called the best thing written on the subject. The operations of the Bank of International Settlements

were described by Shepard Morgan.

Foreign Affairs has made like contributions toward a better understanding of other fundamental problems of our foreign policy. Leaders holding as different views as Colonel E. M. House, Senator Lodge, Ogden L. Mills, Henry L. Stimson, Norman H. Davis, George W. Wickersham, Senator Capper and Franklin D. Roosevelt have all been given a hearing.

Foreign Affairs gives constant attention to matters of concern to American business men. Wide interest has been shown in its authoritative surveys of key commodities which are likely causes of international dispute—iron and steel, coal, copper, gold, silver, oil,

rubber, cotton, sugar and wheat.

The great depression, to the lessons of which no one has been able to remain indifferent, has led several writers to present constructive views. Dr. Edwin F. Gay explained the broad bearings of the crisis and possible steps to recovery, Dr. John H. Williams wrote of the part played by gold, Herbert Elliston described the silver problem, Percy W. Bidwell wrote of the bearing of tariffs, and Gustav Stolper

took up the balance of payments.

"Who Buys Foreign Bonds?" written by Dwight W. Morrow just before he became Ambassador to Mexico, was reprinted all over the country and is still frequently quoted. The organization and operation of international cartels have been described by Julius Klein and Leo Domeratzky. Henry M. Robinson, of the Dawes Commission, foresaw many later troubles in his 1926 article "Are American Loans Abroad Safe?" George O. May took up the thorny subject of double taxation. F. W. Taussig discussed