but the Peers of this Realm, the only Medium I know of between King and People. If I might be permitted to speak my Mind on this Point, I should think the Power of the Lords very little to be suspected at this Juncture, nor can I readily persuade myself that I am singular in this Opinion.

Page the fourth we are told, that "whoever dares to affert, that an Englishman has no Right " to oppose the exorbitant l'ower of a Prince " upon the Throne is an Advocate for Passive " Obedience, and an Enemy to the Revolution." I grant that an Englishman, under certain Restrictions may have fuch a Right: But then he is not like another Matthias, (vid. Selden, de Zelotis) to rush upon him, and slay him at the Altar. Zeal of this Nature I imagine would not be accounted to him for Righteoufness in any Court of Europe at this Day. If a Monarch is to be opposed, it ought to be done with the Sanction and Authority of those Laws which he himself has subscribed; and even then with all the Respect and Deference due to his super-eminent Dignity. For as to all other Oppositions, it is obvious to Persons of common Differnment, that they are only the natural Effects of a difaffected Heart, or a difappointed Ambition. But, instead of allowing this Concession, I might ask you, to what Intent is it that you inform the People of this Nation, thet " an Englishman has a Right to oppose the exerbitant Power of a Prince upon the Throne?" Would you cast any such Resection on his present Majesty? The Word exorbitant implies, that the King has acted ex orbe, out of his Sphere. you will make use of Words that have a Meaning, why don't you produce Facts to corroborate, or confirm, what you feem fo defirous of maintaining? Can you charge his Majesty with having made any