# CANADIAN and

# AGRICULTURAL REVIEW.

VOL. II.

TORONTO, DECEMBER 17, 1885.

No. 49.

## THE CANADIAN BREEDER

AND AGRICULTURAL REVIEW.

Weekly Paper, published in the Stock and Farming interests of Canada.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$2.00 per Annum.

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#### CANADIAN BREEDER,

COR. CHURCH AND FRONT STA., TORONTO.

S. BEATTY, MAKAGER.

TORONTO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17TH, 1885.

Advertisements of an objectionable or questionable aracter will not be received for insertion in this

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#### TUBMAN FOR SALE.

For the production of half-bred horses big sires are always popular, as however fallacious the conjecture may often prove, breeders always persist in looking for large produce from large sires. It often happens, however, that a small sire will produce large colts, and sometimes (though not so often) it happens that a large sire gets small colts. In the famous thoroughbred stallion Tubman (advertised for sale elsewhere) the buyer will find not only great size and substance, but a well proved ability to get large solid colored produce. Tubman should be a very useful horse wherever he may go, but if bred to

large, heavy mares he could hardly fail to produce carriage horses of rare quality, size and finish.

As a sire of race horses, Tubman should be very successful. In his day on the turf he was a thorough race horse at all distances up to four miles (having won the Bowie Stakes at Baltimore) and fashionably bred as he is (by War Dance out of Lass of Sidney, she by imported Knight of St. George) he should be popular either as a producer of thoroughbreds or half-breds.

#### HORSES FOR SALE.

In another column will be found an advertisement of the sale of the following horses: Midlothian, Direction, Kennesaw, Miss Archibald, and Wildwood. In this lot, though it is not a very large one, race-horse owners and breeders have a considerable variety from which to make their selections. First in the list comes imported Midlothian, an extremely handsome and well-turned English thoroughbred, descended of some of the most fashionable strains now represented on the English turf. Were it not for the alleged question as to his breeding it is very doubtful if Midlothian would have ever crossed the Atlantic, for with Lufra for his dam, had it been settled whether he was by Strathconan or Rataplan he must have been highly prized for stock purposes, but men who pay fancy prices for finely bred sires, want to be absolutely certain as to the blood lines they are following, so that while either sire was good enough the question as to which of the two was the sire must have been a powerful agency in lessening his price after he had closed a very successful career on the turf. But while Midlothian, with his double parentage, might not be quite the article for the patrician matrons of the English studs, there is no reason why he might not be successful as a sire of both thoroughbreds and half-breds in Canada, and it is to be hoped that he will not be permitted to go out of the country.

The rest of the animals offered are of less value to the breeder, though Miss Archibald should make an excellent brood mare, and as her produce could claim half-bred allowance they should be excentionally useful on the turf. She was a wonderfully game and clever cross country mare herself, and it

is not improbable that when coupled with a thoroughbred stallion she might produce race horses having all the speed, courage and endurance of animals that were strictly thoroughbred. She is. in foal to Scalper.

The closely inbred son of Disturbance and Nettie, Direction, is a very speedy sprinter, and being eligible for half-bred races should be especially valuable for a class of races that are every year becoming more and more popular.

Kennesaw, a great race horse in his day, is still a grand-looking gelding, and though it is not probable that he would stand training he should be a superb

Wildwood is a chestuat two-year-old gelding, fashionably bred, but as yet untried.

#### THE BEST BREED OF FOWL.

This oft-mooted question arises up as regularly as winter follows fall. To my mind every breed has its place, and it is useless and idle talk for any breeder to claim that any one variety is the breed par excellence for everybody. But still some men have the idea that they know all that is worth knowing, and as a general thing the statements they make are so manifestly partisan as to render them useless as an argument. I read in one of the poultry journals lately just such an article. In it the writer asserted it to be a fact that the Wyan. dotte is the only breed that is adapted to all countries, climates and conditions. Now, in my long experience as a poultry breeder, I have handled probably every variety that has ever gained any prominence in America. I have handled at least twenty-five breeds, and I have yet to find the first one that nature has not made a special place and position for it to fill. Nature never makes a mistake, and where a breed is deficient in one point it makes up for it somewhere else. Now let us look the breeds over and try and find one that has not got a place laid out for it somewhere. Let us commence with the Plymouth Rock, a breed that is probably bred pure about two to one of any other breed among the farmers of the United States and Canada. This breed is essentially, to my mind, a general utility fowl. It reaches an gyerage weight of four pounds in six to eight