

11.28)  
11.29) - Spares  
11.30)

Responsibility  
of Consuls

11.31 There is a heavy onus of responsibility upon the Consul in the administration of relief. He must decide whether the application is bona fide, how much may be advanced as an emergency measure, how much may be advanced for the return journey to Canada, whether it is necessary to purchase tickets and ensure that the person has actually left the country, etc. He must further impress upon each recipient of an advance that this is a loan which must be repaid and is not an act of government bounty.

Purpose of  
Advances

11.32 a. The main purpose of making an advance is to enable the applicant to return to Canada. Loans should not be made to anyone who refuses an actual offer of repatriation, provided he is physically able to undertake the journey.

b. As a rule the applicant should be required to obtain some temporary local employment, in order to provide for his immediate subsistence, unless this is not permitted by local labour legislation or the applicant is physically unable to work.

c. In making advances the principle to be followed is that advances should be made in kind and not in specie. However, the form in Annex A must be completed by the applicant even though a receipt from the supplier of the goods or services is also held.