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FIFTEENTH YEAR | TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 22 1894--SIX PAGES | ONE CENT.

MOWAT'S DEATH KNELL!

Sounded in London Last Night by Mr. Meredith.

AN HONEST CLEAR-CUT POLICY

Enunciated by the Leader of the Ontario Conservatives.

SEPARATION OF CHURCH AND STATE

Energy, Economy, Efficiency and Equal Rights.

Energy in the Advancement of Ontario's Iron Mining and Smelting Industries—Economy in Public Expenditure by Abolition of Government House, Institution of Biennial Sessions and Lopping off Useless Officials—Economy of Ontario's Timber Resources—Efficiency in Every Department of the Public Service—Equal Rights in That All State-Aided Schools Should Be Controlled by the State, Should Use One Set of Text-Books and Be Subject to the Same Regulations—Municipal Control of Liquor Licenses—A Straight Stand on Prohibition—Every Plank an Honest One That Will Be Endorsed Emphatically on June 26.

LONDON, Ont., May 21.—The Meredith meeting here to-night had one very significant import, viz., that the speech of the leader of the Opposition reflected in a most accurate manner the very pronounced feeling of antagonism toward the Mowat Administration which animates the bulk of the electors west of Peterboro and clear up to Detroit River and Lake Huron. How strong that feeling is one has only to move along the western portion of the province, to talk to the people and to read the proceedings of the Patrons' meetings and to realize as best one can the activity and influence of the P.P.A. movement, which is much more powerful than some politicians pretend to imagine. This feeling in the minds of the people of Western Ontario, roused in whatever way it may have been, fanned by whatever appeals it may have been, is intensely Protestant. Not that it denies anything that the Catholic electors of Ontario have a right to, but it is strong—almost aggressive—in maintaining:

1. Equal rights to all—privileges to none.
2. The entire separation of church and state.
3. The amplest concession to the Catholic electorate of such rights in regard to Separate schools as they enjoyed when the British North America Act was passed. Not an abridgment of these rights in a single instance, but an equally pronounced declaration of not the slightest extension of these rights in any single direction.

That is what Mr. Meredith set out to vindicate. He frankly conceded to the Catholic population the right to have their schools, but he maintained that it was still within the right of the people of Ontario to discuss the merits of Separate schools, to insist that as they were state-aided schools, supported by public money, they were under the government and regulation of the State, subject to state supervision, that their supporters were entitled to use the ballot in selecting their trustees, that their teachers should possess the qualifications defined by the state necessary for public school teachers receiving public money; that the text books used in the schools should receive public approval, and that, while Catholic electors were not denied a single right they honored, the state, as guardian of the education of the people, was free and bound to see that the education imparted to children of the province, whether in Public or in Separate schools, was of an efficient character and that, in a word, that as the state was responsible for such education and provided the means for such education, it was the duty of the state to supervise and regulate it. Mr. Meredith held to all these points strongly and he insisted, with much show of reason, that Sir Oliver Mowat had either denies them or had trifled with them.

Unbounded Enthusiasm.

The first thing that deserves mention in regard to to-night's meetion is the enthusiasm that prevailed. The people here are full up to the reach in their admiration of the Conservative leader. Shortly after 7 o'clock the neighborhood of the Grand Opera House was crowded with people anxious to secure a good seat. When the doors were finally opened at 7.30 the theatre rapidly filled, and it was not long before all the seats were occupied. The aisles, too, were soon crowded, and among those who had to stand were many ladies who could not be provided with seats so great was the crush. Never was a meeting more unanimous in its support of the speaker in whose honor it was called. There was no unfavorable interruptions, no cat calling. The meeting was unanimity itself.

A Presage of Victory.

The Conservative campaign opened under favorable auspices in the city of London tonight. If the wave of enthusiasm that began to roll here to-night keeps up its motion throughout the province there can be little doubt which way the victory will go on June 26.

Mr. Meredith was not in as good voice as he generallly is. He had some kind of a frog in his throat. But he was intensely in earnest and he spoke with the fire of the earnest man. His reference to his 22 years in politics and his 15 years of leadership of the struggle that he had in that time carried on, that he was not perhaps as active as he was in earlier days, and that his hair had begun to whiten, but that those who knew him from his boyhood and his early manhood would give him credit for his integrity of purpose, brought him round after round of applause and approval.

300 On the Platform.

Precisely at 8 o'clock the curtain went up and exposed to public view such an array of celebrities and staunch supporters as is rarely seen at any meeting. There must have between two and three hundred on the stage from which all the scenery had been removed. Among this solid phalanx were noticeable a number of Meredith candidates from neighboring constituencies. Major Beattie, president of the Liberal-Conservative Association, took the chair and at once introduced the speaker of the evening. The Sons of England Band occupied the front row of seats in the orchestra chairs, and during the evening enlivened the proceedings with lively airs.

Mr. Meredith, was received with loud and continuous cheering, accompanied with the waving of flags and handkerchiefs.

The enthusiasm having subsided the speaker began his address. He thanked the audience for the very kind reception extended him. The best answer to the charge that he was a stranger to London was the great audience that was present to welcome him to-night.

Mr. Meredith then dived into the subject of his address, which he stated would be an arraigement of the Liberal Government.

Mowat's Mythical Surplus.

This Government had now been in power continuously for 22 years. It succeeded the Government of Sandfield Macdonald, who laid the foundation of the good and economical system of administration. He left behind him a surplus of upwards of $3,000,000, and in addition to that lage sum he left the Crown lands and a large amount of money coming from Cromn lands sold previous to Confederation. What is the position of the treasury to-day? Every dollar of that $3,000,000 has been swept away. Millions of dollars of the timber wealth of the country have been swept away. And, having spent all these moneys, the Province of Ontario has, according to the showing of the Treasurer himself, a liability of upwards of $2,250,000 in the shape of terminable annuities and railway charges.

The Ruinous Timber Policy.

The largest asset of the province is its Crown timber limits. When the Liberals came into power the province possessed the finest timber preserves in the whole world, civilized or uncivilized. We have not had to resort to direct taxation in Ontario yet, but it the Government continued its present timber policy we soon would have to do so. I arraign the Government of Ontario, said Mr. Meredith, because of its recklessness in dealing with the Crown lands.

A Policy of Waste and Desolation.

In Germany and other countries the greatest care is taken to keep up the supply of timber by replanting and preventing the slashing of young timber. In Ontario no precautionary measures have been taken for keeping up the value of our preserves. The Government has pursued a suicidal policy, it has played havoc with our valuable possessions. Its policy has been one of waste and desolation. The Government is assailable also because it parted with our timber limits without obtaining the sanction of the representatives of the people.

Profits of Timber Sales Not for the People.

Mr. Meredith then detailed two instances to show the recklessness of the Government in dealing with the Crown limits. In 1872, when Mr. Blake was Premier, one limit of 22 square miles was sold for $22,080. In the year 1893, after a large quantity of timber had been taken off, this same limit was resold for $550,000. Another limit that sold for $3060 in 1872 changed hands in 1887 for $90,000, or 30 times the amount of the first sale. These limits were sold originally to speculators, who held them and subsequently sold them out at these enormous advances. Instead of going to the people the big profits went into the pockets of the speculators. These two instance afforded a fair idea of the recklessness which characterized the Government management of our heritage.

Abolition of Government House.

In 1872 the total expenditure was $1,800,000. The expenditure has increased under the Liberal regime till it amounts to about $4,000,000 at the present time. In order to reduce this enormous and unnecessary expenditure the Opposition proposed certain reforms during the past session. One reform suggested was the abolition of Government House, with its little mimic court. The Government, however, refused to accept the proposal, on the ground that some such office was necessary to entertain distinguished strangers. The whole Dominion, as well as the province, was over-governed. The resources of the country were taxed to the utmost to support all the legislative bodies, governors and lieutenant-governors, that existed in the country.

Biennial Sessions Would Save $70,000 a Year.

Another proposal that the Opposition made to reduce the expenses of legislation was the substitution of bi-ennial for annual sessions. This reform would effect a saving of $70,000 a year. In the session of 1893 there were no less than 79 sessional clerks employed to prepare returns for 91 members. [Hear, hear.] Sir Oliver Mowat objected to these retrenchments.

Ontario's Iron Industry Undeveloped.

The speaker then referred to the Government's mining policy, and made mention of the iron industry especially, for the development of which the Premier had done practically nothing. There was not a single iron mine in Ontario in operation, and we didn't smelt a ton of iron from ore produced in Ontario.

A remark from some one in the audience brought from Mr. Meredith a flash of eloquence on Canadian patriotism.

Said he: If free trade in iron can only be obtained by the sacrifice of our national and commercial independence we will never obtain it. [Hear, hear and applause.] I say the man would be a craven who, for any trade advantage, would barter away the national life. [Applause.] First of all a man's duty is to his God, then to his wife and next to the country that gave him birth. [Applause.]

Trafficking in Licenses.

Mr. Meredith then took up the license system and accused the Liberal Government of taking advantage of one of the holiest sentiments of the people for the purpose of using the liquor traffic in the interests of their political party. It is well known that the hotelkeepers of Toronto are called upon to furnish the sinews of war for election purposes. (A voice, "And here too.") [Applause.] The present system of dealing with liquor licenses is radically wrong, the Government controls the issue of licenses. It appoints the license commissioners and in this way exercises a direct control of all who are engaged in the business. The system was rotten to the core in that it compelled men to vote, not according to the dictates of their consciences, but according to the wishes of those who controlled their business. [Hear, hear.]

Municipalities Should Control the Licenses.

The Opposition is opposed to the Government holding the license system in their hands. Our theory is to let the cities and towns appoint their own commissioners, who shall determine the number of licenses and those who shall have these licenses. In the rural districts the licenses should be issued by commissioners appointed by the county councils. The traffic should be entirely separate from Government control.

A Straightforward Stand on Prohibition

In regard to the prohibition movement the speaker deemed it his duty to bow to the mandate of the people of the province. Whether prohibition can be enforced or not, and some say it cannot be enforced, my position is that the will of the people of this province must be respected and enforced. If it is found that the Local Legislature has jurisdiction to pass a prohibitory law then it will be the duty of the Government in power to bring in a bill for the purpose of carrying into effect a prohibitory law if the people desire such law.

A Secret Ballot Advocated.

Adverting to the next branch of his subject Mr. Meredith enquired why the people were denied a secret ballot the same as was

(Continued on Third Page.)

HILL WILL OPPOSE ST. JOHN.

WEST YORK LIBERALS CHOOSE A CANDIDATE.

Dr. Gilmour, M.L.A., in a Short Address Explains That He Steps Out Because He Wants to Oppose Clarke Wallace for the Commons—Reeve Hill Secures the Nomination Unanimously.

The Liberals of West York met in convention yesterday at the town hall, Weston, for the purpose of nominating a candidate in opposition to J. W. St. John for the Local Legislature.

Notwithstanding the unpropitious state of the weather about 200 of the 250 delegates elected from the different municipalities put in an appearance. The nature of the elements did not dampen the ardor and enthusiasm of the delegates, and the consequence was that the meeting was a very enthusiastic one. These delegates were present:

The Delegates.

Toronto Junction—James A. Fisher, Dr. W. H. Harris, A. B. Rice, George Gurd, John Linton, William Pears, W. E. Raney, W. J. Robson, W. J. Barclay, J. C. Horner, R. Leslie, P. Connell, George H. Large, J. T. Jackson, William Wyllie, A. B. Wilson, J. A. Tovell, A. J. Anderson, W. H. Harris, George Webb, P. Ellis, George Selwood, George McFarlane, John Mooney, Henry Buschart, John F. Hass, Thomas Kingsley, Harry Harwood, A. Smith, W. J. Abernethy, W. Ford, S. T. Barnes, Alexander Hay, William McCulcheon, F. P. Gassion, Alexander Heydon, W. J. Sinclair, E. Mulholland, William McFarlane, R. H. Shaw, M. Mahoney, Thomas Wright, J. Patterson, Alfred Ward, J. F. Holden, Thomas Gillies, Thomas Sheppard, J. C. Smith, Joseph Smith and H. T. Law.

York Township—George Piggott, J. M. Pearen, Dr. Cotton, John Paxton, James Farr, J. T. Watson, Archibald Gilchrist, R. A. Dixon, Dr. Page, John White, C. H. Shaver, F. McFarlane, Joseph E. Atkinson, Alexander Watson, George Irwin, H. H. Gibson, W. A. Wallace, W. A. Duncan, Jacob Stong, Thomas Hadwin, Jesse Wardlaw, James Lawson, Joseph Brown, Charles Kane.

Etobicoke—Alexander Reid, R. L. Crawford, George Garbutt, E. C. Pearson, John Gardhouse, Thomas McLellan, James H. Smith, P. B. Shaver, S. W. Bigham, George Ager, A. H. Robinson, D. L. Streight, H. Fitzgerald, Thomas Jackson, George Gormally, Edward Stock, H. C. Houghton and Joseph Orr.

North Toronto—J. S. Stibbard, George Ward, Alexander Dixon, J. J. Farewell, Chas. Bonnick, W. T. Cooch, W. F. Doherty, William Jackes, John R. Millar.

Weston—William Ellerby, H. Wardlaw, Stewart Grafton, H. Pearson, Andrew Kanke.

Woodbridge — Charles Hollingshead, J. M. Stong, William Brown, Peter Curry, D. Norton, William Stewart.

Vaughan—P. Devins, John McDonough, H. Creighton, Frank Smith, William Watson, jr., S. J. Arnold, George Cook, F. J. Bunt, T. Rumble, Isaac Devins, W. R. McCutcheon.

Ex-Warden of York Andrew Russell, Vice-President of the association, was appointed chairman, in the absence of the president, W. A. Parsons.

Dr. Gilmour Retires.

Dr. Gilmour explained the nature of the meeting, stating that he was not a candidate, and asked whether it was the wish of the meeting to proceed at once to nominate a candidate or postpone the convention to an earlier date.

The meeting was plainly in favor of placing a candidate in the field at once, and the chairman then proceeded to call for nominations, which resulted as follows:

Many Were Called.

W. J. Hill, proposed by ex-Warden of York Andrew Russell and George Selwood, Toronto Junction.

Dr. J. T. Gilmour, M.L.A., by H. E. Irwin, barrister, Weston, and George W. High, Reeve of Vaughan.

Dr. P. D. McLean, Woodbridge, by ex-Mayor Pears and J. Cruickshank, Weston.

Andrew Russell, ex-Warden of York, by John Baskey, J.P., and J. R. Millar.

H. E. Irwin, Weston, by H. T. Law and Dr. Gilmour.

Dr. W. H. Harris, Toronto Junction, by M. Mahoney and Andrew Kaake.

William Pears, Toronto Junction, by A. B. Rice and John Linton.

W. A. Parsons, York, by E. Pearson and Joseph Smith.

J. R. Millar, North Toronto, by W. E. Raney and William Jackes, J.P.

Dr. Cotton, Lambton Mills, by A. Gilchrist and James Farr.

W. E. Raney, Toronto Junction, by R. L. Crawford and H. Creighton.

A. B. Rice, Toronto Junction, by Dr. Irwin and R. Somerville.

A. J. Anderson, Toronto Junction, by P. Ellis, P.M., and J. C. Horner.

Frank Denton, Toronto, by Noah Stong and J. Pearen.

James Cruickshank, Weston, by A. B. Rice and H. Wardlaw.

George Gormally, Mimico, by Dr. McLean and Dr. Cotton.

George High, reeve of Vaughan, by Frank Smith and H. Creighton.

J. F. Holden, Toronto Junction, by George Gurd and J. C. Smith.

A. J. Heydon, Toronto Junction, by H. Harwood and M. Mahoney.

Noah Stong, Woodbridge, by H. Hollingshead and H. Creighton.

George Gurd, Toronto Junction, by J. F. Holden and A. J. Anderson.

Retired in Short Order.

The nominations being declared closed, the different candidates were each allowed five minutes in which to address the convention.

J. F. Holden, Toronto Junction, learned with regret that Dr. Gilmour had decided not to again stand for re-election. It behooved those present to judge carefully the man they proposed to place in the field. He hoped the strongest man would be placed in the field and retired in favor of the nominee.

Messrs. George Gormally, A. J. Heydon, James Cruickshank, Noah Stong and George High each retired in favor of the nominee of the convention.

Frank Denton, Toronto, after retiring in favor of the nominee, said that he thought whoever got the nomination from such a convention ought to feel proud. The candidate should be the man who, in the opinion of the delegates, can poll the largest vote in all parts of the riding. If such a man be selected, Mr. St. John will not represent West York in the next Local Legislature.

A. J. Anderson, Toronto, and W. E. Raney retired in favor of the nominee of the convention.

A. B. Rice, Toronto Junction, after retiring in favor of the choice of the convention, said that it would be an everlasting disgrace to the Reformers of West York to allow an opponent of the Mowat Government to be elected at the coming election.

Mr. Irwin is Confident.

H. E. Irwin, Weston, on being called upon said that they all agreed about the seriousness of the work before them, but he was glad to see that it was not the seriousness of despair. They all regretted parting with one of the best representatives that was ever sent from any constituency to represent it. Although being called upon to select another candidate the Liberals had no fear of placing that candidate at the head of the polls. The constituency has been somewhat close in the past, and at this time the Liberals have to look to their laurels to see that they do not lose them. He retired in favor of the nominee.

Ex-Mayor Pears of Toronto Junction said he was not a candidate, and was glad of it.

J. R. Miller, North Toronto, said he was pleased and honored at being brought forward. Unfortunately the state of his health would not allow him to go into a political campaign. He felt that Dr. Gilmour must not go. It behooves every man to put on his armor and place the nominee at the head of the polls by hundreds, instead of the small majorities of previous years. He retired for the reasons stated.

Dr. P. D. McLean, Dr. Cotton and W. A. Parsons all retired in favor of the choice of the convention.

Ex-Warden Andrew Russell retired in favor of W. J. Hill and asked his friends to mark their ballots in favor of Mr. Hill.

Dr. W. H. Harris, Toronto Junction, did not expect the nomination, but at the request of a large number of friends he would allow his name to go before the meeting.

Dr. Gilmour's Explanation.

Dr. Gilmour was then called upon and was received with rounds of applause, the meeting breaking into song, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." The Dr. thanked the meeting for the cordial reception, which was infinitely more than his merits deserved. He confessed that the many kind words said about him touched his feelings somewhat, but this reception is on a par with his general reception during the past eight years. The Doctor then stated that his reasons for declining the nomination were purely personal. His relations with the constituency are of the most harmonious nature. By having one or two years to his own affairs he might be able again to enter political life. He trusted that that date might not be further off than the next Dominion election, and felt that if he is the nominee that the contest may be crowned with the same results that he had experienced in the past.

Reeve Hill Accepts.

William J. Hill, Reeve of York, was enthusiastically received, and felt honored at the reception tendered him. The nomination was not sought by him. At the request of a large number of Liberals he would allow his name to stand. It the meeting felt that a stronger man could be nominated he was ready to retire in his favor. He had little or no experience in politics, having devoted most of his time to municipal affairs. If he received the nomination he hoped to be successful in beating the Tories on June 26.

All the candidates having retired except Reeve Hill and Dr. Harris, the latter also retired.

It was then moved by Dr. Harris, seconded by J. R. Millar, that the nomination of W. J. Hill be made unanimous.

Great enthusiasm followed the announcement of the unanimous nomination of Mr. Hill, who, on being called upon, said he would do his utmost until election day to carry the Liberal banner to victory. Before he left home in the morning his wife had asked him when he would be home, and he replied that if he got the nomination he wouldn't be home until June 27. He felt that, with the support of the able men he had met at the convention, and his own work, he would not be defeated. He would do his level best to hold West York true to Reform principles.

Resolutions were passed thanking Dr. Gilmour for his past services and expressing confidence in the Mowat Government.

No Conservative to Oppose Harcourt.

DUNNVILLE, Ont., May 21.—The Conservative convention met at Wellandport to-day. There was a good attendance. Hon. Senator McCallum and Mr. Arthur Boyle, M.P., were present and addressed the meeting. No candidate was placed in the field and the fight will therefore be between Hon. R. Harcourt, Provincial Treasurer, and the Patron candidate, Mr. Hugh Crawford.

WHICH WILL WIN?

Some Pointers From a Reliable Source About the Plate.

A merry row is on between the officials of the Gravesend Race Track and D. E. Lacy, the former New York pool room magnate. There is little doubt which will win, but a very great doubt about the Queen's Plate winner. In the meantime Goodwin's Turf Guide, Nos. 1 and 2 for 1894, has been secured by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, and contains all the latest official information of the work of the thoroughbreds on every track in America, especially those performing at Woodbine this week, and is indispensable to one who wants to keep au fait with the turf. The Annual for 1893, two volumes, is also offered by this enterprising dealer.

BOOTS, BOOTS, BOOTS.

For Half Toronto and Shoes for the Other Half.

And you can save the price of half a pair if you call around to Howell's cut rate shoe parlors, 112 Queen-street east and 542 Queen street west. Wagon loads of bargains; don't miss our holiday snaps.

A Warning.

Do not put off visiting Bonner and making your purchases until it is too late, as we sell at prices which defy competition. Mark our prices for this week: Men's Cambric shirts for 50c each, all sizes from 14 to 16½; these goods you will find marked in other stores at 75c and $1. White shirts with colored fronts and cuffs, the latest styles, at 50c each; men's natural merino shirts and drawers for 40c, all sizes, from 34 inches to 44 inches; French Balbriggan shirts and drawers 45c, all sizes, from 32 to 46; umbrellas worth $1.50 for $1. Bonner's, corner Yonge and Queen-streets. 246

When you ask for Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 and 20 cent plugs, be sure that the retailer does not induce you to buy any other brand in order that he should make larger profits.

The Arlington, corner King and John, is a large, nearly new and very attractive hotel of great elegance in all its appointments, with a cuisine and service of superior excellence; also the most comfortable, coolest and brightest hotel in Ontario. W. G. Havill, manager.

The Raging Toothache why endure, When Gibbons' Toothache Gum will cure?

How Much for the Farmer

when fancy bread is sold at 5c per loaf, choice butter 16c, new laid eggs at 10c per doz., at the market, 77-81 Queen west? 246

Buy Coughicura on your way to work. 10c

The Owen Sound Ale is Made From the Purest Spring Water.

Is there anyone in Canada who would not give the preference to ale made from pure water? The sparkling water from the spring that supplies Eaton's Owen Sound Brewery is acknowledged by all analysts to be the very perfection of purity. We sell the ale made from that water at 75 cents per dozen pints, $1.20 quarts. In quarter barrels $2.50 and half barrels $4.75. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street. Telephone 1708.

Doctors endorse and prescribe Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum for indigestion. Allow no substitute to be palmed off on you.

POLITICAL DAMP WEATHER.

A BAD TIME FOR FRUIT.

KILLED IN NEBRASKA.

A Former Well-Known Torontonian Meets With a Peculiar Death.

Mr. P. K. Sanderson, formerly a well-known Torontonian, and the owner of a large portion of north Yonge-street, met with a terrible death at Hayes Centre, Nebraska, a few days ago. The old gentleman visited the office of The Republican newspaper to see the papers printed and thoughtlessly placed himself between the end of an imposing stone and an arm of the Prouty press. As the arm is thrust outward to deliver the paper it comes within six inches of the stone, and in that small space Sanderson was caught and terribly crushed in the lower part of the abdomen. He only lived two days.

Deceased was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 16, A.F. & A.M., of this city. He has relatives at 86 Bond-street.

ANOTHER CONFESSION LIAR.

A Played-Out Fake Worked in a Played-Out Fashion.

A Point Edward liar who has not even the one merit possessed by the Montana specimen,—originality, has "confessed" the Williams murder. The "confession," which was not typewritten this time, was, nevertheless, signed Dutton. A bottle was picked up on the lake shore by a fisherman. Inside was the note written on a scrap of letter size paper in pencil in a legible hand. It read:

"MacWherrell is not the man that murdered the Williams'. Dutton is the man. Our boat is going to pieces, and I must confess.

DUTTON."

The bottle was a 16 ounce prescription bottle with "W. Saunders, London, Ont.," moulded into the glass.

Between Season Articles.

The first warm days of spring are hard to bear and the unwise individual courts colds and sore throat by adopting his summer underwear too soon. The sensible man, however, indulges in a "between season" weight, which costs much less than an attack of pneumonia. Every weight in standard English natural wool is now being almost given away at quinn's great quitting sale, which is now in full swing.

Looking For An Escaped Convict.

The Toronto authorities received a despatch from St. Thomas last night asking them to be on the look-out for Charles G. Strong, who escaped from the Elgin jail while waiting transference to the Central Prison to serve a year for theft. Strong is about 33 years of age, a wood-finisher by trade, of very intemperate habits, 5 feet 10 inches in height, stout build, weighs 200 pounds, has dark brown mustache, hair and eyes, is of florid complexion, bald on top and front of the head. He is rather a fine-looking man physically.

Orillia Heard From.

Mr. N. J. Frawley, the popular wine merchant of Orillia, Ont., has ordered a large consignment of the celebrated Mount Clemens Sprudel, Mineral Water and Sprudel Ginger Champagne. The Orillia people insist on having a mineral water that is bottled at the spring.

Elocutionists use Adams' Tutti Frutti to strengthen and improve the voice. Sold by druggists and confectioners, 5 cents.

Will You Be Wise?

Delays are dangerous when issues of great importance hinge on time, hence it is highly important that matters affecting your family or yourself be attended to in proper time. Be wise, do not delay, but call on an agent of the North American Life Assurance Company, Toronto, and ask him to give you particulars of the many excellent policies his company issue. The Compound Investment Policy issued by this company combines the maximum of advantages obtainable in one contract and is a particularly desirable form of policy for you to secure. 246

Tobacco chewers will find Beaver plug just the thing for spring use. Try it. ed

Plumbing.

W. J. Burroughes & Co., first-class plumbing; steam and hot water heating. 353 Queen-street west. Established 1878. Telephone 134. e

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco is genuine unless it bears the Derby Cap-shaped tag.

CAUGHT WHILE COUPLING.

A Toronto Railway Employe Jammed Between Two Cars.

William Reeves, 98 Duke-street, met with a very serious accident yesterday. Reeves, who is an employe of the Toronto Railway Company, was coupling cars at the eastern extremity of the King-street route, and when coupling a trailer to the motor it ran back too far. Before it could be checked it had crushed Reeves between the two cars, breaking three of his ribs and his collar bone. He was taken in the car to the railway offices, King and Church-streets, and from there he was removed to St. Michael's Hospital, where his injuries were attended to.

Beaver Tobacco is the "old reliable gentleman's chew." Don't forget it. ed

Sparks From the Anvil.

Sparks from the Anvil! Orient clears his brow;
And, ever westward, points his golden prow.

***

Holy Writ plays second fiddle to the pages of Debrett,
Christ is not *persona grata* in the halls of Etiquette.

***

Secession says "The Inner Light"—dear Mother Church says "Schism."
His friends say "Vanity;"—"Mere self-respect," says Egotism.

***

Defect lends a semblance of breeding where no manners are;
A badly shod girl never crosses her legs in the car.

***

Age hath but Mem'ries—but old Age is best;
Age—peaceful Age—stands cheek by jowl with Rest.

***

Stern self control's the keystone of success,
Whose dome's dyspepsia and world-weariness.

***

Sweet Inconsistent slates trap-shooting with an honest zest,
And wears, the while, a live chameleon dangling on her breast.

***

Assert! assert! assert!—and thus the self-made man is made;
Repress thyself—and the foundation of good-breeding's laid.

***

"What plea, sir?" ask'd St. Peter of the trembling parted soul,
"I was captain of a cricket team and *didn't want to bowl.*"

***

While England holds the title-deeds of Liberty,
Far Afric shall stretch forth her hands, unshack'd—free,
Which, minus patriotic frills, I take to be
Is Euchred!—Rule Britannia!—Smallpox—S.P.G.

***

The sacred and profane at times stand side by side;
The spiritual blends with meaner—grosser—loves;
I've seen a palace, dedicated to a saint—
Tinted light red, merely to match a strumpet's gloves.

***

O Creeds! Beliefs!—O Church of Christ by divers schisms rent!
Each Creed, each Thought, is but an echo of Environment;
Which latter—taken from the standpoint sad experience yields—
Smacks infinitely more of brimstone than Elysian Fields.

***

Few men can well sustain the role of Gratitude,
Mark well the Giver and the Given. By the first,
The gift, through a strong magnifying glass is view'd—
The other sees it through a telescope—revers'd.

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Silent the anvil! From the distant hill
Comes the soft cadence of the whip'oor-will.

—THE BLACKSMITH.

Coughicura cures coughs, old and young.

DEATHS.

NEWHALL—At Carlisle, England, on April 31, 1894, Mary Newhall, aged 86 years, mother of Detective Newhall of this city.

Burns' Tourist Headquarters.

Queen's Birthday—Hamilton Steamboat Company makes five trips each way on May 24th. Return fare 75c; family books, 50 single trips, $5. Charles E. Burns, 77 Yonge-street, third door above King-street. 246

FATHER BRADY'S VESTMENTS

A BREEZE BETWEEN THE THIRD PARTY AND CLARKE WALLACE

After Mr. Edgar's Motion For Universal Peace Had Been Carried Unanimously—The Question of Pensioning the Permanent Militia—Disfranchisement of Provincial Officials Again Discussed.

OTTAWA, May 21.—After a number of private bills had been advanced a stage this afternoon and the usual questions answered Mr. Prior made his motion, that, in the opinion of the House, it is expedient that a scheme should be devised for pensioning the permanent corps of the Canadian militia and the headquarters and district staffs. In support of his motion he repeated pretty much the arguments he used last year and hoped his motion would receive the support of the Minister of Militia, who had rather encouraged him last year.

Mr. Davin seconded the motion, and after some further discussion Hon. Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, said that he sympathized with the motion, and if the mover would withdraw it he would promise to bring the matter to the attention of his colleagues.

The motion was withdrawn.

Universal Peace.

Mr. Edgar then moved the resolution which has stood in his name on the order paper for about six weeks and has become known as the "Universal Peace" motion. It recites the motion passed in the Imperial Parliament last year, endorsing a resolution adopted by the United States Congress in favor of arbitration, and concludes with an endorsation by the Canadian House of Commons.

Mr. Edgar spoke up to six in support of his motion, delivering a moderate and carefully-prepared speech.

Thinks Canada Is Defenceless.

After recess Mr. Edgar concluded his remarks and was followed by Mr. Dickey, who seconded the motion, but said that he was half afraid he and the mover would open themselves to ridicule on account of the position of Canada as a defenceless people, who could not resist attack.

Supported By the Premier.

Sir John Thompson supported the resolution, and spoke in eloquent terms of the good example set by two great nations in adopting such a resolution in favor of the peaceful settlement of difficult questions by arbitration instead of by the arbitrament of war. He was slightly sarcastic in his allusions to the action of the United States in making war on our defenseless sealers at the very time they were passing this peace resolution; but spoke in terms of high praise of the action of the United States in referring the Behring Sea and Alaska boundary questions to arbitration. He referred to the award of the Paris tribunal, touching lightly on some of the adverse criticisms passed on it by the Opposition, and concluded a brief but eloquent speech with the hope that the resolution would be adopted unanimously.

Laurier Agrees.

Mr. Laurier agreed with the mover and seconder as to the importance of the motion, but took exception to Sir John Thompson's remarks with reference to the adverse criticism of the Opposition on the Behring Sea award He defended the action of the Opposition, but admitted that, even if the award had been a hundred times more disadvantageous to Canada than it was, it would still have been much better than a recourse to war. After some remarks by Mr. Gillmor the motion was carried unanimously.

Mr. Somerville's motion for copies of correspondence with reference to some of Henry George's works being sent to the Dead Letter Office was passed without discussion.

The Woodstock Vestment Case.

Mr. McCarthy made his motion for copies of papers relating to the free admission at Woodstock of some vestments for Rev. Father Brady and the refusal of free admission of a similar class of articless imported for the use of the Anglican Church at Woodstock by Rev. J. C. Farthing.

In support of his motion he read a great deal of correspondence between Mr. Farthing and the Department of Customs, and claimed that great injustice had been done by admitting the goods for Father Brady free and charging duty to Rev. Mr. Farthing.

Controller Wallace replied at considerable length, quoting from the correspondence to show that the statement that any wrong or injustice had been done by him was untrue. He also quoted from a letter of Rev. Mr. Farthing's apologizing for his attack on himself. He then turned on Mr. McCarthy and charged him with publishing the correspondence in The Mail.

This brought Col. O'Brien to his feet amid laughter from both sides of the House, and the remark of Mr. Wallace, "The whole party wants to talk at once."

Mr. Wallace continued to attack Mr. McCarthy, charging him with deserting his party so soon as his fees were cut off, and stating that he had lost all the cases entrusted to him by the Government or anybody else.

Mr. Speaker gently called Mr. Wallace to order.

The discussion was continued by Colonel O'Brien and Mr. McCarthy.

The Collector Was at Fault.

Sir John Thompson said it was evident from the correpondence that the Collector of Customs at Woodstock had made a mistake, and the duty had been paid as soon as the error was discovered. (The Controller of Customs had nothing to do with the matter, and it puzzled him to understand why Mr. Wallace should be supposed by Mr. McCarthy to have unduly favored a Roman Catholic priest. The motion was carried.

Disfranchisement of Provincial Officials.

Mr. Mills (Annapolis) made his motion for disfranchising employes of local Governments which have disfranchised the employes of the Federal Government, and justified his position by recounting the history of the Legislatures in the different provinces under Liberal rule for disfranchising Federal officials.

Mr. Fraser advocated the disfranchisement of all officials, Dominion and provincial.

Hon. Mr. Daly said he could not support the resolution, as it flavored too much of retaliation. He moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at midnight.

A Gradual Improvement.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 44—76; Prince Albert, 40—78; Qu'Appelle, 46—72; Winnipeg, 42—72; Parry Sound, 54—64; Toronto, 44—50; Montreal, 48—68; Quebec, 46—66; Halifax, 42—60.

Probs.—*Lakes, easterly winds, cloudy to fair with local showers, a gradual improvement in vicinity of Toronto.*

Snow and Cold in England.

LONDON, May 21.—Heavy snowstorms prevailed in the Midland counties, and the weather is intensely cold.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.