

THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE: 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year, \$3.00; Four Months, \$1.00; Six Months, \$1.50; One Month, 25c.

ADVERTISING RATES: FOR EACH LINE OF NONPAREIL: All ordinary advertisements, 6 cents; Financial statements, 10 cents.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS: A word, 1 cent; Two words, 2 cents; Three words, 3 cents; Four words, 4 cents; Five words, 5 cents; Six words, 6 cents; Seven words, 7 cents; Eight words, 8 cents; Nine words, 9 cents; Ten words, 10 cents.

Address all Communications: THE WORLD, Toronto.

W. F. MACLEAN.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1884.

Estimate of the situation.

If the people of Canada escape the misfortune of being divided into provincialists and federalists it will not be the fault of the professional politicians and organizers.

Sectional animosities are easily raised. A man incapable of grasping broad issues can emit them by the hour. Sectional fears and prejudices are easily aroused, especially in a country like Canada, with its vast territory, diverse interests, and grouped populations, among whom the national idea is but imperfectly developed.

The fathers of confederation realized this, and were at some pains to define the relations of the different provinces to the paramount central authority. But no constitution was ever written upon which lawyers cannot put conflicting interpretations.

The plainest statutes in the books are daily made the subjects of construction and misconstruction, and it is therefore no marvellous matter that a document of the character of the confederation act should be fruitful of contentions. That these contentions have assumed a needlessly acrimonious tone is a misfortune for which neither party is entirely responsible.

If the reformers have been willing to take offence the conservatives have not been unwilling to give it.

Of the supremacy of the central authority there can be no reasonable question. The coalitionists who framed the constitution were almost ostentatiously careful to invest the federal government with the veto power, the restrictions upon which require definition. That the federal government should enjoy some large liberty of revision is a principle involved in the very nature of our system.

Without a reasonably strong central authority we should become what a prominent reformer and anti-confederate, Mr. Rymal, predicted would be, a series of feuding provinces, each with its own laws, and each with its own government.

Many provincialists claim that the federal government is too strongly equipped, and that the constitution should be amended in the direction of greater provincial independence. Be that as it may, we have meanwhile to do with and live under the constitution as it is, and we might get along very well under it were the prerogatives which it confers exercised more carefully and in a better spirit.

The power of disallowance has been freely asserted by both parties. The Mackenzie administration abated no jot of title of its predecessors' pretensions in this respect. It was not until the evil genius of partisanship was summoned to the councils of the rival leaders that differences of opinion between the Ottawa and the Toronto governments assumed an angry aspect.

Their controversies have of late years been conducted in a most unstatesmanlike manner. The scandals of the boundary broil are still fresh in the recollection of the public, and now the license question is made the pretext for a renewal of the friction.

Believing that the patronage incident to the control of the liquor traffic had been a source of strength to Mr. Mowat, and so anxious to prostitute or influence the liquor interest upon the eve of a general election, Sir John A. Macdonald permitted himself to make at Yorkville an undignified and unstatesmanlike boast, the plain, honest-sounding meaning of which was that he would relieve of the burdens of provincial legislation the liquor dealers, who thereupon would have to look to Collins, not Short, as their friend.

Urged in the hour of the Mowat-Carleton act, which should never have been introduced until the limits of federal and provincial authority had been defined by the tribunal of last resort. The provinces had been in undisputed control of the liquor traffic from the inception of confederation. Any doubt that existed as to their constitutional right to issue licenses—there is none raised as to their right to regulate the traffic—could and should have been settled years ago. An abstract case could have been made up, or a test case could have been submitted, that would have settled the question without any unnecessary expenditure of either money or feeling. Such a course would have been statesmanlike, but it is lamentably true that our very ablest leaders are prone to sink the statesman in the politician.

The Ontario government met the Mowat-Carleton act with an ill-considered, but discriminatory, tariff of fees, which has given the federal administration a plausible pretext for the exercise of the veto power, and here we are again in the midst of the periodical Babel raised by the advocates of the rival factions, who frantically call upon their gods to witness and judge the iniquities of their enemies. This excitement is fictitious. It does not affect the masses of the business and industrial community at all, except so far as it tends to disgust them with politics and politicians, and to shake their faith in the stability of confederation. What the people desire is that there shall not be a repetition of the boundary broil, but that this license question shall be settled as speedily as may be in a businesslike man-

ner, and that in future all similar differences of opinion shall be adjusted in a diplomatic fashion, without an exchange of discourtesies that will become men who have received the confidence of their fellow citizens. That confidence they need not expect to retain to the end of their careers if they persist in alienating the respect upon which it is based.

Collin is the suggestive name of the commanding officer of the Arctic exploring steamer Albatross. He stands many chances of soon hearing his name.

There is a popular belief that the red man is swifter of foot and more enduring than the white. So he is—in the novels of Cooper and his imitators. In real life, other things being at all equal, he is not. The young brave who was expected to hustle the pale faces in the New York walking match has lagged behind, and is practically "not in it."

The frontiersman can generally outstride and outfight his weight in Indians. The pioneer spirit of the Lake Superior region, though bred in colleges and cloisters, first won their way to the Huron heart by participating in all the hardships, and cheerfully enduring all the privations of a savage life. The Caucasian is not played out, despite bad cooking and strong drink.

The devices employed to smuggle freewater into the Northwest territories are amusingly ingenious. The latest reported is a shipment of eggs, which had been "blown out" in the way so familiar to every boy raised on a farm, the shells filled with Winnipeg whisky, and the apertures carefully sealed up with a white composition. But the thing was overdone. The shipment was so large, as to provoke suspicion, and the Trojans of the mounted police confiscated the Greek hen fruit. In the language of Homer:

Had we a hen would lay such an egg We would take her up to Winnipeg.

An Ottawa correspondent states that Messrs. Curran & Coughlin, M.P.'s, were in Ottawa the other day, using their influence to prevent Mr. Costigan's removal from the cabinet. The motive of their presence at the capital may only have been guessed at by the correspondent, after the fashion of his ilk, but if Mr. Costigan is retained in the government it will certainly be through the influence of friends and the complaisance of his leader. Although a man of many amiable qualities, Mr. Costigan is intrinsically a weak man, a dismal failure as a minister, and possessing no personal claim upon his party save his loyalty in the dark days of defeat and disgrace. "Among the faithless faithful he," it has been a point of gratitude with Sir John to tolerate his defects. Gratitude is so rare a plant in the political world that the premier is rather to be commended for this, but a less powerful general could not have afforded so weak a lieutenant.

Our able correspondent "Free Trader" believes that tea is "not a necessary of life." This opinion is not in good keeping with his previously expressed reverence for conventional tenets. But unless one is a necessary of life, one might make a shift—no pun intended—with books and eyes, but even one with a soul above buttons, and unconverted to the old Mennonites, would find the change a serious discomfort. There are tens of thousands of people to whom tea is almost as necessary as bread, and more necessary than flesh meat.

There is scarcely anything on the domestic bill of fare that the majority of civilized men and women, not excepting free traders, would not as soon do without as the cup which cheers without inebriating. If the present government's successors carry out free trade principles and restore the duty upon tea, while removing it from Canadian products, raw or manufactured, conventional tenets, raw or manufactured, will be of very little use to them after their first appeal to the country. This is more certain than are the learned conclusions of Adam Smith or Bastiat.

Our United States contemporaries have made the most of the Toronto conspiracy case, but our neighbors are still ahead of us in that line. A witness swore the other day in a trial at Washington that he had purchased the vote of one Kellogg, then a United States senator, for twenty thousand dollars. The accused is not only an ex-senator, but also an ex-governor, an ex-congressman and chief of the Louisiana delegation to the great republican convention at Chicago, to which honorable position he was chosen while this charge was hanging over him. His defence bears an ugly family resemblance to the technicality raised in the Toronto case. The indictment recites that he was bribed "in lawful money," comprising five drafts and one promissory note. Kellogg's counsel raises the point that drafts and notes are not lawful money, and the objection is so serious a one that the judge has taken time to ponder it. The money paid Mr. McKim was so good and lawful that his creditors are after it. Promissory notes will not pass in the political mart of this country.

The Hon. Mr. Masson always stood high in the estimation of members on both sides of the house of commons, and it is gratifying to learn that he has not gone back on his record in the Quebec legislative council, where his speech against the lottery bill is said to have contributed largely to the defeat of that iniquitous scheme. Mr. Masson is a fine specimen of a French Canadian, and it is a pity that there are not more like him in public life.

It would be better on the Dust. From the Dundas Standard. Is it not about time the watering cart was on the sprinkle?

About What it Amounts to. From the Montreal Post. No pay, no sleep—no well-paid detective, no constabulary.

And the Boys are Happy. From the Edmonton News. Johnny Kelly, the lightning bartender, has arrived from Toronto.

and kills black snakes. He has never missed a spring snake-killing in that spot for twenty years. He went earlier than usual this season, being pressed with other spring farm work, and only got eight. Last spring he paid his annual visit to the cliff on May 1 and bagged twenty-seven, and that was not a satisfactory day's killing. Of the eight brought in this year he killed seven. The eighth he captured alive for a friend in Deckerstown, who wants it for a pet. This one is seven feet and a half long. Mr. De Witt says his farm raises no black snake less than six feet in length. This spring's premature yield measured a trifling over three rods. De Witt says he will gather a second crop in May, and will consider it a failure if it does not run out a total of nine rods. His snake-patching is nothing but a snake-snake. Frank Knight of Purdy's station went out making one day last week. He came back with fourteen fair-sized black snakes, the being run out by the tape-line they were found to measure up nearly four rods.

It Might be Taken for a New Brink. From the Hamilton Times. What good purpose, for example, can be served by writing water aqua?

Turn the Base on Him. From the Barrie Gazette. Turn you! Turn you! why will you let 'em? Oh! member of the fourth estate!

or sets Tired. From the Belleville Intelligencer. A train laden with timber will arrive here this evening—unless it runs off the track.

A Circular Constable. From the London Times. Special Mason surrounded nine cows Wednesday night in the north end of the city and ran them in.

Grind Him to Bone. From the Ottawa Citizen. The mills of the gods grind slowly, but the Mills of the house of commons grind too lively to give an ordinary constable a fair show in the race.

And Which Side They Hanged on To. From the Detroit Journal. Pastoral confessions among Canadian crooks are in a new position with crooks from the States. United States crooks know well which side their bread is buttered on.

These Horrid Bakers. To the Editor of The World. Sir: I am neither a baker nor a son of a baker, but I will venture the opinion that a suffering housekeeper whose letter appears in your issue of May 1 is one of those unfortunate individuals whom providence has insufficiently endowed with ability to amuse any means for themselves, and to whose dyspeptic minds the fact that others have been more fortunate is gall and wormwood.

"I draw the line at bakers," said a barber to a blackfaced coal hawker who had entered his shop to be shaved but who, in answer to the barber's question, had placed the bakers beyond the line. One or two of them on Queen street seem to have made sufficient to purchase the property which they carry about with them, and are even able to keep a private rig for driving. Whether they carry about this nineteenth century that bakers should be allowed such latitude as this? I would suggest that a royal commission be appointed to enquire into the regular supply of affairs. Their professional men, dry goods merchants, grocers and tavernkeepers should accumulate wealth out of profits made in their business, in the nature of things, but that two or three "bakers" who have only been in the business for twenty or thirty years should be able to save five thousands is an event calculated to upset the existing order of social affairs and is a fit subject for most serious consideration.

EQUAL RIGHTS. Toronto, May 2, 1884.

Others Than Bakers Who Make Money. To the Editor of The World. Sir: I suppose there will always be some people who, through jealousy, will find fault with the success attending the efforts of those in business; but I would like to say a few words with regard to some others who get rich besides the bakers. What do you say to paying 10 cents per pound for finest meat which costs but from 3c. to 3 1/2c. per pound, or paying for some large quack bottle of medicine 50c. when it costs but from 40c. or 50c. wholesale. Surely the chemist who sells at that price must soon become wealthy. Now for the grocer: He sells you tea at 60c. or 80c. per pound which costs wholesale at most from 20c. to 25c. Or you pay for one dozen of the best quality of tea at 70c. per dozen; or for common washing soda 3c. or 4c. per pound when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound. Now for the four or five "ice" men who carry about a damaged load? Why, by putting in a cheap bag in every twenty, "or how does he manage to get his weight out?" Why, by mixing in every five or six bags of one of barley. Also, he charges 10c. or 15c. per pound for oatmeal when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound. Now for the man who carries about a damaged load of damaged goods? Why, by putting in a cheap bag in every twenty, "or how does he manage to get his weight out?" Why, by mixing in every five or six bags of one of barley. Also, he charges 10c. or 15c. per pound for oatmeal when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound.

THE MIDDLE REWARDS. 1. Elegant Silver-Plated Tea Set, \$110.00. 2. Gold Stem-Winding and Stem-Set Watches, \$200.00. 3. Elegant Gold Neck Chains, \$200.00. 4. Watches, \$150.00. 5. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 6. Hunting Case Nickel Silver Watches, \$300.00. 7. Solid Aluminum Gold Hunting Case Watches, \$300.00. 8. Beautiful New Spring Sateen Print Dress Patterns, \$150.00. 9. Celebrated Waterbury Watches, \$45.00. 10. Valuable Works of Art, \$250.00. 11. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 12. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 13. Newest Design Baby Carriages, \$300.00. 14. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 15. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 16. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 17. Newest Design Baby Carriages, \$300.00. 18. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 19. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 20. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00.

THE CONSOLATION AWARDS. 1. Gentlemen's Solid Gold Beautifully engraved Hunting Case Watches, \$120.00. 2. Ladies' Solid Gold Hunting Case Eight Watch, \$110.00. 3. Gentlemen's Solid Gold Hunting Case Face and Hunting Case, \$120.00. 4. Solid Triple-Plated Crest Stand, \$20.00. 5. Nickel-Plated Alarm Clocks, \$20.00. 6. Palm Leaf Photo Album, \$25.00. 7. Volumes Longfellow's Poems, \$5.00. We know that proprietor of the Ladies' Journal will do all that he has offered above, and we are certain that every one competing, whether successful or not, will be pleased with the Ladies' Journal, and be convinced that they have made a good investment. We most heartily request our readers to try their skill. Studying up for the questions cannot fail to do good anyway, and we know that if you send in correct answers to all the questions, and they come in time to compete in any of the three lists of prizes offered, you cannot fail to get a reward. The correct address is Ladies' Journal, 122 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada. Please mention, when sending in your answers, where you saw the notice of these rewards. We will send you, as soon as you receive, these questions proposed by a leading Presbyterian minister. The publisher says a full and complete list, with post-office address, and number of those who gain the above rewards will be given in the Ladies' Journal for June, 1884.

How to Keep Healthy. Never sleep in a dimer with pie. Never begin in your overhows. Never ride a thin horse bareback. Never walk fifteen miles before breakfast. Never carry a barrel of potatoes on your head. Never put your feet in the fire to warm them. Never swallow your food before you chew it. Never drink more than you can carry comfortably. Never give a tramp your summer clothing in winter. Never jump more than ten feet to catch a ferryboat. Never leave the gas turned on when you retire at night. Never sit by a red-hot stove with a seal skin cap of uster. Never thrust your knife more than half way down your throat. Never kick an infuriated bulldog when you have slippers on. Never let your clothes dry on you when you are caught in the rain. Never walk into a parlor at a reception and put your feet on the mantelpiece. It will cause the blood to run to your head. Black Snakes by the Post. From the Times, N.S. Gazette. Every spring James L. De Witt, a farmer living three miles from Deckerstown, takes a trail and goes to a cliff on his farm

and kills black snakes. He has never missed a spring snake-killing in that spot for twenty years. He went earlier than usual this season, being pressed with other spring farm work, and only got eight. Last spring he paid his annual visit to the cliff on May 1 and bagged twenty-seven, and that was not a satisfactory day's killing. Of the eight brought in this year he killed seven. The eighth he captured alive for a friend in Deckerstown, who wants it for a pet. This one is seven feet and a half long. Mr. De Witt says his farm raises no black snake less than six feet in length. This spring's premature yield measured a trifling over three rods. De Witt says he will gather a second crop in May, and will consider it a failure if it does not run out a total of nine rods. His snake-patching is nothing but a snake-snake. Frank Knight of Purdy's station went out making one day last week. He came back with fourteen fair-sized black snakes, the being run out by the tape-line they were found to measure up nearly four rods.

It Might be Taken for a New Brink. From the Hamilton Times. What good purpose, for example, can be served by writing water aqua?

Turn the Base on Him. From the Barrie Gazette. Turn you! Turn you! why will you let 'em? Oh! member of the fourth estate!

or sets Tired. From the Belleville Intelligencer. A train laden with timber will arrive here this evening—unless it runs off the track.

A Circular Constable. From the London Times. Special Mason surrounded nine cows Wednesday night in the north end of the city and ran them in.

Grind Him to Bone. From the Ottawa Citizen. The mills of the gods grind slowly, but the Mills of the house of commons grind too lively to give an ordinary constable a fair show in the race.

And Which Side They Hanged on To. From the Detroit Journal. Pastoral confessions among Canadian crooks are in a new position with crooks from the States. United States crooks know well which side their bread is buttered on.

These Horrid Bakers. To the Editor of The World. Sir: I am neither a baker nor a son of a baker, but I will venture the opinion that a suffering housekeeper whose letter appears in your issue of May 1 is one of those unfortunate individuals whom providence has insufficiently endowed with ability to amuse any means for themselves, and to whose dyspeptic minds the fact that others have been more fortunate is gall and wormwood.

"I draw the line at bakers," said a barber to a blackfaced coal hawker who had entered his shop to be shaved but who, in answer to the barber's question, had placed the bakers beyond the line. One or two of them on Queen street seem to have made sufficient to purchase the property which they carry about with them, and are even able to keep a private rig for driving. Whether they carry about this nineteenth century that bakers should be allowed such latitude as this? I would suggest that a royal commission be appointed to enquire into the regular supply of affairs. Their professional men, dry goods merchants, grocers and tavernkeepers should accumulate wealth out of profits made in their business, in the nature of things, but that two or three "bakers" who have only been in the business for twenty or thirty years should be able to save five thousands is an event calculated to upset the existing order of social affairs and is a fit subject for most serious consideration.

EQUAL RIGHTS. Toronto, May 2, 1884.

Others Than Bakers Who Make Money. To the Editor of The World. Sir: I suppose there will always be some people who, through jealousy, will find fault with the success attending the efforts of those in business; but I would like to say a few words with regard to some others who get rich besides the bakers. What do you say to paying 10 cents per pound for finest meat which costs but from 3c. to 3 1/2c. per pound, or paying for some large quack bottle of medicine 50c. when it costs but from 40c. or 50c. wholesale. Surely the chemist who sells at that price must soon become wealthy. Now for the grocer: He sells you tea at 60c. or 80c. per pound which costs wholesale at most from 20c. to 25c. Or you pay for one dozen of the best quality of tea at 70c. per dozen; or for common washing soda 3c. or 4c. per pound when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound. Now for the four or five "ice" men who carry about a damaged load? Why, by putting in a cheap bag in every twenty, "or how does he manage to get his weight out?" Why, by mixing in every five or six bags of one of barley. Also, he charges 10c. or 15c. per pound for oatmeal when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound. Now for the man who carries about a damaged load of damaged goods? Why, by putting in a cheap bag in every twenty, "or how does he manage to get his weight out?" Why, by mixing in every five or six bags of one of barley. Also, he charges 10c. or 15c. per pound for oatmeal when it costs but about 1 1/2c. per pound.

THE MIDDLE REWARDS. 1. Elegant Silver-Plated Tea Set, \$110.00. 2. Gold Stem-Winding and Stem-Set Watches, \$200.00. 3. Elegant Gold Neck Chains, \$200.00. 4. Watches, \$150.00. 5. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 6. Hunting Case Nickel Silver Watches, \$300.00. 7. Solid Aluminum Gold Hunting Case Watches, \$300.00. 8. Beautiful New Spring Sateen Print Dress Patterns, \$150.00. 9. Celebrated Waterbury Watches, \$45.00. 10. Valuable Works of Art, \$250.00. 11. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 12. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 13. Newest Design Baby Carriages, \$300.00. 14. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 15. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 16. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 17. Newest Design Baby Carriages, \$300.00. 18. Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches, \$300.00. 19. Elegant Triple Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00. 20. Solid Silver-Plated on Solid Silver Cutlery, \$200.00.

THE CONSOLATION AWARDS. 1. Gentlemen's Solid Gold Beautifully engraved Hunting Case Watches, \$120.00. 2. Ladies' Solid Gold Hunting Case Eight Watch, \$110.00. 3. Gentlemen's Solid Gold Hunting Case Face and Hunting Case, \$120.00. 4. Solid Triple-Plated Crest Stand, \$20.00. 5. Nickel-Plated Alarm Clocks, \$20.00. 6. Palm Leaf Photo Album, \$25.00. 7. Volumes Longfellow's Poems, \$5.00. We know that proprietor of the Ladies' Journal will do all that he has offered above, and we are certain that every one competing, whether successful or not, will be pleased with the Ladies' Journal, and be convinced that they have made a good investment. We most heartily request our readers to try their skill. Studying up for the questions cannot fail to do good anyway, and we know that if you send in correct answers to all the questions, and they come in time to compete in any of the three lists of prizes offered, you cannot fail to get a reward. The correct address is Ladies' Journal, 122 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada. Please mention, when sending in your answers, where you saw the notice of these rewards. We will send you, as soon as you receive, these questions proposed by a leading Presbyterian minister. The publisher says a full and complete list, with post-office address, and number of those who gain the above rewards will be given in the Ladies' Journal for June, 1884.

How to Keep Healthy. Never sleep in a dimer with pie. Never begin in your overhows. Never ride a thin horse bareback. Never walk fifteen miles before breakfast. Never carry a barrel of potatoes on your head. Never put your feet in the fire to warm them. Never swallow your food before you chew it. Never drink more than you can carry comfortably. Never give a tramp your summer clothing in winter. Never jump more than ten feet to catch a ferryboat. Never leave the gas turned on when you retire at night. Never sit by a red-hot stove with a seal skin cap of uster. Never thrust your knife more than half way down your throat. Never kick an infuriated bulldog when you have slippers on. Never let your clothes dry on you when you are caught in the rain. Never walk into a parlor at a reception and put your feet on the mantelpiece. It will cause the blood to run to your head. Black Snakes by the Post. From the Times, N.S. Gazette. Every spring James L. De Witt, a farmer living three miles from Deckerstown, takes a trail and goes to a cliff on his farm

Etna Life Ins. Co.

So productive are its assets, and so carefully selected are its Lives, that the Interest Receipts more than defray the Death Losses, as the following figures for the past ten years will show:

Table with columns: Interest on Funds, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884. Values range from \$6,016,306.12 to \$8,221,509.53.

SOLID PROGRESS DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS. Years: 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884. Assets: \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00, \$2,000,000.00.

WESTERN CANADA BRANCH: York Chambers, Cor. of Toronto and Court Streets.

WM. H. ORR, Manager.

A. T. KERR, Member of Toronto Stock Exchange, British America Assurance Buildings.

COX & CO. STOCK BROKERS. (Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange) Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the Exchange.

Toronto, Montreal, New York STOCK EXCHANGES. Also executes orders on the Chicago Board of Trade in grain and Provisions.

Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin. Daily cable quotations received. 26 TORONTO STREET.

WEST END Hardware House! 313 Queen St. West.

Builders' and General Hardware, Garden Tools, Cutlery, Platedware, Wheelbarrows, Grindstones, Woodware.

Telephone Communication: JOHN L. BIRD. NEW GLOVES.

We have opened out 3 Cases. It conceals the evidence of age. One application will make the most stubborn red and rough hands beautifully soft and white.

SILK TAFFETA GLOVES, AND 4 CASES. LISLE THREAD GLOVES.

Manufactured expressly for our own trade, which comprise Blacks and every new shade from 2 to 10 button lengths in Buttons, Jerseys, Elastics and Mousquetaires, being the finest offering of the kind ever shown in this city. Prices the lowest. Our stock of fine FRENCH KID GLOVES is the most complete we have ever shown and at much lower prices than same goods are usually sold for.

We will show on Monday morning, the 14th inst., 3 Cases. In Combinations, Flasks, Checks, Fancy Mixtures, etc., being the Latest Novelties produced in these Goods.

Our Stock is now complete in every department, and we cordially invite inspection of same. Samples and Catalogue free by mail on request.

Edward McKeown's Coal and Wood Merchants. POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. 182 YONGE ST. TORONTO.

ISLAND LOTS FOR SALE. Three good building lots, five minutes' walk from Hamilton's Six Acres, and six and a half.

Price and Terms Reasonable. Address W. M., Box 2630, City.

Success to "THE WORLD" AND "HEADQUARTERS."

FOR NEWS AND NEW GOODS TORONTO SHOE COMPANY 144, 146, 148 King Street East, Corner Jarvis.

The Great and Only ONE-PRICE CASH Boot and Shoe Establishment in Toronto. COMFORT. ECONOMY. CONVENIENCE.

BRIDGE BROS. Call and see our goods or send for catalogue. M. J. Bridge, 144, 146, 148 King Street East, Toronto.

Is more than satisfied with the result. Thousands of references. GLIMAX REFRIGERATOR. EVERYONE WHO HAS USED THE AHEAD OF ALL.

MACDONALD'S FASHIONABLE TAILORING HOUSE, YONGE STREET.

Is Noted for giving General Satisfaction. The Choice assortment of NEW SPRING GOODS now shown here is the Wonder and Admiration of all.

For a FINE-FITTING SPRING SUIT of the Latest Designs this House is undoubtedly AHEAD OF ALL. Call and get a Fashionable Suit, an Overcoat, or a Pair of Pants if you desire a Good Fit and Low Price.

A. MACDONALD, MERCHANT TAILOR, 355 YONGE STREET, Opp. Elm Street.

INVALUABLE TO EVERY LADY. "MAY DEW," The Great French Lotion for Beautifying the Face.

It conceals the evidence of age. One application will make the most stubborn red and rough hands beautifully soft and white. Remember that "MAY DEW" is not a paint or powder that will fill up the pores of the skin, and that it is injurious to the skin, but a new and great discovery, a vegetable liquid that causes the cheek to glow with health, the neck, arms and hands to rival the Lily in whiteness. Impossible to detect in the beauty it confers any artificial character. It cures Greasy Skin, Freckles, Wrinkles, Pimples, Black Heads, Crown's Feet, Blisters, Face Grubs, Sunburn, Tan, Ringworm, Chapped Hands, Sore or Chapped Lips, Barbers' Itch, Tetter, etc. It frees the pores, oil glands, and tubes from the injurious effects of powder and cosmetic washes. By its use all redness and roughness is prevented; it beautifies the skin, and will make it soft, smooth and white; imparting a delicate softness; producing a perfectly healthy, natural and youthful appearance. The best face lotion that the world ever produced. We will send a LAMBE BOTTLE free to any address on receipt of price, \$1. When ordering mention this paper.

Address all letters to the MAY DEW AGENCY, 187 Church Street, Toronto, Ont. Parlors and Reception Rooms for Ladies.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained by the catarrh. Out of 200 during the past six months cent have been cured.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. Perhaps the most excellent that has been achieved has been obtained