was found no sensibility of the dentine. I filled the cavity solidly with tin foil, using mallet force. It was a success, and would be under similar circumstances. My next card in the papers, said: "Teeth with exposed nerves saved alive." For two years more nothing was wrong; but at last she came, with a frightfully swelled face, which had tortured her for thirty hours. The tooth was removed and split open, and every indication was present that the nerve had been dead a long time—perhap ever since the oxychloride was applied. I think so now. It was her catamenial period.—Dental Register.

LANCASTER, O.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

TORONTO, February 10th, 1870.

To the Editors of the "Canada Journal of Dental Science."

Dear Sirs:—It affords me much pleasure to acknowledge through the medium of your well conducted and welcome Journal, the receipt of a fine large and valuable collection of specimens, presented to the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, by G. V. N. Relyea, L. D. S., of Belleville. Also some specimens from H. T. Wood, L. D. S., of Picton; and specimens of necrosed bone containing crowns of unmatured permanent teeth, resulting from a disease of the antrum, (a case of much interest, and I should be pleased to see it given in detail to the readers of the Journal,) by Chas. P. Lennox, L. D. S., Chatham.

And here allow me in behalf of the College and its interests, to express my feelings of thankfulness for the valuable specimens received. Also for the congratulatory encouragement, from the first announcement of its opening, and which we are continually receiving from the interested public, no less than from the dental profession, the kind and heartily expressed wish of success in this noble enterprise. But it is not all sunshine, for with this as with every other good work, there are those who from personal interest predict a failure, and labor for its accomplishment. But here again, I am equally thankful for the assistance of so large a number of intelligent men whose professional services are interested in securing the welfare of this institution. And whose interests, for all must more or less contribute through their pupils to its future usefulness, in their