 per cent. It may be noted that Agricultural exports form one half of this total increase. So it is well seen that the basis of Canadian prosperity is the work of her farmer applied to her fertile soil.

The percentages of increase shown by each are the following :

Agriculture	57.80 per cent.
Manufactures	75.77 per cent.
Mines	267.20 per cent.
Fisheries	9.98 per cent.
Forests	18.12 per cent.