

THE CHRISTIAN SENTINEL.

THREE RIVERS, FRIDAY 10th SEPTEMBER, 1830.

We this week present our readers with the Speech of our new Sovereign at the prorogation of the Imperial Parliament. We have no doubt but that it will be read with interest, both as coming from a Prince on his elevation to the throne of his fathers, and as being in itself an interesting document. Its language is mild and conciliatory, and expressive of that care for the prosperity of his subjects which ought to influence the conduct of all in high stations of authority.

We beg leave to call the attention of our brethren of the Clergy of this diocese to the CIRCULAR of the Lord Bishop, inserted in our columns of this second number of the Christian Sentinel. The sooner they lend us their co-operation, and furnish us with the names of Subscribers, the sooner we shall be enabled to arrange our books and go on with our work in a systematic manner.

To Correspondents.—We tender our thanks to the Rev. Mr. Bethune of Cobourg; Should each of the clergy in the Diocese do as much as he has done, we should soon have above a thousand Subscribers.

Summary of News.—Algiers has fallen into the hands of the French. It is to be hoped that this important event will be followed by the total abolition of the barbarous system of piracy (and consequent slavery) which has been so long practiced by the States of Barbary. It is said that the French Government has received positive information that the treasures found in Algiers would pay the expense of the expedition.

Accounts have arrived, via New York, that a complete revolution has been effected in France, by which the power of Charles X. is entirely destroyed. Paris is in the quiet possession of the insurgents. Old General Lafayette acts as Commander in Chief; and the Duke of Orleans is to be King; though many of the people cry out for Napoleon II. A new Administration was regularly organized, and the people appeared disposed to respect its authority.

Matthew Lord Aylmer, an Irish baron, who served in the Peninsular war, and obtained a high command under Lord Wellington, is announced as appointed to succeed His Excellency Sir James Kempt in the Governor Generalship of British America.

A project is on foot for establishing a Bank at Brockville, U. C., with a capital of £100,000, in shares of £12 10s. each; to go into operation as soon as £10,000 should be subscribed. The project is said to have originated in an unsuccessful application to the Bank at York for a Branch Bank at Brockville.

To Editors.—We respectfully request the Editors of those periodicals to whom we have sent the *Sentinel*, to send us their journals in exchange.

CIRCULAR FROM THE LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC TO HIS CLERGY.

Kingston, Aug. 27th.

REV. SIR,

You will have seen by a Prospectus lately sent from Three Rivers, that it is intended to revive the *Christian Sentinel* in the form of a Weekly Paper, the first number to appear on the fourth of September.

So long a period, however, has elapsed since the late periodical under that title was published, that some of the original Subscribers have withdrawn their names; and it is uncertain what number of those whose names are on the former list may be disposed to continue their Subscriptions. Being anxious for the future success of this Paper (in which, I trust you also are interested) and wishing to prevent any further interruption—may I request that you would, with as little delay as possible, furnish the Editor at Three Rivers, the Rev. A. B. Burwell, with a list of the original Subscribers who

still intend to support the *Sentinel*, and also endeavour to procure as many as you can in addition. The *Sentinel* being designed to support the cause of truth, and promote the good of the Church, I recommend it to your zealous attention, and trust that you will not be wanting in your efforts to ensure its success and extend its circulation.

I remain,

Your affectionate Brother,

C. J. QUINCE.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON JULY 25—At an early hour every avenue near the House of Lords, was crowded—Parliament Street was filled with a dense mass. The King passed a few minutes before two o'clock and was hailed with great acclamation. There was full attendance of both House. Great numbers of Peers were present, and below the bar was crowded to suffocation. The King having been conducted to the Throne, delivered the following gracious

SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"On this first occasion of meeting you, I am desirous of repeating to you in person, my cordial thanks for those assurances of sincere sympathy and affectionate attachment which you conveyed to me on the demise of my lamented brother, and on my accession to the throne of my ancestors.

"I ascend that throne with a deep sense of the sacred duties which devolve upon me, with a firm reliance upon the affection of my faithful subjects, and on the support and co-operation of Parliament; and with an humble and earnest prayer to Almighty God that he will prosper my anxious endeavours to promote the happiness of a free and loyal people.

"It is with the utmost satisfaction that I find myself enabled to congratulate you upon the general tranquillity of Europe. This tranquillity it will be the object of my constant endeavours to preserve, and the assurances which I receive from my Allies and from all Foreign Powers, are dictated in a similar spirit.

"I trust that the good understanding which prevails upon subjects of common interest, and the deep concern which every state must have in maintaining the peace of the world, will insure the satisfactory settlement of those matters which still remain to be finally arranged.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

"I thank you for the supplies which you have granted, and for the provision which you have made for the several branches of the public service during that part of the present year which must elapse before a new Parliament can be assembled.

"I cordially congratulate you on the diminution which has taken place in the expenditure of the country, on the reduction of the charge of the public debt, and on the relief which you have afforded to my people by the repeal of some of those taxes which have heretofore pressed heavily upon them.

"You may rely upon my prudent and economical administration of the supplies which you placed at my disposal, and upon my readiness to concur in every diminution of the public charges which can be effected consistently with the dignity of the Crown, the maintenance of national faith, and the permanent interests of the country.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"I cannot put an end to this Session, and take my leave of the present Parliament, without expressing my cordial thanks for the zeal which you have manifested on so many occasions for the welfare of my people.

"You have wisely availed yourself of the happy opportunity of general peace and internal repose, calmly to review many of the laws and judicial establishments of the country; and you have applied such cautions and well considered reforms as are consistent with the spirit of our venerable institutions, and are calculated to facilitate and expedite the administration of justice.

"You have removed the civil disqualifications which affected numerous and important classes of my people.